



Mike DeWine, Governor | Jon Husted, Lt. Governor | Matt Damschroder, Director

October 2024

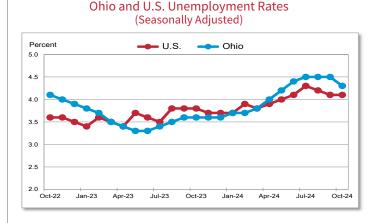
Employment Situation: Ohio and U.S.

(Seasonally Adjusted)

Civilian Labor Force

Ohio's unemployment rate was 4.3% in October 2024, down from 4.5% in September 2024. The number of unemployed in Ohio in October was 256,000, down from 263,000 in September 2024. The number of unemployed has increased by 45,000 in the past 12 months from 211,000. The Ohio unemployment rate increased from 3.6% in October 2023.

The U.S. unemployment rate for October 2024 was 4.1%, unchanged from September 2024 but up from 3.8% in October 2023.



Payroll Survey

Over-the-Month Change: Ohio's nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 6,400 over the month, from a revised 5,675,600 in September to 5,682,000 in October, according to the latest business establishment survey conducted by the U.S. Department of Labor (Bureau of Labor Statistics) in cooperation with the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services (ODJFS).

Employment in goