



Department of
Job and Family Services

Office of Workforce Development
Bureau of Labor Market Information

Labor Market Review

July 2010

Summary. The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in Ohio declined from 10.5 percent in June to 10.3 percent in July 2010. The national rate was unchanged over the month at 9.5 percent. Total employment in Ohio, at 5,328,000, was down 13,000 from June. The number not employed but seeking work decreased 11,000 to 614,000. Nonagricultural wage and salary employment (seasonally adjusted) totaled 5,046,800 in July, up 1,800 from June.

Goods-Producing Industries. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 814,700, rose 4,200. Construction added 3,300 jobs. Manufacturing advanced 1,000 as an increase in nondurable goods (+1,300) exceeded a reduction in durable goods (-300). Mining and logging decreased 100.

Service-Providing Industries. Service-providing industries dropped 2,400 to 4,232,100. Government employment declined 8,700. The workforce was also lower in trade, transportation, and utilities (-1,000), other services (-900), financial activities (-500), and information (-200). Gains were posted in professional and business services (+5,200), educational and health services (+2,600), and leisure and hospitality (+1,100).

Over the Year. Ohio's unemployment rate, at 10.3 percent in July 2010, was down from 10.6 percent in July 2009. The national rate increased from 9.4 percent to 9.5 percent over the year. Total employment in Ohio was 14,000 lower than July 2009, while total unemployment was down 22,000. Nonagricultural payroll employment rose 5,800 over the year. Professional and business services advanced 20,900. Increases in durable goods (+13,000) and nondurable goods (+1,500) added 14,500 jobs in manufacturing. Gains were also posted in leisure and hospitality (+5,800) and educational and health services (+3,800). Employment declined over the year in trade, transportation, and utilities (-12,700), financial activities (-12,000), information (-4,500), other services (-4,100), construction (-3,800), government (-1,900), and mining and logging (-200).

Factory Hours and Earnings. Production workers in manufacturing industries in Ohio earned an average of \$745.73 per week in July, down \$7.73 from June. Their average workweek of 39.9 hours was 0.5 hours shorter. Over the year, average weekly earnings in manufacturing rose \$21.02. Durable-goods earnings (\$803.96) were down \$10.30 from June, but up \$18.11 from July 2009. Earnings in nondurable goods, at \$628.56, were down \$4.17 over the month, but up \$15.91 over the year.

Benefits and Costs. Initial claims filed under the Ohio Unemployment Compensation Law numbered 66,737 in July 2010, down 3.9 percent from June and down 33.0 percent from July 2009. Total benefits paid dropped 18.1 percent to \$150.8 million. The average weekly benefit payment of \$361.98 was \$10.87 higher than June. The average weekly number of benefit recipients, at 97,251, was down 20.5 percent from last month. At the end of July, there were 228,761 active employer accounts.

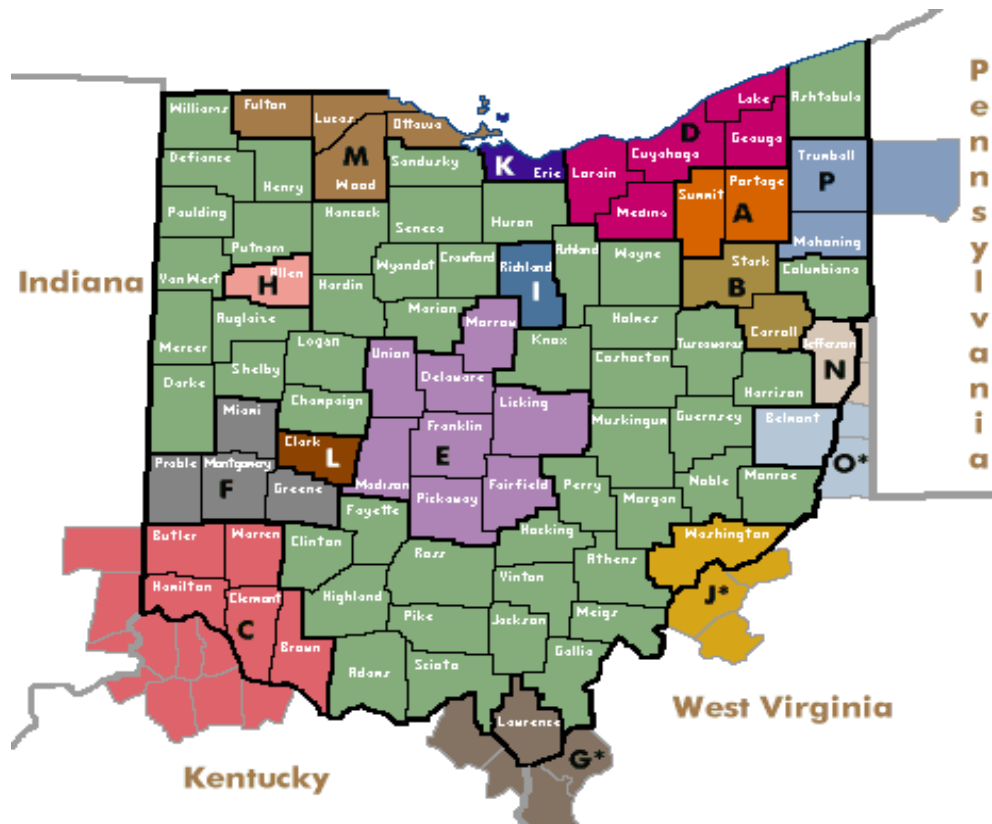
Ohio Department of Job & Family Services

Ted Strickland, *Governor*

Douglas E. Lumpkin, *Director*

Ohio Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs)

Developed by the United States Office of Management and Budget, Metropolitan Statistical Areas are integrated geographic regions comprised of at least one city and adjacent communities. Metropolitan Statistical Areas make it possible for Federal statistical agencies to utilize the same boundaries when publishing statistical data. Information on the new statistical area designations based on the 2000 Census may be found at www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm.



- A. Akron MSA**
- B. Canton-Massillon MSA**
- C. Cincinnati-Middletown MSA,**
including Dearborn, Franklin & Ohio
Counties in Indiana and Boone,
Bracken, Campbell, Gallatin, Grant,
Kenton & Pendleton Counties in
Kentucky
- D. Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor MSA**
- E. Columbus MSA**
- F. Dayton MSA**
- G. * Huntington-Ashland MSA,**
including Boyd & Greenup Counties
in Kentucky and Cabell & Wayne
Counties in West Virginia
- H. Lima MSA**
- I. Mansfield MSA**
- J. * Parkersburg-Marietta-Vienna
MSA,** including Pleasants, Wirt,
& Wood Counties in West Virginia
- K. Sandusky MSA**
- L. Springfield MSA**
- M. Toledo MSA**
- N. Weirton-Steubenville MSA,** including
Brooke & Hancock Counties in West
Virginia
- O. * Wheeling MSA,** including Marshall
& Ohio Counties in West Virginia
- P. Youngstown-Warren-Boardman
MSA,** including Mercer County in
Pennsylvania

* West Virginia MSAs that include Ohio counties. Data may be viewed at <http://www.wvbep.org/bep/lmi/>.

**The Ohio Labor Market Review
is available on our website at
<http://OhioLMI.com/ces/lmr.htm>**

Users may access the latest edition of the *Ohio Labor Market Review* at this web address during the last week of the month following the reference month. If you have questions about the data, please contact the Bureau of Labor Market Information at (800) 543-4953.

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Technical Notes

Current estimates are preliminary, based upon employment trends reported by a sample of employers. Estimates are revised annually.

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Ohio
Civilian Labor Force and Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment Estimates
Seasonally Adjusted^a

	Employment in Thousands (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)		Percent Change	
	July 2010	June 2010	July 2009	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
LAUS Program ^b							
Civilian Labor Force	5,942.0	5,966.0	5,978.0	-24.0	-36.0	-0.4	-0.6
Employment	5,328.0	5,341.0	5,342.0	-13.0	-14.0	-0.2	-0.3
Unemployment	614.0	625.0	636.0	-11.0	-22.0	-1.8	-3.5
Unemployment Rate	10.3%	10.5%	10.6%				
Employer Survey Data ^c							
Total	5,046.8	5,045.0	5,041.0	1.8	5.8	0.0	0.1
Goods-Producing Industries	814.7	810.5	804.2	4.2	10.5	0.5	1.3
Mining and Logging	11.6	11.7	11.8	-0.1	-0.2	-0.9	-1.7
Construction	174.1	170.8	177.9	3.3	-3.8	1.9	-2.1
Manufacturing	629.0	628.0	614.5	1.0	14.5	0.2	2.4
Durable Goods	418.9	419.2	405.9	-0.3	13.0	-0.1	3.2
Nondurable Goods	210.1	208.8	208.6	1.3	1.5	0.6	0.7
Service-Providing Industries	4,232.1	4,234.5	4,236.8	-2.4	-4.7	-0.1	-0.1
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	951.3	952.3	964.0	-1.0	-12.7	-0.1	-1.3
Wholesale Trade	210.4	211.2	218.6	-0.8	-8.2	-0.4	-3.8
Retail Trade	564.2	563.6	559.8	0.6	4.4	0.1	0.8
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	176.7	177.5	185.6	-0.8	-8.9	-0.5	-4.8
Information	75.8	76.0	80.3	-0.2	-4.5	-0.3	-5.6
Financial Activities	267.2	267.7	279.2	-0.5	-12.0	-0.2	-4.3
Finance and Insurance	209.5	209.4	218.9	0.1	-9.4	0.0	-4.3
Real Estate & Rental & Leasing	57.7	58.3	60.3	-0.6	-2.6	-1.0	-4.3
Professional & Business Services	628.5	623.3	607.6	5.2	20.9	0.8	3.4
Professional & Technical Services	232.3	231.6	236.6	0.7	-4.3	0.3	-1.8
Management of Companies and Enterprises	105.6	105.9	108.3	-0.3	-2.7	-0.3	-2.5
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	290.6	285.8	262.7	4.8	27.9	1.7	10.6
Educational & Health Services	832.1	829.5	828.3	2.6	3.8	0.3	0.5
Educational Services	107.1	106.3	109.3	0.8	-2.2	0.8	-2.0
Health Care & Social Assistance	725.0	723.2	719.0	1.8	6.0	0.2	0.8
Leisure & Hospitality	482.4	481.3	476.6	1.1	5.8	0.2	1.2
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	70.2	71.2	61.6	-1.0	8.6	-1.4	14.0
Accommodation & Food Services	412.2	410.1	415.0	2.1	-2.8	0.5	-0.7
Other Services	208.4	209.3	212.5	-0.9	-4.1	-0.4	-1.9
Government	786.4	795.1	788.3	-8.7	-1.9	-1.1	-0.2
Federal Government	84.7	89.2	78.1	-4.5	6.6	-5.0	8.5
State Government	162.9	162.5	164.2	0.4	-1.3	0.2	-0.8
Local Government	538.8	543.4	546.0	-4.6	-7.2	-0.8	-1.3

^aData for latest month are preliminary, although other months are subject to revision. Subtotals may not add to totals due to rounding. Unemployment rates are computed from unrounded figures. All data exclude military personnel. ^bData are Local Area Unemployment Statistics estimates based on place of residence. ^cFrom the Current Employment Statistics Survey, a monthly survey of approximately 12,100 employers conducted by ODJFS in cooperation with the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Estimates represent nonagricultural wage and salary jobs by place of work. ^dDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Seasonally adjusted Nonfarm employment data for the Metropolitan Statistical Areas may be accessed at the Bureau of Labor Statistics website at <http://www.bls.gov/sae/>

Ohio Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment

(in thousands)

Seasonally Adjusted

	Goods & Service Total	Goods Producing				Service Providing								
		Goods Producing Total	Mining & Logging	Construction	Manufacturing	Service Providing Total	Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	Information	Financial Activities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Leisure & Hospitality	Other Services	Government
2008														
July	5,371.8	966.1	12.0	210.6	743.5	4,405.7	1,036.0	85.8	289.8	672.9	813.5	492.0	219.7	796.0
August	5,361.7	957.9	12.1	209.6	736.2	4,403.8	1,035.2	85.9	289.3	669.8	815.6	491.4	219.8	796.8
September	5,339.1	951.2	12.2	207.8	731.2	4,387.9	1,029.2	85.2	288.4	664.8	816.4	488.7	219.3	795.9
October	5,322.2	945.0	12.3	207.1	725.6	4,377.2	1,023.5	85.0	287.5	659.8	818.5	487.3	219.1	796.5
November	5,281.8	928.6	12.2	203.0	713.4	4,353.2	1,010.6	84.9	286.9	653.4	819.4	483.5	217.8	796.7
December	5,253.8	913.6	12.1	199.7	701.8	4,340.2	1,005.4	84.4	285.9	647.8	820.6	484.1	217.0	795.0
2009														
January	5,207.6	885.9	12.1	197.9	675.9	4,321.7	997.2	84.0	285.0	641.7	822.6	481.3	215.7	794.2
February	5,180.4	874.0	12.0	195.5	666.5	4,306.4	992.6	83.5	283.5	635.0	823.7	480.0	215.4	792.7
March	5,148.5	860.5	12.0	193.7	654.8	4,288.0	985.3	82.6	282.4	627.2	823.9	480.1	214.4	792.1
April	5,114.1	839.3	11.9	182.6	644.8	4,274.8	977.2	81.7	281.4	620.8	824.5	478.6	213.9	796.7
May	5,077.6	820.7	11.9	181.0	627.8	4,256.9	972.1	81.2	280.4	617.1	825.1	478.7	213.5	788.8
June	5,046.2	803.2	11.8	178.8	612.6	4,243.0	967.6	80.6	279.5	611.2	824.8	476.3	212.6	790.4
July	5,041.0	804.2	11.8	177.9	614.5	4,236.8	964.0	80.3	279.2	607.6	828.3	476.6	212.5	788.3
August	5,023.9	800.1	11.6	175.3	613.2	4,223.8	959.7	79.9	277.8	604.7	828.4	474.2	211.5	787.6
September	5,014.8	796.3	11.6	173.1	611.6	4,218.5	956.1	79.6	277.4	603.0	827.3	475.4	211.1	788.6
October	5,016.9	799.0	11.5	174.2	613.3	4,217.9	955.3	77.6	274.1	607.5	827.8	476.8	211.7	787.1
November	5,009.2	791.9	11.4	175.4	605.1	4,217.3	954.2	77.4	272.4	611.3	827.5	476.4	212.0	786.1
December	4,998.4	791.1	11.2	171.7	608.2	4,207.3	950.2	77.9	271.8	606.6	829.5	475.3	211.5	784.5
2010														
January	4,999.0	793.6	11.2	168.9	613.5	4,205.4	950.9	77.1	267.1	613.2	825.3	478.1	211.3	782.4
February	4,996.6	782.6	11.4	163.8	607.4	4,214.0	948.4	77.5	266.4	618.9	830.1	477.8	210.2	784.7
March	5,004.8	788.9	11.4	165.0	612.5	4,215.9	951.4	77.5	263.9	618.6	829.4	476.9	211.6	786.6
April	5,035.4	805.6	11.7	169.2	624.7	4,229.8	953.1	76.5	264.2	622.2	831.4	479.6	211.6	791.2
May	5,050.4	809.7	11.8	170.4	627.5	4,240.7	953.2	76.4	265.4	621.7	826.4	480.8	208.6	808.2
June	5,045.0	810.5	11.7	170.8	628.0	4,234.5	952.3	76.0	267.7	623.3	829.5	481.3	209.3	795.1
July	5,046.8	814.7	11.6	174.1	629.0	4,232.1	951.3	75.8	267.2	628.5	832.1	482.4	208.4	786.4

Ohio Civilian Labor Force Estimates

(in thousands)

Seasonally Adjusted

	Civilian Labor Force			Unemployment Rates	
	Total	Employed	Unemployed	Ohio	U.S.
1999	5,781	5,534	246	4.3%	4.2%
2000	5,807	5,573	234	4.0%	4.0%
2001	5,826	5,567	259	4.4%	4.7%
2002	5,838	5,503	335	5.7%	5.8%
2003	5,860	5,499	361	6.2%	6.0%
2004	5,863	5,503	360	6.1%	5.5%
2005	5,882	5,537	344	5.9%	5.1%
2006	5,934	5,613	321	5.4%	4.6%
2007	5,974	5,639	335	5.6%	4.6%
2008	5,985	5,592	393	6.6%	5.8%
2009	5,970	5,359	611	10.2%	9.3%
2009					
July	5,978	5,342	636	10.6%	9.4%
August	5,961	5,323	638	10.7%	9.7%
September	5,944	5,306	638	10.7%	9.8%
October	5,928	5,291	638	10.8%	10.1%
November	5,915	5,278	637	10.8%	10.0%
December	5,905	5,268	638	10.8%	10.0%
2010					
January	5,911	5,270	641	10.8%	9.7%
February	5,928	5,281	648	10.9%	9.7%
March	5,948	5,292	656	11.0%	9.7%
April	5,974	5,321	652	10.9%	9.9%
May	5,981	5,341	641	10.7%	9.7%
June	5,966	5,341	625	10.5%	9.5%
July	5,942	5,328	614	10.3%	9.5%

Selected Unemployment Insurance Activities in Ohio

	July 2010	June 2010	July 2009
Initial Claims	66,737	69,420	99,609
Continued Claims	610,808	576,291	988,008
First Payments	22,752	24,243	40,205
Last Payments	15,296	17,231	30,345
Average Weekly Claimants	138,820	130,975	214,784
Average Weekly Benefit Recipients	97,251	122,321	187,763
Weeks Claimed that were Actually Paid	427,904	538,212	863,710
Benefits Paid	\$150,825,399	\$184,243,361	\$272,765,116
Average Weekly Payment	\$361.98	\$351.11	\$321.09
Continued Claims for Survey Week	179,170	164,673	238,838
Insured Unemployment Rate	2.8%	2.8%	4.1%
Active Employer Accounts	228,761	228,950	227,696

Ohio
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment ^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment <i>(in thousands)</i>			Change <i>(in thousands)</i>	
	July 2010 ^b	June 2010	July 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	5,045.6	5,083.1	5,037.8	-37.5	7.8
Goods-Producing Industries	825.0	820.8	815.8	4.2	9.2
Mining and Logging	12.0	11.9	12.2	0.1	-0.2
Construction	188.0	181.2	193.4	6.8	-5.4
Construction of Buildings	40.4	39.9	42.4	0.5	-2.0
Nonresidential Building Construction	24.2	23.8	24.4	0.4	-0.2
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	25.5	24.0	26.5	1.5	-1.0
Specialty Trade Contractors	122.1	117.3	124.5	4.8	-2.4
Manufacturing	625.0	627.7	610.2	-2.7	14.8
<i>Durable Goods^d</i>	415.1	419.5	401.5	-4.4	13.6
Nonmetallic Mineral Products	23.1	23.1	24.5	0.0	-1.4
Primary Metals	35.3	35.7	33.5	-0.4	1.8
Iron and Steel Mills and Ferroalloy Mfg.	7.6	7.6	7.6	0.0	0.0
Fabricated Metal Products	96.1	95.4	91.7	0.7	4.4
Machine Shops and Threaded Products	18.3	18.2	20.4	0.1	-2.1
Machinery Manufacturing	66.8	66.3	65.6	0.5	1.2
Metalworking Machinery	16.7	16.5	18.6	0.2	-1.9
Computer and Electronic Products	18.7	18.9	20.4	-0.2	-1.7
Electrical Equipment and Appliance Mfg.	25.6	25.7	26.2	-0.1	-0.6
Electric Lighting Equipment	2.2	2.2	2.9	0.0	-0.7
Household Appliances	9.7	9.7	9.4	0.0	0.3
Transportation Equipment	95.5	100.5	90.8	-5.0	4.7
Motor Vehicles	18.4	19.4	15.9	-1.0	2.5
Motor Vehicle Parts	51.5	56.1	51.6	-4.6	-0.1
Aerospace Products and Parts	15.3	15.3	15.8	0.0	-0.5
Furniture and Related Products	13.9	14.5	16.3	-0.6	-2.4
<i>Nondurable Goods^e</i>	209.9	208.2	208.7	1.7	1.2
Food Manufacturing	50.9	50.9	53.3	0.0	-2.4
Dairy Products	7.6	7.6	7.6	0.0	0.0
Printing and Related Support Activities	22.8	23.1	24.9	-0.3	-2.1
Chemical Manufacturing	42.2	42.0	42.3	0.2	-0.1
Plastics and Rubber Products	45.3	45.8	48.6	-0.5	-3.3
Plastics Products	34.4	34.7	36.4	-0.3	-2.0
Rubber Products	10.9	11.1	12.2	-0.2	-1.3

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Ohio
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

- continued -

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	July 2010 ^b	June 2010	July 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Service-Providing Industries	4,220.6	4,262.3	4,222.0	-41.7	-1.4
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	952.6	956.4	964.5	-3.8	-11.9
<i>Wholesale Trade</i>	212.2	213.1	220.2	-0.9	-8.0
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	114.8	115.2	118.9	-0.4	-4.1
Professional and Commercial Equipment	24.0	23.8	24.3	0.2	-0.3
Machinery, Equipment, and Supplies	29.0	28.9	30.3	0.1	-1.3
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	70.7	71.8	73.5	-1.1	-2.8
<i>Retail Trade</i>	564.4	565.9	560.3	-1.5	4.1
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	62.4	62.5	67.0	-0.1	-4.6
Automobile Dealers	36.5	36.5	40.4	0.0	-3.9
Furniture and Home Furnishings Stores	12.6	12.7	13.7	-0.1	-1.1
Building Material and Garden Supply Stores	48.0	49.5	48.4	-1.5	-0.4
Building Material and Supplies Dealers	40.9	41.9	40.7	-1.0	0.2
Food and Beverage Stores	106.8	106.2	106.8	0.6	0.0
Grocery Stores	94.9	94.7	94.6	0.2	0.3
Health and Personal Care Stores	37.2	36.8	37.4	0.4	-0.2
Gasoline Stations	33.0	32.9	33.6	0.1	-0.6
Clothing and Clothing Accessories Stores	44.8	45.0	41.9	-0.2	2.9
General Merchandise Stores	120.0	120.1	120.0	-0.1	0.0
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	28.6	28.8	30.2	-0.2	-1.6
<i>Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities</i>	176.0	177.4	184.0	-1.4	-8.0
Utilities	20.0	20.5	21.4	-0.5	-1.4
Transportation and Warehousing	156.0	156.9	162.6	-0.9	-6.6
Air Transportation	11.0	11.1	11.2	-0.1	-0.2
Truck Transportation	60.4	60.1	61.3	0.3	-0.9
Information	76.2	76.2	81.0	0.0	-4.8
Publishing Industries, Except Internet	27.1	27.0	28.5	0.1	-1.4
Telecommunications	28.3	28.5	29.7	-0.2	-1.4
Financial Activities	268.8	269.2	281.1	-0.4	-12.3
Finance and Insurance	209.7	209.6	219.4	0.1	-9.7
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	90.1	90.8	95.6	-0.7	-5.5
Depository Credit Intermediation	60.5	60.8	63.1	-0.3	-2.6
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	101.1	101.0	106.0	0.1	-4.9
Insurance Carriers	70.6	70.6	71.9	0.0	-1.3
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	59.1	59.6	61.7	-0.5	-2.6

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Ohio
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

- continued -

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	July 2010 ^b	June 2010	July 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Professional and Business Services	631.2	627.2	613.1	4.0	18.1
Professional and Technical Services	231.4	229.8	234.6	1.6	-3.2
Legal Services	34.0	33.8	35.9	0.2	-1.9
Accounting and Bookkeeping Services	29.5	30.3	28.6	-0.8	0.9
Architectural and Engineering Services	38.9	38.5	38.6	0.4	0.3
Computer Systems Design and Related Services	54.0	53.2	51.7	0.8	2.3
Management and Technical Consulting Services	22.1	22.1	22.6	0.0	-0.5
Advertising and Related Services	14.6	14.7	14.5	-0.1	0.1
Management of Companies and Enterprises	106.2	106.3	109.3	-0.1	-3.1
Administrative, Support and Waste Services	293.6	291.1	269.2	2.5	24.4
Administrative and Support Services	278.6	276.6	256.0	2.0	22.6
Employment Services	119.7	121.8	98.4	-2.1	21.3
Business Support Services	38.2	38.1	37.5	0.1	0.7
Services to Buildings and Dwellings	67.2	64.9	65.4	2.3	1.8
Educational and Health Services	817.0	819.3	814.0	-2.3	3.0
Educational Services	90.0	95.1	93.8	-5.1	-3.8
Colleges and Universities	38.3	40.8	38.4	-2.5	-0.1
Health Care and Social Assistance	727.0	724.2	720.2	2.8	6.8
Hospitals	229.6	230.1	229.7	-0.5	-0.1
Nursing and Residential Care Facilities	169.4	169.0	168.7	0.4	0.7
Social Assistance	88.5	88.5	87.0	0.0	1.5
Leisure and Hospitality	514.2	512.5	506.9	1.7	7.3
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	90.0	89.2	80.9	0.8	9.1
Accommodation and Food Services	424.2	423.3	426.0	0.9	-1.8
Accommodation	33.6	33.0	35.1	0.6	-1.5
Food Services and Drinking Places	390.6	390.3	390.9	0.3	-0.3
Other Services	210.6	211.9	214.7	-1.3	-4.1
Repair and Maintenance	39.4	38.8	41.4	0.6	-2.0
Personal and Laundry Services	55.5	55.2	55.4	0.3	0.1
Membership Associations and Organizations	115.7	117.9	117.9	-2.2	-2.2
Government	750.0	789.6	746.7	-39.6	3.3
Federal Government	85.2	88.7	78.8	-3.5	6.4
U.S. Postal Service	25.9	25.6	28.1	0.3	-2.2
State Government	146.6	153.3	148.6	-6.7	-2.0
State Government Education ^f	72.6	79.5	74.3	-6.9	-1.7
State Government Hospitals	14.5	14.5	14.2	0.0	0.3
Local Government	518.2	547.6	519.3	-29.4	-1.1
Local Government Education	256.5	288.8	249.9	-32.3	6.6
Local Government Hospitals	15.5	15.4	15.7	0.1	-0.2

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes textile mills; textile products mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; petroleum and coal products. ^fIncludes State universities, State schools for the deaf and blind, and the State library. Excludes the agricultural extension service, agricultural research centers, and the Ohio Department of Education. ^gDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Ohio and MSA

Hours and Earnings of Production or Nonsupervisory Workers^a

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	July 2010 ^b	June 2010	July 2009 ^c	July 2010 ^b	June 2010	July 2009 ^c	July 2010 ^b	June 2010	July 2009 ^c
Ohio									
Goods-Producing Industries	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Construction	\$894.69	\$895.79	\$899.00	38.3	38.2	38.8	\$23.36	\$23.45	\$23.17
Manufacturing	\$745.73	\$753.46	\$724.71	39.9	40.4	38.9	\$18.69	\$18.65	\$18.63
Durable Goods^d	\$803.96	\$814.26	\$785.85	40.4	41.0	39.0	\$19.90	\$19.86	\$20.15
Fabricated Metal Products	\$657.15	\$666.76	\$665.73	39.0	39.5	39.0	\$16.85	\$16.88	\$17.07
Machinery Manufacturing	\$751.68	\$760.33	\$714.08	40.5	40.9	39.3	\$18.56	\$18.59	\$18.17
Transportation Equipment	\$1,001.22	\$1,012.68	\$949.95	40.7	41.3	38.6	\$24.60	\$24.52	\$24.61
Nondurable Goods^e	\$628.56	\$632.73	\$612.65	38.8	39.3	38.8	\$16.20	\$16.10	\$15.79
Food Manufacturing ^g	\$501.69	\$502.28	\$469.21	37.3	37.4	35.9	\$13.45	\$13.43	\$13.07
Service-Providing Industries	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wholesale Trade	\$670.65	\$659.17	\$661.25	37.3	36.6	36.9	\$17.98	\$18.01	\$17.92
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	\$645.41	\$646.50	\$637.36	36.3	36.3	36.4	\$17.78	\$17.81	\$17.51
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	\$716.99	\$720.00	\$718.99	40.1	40.0	40.1	\$17.88	\$18.00	\$17.93
Retail Trade^f	\$362.92	\$351.95	\$355.88	30.6	29.7	30.6	\$11.86	\$11.85	\$11.63
Financial Activities	\$706.89	\$719.81	\$712.61	36.4	36.8	36.1	\$19.42	\$19.56	\$19.74
Finance and Insurance	\$787.37	\$799.53	\$783.38	37.8	38.2	37.5	\$20.83	\$20.93	\$20.89
Insurance Carriers & Related Activities	\$782.09	\$778.38	\$761.54	38.3	38.1	37.7	\$20.42	\$20.43	\$20.20
Health Care and Social Assistance	\$571.65	\$569.18	\$571.41	30.9	30.9	31.5	\$18.50	\$18.42	\$18.14
Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)									
Akron									
Manufacturing	\$686.95	\$702.89	\$687.48	39.8	40.7	39.9	\$17.26	\$17.27	\$17.23
Cincinnati-Middletown									
Manufacturing	\$707.64	\$707.60	\$680.85	39.8	40.0	38.1	\$17.78	\$17.69	\$17.87
Durable Goods	\$793.20	\$797.17	\$777.02	40.0	40.2	38.6	\$19.83	\$19.83	\$20.13
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor									
Manufacturing	\$679.32	\$692.10	\$682.86	38.1	38.6	38.0	\$17.83	\$17.93	\$17.97
Durable Goods	\$788.67	\$793.05	\$761.26	40.3	40.4	39.2	\$19.57	\$19.63	\$19.42
Columbus									
Manufacturing	\$757.63	\$755.04	\$712.78	38.4	38.7	36.2	\$19.73	\$19.51	\$19.69

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment, appliances, and components; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemicals; plastics and rubber products. ^fMoney payments only; tips not included. ^gNot comparable to previous estimates due to change in sample composition.

Ohio Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment

(in thousands)

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Goods & Service Total	Goods Producing				Service Providing								
		Goods Producing Total	Mining & Logging	Construction	Manufacturing	Service Providing Total	Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	Information	Financial Activities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Leisure & Hospitality	Other Services	Government
1999	5,563.5	1,281.5	13.5	240.4	1,027.6	4,282.0	1,102.5	106.2	303.4	633.2	669.0	476.7	218.7	772.1
2000	5,624.6	1,280.0	12.9	246.1	1,021.0	4,344.5	1,115.2	107.2	305.2	644.9	680.3	483.3	223.3	785.0
2001	5,542.6	1,206.5	12.9	240.5	953.0	4,336.2	1,095.8	106.3	307.3	629.0	694.0	481.6	228.1	794.0
2002	5,445.0	1,133.3	12.1	236.2	885.0	4,311.7	1,061.1	101.0	308.4	615.6	711.4	485.5	228.6	800.2
2003	5,397.7	1,086.0	11.7	231.2	843.1	4,311.7	1,043.9	96.5	311.8	611.7	729.8	488.3	227.1	802.6
2004	5,408.4	1,068.3	11.7	234.6	822.1	4,340.1	1,039.7	92.2	310.9	626.5	746.3	495.8	226.9	801.7
2005	5,426.7	1,055.8	11.4	232.9	811.5	4,370.9	1,042.7	89.9	308.5	643.7	762.3	499.8	224.5	799.6
2006	5,435.8	1,037.6	11.6	229.7	796.3	4,398.2	1,045.7	88.4	305.6	656.4	778.5	500.9	222.7	800.1
2007	5,428.0	1,007.8	11.7	224.8	771.3	4,420.2	1,050.8	87.7	299.8	668.4	793.9	500.6	221.9	797.1
2008	5,362.4	962.1	12.0	211.2	739.0	4,400.4	1,034.0	85.8	290.3	668.6	813.9	492.0	219.6	796.2
2009	5,073.6	822.3	11.7	181.4	629.2	4,251.3	968.3	80.6	278.6	616.5	826.3	477.5	213.1	790.4
2009														
July	5,037.8	815.8	12.2	193.4	610.2	4,222.0	964.5	81.0	281.1	613.1	814.0	506.9	214.7	746.7
August	5,034.8	821.2	12.0	191.7	617.5	4,213.6	962.2	80.4	279.7	615.3	815.0	504.1	213.1	743.8
September	5,053.5	817.2	11.8	186.6	618.8	4,236.3	955.7	79.2	277.3	612.6	829.6	490.5	211.0	780.4
October	5,071.6	816.9	11.7	185.9	619.3	4,254.7	959.0	77.5	273.9	620.6	836.3	474.1	211.1	802.2
November	5,069.6	804.7	11.5	183.9	609.3	4,264.9	973.0	77.6	272.0	620.2	838.5	465.4	212.6	805.6
December	5,045.4	792.2	11.2	168.7	612.3	4,253.2	980.0	78.4	272.1	610.0	839.9	461.4	211.5	799.9
2010														
January	4,897.3	765.6	10.7	146.3	608.6	4,131.7	940.3	77.0	266.2	596.9	821.0	444.8	208.5	777.0
February	4,905.6	754.9	10.8	139.0	605.1	4,150.7	928.3	77.3	265.1	602.8	831.3	443.4	208.4	794.1
March	4,945.2	765.9	11.0	148.0	606.9	4,179.3	935.8	77.0	263.0	606.1	833.2	454.1	210.8	799.3
April	5,016.5	794.4	11.6	163.0	619.8	4,222.1	943.2	76.0	263.1	616.9	836.2	474.3	211.5	800.9
May	5,080.0	809.5	11.9	173.9	623.7	4,270.5	953.6	76.2	265.0	619.8	828.2	496.5	209.8	821.4
June	5,083.1	820.8	11.9	181.2	627.7	4,262.3	956.4	76.2	269.2	627.2	819.3	512.5	211.9	789.6
July	5,045.6	825.0	12.0	188.0	625.0	4,220.6	952.6	76.2	268.8	631.2	817.0	514.2	210.6	750.0

Akron Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Portage
Summit



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Akron metropolitan area rose 500 from the June level to 314,500 in July 2010. More business in mining, logging, and construction boosted employment in goods-producing industries 300 over the month to 48,900. The workforce in manufacturing remained at the June level. Service-providing industries added 200 jobs as gains in professional and business services and trade, transportation, and utilities more than offset temporary layoffs of nonteaching personnel in local schools.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment dropped 2,400 between July 2009 and July 2010. Service providing industries declined 1,700 mainly due to a reduction in trade, transportation, and utilities. Losses in mining, logging, and construction and manufacturing lowered employment in goods-producing industries 700.

Akron MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
363.5	348.2	15.3	4.2%
365.1	350.2	14.9	4.1%
365.2	348.7	16.4	4.5%
366.0	344.6	21.4	5.8%
370.0	347.6	22.5	6.1%
373.5	351.2	22.3	6.0%
379.4	357.8	21.6	5.7%
384.6	364.6	19.9	5.2%
388.6	367.8	20.8	5.4%
391.1	367.0	24.1	6.2%
389.0	350.7	38.3	9.8%
394.4	353.9	40.5	10.3%
391.1	352.2	38.9	9.9%
387.0	348.9	38.0	9.8%
387.4	348.6	38.8	10.0%
384.5	345.6	38.9	10.1%
383.2	342.0	41.2	10.8%
376.7	332.3	44.4	11.8%
378.8	334.7	44.1	11.7%
381.2	337.1	44.1	11.6%
385.3	343.4	41.9	10.9%
385.9	347.5	38.4	10.0%
385.0	345.3	39.6	10.3%
388.0	348.8	39.2	10.1%

Akron MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)					
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport, Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government
328.6	59.3	64.9	38.3	38.3	47.6
330.8	58.5	66.6	38.7	38.7	47.8
327.3	53.3	67.8	38.8	40.0	48.1
322.2	49.7 ^a	65.1 ^a	39.7 ^a	40.8	48.5
326.7	49.5	65.4	41.8	41.5	49.8
331.3	49.5	66.3	44.2	42.9	49.9
337.4	48.9	67.8	47.3	44.3	49.8
338.8	47.8	67.6	49.8	45.3	49.2
340.3	46.6	68.1	51.3	47.1	49.2
339.3	44.6	67.2	52.9	48.8	49.5
319.8	37.9	62.4	47.9	49.5	50.0
316.9	36.6	62.3	47.6	49.2	46.0
316.4	37.1	62.2	47.4	49.4	45.7
319.2	37.0	62.1	47.0	49.5	50.3
319.9	36.9	61.8	47.9	49.8	51.9
317.4	36.7	62.1	46.6	50.0	51.9
316.9	36.6	62.5	46.9	50.0	51.8
305.3	36.1	60.3	45.2	49.3	48.3
305.9	35.9	59.8	44.3	49.5	51.5
308.7	35.8	60.2	45.0	49.6	51.7
312.6	36.3	60.3	46.5	49.7	51.8
316.5	36.3	60.3	46.2	49.7	53.0
314.0	36.4	60.4	47.5	49.5	45.9
314.5	36.4	60.7	48.4	49.4	45.1

^aNot comparable to previous estimates due to change in industry definition.

Akron MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment ^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	July 2010 ^b	June 2010	July 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	314.5	314.0	316.9	0.5	-2.4
Goods-Producing Industries	48.9	48.6	49.6	0.3	-0.7
Mining, Logging, and Construction	12.5	12.2	13.0	0.3	-0.5
Manufacturing	36.4	36.4	36.6	0.0	-0.2
Durable Goods ^d	21.3	21.4	21.3	-0.1	0.0
Transportation Equipment	2.8	2.9	2.7	-0.1	0.1
Nondurable Goods ^e	15.1	15.0	15.3	0.1	-0.2
Service-Providing Industries	265.6	265.4	267.3	0.2	-1.7
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	60.7	60.4	62.3	0.3	-1.6
Wholesale Trade	16.7	16.7	17.0	0.0	-0.3
Retail Trade	34.4	34.0	35.4	0.4	-1.0
Food and Beverage Stores	7.9	7.8	7.9	0.1	0.0
Health and Personal Care Stores	2.7	2.7	2.7	0.0	0.0
General Merchandise Stores	5.8	5.8	5.6	0.0	0.2
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	9.6	9.7	9.9	-0.1	-0.3
Truck Transportation	4.1	4.1	4.4	0.0	-0.3
Information	4.0	4.0	4.2	0.0	-0.2
Financial Activities	12.9	13.0	13.4	-0.1	-0.5
Finance and Insurance	9.7	9.7	10.0	0.0	-0.3
Professional and Business Services	48.4	47.5	47.6	0.9	0.8
Administrative, Support and Waste Services	17.5	17.5	18.7	0.0	-1.2
Educational and Health Services	49.4	49.5	49.2	-0.1	0.2
Health Care and Social Assistance	45.7	45.5	45.1	0.2	0.6
Leisure and Hospitality	31.6	31.6	31.0	0.0	0.6
Accommodation and Food Services	25.1	25.2	25.6	-0.1	-0.5
Other Services	13.5	13.5	13.6	0.0	-0.1
Government	45.1	45.9	46.0	-0.8	-0.9
Federal Government	2.5	2.7	2.3	-0.2	0.2
State Government	11.7	11.2	11.6	0.5	0.1
State Government Education ^f	9.8	9.3	9.7	0.5	0.1
Local Government	30.9	32.0	32.1	-1.1	-1.2
Local Government Education	15.3	16.2	15.3	-0.9	0.0

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing. ^fIncludes State universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service and the Ohio Department of Education. ^gDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Canton-Massillon Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Carroll
Stark



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Canton-Massillon metropolitan area totaled 159,200 in July 2010, down 1,000 from June. Temporary layoffs of nonteaching personnel in local schools and decreases in trade, transportation, and utilities and educational and health services lowered employment in service-providing industries 1,200. The workforce in goods-producing industries, at 30,900, increased 200 as more business in mining, logging, and construction exceeded a slight reduction in manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment dropped 1,300 between July 2009 and July 2010. Goods-producing industries lost 800 jobs over the year as losses were posted in manufacturing and mining, logging, and construction. Modest declines in several sectors lowered employment in service-providing industries 500. The largest decrease occurred in trade, transportation, and utilities.

Canton-Massillon MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
200.9	191.7	9.2	4.6%
207.1	198.5	8.6	4.2%
207.9	198.8	9.1	4.4%
206.7	194.4	12.3	5.9%
205.3	191.3	14.0	6.8%
204.1	190.5	13.5	6.6%
203.9	190.9	13.0	6.4%
203.7	192.0	11.7	5.7%
205.5	193.5	12.0	5.8%
206.4	192.4	14.0	6.8%
206.3	182.8	23.5	11.4%
210.1	185.3	24.8	11.8%
207.6	183.5	24.1	11.6%
204.6	180.7	23.9	11.7%
204.7	180.5	24.2	11.8%
204.4	180.1	24.2	11.9%
203.0	177.7	25.3	12.5%
201.1	173.4	27.7	13.8%
202.8	175.1	27.7	13.6%
203.4	175.9	27.5	13.5%
205.0	179.4	25.6	12.5%
205.4	181.6	23.8	11.6%
206.0	181.7	24.3	11.8%
206.0	182.3	23.7	11.5%

Canton-Massillon MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)					
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government
184.3	45.0	34.0	13.1	25.4	20.4
187.5	43.8	35.0	14.6	26.2	20.7
186.5	40.6	35.9	15.3	26.9	21.0
182.0	37.3	34.9	14.5	27.2	21.4
177.2	33.6 ^a	34.2	14.0	27.5	21.3
176.0	31.7	33.6	13.9	28.9	21.4
174.8	31.0	33.3	14.2	29.3	21.2
173.1	30.5	32.9	14.5	29.6	21.0
173.3	31.0	32.7	14.8	30.0	20.8
171.3	30.0	31.6	15.3	30.8	20.7
161.0	25.4	30.1	13.6	31.0	20.5
160.5	24.7	30.0	13.7	30.2	19.7
159.6	24.7	30.0	13.5	30.3	19.6
159.4	24.3	29.7	13.5	31.0	20.3
159.6	24.2	29.8	13.6	31.2	20.7
160.0	24.0	30.4	13.6	31.3	20.8
158.9	23.9	30.7	13.3	31.4	20.3
154.0	23.8	29.4	13.1	30.9	19.3
154.8	23.6	29.0	13.2	31.1	20.7
155.5	23.6	29.1	13.2	31.1	20.5
157.9	23.9	29.4	13.7	31.2	20.6
159.9	24.0	29.6	13.7	31.0	21.4
160.2	24.2	29.8	13.9	30.6	20.6
159.2	24.1	29.6	13.8	30.4	19.9

^aNot comparable to previous estimates due to change in industry definition.

Canton-Massillon MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment <i>(in thousands)</i>			Change <i>(in thousands)</i>	
	July 2010 ^b	June 2010	July 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	159.2	160.2	160.5	-1.0	-1.3
Goods-Producing Industries	30.9	30.7	31.7	0.2	-0.8
Mining, Logging, and Construction	6.8	6.5	7.0	0.3	-0.2
Manufacturing^d	24.1	24.2	24.7	-0.1	-0.6
Fabricated Metal Products	8.1	8.1	8.3	0.0	-0.2
Food Manufacturing	4.1	4.0	4.1	0.1	0.0
Service-Providing Industries	128.3	129.5	128.8	-1.2	-0.5
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	29.6	29.8	30.0	-0.2	-0.4
Wholesale Trade	5.9	6.0	6.2	-0.1	-0.3
Retail Trade	20.0	20.1	20.1	-0.1	-0.1
General Merchandise Stores	4.3	4.3	4.2	0.0	0.1
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	3.7	3.7	3.7	0.0	0.0
Information	1.9	1.9	2.0	0.0	-0.1
Financial Activities	7.8	7.7	8.0	0.1	-0.2
Professional and Business Services	13.8	13.9	13.7	-0.1	0.1
Educational and Health Services	30.4	30.6	30.2	-0.2	0.2
Health Care and Social Assistance	27.4	27.4	27.2	0.0	0.2
Leisure and Hospitality	16.9	16.9	17.0	0.0	-0.1
Accommodation and Food Services	14.5	14.5	14.7	0.0	-0.2
Other Services	8.0	8.1	8.2	-0.1	-0.2
Government	19.9	20.6	19.7	-0.7	0.2
Federal Government	1.3	1.4	1.1	-0.1	0.2
State Government	1.6	1.5	1.5	0.1	0.1
Local Government	17.0	17.7	17.1	-0.7	-0.1
Local Government Education	9.6	10.4	9.6	-0.8	0.0

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; transportation equipment; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^eDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

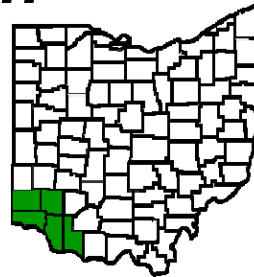
Cincinnati-Middletown

Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Ohio Counties

Brown
Butler
Clermont
Hamilton
Warren



Kentucky Counties

Boone
Bracken
Campbell
Gallatin
Kenton
Grant
Pendleton

Indiana Counties

Dearborn
Franklin
Ohio

Nonfarm payroll employment in the Cincinnati-Middletown metropolitan area totaled 988,900 in July 2010, down 8,200 from June. Temporary layoffs of nonteaching personnel in local and state schools and colleges helped lower employment in the service-providing sector 9,100. The workforce in goods-producing industries, at 150,500, increased 900 due to more business in mining, logging, and construction and a slight improvement in manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment fell 1,800 between July 2009 and July 2010. Employment in service-providing industries dropped 6,500. The largest decreases occurred in trade, transportation, and utilities (-3,500) and financial activities (-3,300). Educational and health services posted an over-the-year increase of 1,600. The goods-producing sector added 4,700 jobs as a gain in manufacturing (+4,900) exceeded a decrease in mining, logging, and construction (-200).

Cincinnati-Middletown MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate	
Total	Employed	Unemployed		
1,045.7	1,009.5	36.2	3.5%	
1,045.8	1,008.6	37.2	3.6%	
1,049.3	1,006.7	42.5	4.1%	
1,057.0	1,002.8	54.3	5.1%	
1,071.3	1,014.0	57.3	5.3%	
1,081.2	1,023.9	57.4	5.3%	
1,093.8	1,035.4	58.4	5.3%	
1,109.0	1,051.8	57.2	5.2%	
1,121.3	1,065.0	56.3	5.0%	
1,127.5	1,062.2	65.4	5.8%	
1,133.0	1,027.2	105.8	9.3%	
2009				
1,154.0	1,040.5	113.5	9.8%	July
1,148.3	1,038.0	110.3	9.6%	August
1,126.0	1,019.2	106.8	9.5%	September
1,122.4	1,013.4	108.9	9.7%	October
1,125.4	1,017.3	108.1	9.6%	November
1,124.3	1,013.3	110.9	9.9%	December
2010				
1,109.9	989.6	120.3	10.8%	January
1,112.7	991.6	121.0	10.9%	February
1,119.2	1,000.0	119.2	10.7%	March
1,129.9	1,014.2	115.7	10.2%	April
1,134.3	1,024.8	109.5	9.7%	May
1,143.8	1,029.5	114.3	10.0%	June
1,153.3	1,040.1	113.1	9.8%	July

Cincinnati-Middletown MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)						
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government	
1,005.6	149.1	216.4	134.9	118.6	123.3	1999
1,017.4	147.7	218.1	139.1	119.6	125.9	2000
1,011.5	139.4	216.1	138.9	121.0	128.1	2001
1,008.6	130.0	213.7	139.6	124.7	130.6	2002
1,016.0	127.0	210.9	144.0	127.1	133.1	2003
1,025.3	124.2	210.3	147.0	131.1	133.2	2004
1,034.3	123.2	210.5	152.8	134.4	132.3	2005
1,037.2	121.4	209.8	154.4	138.1	132.6	2006
1,047.2	121.1	213.1	156.7	141.8	133.2	2007
1,043.4	119.1	211.0	158.6	145.3	132.9	2008
995.1	106.7	198.7	148.2	146.3	132.4	2009
2009						
990.7	104.7	197.2	147.3	146.1	123.9	July
994.2	105.1	198.3	147.9	145.9	127.1	August
989.6	104.5	197.6	146.6	146.4	130.4	September
988.4	104.8	197.0	147.3	147.2	133.6	October
993.0	105.9	199.3	149.0	148.2	134.8	November
996.8	105.5	201.0	150.6	148.4	133.9	December
2010						
965.6	106.2	191.8	147.7	145.6	129.9	January
963.8	105.8	188.6	145.9	147.4	133.0	February
973.4	106.9	191.4	145.6	148.6	134.2	March
982.7	108.3	190.6	145.4	148.3	135.4	April
994.2	108.6	192.4	145.7	149.1	138.3	May
997.1	109.4	193.8	147.2	147.5	131.8	June
988.9	109.6	193.7	148.0	147.7	123.3	July

Cincinnati-Middletown MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

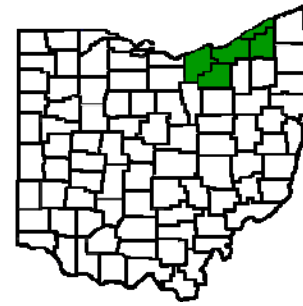
	Employment <i>(in thousands)</i>			Change <i>(in thousands)</i>	
	July 2010 ^b	June 2010	July 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	988.9	997.1	990.7	-8.2	-1.8
Goods-Producing Industries	150.5	149.6	145.8	0.9	4.7
Mining, Logging, and Construction	40.9	40.2	41.1	0.7	-0.2
Construction of Buildings	8.7	8.3	8.8	0.4	-0.1
Specialty Trade Contractors	25.3	24.8	26.4	0.5	-1.1
Manufacturing	109.6	109.4	104.7	0.2	4.9
Durable Goods ^d	63.5	63.9	60.1	-0.4	3.4
Primary Metals	5.9	5.9	5.4	0.0	0.5
Transportation Equipment	17.5	18.0	17.4	-0.5	0.1
Motor Vehicle Parts	6.4	6.5	6.2	-0.1	0.2
Aerospace Products and Parts	9.2	9.1	9.4	0.1	-0.2
Nondurable Goods ^e	46.1	45.5	44.6	0.6	1.5
Chemical Manufacturing	11.7	11.5	11.2	0.2	0.5
Service-Providing Industries	838.4	847.5	844.9	-9.1	-6.5
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	193.7	193.8	197.2	-0.1	-3.5
Wholesale Trade	51.4	51.2	56.9	0.2	-5.5
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	23.6	23.5	25.8	0.1	-2.2
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	22.5	22.5	22.6	0.0	-0.1
Retail Trade	104.0	104.2	102.0	-0.2	2.0
Food and Beverage Stores	20.2	20.1	20.5	0.1	-0.3
Grocery Stores	17.5	17.5	17.9	0.0	-0.4
Health and Personal Care Stores	6.7	6.6	6.9	0.1	-0.2
Clothing and Clothing Accessories Stores	8.7	8.7	8.0	0.0	0.7
General Merchandise Stores	21.1	21.1	21.1	0.0	0.0
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	38.3	38.4	38.3	-0.1	0.0
Transportation and Warehousing	33.8	33.9	35.0	-0.1	-1.2
Air Transportation	5.7	5.7	6.4	0.0	-0.7
Information	14.3	14.3	14.8	0.0	-0.5
Financial Activities	60.5	61.1	63.8	-0.6	-3.3
Finance and Insurance	50.6	50.5	51.8	0.1	-1.2
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	21.0	21.1	21.1	-0.1	-0.1
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	23.8	23.8	24.4	0.0	-0.6
Professional and Business Services	148.0	147.2	147.3	0.8	0.7
Professional and Technical Services	52.7	52.1	52.4	0.6	0.3
Management of Companies and Enterprises	38.5	38.3	39.0	0.2	-0.5
Administrative, Support and Waste Services	56.8	56.8	55.9	0.0	0.9
Employment Services	22.8	23.1	23.3	-0.3	-0.5
Services to Buildings and Dwellings	13.8	13.8	13.9	0.0	-0.1
Educational and Health Services	147.7	147.5	146.1	0.2	1.6
Educational Services	14.8	15.4	14.6	-0.6	0.2
Health Care and Social Assistance	132.9	132.1	131.5	0.8	1.4
Hospitals	45.6	45.2	44.3	0.4	1.3
Leisure and Hospitality	108.9	109.5	109.0	-0.6	-0.1
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	26.2	26.0	23.9	0.2	2.3
Accommodation and Food Services	82.7	83.5	85.1	-0.8	-2.4
Other Services	42.0	42.3	42.8	-0.3	-0.8
Government	123.3	131.8	123.9	-8.5	-0.6
Federal Government	18.2	19.0	17.2	-0.8	1.0
State Government	21.2	24.2	22.1	-3.0	-0.9
State Government Education ^f	16.3	19.1	16.9	-2.8	-0.6
Local Government	83.9	88.6	84.6	-4.7	-0.7
Local Government Education	44.5	49.1	43.1	-4.6	1.4

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; computer and electronic products; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^fIncludes State universities. Excludes hospitals, the agricultural extension service, and the Ohio Department of Education. ^gDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Cuyahoga
Geauga
Lake
Lorain
Medina



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor metropolitan area totaled 1,008,100 in July 2010, down 5,400 from June. Temporary layoffs of nonteaching personnel in local schools and a reduction in trade, transportation, and utilities helped lower employment in service-providing industries 7,600. The workforce in the goods-producing sector, at 153,900, increased 2,200 over the month due to more business in mining, logging, and construction and a slight improvement in manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment advanced 9,000 between July 2009 and July 2010. Expansion in service-providing industries created 5,100 jobs. The leading growth sectors were educational and health services (+8,200), professional and business services (+4,300), and leisure and hospitality (+1,900). Over-the-year declines were posted in government (-3,700), financial activities (-2,900), and other services (-1,400). The workforce in goods-producing industries increased 3,900 as a gain in manufacturing (+6,100) exceeded a decrease in mining, logging, and construction (-2,200).

Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
1,113.1	1,066.6	46.5	4.2%
1,105.9	1,062.9	43.0	3.9%
1,108.2	1,059.7	48.5	4.4%
1,105.5	1,045.6	59.9	5.4%
1,105.6	1,039.4	66.1	6.0%
1,096.9	1,031.7	65.2	5.9%
1,092.7	1,030.7	62.0	5.7%
1,094.8	1,035.1	59.7	5.5%
1,094.6	1,029.7	64.9	5.9%
1,081.2	1,010.4	70.8	6.6%
1,079.4	981.3	98.1	9.1%
1,104.3	1,002.9	101.4	9.2%
1,094.2	993.3	100.9	9.2%
1,073.8	974.7	99.1	9.2%
1,066.3	972.1	94.1	8.8%
1,065.5	971.2	94.4	8.9%
1,047.2	954.0	93.2	8.9%
1,058.7	949.8	108.9	10.3%
1,063.7	951.3	112.4	10.6%
1,064.5	960.1	104.4	9.8%
1,070.6	974.9	95.7	8.9%
1,073.2	975.9	97.3	9.1%
1,089.3	988.1	101.1	9.3%
1,103.9	1,001.5	102.4	9.3%

Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)						
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government	
1999	1,128.6	196.5	219.1	141.6	147.0	138.3
2000	1,136.0	195.7	220.2	142.5	149.7	141.1
2001	1,117.5	179.9	213.4	139.7	155.5	143.4
2002	1,082.3	161.6	203.1	130.9	162.9	144.2
2003	1,074.1	153.6	201.8	131.3	163.6	143.0
2004	1,072.1	150.5	199.8	133.6	165.0	142.2
2005	1,072.2	149.3	198.7	137.2	167.5	140.9
2006	1,075.0	147.5	199.5	144.0	170.8	140.6
2007	1,072.3	142.8	198.8	144.1	174.8	143.0
2008	1,058.5	138.7	195.3	142.9	179.5	142.8
2009	1,001.1	118.2	183.1	130.2	184.4	141.1
2009						
July	999.1	114.2	182.2	129.8	180.8	138.8
August	994.6	114.4	181.6	129.9	181.1	135.9
September	994.7	115.0	179.8	129.3	185.5	138.2
October	996.6	111.1	181.3	132.0	187.1	141.3
November	998.2	113.1	183.3	131.6	188.2	141.9
December	989.6	115.4	185.2	125.9	188.9	141.3
2010						
January	964.6	114.7	178.9	123.7	186.6	135.9
February	969.9	115.1	177.1	125.5	188.5	139.8
March	977.7	116.2	179.1	125.7	189.0	140.6
April	990.6	117.0	180.6	128.6	189.8	141.8
May	1,004.8	118.4	183.1	130.1	189.0	145.6
June	1,013.5	120.1	183.1	133.3	188.4	141.0
July	1,008.1	120.3	181.7	134.1	189.0	135.1

Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

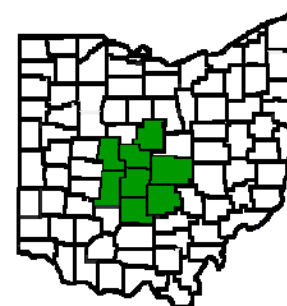
	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	July 2010 ^b	June 2010	July 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	1,008.1	1,013.5	999.1	-5.4	9.0
Goods-Producing Industries	153.9	151.7	150.0	2.2	3.9
Mining, Logging, and Construction	33.6	31.6	35.8	2.0	-2.2
Specialty Trade Contractors	22.3	21.7	23.3	0.6	-1.0
Manufacturing	120.3	120.1	114.2	0.2	6.1
Durable Goods ^d	85.9	86.6	80.2	-0.7	5.7
Primary Metals	7.7	7.7	7.2	0.0	0.5
Foundries	3.1	3.2	3.2	-0.1	-0.1
Fabricated Metal Products	25.7	25.5	24.8	0.2	0.9
Transportation Equipment	8.8	9.8	9.9	-1.0	-1.1
Motor Vehicle Parts	4.8	5.1	4.9	-0.3	-0.1
Nondurable Goods ^e	34.4	33.5	34.0	0.9	0.4
Service-Providing Industries	854.2	861.8	849.1	-7.6	5.1
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	181.7	183.1	182.2	-1.4	-0.5
Wholesale Trade	47.2	47.1	49.7	0.1	-2.5
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	26.8	26.9	27.3	-0.1	-0.5
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	15.5	15.7	16.2	-0.2	-0.7
Retail Trade	105.1	106.4	102.3	-1.3	2.8
Food and Beverage Stores	22.4	22.3	22.8	0.1	-0.4
Health and Personal Care Stores	7.6	7.9	7.8	-0.3	-0.2
General Merchandise Stores	19.2	19.2	19.6	0.0	-0.4
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	29.4	29.6	30.2	-0.2	-0.8
Transportation and Warehousing	25.9	26.1	26.7	-0.2	-0.8
Information	15.5	15.5	16.3	0.0	-0.8
Financial Activities	62.8	63.7	65.7	-0.9	-2.9
Finance and Insurance	47.5	47.8	50.3	-0.3	-2.8
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	19.6	19.7	21.2	-0.1	-1.6
Depository Credit Intermediation	14.7	14.9	15.6	-0.2	-0.9
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	22.6	22.6	23.4	0.0	-0.8
Insurance Carriers	16.2	16.0	16.5	0.2	-0.3
Professional and Business Services	134.1	133.3	129.8	0.8	4.3
Professional and Technical Services	50.5	50.5	52.5	0.0	-2.0
Management of Companies and Enterprises	22.0	21.9	21.8	0.1	0.2
Administrative, Support and Waste Services	61.6	60.9	55.5	0.7	6.1
Administrative and Support Services	57.9	57.2	52.5	0.7	5.4
Employment Services	20.2	20.7	18.6	-0.5	1.6
Educational and Health Services	189.0	188.4	180.8	0.6	8.2
Educational Services	27.0	28.2	26.6	-1.2	0.4
Health Care and Social Assistance	162.0	160.2	154.2	1.8	7.8
Hospitals	61.2	61.1	60.4	0.1	0.8
Nursing and Residential Care Facilities	33.5	33.5	32.9	0.0	0.6
Leisure and Hospitality	94.7	95.2	92.8	-0.5	1.9
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	16.3	15.6	16.1	0.7	0.2
Accommodation and Food Services	78.4	79.6	76.7	-1.2	1.7
Other Services	41.3	41.6	42.7	-0.3	-1.4
Government	135.1	141.0	138.8	-5.9	-3.7
Federal Government	20.9	21.8	19.0	-0.9	1.9
State Government	7.1	7.0	7.2	0.1	-0.1
State Government Education ^f	2.4	2.3	2.5	0.1	-0.1
Local Government	107.1	112.2	112.6	-5.1	-5.5
Local Government Education	46.0	51.6	48.5	-5.6	-2.5

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^fIncludes State universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service and the Ohio Department of Education. ^gDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Columbus Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Delaware
Fairfield
Franklin
Licking
Madison
Morrow
Pickaway
Union



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Columbus metropolitan area totaled 896,700 in July 2010, down 6,500 from June. Temporary layoffs of nonteaching personnel in local and state schools and colleges and a decline in educational and health services lowered employment in service-providing industries 6,400 over the month. The workforce in goods-producing industries, at 94,100, decreased 100 as a reduction in manufacturing exceeded a slight improvement in mining, logging, and construction.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment dropped 9,900 between July 2009 and July 2010. Service-providing industries lost 7,800 jobs. The largest decreases were posted in trade, transportation, and utilities (-3,400), leisure and hospitality (-3,200), financial activities (-3,000), and information (-1,000). Employment was higher in professional and business services (+3,000) and government (+1,100). An over-the-year loss in manufacturing (-3,100) more than offset an increase in mining, logging, and construction (+1,000) to lower employment in goods-producing industries 2,100.

Columbus MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
865.6	842.2	23.4	2.7%
881.9	854.0	27.9	3.2%
895.3	864.4	30.9	3.5%
902.9	858.2	44.7	5.0%
908.2	859.7	48.6	5.3%
914.1	864.7	49.4	5.4%
923.2	875.0	48.2	5.2%
940.4	896.5	43.9	4.7%
957.2	911.8	45.5	4.7%
965.7	912.2	53.5	5.5%
973.2	891.5	81.7	8.4%
994.8	906.4	88.4	8.9%
987.9	902.6	85.3	8.6%
965.4	882.1	83.3	8.6%
972.0	886.4	85.6	8.8%
972.5	887.9	84.6	8.7%
961.2	873.9	87.3	9.1%
950.4	857.4	93.0	9.8%
954.5	861.6	93.0	9.7%
957.4	863.6	93.8	9.8%
970.4	879.0	91.4	9.4%
974.0	889.0	85.1	8.7%
976.2	886.6	89.5	9.2%
976.6	888.3	88.2	9.0%

Columbus MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)					
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government
890.8	99.3	190.3	124.4	87.0	142.0
915.4	101.0	196.5	129.5	88.2	145.1
919.9	95.1	195.3	132.2	90.8	148.3
913.6	89.3	190.1	129.2	94.6	150.4
910.6	84.1	185.8	131.1	97.9	151.8
916.0	81.1	185.2	134.7	101.7	153.7
922.7	78.9	186.5	138.3	104.9	156.0
931.9	78.0	187.7	143.2	107.8	156.7
942.5	76.8	191.4	149.8	111.1	157.4
939.8	74.6	190.4	153.3	114.6	158.5
907.7	66.1	180.2	146.7	118.3	159.2
906.6	64.7	178.3	146.1	117.0	157.1
906.3	64.7	178.8	147.0	117.3	156.1
900.1	64.4	177.7	145.4	119.1	155.5
907.4	63.9	180.6	146.2	119.9	161.1
911.2	63.2	184.2	147.8	120.1	162.2
903.7	63.0	184.5	145.0	119.9	161.7
880.8	62.1	177.2	144.1	116.7	159.1
880.9	61.7	174.0	144.8	119.3	160.1
884.1	61.5	173.0	145.6	119.9	160.8
894.1	61.7	174.4	147.8	120.5	160.8
905.4	61.7	174.8	147.3	121.6	164.5
903.2	61.9	175.1	148.2	118.8	162.4
896.7	61.6	174.9	149.1	116.4	158.2

Columbus MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	July 2010 ^b	June 2010	July 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	896.7	903.2	906.6	-6.5	-9.9
Goods-Producing Industries	94.1	94.2	96.2	-0.1	-2.1
Mining, Logging, and Construction	32.5	32.3	31.5	0.2	1.0
Specialty Trade Contractors	17.8	17.7	19.4	0.1	-1.6
Manufacturing	61.6	61.9	64.7	-0.3	-3.1
Durable Goods ^d	38.4	38.8	41.3	-0.4	-2.9
Nonmetallic Mineral Products	4.0	4.0	3.9	0.0	0.1
Computer and Electronic Products	2.8	2.8	3.0	0.0	-0.2
Transportation Equipment	12.9	13.1	13.8	-0.2	-0.9
Nondurable Goods ^e	23.2	23.1	23.4	0.1	-0.2
Food Manufacturing	6.8	6.8	7.0	0.0	-0.2
Service-Providing Industries	802.6	809.0	810.4	-6.4	-7.8
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	174.9	175.1	178.3	-0.2	-3.4
Wholesale Trade	37.3	36.8	37.7	0.5	-0.4
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	20.2	20.2	20.6	0.0	-0.4
Retail Trade	96.4	96.6	96.9	-0.2	-0.5
Health and Personal Care Stores	5.6	5.6	5.7	0.0	-0.1
General Merchandise Stores	18.8	18.9	19.1	-0.1	-0.3
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	41.2	41.7	43.7	-0.5	-2.5
Transportation and Warehousing	38.3	38.3	40.2	0.0	-1.9
Information	16.1	16.2	17.1	-0.1	-1.0
Financial Activities	66.5	66.5	69.5	0.0	-3.0
Finance and Insurance	54.1	54.1	56.0	0.0	-1.9
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	22.6	22.7	23.3	-0.1	-0.7
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	28.3	28.2	29.1	0.1	-0.8
Insurance Carriers	21.6	21.5	22.1	0.1	-0.5
Professional and Business Services	149.1	148.2	146.1	0.9	3.0
Professional and Technical Services	62.5	60.9	61.8	1.6	0.7
Computer Systems Design and Related Services	22.5	22.0	22.0	0.5	0.5
Management of Companies and Enterprises	20.9	21.1	21.0	-0.2	-0.1
Administrative, Support and Waste Services	65.7	66.2	63.3	-0.5	2.4
Employment Services	23.5	24.1	24.8	-0.6	-1.3
Educational and Health Services	116.4	118.8	117.0	-2.4	-0.6
Health Care and Social Assistance	100.3	100.9	101.9	-0.6	-1.6
Hospitals	24.9	24.6	24.0	0.3	0.9
Leisure and Hospitality	86.0	86.4	89.2	-0.4	-3.2
Accommodation and Food Services	74.7	74.9	76.9	-0.2	-2.2
Food Services and Drinking Places	69.4	69.5	70.0	-0.1	-0.6
Other Services	35.4	35.4	36.1	0.0	-0.7
Government	158.2	162.4	157.1	-4.2	1.1
Federal Government	15.0	16.0	14.1	-1.0	0.9
State Government	61.9	63.0	61.8	-1.1	0.1
State Government Education ^f	23.8	25.1	23.9	-1.3	-0.1
Local Government	81.3	83.4	81.2	-2.1	0.1
Local Government Education	41.2	43.6	41.4	-2.4	-0.2

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; plastics and rubber products. ^fIncludes State universities, State schools for the deaf and blind, and the State library. Excludes hospitals, the agricultural extension service, agricultural research centers, and the Ohio Department of Education. ^gDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Dayton Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Greene
Miami
Montgomery
Preble



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Dayton metropolitan area totaled 368,000 in July 2010, down 1,400 from June. Temporary layoffs of nonteaching personnel in local schools exceeded an increase in educational and health services to lower employment in the service-providing sector 1,600. Goods-producing industries, at 49,500, gained 200 jobs as more business in mining, logging, and construction outweighed a slight decrease in manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment dropped 700 between July 2009 and July 2010. The goods-producing sector lost 600 jobs due to a reduction in mining, logging, and construction. The workforce in manufacturing remained at the year-ago level. Employment in service-providing industries decreased 100. Declines were posted in financial activities, government, information, other services, trade, transportation, and utilities, and leisure and hospitality. Educational and health services and professional and business services increased over the year.

Dayton MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
421.9	405.9	16.0	3.8%
431.8	415.1	16.7	3.9%
431.3	412.3	19.0	4.4%
429.3	404.6	24.7	5.8%
428.6	402.0	26.5	6.2%
425.4	399.0	26.4	6.3%
424.9	399.3	25.6	6.0%
427.9	403.6	24.3	5.7%
426.8	401.7	25.0	5.9%
424.9	394.9	30.0	7.1%
424.8	377.4	47.4	11.2%
430.5	380.4	50.1	11.6%
427.7	379.6	48.1	11.3%
422.6	375.7	46.9	11.1%
422.8	374.9	48.0	11.3%
421.5	373.9	47.6	11.3%
419.0	369.6	49.3	11.8%
416.9	364.2	52.7	12.6%
417.0	365.0	52.0	12.5%
419.9	368.2	51.7	12.3%
422.7	373.0	49.7	11.8%
420.7	374.7	45.9	10.9%
422.0	374.2	47.8	11.3%
423.5	376.1	47.4	11.2%

Dayton MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)						
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government	
1999	431.7	80.0	79.9	51.6	57.2	66.5
2000	435.3	80.0	81.5	52.4	58.3	66.8
2001	428.8	72.0	79.0	54.8	59.3	67.2
2002	420.6	67.2	75.0	52.7	60.9	67.3
2003	415.5	63.0	72.6	53.9	61.7	65.3
2004	411.8	59.9	71.6	53.2	62.5	65.1
2005	410.0	58.4	71.2	52.3	64.1	64.7
2006	408.1	56.3	70.0	52.3	65.0	64.8
2007	403.4	51.9	68.8	52.3	66.4	64.1
2008	394.5	48.2	66.9	50.8	68.3	64.1
2009	372.6	39.0	63.1	45.5	68.7	65.6
2009						
July	368.7	37.6	62.8	45.0	66.5	63.9
August	369.6	38.3	62.7	45.3	66.8	64.0
September	372.0	38.3	62.5	45.2	69.6	65.5
October	372.3	38.2	62.1	45.7	69.8	66.8
November	372.2	37.7	63.3	45.5	69.6	66.5
December	370.5	37.5	63.8	45.0	70.2	66.0
2010						
January	362.7	37.1	61.7	44.2	69.3	65.0
February	361.8	36.8	61.2	44.5	69.5	65.3
March	365.6	36.9	62.2	44.9	69.7	65.6
April	367.9	37.4	61.6	45.6	69.5	66.0
May	369.8	37.5	62.3	45.8	67.3	67.4
June	369.4	37.7	62.6	46.1	66.8	65.6
July	368.0	37.6	62.7	45.8	67.5	63.3

Dayton MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	July 2010 ^b	June 2010	July 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	368.0	369.4	368.7	-1.4	-0.7
Goods-Producing Industries	49.5	49.3	50.1	0.2	-0.6
Mining, Logging, and Construction	11.9	11.6	12.5	0.3	-0.6
Manufacturing	37.6	37.7	37.6	-0.1	0.0
Durable Goods ^d	26.9	27.0	26.8	-0.1	0.1
Transportation Equipment	5.4	5.4	5.4	0.0	0.0
Service-Providing Industries	318.5	320.1	318.6	-1.6	-0.1
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	62.7	62.6	62.8	0.1	-0.1
Wholesale Trade	12.0	12.1	12.6	-0.1	-0.6
Retail Trade	40.4	40.1	39.7	0.3	0.7
General Merchandise Stores	9.9	9.9	10.0	0.0	-0.1
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	10.3	10.4	10.5	-0.1	-0.2
Transportation and Warehousing	9.4	9.4	9.3	0.0	0.1
Information	10.6	10.6	10.9	0.0	-0.3
Financial Activities	16.3	16.4	16.9	-0.1	-0.6
Finance and Insurance	12.3	12.3	12.7	0.0	-0.4
Professional and Business Services	45.8	46.1	45.0	-0.3	0.8
Professional and Technical Services	20.8	20.7	21.2	0.1	-0.4
Management of Companies and Enterprises	5.6	5.6	5.8	0.0	-0.2
Administrative, Support and Waste Services	19.4	19.8	18.0	-0.4	1.4
Educational and Health Services	67.5	66.8	66.5	0.7	1.0
Health Care and Social Assistance	57.2	56.6	56.5	0.6	0.7
Hospitals	19.2	19.1	19.6	0.1	-0.4
Leisure and Hospitality	37.7	37.4	37.8	0.3	-0.1
Other Services	14.6	14.6	14.8	0.0	-0.2
Government	63.3	65.6	63.9	-2.3	-0.6
Federal Government	17.6	17.9	17.4	-0.3	0.2
State Government	6.5	6.5	6.7	0.0	-0.2
State Government Education ^f	4.7	4.7	4.9	0.0	-0.2
Local Government	39.2	41.2	39.8	-2.0	-0.6
Local Government Education	20.5	22.5	19.9	-2.0	0.6

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^fIncludes State universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service, agricultural research centers, and the Ohio Department of Education. ^gDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Lima Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Allen



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Lima metropolitan area rose 200 from the June level to 52,600 in July 2010. More business in mining, logging, and construction boosted employment in goods-producing industries 100 over the month to 9,800. Total manufacturing employment was little changed. The service-providing sector also added 100 jobs. Gains in trade, transportation, and utilities and professional and business services offset decreases in government and educational and health services.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment advanced 800 between July 2009 and July 2010. An increase in manufacturing exceeded a reduction in mining, logging, and construction to add 700 jobs to the goods-producing sector. Expansion in service-providing industries created 100 jobs. The largest increase occurred in trade, transportation, and utilities.

Lima MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
51.3	48.9	2.5	4.8%
51.6	49.3	2.3	4.4%
51.6	49.0	2.6	5.0%
51.9	48.6	3.3	6.4%
52.3	48.8	3.5	6.7%
52.3	48.9	3.4	6.5%
52.5	49.4	3.2	6.0%
52.7	49.5	3.2	6.0%
52.1	48.8	3.3	6.3%
51.7	47.9	3.8	7.4%
51.8	46.1	5.8	11.2%
52.5	46.5	5.9	11.3%
52.1	46.5	5.7	10.9%
51.7	46.3	5.4	10.5%
51.8	46.2	5.6	10.8%
51.4	45.8	5.5	10.8%
50.8	45.0	5.8	11.4%
50.9	44.6	6.2	12.3%
50.7	44.4	6.3	12.5%
51.4	45.1	6.3	12.2%
52.1	46.1	6.0	11.5%
51.9	46.2	5.6	10.9%
52.3	46.4	5.9	11.2%
52.7	46.9	5.8	11.0%

Lima MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)						
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government	
1999	58.0	12.6	12.2	5.0	9.0	8.0
2000	59.1	13.0	11.9	5.3	9.3	8.1
2001	58.1	11.8	11.9	5.0	9.6	8.2
2002	57.7	11.1	11.8	4.8	10.0	8.0
2003	57.7	10.6	11.6	4.9	10.1	7.5
2004	57.8	10.5	11.8	4.7	10.5	7.2
2005	57.9	10.8	11.6	5.0	10.6	7.1
2006	56.9	10.0	11.6	4.5	11.0	7.1
2007	55.8	8.8	11.5	4.6	11.3	7.1
2008	54.6	8.3	11.4	4.5	11.5	7.1
2009	52.2	7.6	10.9	4.1	11.3	7.1
2009						
July	51.8	7.2	11.0	4.1	11.1	6.9
August	52.0	7.5	11.0	4.1	11.0	6.9
September	52.6	8.0	10.8	4.1	11.4	7.0
October	52.7	8.0	10.9	4.2	11.5	7.1
November	52.3	7.9	11.1	4.1	11.4	7.1
December	51.7	7.8	10.9	4.1	11.3	7.2
2010						
January	50.8	7.8	10.6	4.0	11.4	7.0
February	50.3	7.8	10.2	4.0	11.3	6.9
March	51.2	7.8	10.5	4.1	11.4	7.3
April	52.1	7.9	11.1	4.2	11.4	7.1
May	52.3	7.9	11.1	4.1	11.3	7.3
June	52.4	8.0	11.0	4.1	11.2	7.3
July	52.6	8.0	11.3	4.2	11.1	7.0

Lima MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment <i>(in thousands)</i>			Change <i>(in thousands)</i>	
	July 2010 ^b	June 2010	July 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	52.6	52.4	51.8	0.2	0.8
Goods-Producing Industries	9.8	9.7	9.1	0.1	0.7
Mining, Logging, and Construction	1.8	1.7	1.9	0.1	-0.1
Manufacturing	8.0	8.0	7.2	0.0	0.8
Service-Providing Industries	42.8	42.7	42.7	0.1	0.1
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	11.3	11.0	11.0	0.3	0.3
Wholesale Trade	2.6	2.6	2.7	0.0	-0.1
Retail Trade	6.7	6.7	6.7	0.0	0.0
Professional and Business Services	4.2	4.1	4.1	0.1	0.1
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	3.0	3.1	2.8	-0.1	0.2
Educational and Health Services	11.1	11.2	11.1	-0.1	0.0
Leisure and Hospitality	4.9	4.9	4.8	0.0	0.1
Government	7.0	7.3	6.9	-0.3	0.1
Federal Government	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0
State Government	1.1	1.1	1.2	0.0	-0.1
Local Government	5.5	5.8	5.3	-0.3	0.2
Local Government Education	3.3	3.6	3.1	-0.3	0.2

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^eDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Mansfield Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Richland



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Mansfield metropolitan area rose 400 from the June level to 54,400 in July 2010. The increase was concentrated in the service-providing sector (+400). Gains in professional and business services and educational and health services more than offset temporary layoffs of nonteaching personnel in local schools. The workforce in goods-producing industries remained at 11,600 as total employment was unchanged in mining, logging, and construction and manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment advanced 1,400 between July 2009 and July 2010. Expansion in service-providing industries created 1,100 jobs. The leading growth sector was professional and business services. Goods-producing industries added 300 jobs as an over-the-year increase in manufacturing exceeded a slight decrease in mining, logging, and construction.

Mansfield MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
61.7	57.7	4.0	6.5%
63.3	60.1	3.2	5.1%
63.1	59.8	3.3	5.2%
63.6	59.3	4.3	6.7%
63.9	59.3	4.6	7.2%
63.1	58.5	4.5	7.1%
62.6	58.5	4.1	6.5%
62.6	58.8	3.7	6.0%
62.4	58.4	4.0	6.5%
62.7	58.0	4.7	7.4%
62.6	54.6	7.9	12.6%
64.1	55.6	8.6	13.4%
63.4	55.6	7.8	12.2%
61.6	54.2	7.5	12.1%
62.3	54.6	7.7	12.4%
62.5	54.9	7.6	12.2%
61.9	53.8	8.1	13.0%
61.6	53.1	8.5	13.7%
61.8	53.4	8.4	13.6%
62.0	53.7	8.3	13.3%
62.4	54.6	7.8	12.4%
61.8	54.7	7.2	11.6%
62.9	55.4	7.4	11.8%
63.5	56.2	7.3	11.5%

Mansfield MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)					
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport, Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government
61.8	16.7	11.9	5.1	6.7	9.0
61.7	16.6	11.5	5.0	7.0	9.2
61.0	15.6	11.5	4.9	7.2	9.3
60.7	15.0	10.9	4.7	7.6	9.3
60.4	14.5	10.5	4.7	7.7	9.1
59.5	13.8	11.0	4.7	7.7	8.9
59.0	13.6	11.3	4.4	7.6	8.9
58.5	13.3	11.3	4.5	7.8	8.6
57.7	12.7	11.1	4.3	8.1	8.7
57.0	11.7	10.9	5.0	8.4	8.5
53.2	9.7	10.2	4.6	8.6	8.3
53.0	9.4	10.4	4.5	8.6	8.0
53.4	9.9	10.3	4.7	8.6	8.0
52.8	9.9	10.0	4.7	8.5	8.0
53.4	9.9	10.0	4.8	8.7	8.3
53.8	9.8	10.4	4.8	8.7	8.4
52.9	9.7	10.3	4.7	8.7	8.2
52.0	9.6	10.1	4.7	8.6	8.3
52.3	9.6	10.0	4.7	8.6	8.4
52.5	9.6	10.1	4.7	8.7	8.4
53.2	9.7	10.2	4.8	8.7	8.5
53.2	9.8	10.1	4.8	8.6	8.6
54.0	9.8	10.4	4.9	8.5	8.4
54.4	9.8	10.4	5.1	8.6	8.2

Mansfield MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	July 2010 ^b	June 2010	July 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	54.4	54.0	53.0	0.4	1.4
Goods-Producing Industries	11.6	11.6	11.3	0.0	0.3
Mining, Logging, and Construction	1.8	1.8	1.9	0.0	-0.1
Manufacturing^d	9.8	9.8	9.4	0.0	0.4
Transportation Equipment	3.2	3.3	2.9	-0.1	0.3
Service-Providing Industries	42.8	42.4	41.7	0.4	1.1
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	10.4	10.4	10.4	0.0	0.0
Retail Trade	6.8	6.8	6.8	0.0	0.0
Financial Activities	1.7	1.7	1.7	0.0	0.0
Professional and Business Services	5.1	4.9	4.5	0.2	0.6
Educational and Health Services	8.6	8.5	8.6	0.1	0.0
Leisure and Hospitality	5.1	5.1	5.3	0.0	-0.2
Other Services	2.2	2.2	2.2	0.0	0.0
Government	8.2	8.4	8.0	-0.2	0.2
Federal Government	0.7	0.8	0.6	-0.1	0.1
State Government	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.0	0.0
Local Government	6.0	6.1	5.9	-0.1	0.1
Local Government Education	3.4	3.6	3.4	-0.2	0.0

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^eDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Sandusky Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Erie



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Sandusky metropolitan area rose 800 from the June level to 41,500 in July 2010. The service-providing sector added 700 jobs as gains in leisure and hospitality, professional and business services, and educational and health services exceeded a decrease in government. The workforce in goods-producing industries, at 6,000, increased 100 due to a slight improvement in mining, logging, and construction. Total employment in manufacturing was unchanged over the month.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment advanced 1,600 between July 2009 and July 2010. Expansion in service-providing industries created 1,400 jobs. Higher employment in professional and business services, government, and leisure and hospitality and scattered gains in other sectors more than offset a decrease in trade, transportation, and utilities. A modest over-the-year improvement in manufacturing added 200 jobs to the goods-producing sector. The workforce in mining, logging, and construction remained at the year-ago level.

Sandusky MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
41.9	40.1	1.8	4.4%
42.2	40.4	1.8	4.2%
42.4	40.4	2.0	4.7%
43.1	40.6	2.5	5.7%
43.0	40.4	2.6	6.1%
42.7	39.9	2.7	6.4%
42.7	40.0	2.7	6.3%
42.9	40.4	2.5	5.8%
42.6	40.0	2.6	6.0%
43.1	39.9	3.1	7.3%
43.1	38.1	5.0	11.5%
46.9	42.0	4.9	10.5%
46.0	41.5	4.5	9.8%
43.9	39.5	4.4	10.1%
43.0	38.1	4.9	11.5%
41.8	37.0	4.9	11.6%
41.3	36.0	5.3	12.8%
41.2	35.4	5.8	14.2%
41.0	35.4	5.6	13.7%
41.4	36.1	5.3	12.8%
42.3	37.5	4.7	11.2%
44.7	40.4	4.3	9.6%
46.4	42.1	4.3	9.3%
47.4	43.0	4.4	9.2%

Sandusky MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)						
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government	
1999	39.2	9.6	7.2	1.6	4.4	5.2
2000	39.8	9.6	7.2	1.5	4.4	5.3
2001	39.6	9.0	7.0	1.4	4.6	5.6
2002	39.8	8.4	7.0	1.7	4.6	5.7
2003	39.8	8.1	7.3	1.8	4.4	5.9
2004	39.3	7.6	7.5	1.8	4.5	5.8
2005	39.1	7.1	7.4	1.9	4.7	5.7
2006	38.9	6.8	7.6	1.8	5.1	5.5
2007	38.2	6.0	7.5	2.0	5.0	5.6
2008	37.8	5.6	7.1	2.1	5.2	5.6
2009	36.1	4.8	6.9	1.6	5.2	5.7
2009						
July	39.9	4.8	7.1	1.5	5.2	5.4
August	39.6	4.9	7.0	1.5	5.2	5.5
September	38.0	5.0	6.8	1.6	5.2	5.7
October	36.4	5.0	6.8	1.7	5.2	5.8
November	35.0	4.9	6.9	1.7	5.2	5.8
December	34.3	4.9	7.0	1.6	5.2	5.7
2010						
January	33.5	4.9	6.7	1.6	5.2	5.6
February	33.2	4.8	6.6	1.6	5.2	5.7
March	34.0	4.8	6.6	1.6	5.2	5.7
April	35.4	4.9	6.7	1.7	5.2	5.7
May	38.8	4.9	6.8	1.7	5.2	5.9
June	40.7	5.0	6.8	1.7	5.1	5.7
July	41.5	5.0	6.8	1.8	5.2	5.6

Sandusky MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	July 2010 ^b	June 2010	July 2009	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	41.5	40.7	39.9	0.8	1.6
Goods-Producing Industries	6.0	5.9	5.8	0.1	0.2
Mining, Logging, and Construction	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.1	0.0
Manufacturing^d	5.0	5.0	4.8	0.0	0.2
Service-Providing Industries	35.5	34.8	34.1	0.7	1.4
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	6.8	6.8	7.1	0.0	-0.3
Wholesale Trade	1.3	1.3	1.4	0.0	-0.1
Retail Trade	4.6	4.6	4.7	0.0	-0.1
Professional and Business Services	1.8	1.7	1.5	0.1	0.3
Educational and Health Services	5.2	5.1	5.2	0.1	0.0
Leisure and Hospitality	12.3	12.1	12.2	0.2	0.1
Government	5.6	5.7	5.4	-0.1	0.2
Local Government	4.1	4.2	4.2	-0.1	-0.1
Local Government Education	2.3	2.4	2.3	-0.1	0.0

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; transportation equipment; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^eDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Springfield Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Clark



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Springfield metropolitan area totaled 49,200 in July 2010, down 300 from June. Declines in educational and health services and government lowered employment in service-providing industries 400 over the month. The workforce in goods-producing industries, at 7,500, increased 100 due to a slight gain in mining, logging, and construction. Total employment in manufacturing remained at the June level.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment advanced 100 between July 2009 and July 2010. A modest improvement in manufacturing added 200 jobs to the goods-producing sector. Total employment in mining, logging, and construction was unchanged. Service-providing industries declined 100 over the year as decreases in trade, transportation, and utilities, educational and health services, other services, and government exceeded increases in professional and business services and leisure and hospitality.

Springfield MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
68.2	65.1	3.1	4.5%
72.4	69.3	3.1	4.3%
72.8	69.1	3.7	5.1%
71.9	66.9	5.0	7.0%
71.1	66.0	5.1	7.2%
70.7	66.0	4.7	6.6%
70.3	65.9	4.4	6.2%
70.8	66.9	3.9	5.5%
71.2	66.8	4.4	6.2%
71.2	66.4	4.8	6.7%
71.4	64.0	7.4	10.4%
72.1	64.1	8.0	11.1%
71.5	63.9	7.6	10.6%
70.8	63.5	7.3	10.3%
71.2	63.7	7.5	10.5%
71.6	64.1	7.5	10.4%
71.0	63.1	7.9	11.1%
70.3	61.8	8.6	12.2%
70.4	61.9	8.5	12.0%
71.2	62.8	8.4	11.7%
71.8	63.8	8.0	11.1%
71.3	64.0	7.3	10.2%
71.3	63.6	7.6	10.7%
71.4	63.8	7.6	10.7%

Springfield MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)						
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government	
1999	56.8	12.6	11.2	3.2	8.5	7.8
2000	57.2	12.6	11.3	3.3	8.5	7.9
2001	56.5	11.5	11.4	3.2	8.6	7.9
2002	54.4	9.6	11.0	3.1	8.8	8.0
2003	53.1	8.3	10.8	3.4	9.6	8.2
2004	53.3	8.1	10.9	3.2	10.1	8.2
2005	52.8	8.1	10.7	3.1	10.2	7.8
2006	52.9	7.9	11.0	3.2	10.1	7.5
2007	52.4	7.4	11.3	3.9	9.7	7.6
2008	52.4	7.3	11.2	4.1	9.7	7.6
2009	50.0	6.3	10.3	3.8	9.8	7.4
2009						
July	49.1	5.9	10.3	3.7	9.2	7.3
August	49.2	6.0	10.2	3.8	9.3	7.2
September	49.5	6.1	10.2	3.8	9.8	7.2
October	50.0	6.1	10.3	3.8	10.1	7.2
November	50.6	6.0	10.5	3.9	10.2	7.1
December	50.1	6.0	10.5	3.8	10.3	7.1
2010						
January	48.5	5.9	10.1	3.7	10.0	6.8
February	48.4	5.9	9.9	3.8	10.0	7.0
March	49.1	5.9	10.0	3.8	10.2	7.0
April	49.6	6.0	10.1	3.9	10.2	7.0
May	50.0	6.1	10.2	3.8	9.9	7.4
June	49.5	6.1	10.2	3.8	9.4	7.4
July	49.2	6.1	10.2	3.8	9.1	7.2

Springfield MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment <i>(in thousands)</i>			Change <i>(in thousands)</i>	
	July 2010 ^b	June 2010	July 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	49.2	49.5	49.1	-0.3	0.1
Goods-Producing Industries	7.5	7.4	7.3	0.1	0.2
Mining, Logging, and Construction	1.4	1.3	1.4	0.1	0.0
Manufacturing^d	6.1	6.1	5.9	0.0	0.2
Service-Providing Industries	41.7	42.1	41.8	-0.4	-0.1
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	10.2	10.2	10.3	0.0	-0.1
Wholesale Trade	1.8	1.8	1.9	0.0	-0.1
Retail Trade	5.8	5.8	5.8	0.0	0.0
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	2.6	2.6	2.6	0.0	0.0
Financial Activities	3.2	3.2	3.2	0.0	0.0
Professional and Business Services	3.8	3.8	3.7	0.0	0.1
Educational and Health Services	9.1	9.4	9.2	-0.3	-0.1
Leisure and Hospitality	5.3	5.3	5.2	0.0	0.1
Other Services	2.5	2.6	2.6	-0.1	-0.1
Government	7.2	7.4	7.3	-0.2	-0.1
Federal Government	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.0	0.0
State Government	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0
Local Government	6.1	6.3	6.2	-0.2	-0.1
Local Government Education	3.3	3.6	3.3	-0.3	0.0

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; transportation equipment; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^eDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Steubenville-Weirton

Metropolitan

Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Ohio
County
Jefferson

West
Virginia
Counties
Brooke
Hancock



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Steubenville-Weirton metropolitan area rose 100 from the June level to 44,400 in July 2010. An increase in professional and business services and scattered gains in other sectors exceeded temporary layoffs of nonteaching personnel in local schools and a decrease in trade, transportation, and utilities to add 100 jobs to the service-providing sector. The workforce in goods-producing industries remained at 8,600. Total employment was unchanged over the month in mining, logging, and construction and manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment dropped 700 between July 2009 and July 2010. Goods-producing industries declined 400 due to lower employment in mining, logging, and construction. The manufacturing workforce remained at the year-ago level. A reduction in trade, transportation, and utilities and scattered losses in other sectors lowered employment in the service-providing sector 300. Leisure and hospitality, professional and business services, and government posted modest increases.

Steubenville-Weirton MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
56.6	52.9	3.7	6.5%
59.2	56.2	3.1	5.2%
58.7	55.5	3.2	5.4%
58.5	54.9	3.6	6.2%
58.7	54.7	3.9	6.7%
58.1	53.6	4.5	7.7%
57.6	53.4	4.2	7.3%
57.3	53.3	4.0	6.9%
57.3	53.9	3.4	6.0%
58.5	54.7	3.8	6.5%
58.6	51.7	6.9	11.9%
59.4	51.9	7.5	12.6%
58.7	51.4	7.3	12.5%
58.2	51.1	7.1	12.2%
58.3	50.8	7.5	12.8%
57.8	50.3	7.5	12.9%
56.5	48.8	7.7	13.7%
56.4	47.7	8.7	15.5%
57.4	48.6	8.8	15.4%
57.0	48.5	8.4	14.8%
57.8	50.1	7.7	13.4%
57.9	50.4	7.6	13.1%
57.6	49.8	7.8	13.6%
58.0	50.3	7.8	13.4%

Steubenville-Weirton MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)						
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government	
1999	50.8	13.1	8.8	2.6	7.7	6.5
2000	50.1	12.7	8.7	2.3	7.8	6.6
2001	49.6	11.7	8.7	2.3	8.8	6.5
2002	49.7	11.5	8.5	2.4	8.9	6.5
2003	49.9	10.6	8.6	2.9 ^a	9.3	6.4
2004	48.7	9.7	8.6	3.0	9.2	6.3
2005	48.1	9.3	8.6	3.0	9.1	6.3
2006	47.5	8.5	8.6	3.3	9.3	6.3
2007	47.8	8.2	9.3	2.4	9.3	6.3
2008	48.9	7.9	9.2	2.1	9.2	6.5
2009	46.0	6.5	9.0	1.9	9.1	6.4
2009						
July	45.1	6.2	9.1	1.9	8.4	6.2
August	45.1	6.1	9.0	1.9	8.6	6.2
September	45.5	6.1	9.0	1.9	9.2	6.3
October	45.4	6.1	9.1	1.8	9.2	6.4
November	45.1	6.1	9.2	1.8	9.2	6.5
December	43.8	6.0	9.0	1.8	9.0	6.4
2010						
January	42.7	6.0	8.8	1.8	8.8	6.3
February	43.6	6.0	9.1	1.9	9.0	6.4
March	43.7	6.0	9.1	1.9	8.9	6.5
April	44.6	6.1	9.1	1.9	8.9	6.5
May	45.0	6.2	8.9	1.9	8.9	6.7
June	44.3	6.2	9.0	1.9	8.4	6.6
July	44.4	6.2	8.8	2.1	8.4	6.3

^aNot comparable to previous estimates due to change in industry definition.

Steubenville-Weirton MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment <i>(in thousands)</i>			Change <i>(in thousands)</i>	
	July 2010 ^b	June 2010	July 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	44.4	44.3	45.1	0.1	-0.7
Goods-Producing Industries	8.6	8.6	9.0	0.0	-0.4
Mining, Logging, and Construction	2.4	2.4	2.8	0.0	-0.4
Manufacturing^d	6.2	6.2	6.2	0.0	0.0
Service-Providing Industries	35.8	35.7	36.1	0.1	-0.3
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	8.8	9.0	9.1	-0.2	-0.3
Retail Trade	5.0	5.1	5.0	-0.1	0.0
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	3.0	3.0	3.0	0.0	0.0
Professional and Business Services	2.1	1.9	1.9	0.2	0.2
Educational and Health Services	8.4	8.4	8.4	0.0	0.0
Leisure and Hospitality	6.1	6.1	5.8	0.0	0.3
Government	6.3	6.6	6.2	-0.3	0.1
Local Government	5.4	5.7	5.6	-0.3	-0.2
Local Government Education	2.8	3.2	2.9	-0.4	-0.1

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; transportation equipment; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^eDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Toledo Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Fulton
Lucas
Ottawa
Wood



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Toledo metropolitan area totaled 293,000 in July 2010, down 2,900 from June. Declines in most sectors lowered employment in service-providing industries 3,200 over the month. The largest decreases occurred in government and trade, transportation, and utilities. The workforce in goods-producing industries, at 48,800, increased 300 as more business in mining, logging, and construction exceeded a slight reduction in manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment fell 1,500 between July 2009 and July 2010. The service-providing sector declined 3,100. The most significant loss was posted in trade, transportation, and utilities (-1,800). Higher employment in manufacturing (+1,800) outweighed a decrease in mining, logging, and construction (-200) to add 1,600 jobs to the goods-producing sector.

Toledo MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
341.5	324.7	16.8	4.9%
337.7	323.2	14.6	4.3%
337.5	321.3	16.1	4.8%
335.5	313.8	21.7	6.5%
335.0	311.3	23.8	7.1%
335.2	311.8	23.4	7.0%
336.5	314.6	21.9	6.5%
339.9	319.5	20.5	6.0%
337.9	316.1	21.8	6.4%
336.3	309.4	26.9	8.0%
332.9	292.5	40.4	12.1%
339.1	294.6	44.5	13.1%
332.8	293.9	38.8	11.7%
331.8	294.2	37.7	11.4%
331.8	293.2	38.6	11.6%
331.0	292.0	39.1	11.8%
328.6	287.7	40.9	12.4%
324.2	280.1	44.1	13.6%
325.1	281.6	43.5	13.4%
325.6	283.2	42.4	13.0%
329.6	289.7	40.0	12.1%
330.6	293.5	37.1	11.2%
329.3	291.1	38.2	11.6%
328.8	290.8	37.9	11.5%

Toledo MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)						
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government	
343.4	61.9	71.4	36.5	43.3	49.7	
347.0	62.3	71.9	37.2	43.5	50.2	
342.3	58.6	70.7	35.9	44.8	50.4	
334.0	55.2	67.3	33.5	46.7	50.9	
330.1	52.7	66.0	33.8	46.2	50.8	
330.4	51.8	64.9	34.7	47.5	50.0	
331.7	51.1	64.9	34.1	50.0	50.4	
332.3	50.3	65.2	34.3	51.1	50.7	
326.6	47.9	64.1	34.0	51.2	50.4	
318.8	44.1	63.6	33.1	51.8	50.2	
297.7	36.0	58.2	30.2	52.1	49.7	
294.5	34.5	58.5	29.6	51.8	45.5	
294.9	36.0	58.1	29.6	51.8	45.5	
300.5	36.4	57.9	30.6	52.1	50.4	
300.0	36.3	57.2	31.0	52.3	51.4	
299.5	35.9	57.5	31.2	52.4	51.4	
297.5	35.8	57.7	30.6	52.6	50.8	
287.6	35.3	56.1	28.4	51.8	49.4	
287.7	35.2	55.3	28.8	51.9	50.4	
289.9	35.3	55.6	28.7	52.0	50.6	
294.4	35.9	56.5	29.7	52.1	50.4	
298.7	36.1	57.2	30.0	52.1	51.2	
295.9	36.4	57.7	29.9	52.0	46.3	
293.0	36.3	56.7	29.3	51.8	45.2	

Toledo MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment ^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	July 2010 ^b	June 2010	July 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	293.0	295.9	294.5	-2.9	-1.5
Goods-Producing Industries	48.8	48.5	47.2	0.3	1.6
Mining, Logging, and Construction	12.5	12.1	12.7	0.4	-0.2
Manufacturing	36.3	36.4	34.5	-0.1	1.8
Durable Goods ^d	24.8	25.0	23.1	-0.2	1.7
Nonmetallic Mineral Products	4.8	4.8	4.8	0.0	0.0
Transportation Equipment	6.6	7.0	5.4	-0.4	1.2
Service-Providing Industries	244.2	247.4	247.3	-3.2	-3.1
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	56.7	57.7	58.5	-1.0	-1.8
Wholesale Trade	10.9	11.0	11.5	-0.1	-0.6
Retail Trade	32.9	33.6	33.6	-0.7	-0.7
General Merchandise Stores	8.3	8.3	8.2	0.0	0.1
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	12.9	13.1	13.4	-0.2	-0.5
Transportation and Warehousing	11.5	11.6	11.7	-0.1	-0.2
Information	3.1	3.1	3.3	0.0	-0.2
Financial Activities	11.1	11.2	11.6	-0.1	-0.5
Professional and Business Services	29.3	29.9	29.6	-0.6	-0.3
Professional and Technical Services	10.4	10.3	10.6	0.1	-0.2
Administrative, Support and Waste Services	15.3	15.9	14.5	-0.6	0.8
Educational and Health Services	51.8	52.0	51.8	-0.2	0.0
Health Care and Social Assistance	47.8	47.7	47.5	0.1	0.3
Hospitals	16.2	16.3	16.5	-0.1	-0.3
Leisure and Hospitality	33.2	33.3	33.4	-0.1	-0.2
Accommodation and Food Services	27.2	27.3	27.8	-0.1	-0.6
Other Services	13.8	13.9	13.6	-0.1	0.2
Government	45.2	46.3	45.5	-1.1	-0.3
Federal Government	2.7	2.7	2.4	0.0	0.3
State Government	12.6	12.8	13.4	-0.2	-0.8
State Government Education [†]	8.4	8.6	8.6	-0.2	-0.2
Local Government	29.9	30.8	29.7	-0.9	0.2
Local Government Education	16.1	17.4	15.4	-1.3	0.7

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. [†]Includes State universities. Excludes hospitals, the agricultural extension service, agricultural research centers, and the Ohio Department of Education. [‡]Depressed due to labor-management disputes.

Youngstown-Warren-Boardman Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Ohio
Counties
Mahoning
Trumbull

PA
County
Mercer



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Youngstown-Warren-Boardman metropolitan area totaled 217,300 in July 2010, down 3,500 from June. Temporary layoffs of nonteaching personnel in local schools and a decrease in trade, transportation, and utilities helped lower employment in service-providing industries 4,000. More business in mining, logging, and construction and a slight improvement in manufacturing boosted employment in goods-producing industries 500 over the month to 37,800.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment declined 100 between July 2009 and July 2010. Service-providing industries lost 3,700 jobs as losses were posted in most sectors. The largest decrease occurred in trade, transportation, and utilities (-2,100). Leisure and hospitality employment increased 1,000. An over-the-year gain in manufacturing added 3,600 jobs to the goods-producing sector. The workforce in mining, logging, and construction remained at the year-ago level.

Youngstown-Warren-Boardman MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
287.5	272.0	15.5	5.4%
284.5	270.2	14.3	5.0%
280.9	264.5	16.4	5.8%
280.0	261.2	18.8	6.7%
280.0	259.8	20.2	7.2%
279.5	259.2	20.3	7.3%
280.4	261.7	18.7	6.7%
280.8	263.7	17.1	6.1%
277.8	261.0	16.9	6.1%
277.6	257.4	20.2	7.3%
278.3	243.0	35.4	12.7%
283.8	245.4	38.4	13.5%
279.0	243.7	35.2	12.6%
276.9	242.6	34.3	12.4%
277.6	243.1	34.4	12.4%
275.8	240.6	35.3	12.8%
275.4	240.5	34.9	12.7%
272.7	235.4	37.2	13.7%
272.5	235.1	37.4	13.7%
273.8	235.5	38.3	14.0%
275.6	241.8	33.8	12.3%
276.9	244.7	32.2	11.6%
277.6	244.5	33.1	11.9%
275.9	243.3	32.7	11.8%

Youngstown-Warren-Boardman MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)						
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government	
1999	256.1	54.4	53.7	21.7	36.5	31.6
2000	256.6	52.8	54.8	20.7	37.3	32.2
2001	248.9	47.9	53.0	19.9	38.3	32.6
2002	246.1	45.1	51.2	20.4	39.8	32.6
2003	243.5	42.5	51.0	18.7	40.9	32.6
2004	243.1	41.3	51.1	19.1	41.9	32.2
2005	244.5	41.0	51.4	20.6	42.8	31.6
2006	243.3	40.1	51.7	20.9	42.3	31.7
2007	239.5	36.3	51.9	20.8	42.8	31.4
2008	234.8	34.8	50.6	20.4	42.9	31.4
2009	219.1	26.3	47.1	19.0	43.5	31.3
2009						
July	217.4	24.9	47.0	19.3	43.0	29.2
August	216.7	25.5	46.5	19.4	42.8	29.0
September	219.4	25.6	46.6	19.2	43.4	31.2
October	220.9	26.8	46.8	18.5	43.7	32.5
November	218.3	23.7	47.8	18.3	43.8	32.6
December	220.1	26.8	47.7	18.1	43.9	32.3
2010						
January	213.4	26.6	45.9	17.0	43.1	31.8
February	212.5	26.4	44.7	17.4	43.4	31.9
March	213.3	25.3	45.1	17.4	43.5	32.5
April	218.3	28.2	44.8	18.2	43.6	32.5
May	221.7	28.3	45.3	18.7	43.5	33.4
June	220.8	28.4	45.7	18.9	43.0	31.0
July	217.3	28.5	44.9	18.4	42.7	28.7

Youngstown-Warren-Boardman MSA

Nonagricultural

Wage & Salary Employment ^a

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	July 2010 ^b	June 2010	July 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	217.3	220.8	217.4	-3.5	-0.1
Goods-Producing Industries	37.8	37.3	34.2	0.5	3.6
Mining, Logging, and Construction	9.3	8.9	9.3	0.4	0.0
Manufacturing^d	28.5	28.4	24.9	0.1	3.6
Durable Goods	23.4	23.5	20.2	-0.1	3.2
Primary Metals	6.4	6.4	6.1	0.0	0.3
Service-Providing Industries	179.5	183.5	183.2	-4.0	-3.7
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	44.9	45.7	47.0	-0.8	-2.1
Wholesale Trade	8.5	8.6	8.8	-0.1	-0.3
Retail Trade	28.2	28.8	30.2	-0.6	-2.0
General Merchandise Stores	5.7	5.7	5.6	0.0	0.1
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	8.2	8.3	8.0	-0.1	0.2
Information	2.7	2.7	2.9	0.0	-0.2
Financial Activities	8.4	8.5	8.9	-0.1	-0.5
Financial and Insurance	5.9	5.9	6.2	0.0	-0.3
Professional and Business Services	18.4	18.9	19.3	-0.5	-0.9
Educational and Health Services	42.7	43.0	43.0	-0.3	-0.3
Health Care and Social Assistance	40.0	40.0	40.0	0.0	0.0
Hospitals	9.7	9.6	10.2	0.1	-0.5
Leisure and Hospitality	23.7	23.6	22.7	0.1	1.0
Other Services	10.0	10.1	10.2	-0.1	-0.2
Government	28.7	31.0	29.2	-2.3	-0.5
Federal Government	2.2	2.4	2.1	-0.2	0.1
State Government	5.4	5.4	5.7	0.0	-0.3
State Government Education ^e	2.4	2.4	2.7	0.0	-0.3
Local Government	21.1	23.2	21.4	-2.1	-0.3
Local Government Education	12.0	14.2	11.9	-2.2	0.1

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^eIncludes State universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service, agricultural research centers, and the Ohio Department of Education. ^fDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Ohio and MSA Hours and Earnings of All Employees

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	July 2010	June 2010	July 2009	July 2010	June 2010	July 2009	July 2010	June 2010	July 2009
Ohio									
Total Private	\$674.69	\$668.67	\$649.12	33.5	33.4	32.9	\$20.14	\$20.02	\$19.73
Goods-Producing Industries	\$860.50	\$867.60	\$817.50	39.4	40.0	37.5	\$21.84	\$21.69	\$21.80
Construction	\$940.84	\$946.27	\$938.60	37.8	37.7	38.0	\$24.89	\$25.10	\$24.70
Manufacturing	\$847.99	\$856.08	\$816.37	39.7	40.4	37.9	\$21.36	\$21.19	\$21.54
Private Service-Providing	\$630.77	\$622.69	\$609.29	32.1	31.9	31.8	\$19.65	\$19.52	\$19.16
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	\$634.41	\$626.13	\$620.93	34.2	33.9	33.6	\$18.55	\$18.47	\$18.48
Financial Activities	\$867.43	\$881.47	\$847.99	35.8	36.2	36.1	\$24.23	\$24.35	\$23.49
Professional and Business Services	\$828.53	\$827.60	\$807.46	34.9	34.7	34.2	\$23.74	\$23.85	\$23.61
Educational and Health Services	\$662.15	\$655.04	\$655.96	32.3	32.0	32.7	\$20.50	\$20.47	\$20.06
Leisure and Hospitality	\$270.24	\$271.19	\$256.30	24.5	24.3	23.6	\$11.03	\$11.16	\$10.86
Other Services	\$484.38	\$481.44	\$467.34	29.9	29.7	29.9	\$16.20	\$16.21	\$15.63

Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)									
Akron MSA									
Total Private	\$697.39	\$698.60	\$697.30	34.8	35.0	34.9	\$20.04	\$19.96	\$19.98
Canton-Massillon MSA									
Total Private	\$582.12	\$578.92	\$557.93	33.0	32.8	31.9	\$17.64	\$17.65	\$17.49
Cincinnati-Middletown MSA									
Total Private	\$717.57	\$712.08	\$698.53	33.8	33.7	33.2	\$21.23	\$21.13	\$21.04
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor MSA									
Total Private	\$692.20	\$701.78	\$682.75	33.7	34.2	33.6	\$20.54	\$20.52	\$20.32
Columbus									
Total Private	\$713.62	\$708.34	\$714.63	33.3	33.1	33.1	\$21.43	\$21.40	\$21.59
Dayton MSA									
Total Private	\$748.65	\$758.27	\$751.86	35.0	35.4	34.6	\$21.39	\$21.42	\$21.73
Lima MSA									
Total Private	\$682.13	\$682.45	\$680.06	32.1	32.1	32.2	\$21.25	\$21.26	\$21.12
Mansfield MSA									
Total Private	\$685.12	\$680.02	\$677.71	33.7	33.4	33.5	\$20.33	\$20.36	\$20.23
Sandusky MSA									
Total Private	\$543.34	\$545.56	\$561.27	31.7	31.7	32.9	\$17.14	\$17.21	\$17.06
Springfield MSA									
Total Private	\$566.10	\$571.39	\$580.23	37.0	37.2	37.8	\$15.30	\$15.36	\$15.35
Steubenville-Weirton									
Total Private	\$647.06	\$649.99	\$634.68	34.2	34.3	32.8	\$18.92	\$18.95	\$19.35
Toledo									
Total Private	\$716.68	\$704.05	\$708.50	32.8	32.4	32.5	\$21.85	\$21.73	\$21.80
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman MSA									
Total Private	\$701.98	\$719.23	\$693.85	34.7	35.5	34.4	\$20.23	\$20.26	\$20.17

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment, appliances, and components; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemicals; plastics and rubber products. ^fMoney payments only.

Technical Notes

Civilian Labor Force Estimates

Civilian Labor Force. Estimated number of persons 16 years of age and over, employed or unemployed during week including 12th of month, distributed by place of residence.

Total Employed. Includes nonagricultural wage and salary workers, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, domestics, agricultural workers, and persons involved in labor disputes. Employment distributed by place of residence.

Total Unemployed. Estimated number of persons, by place of residence, who did not work during reference week and were looking for work, whether or not eligible for unemployment compensation. Includes those who did not work and were waiting to be called back to an old job or to report to a new job.

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment

Collection. Nonagricultural wage and salary employment as well as hours and earnings estimates based on monthly reports from sample of employers. Under cooperative arrangement with U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Bureau of Labor Market Information mails, edits, and processes Ohio reports, which are subsequently incorporated in national data.

Industrial Classification. Employer establishments classified by industry based on their principal product or service. The "North American Industry Classification System" (U.S. Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C., 2002) used for classification.

Coverage. Monthly reports on employment and (for many industries) payroll and hours obtained from approximately 12,100 Ohio employers.

Nonagricultural Employment. Persons who worked during, or received pay for, any part of pay periods which include 12th of the month, distributed by place of employment. Includes persons on paid sick leave, paid holiday, or paid vacation. Excluded are persons laid off, on strike, or on unpaid vacation during entire reporting period. Proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers also excluded. Government employment covers only civilian employees. Full-time teachers considered employed during the summer vacation period, whether or not paid in those months.

Estimating Method. Total employment is estimated from the employment of establishments reporting for two consecutive months, as follows:

$$\text{Total Employment (Current month)} = \frac{\text{Current Sample Employment}}{\text{Previous Sample Employment}} \times \text{Total Employment (Previous month)}$$

Benchmark Data. Employment estimates compared annually with complete count of employment, by industry. Where revisions necessary, monthly estimates adjusted to new benchmark. Following revisions to new benchmark, industry data projected forward to current month by use of sample trends. Basic source of benchmark information is tabulations of employment data, by industry and area, compiled from contribution reports of employers covered under Ohio Unemployment Compensation Law. Data are based on March 2008 benchmark.

Seasonally Adjusted Estimates

Seasonal Adjustment. To facilitate interpretation of underlying economic trends, selected Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment series are presented with short-term effects of seasonal patterns removed.

Hours and Earnings

Method of Computing Averages. Average hours computed by dividing total production worker hours worked during one week (the seven-day periods which include 12th of the month) by number of production workers reported for such week. Average hourly earnings computed by dividing total production worker payroll for one week by total production worker hours for week. Average weekly earnings derived by multiplying average hourly earnings by average weekly hours.

Definitions. Definitions of production or similar workers, payroll, and hours-from which average hours and earnings data are derived--follow:

Production Workers. Includes working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, maintenance, repair, janitorial and guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (such as power plant), and record keeping and other services closely associated with production operations.

Nonsupervisory Workers. Includes employees (not above working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairers, salespersons, operators, drivers, attendants, service employees, line installers, laborers, accountants, janitors, guards, and other employees whose services are closely associated with those of occupations listed.

Payroll. Represents payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of pay periods which include 12th of month. Payroll is reported before deductions for Social Security, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, and union dues; also includes pay for overtime, holidays, vacations, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period), tips, pay not earned in pay period reported (such as retroactive pay), and value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payments in kind, excluded.

Employment Error Measures. Error measures for state and area employment estimates are available on the following website:
<http://www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm>.



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Job and Family Services

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Current Employment Statistics

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Ted Strickland, **Governor**
State of Ohio

Douglas E. Lumpkin, **Director**
Ohio Department of Job and Family Services

Office of Workforce Development
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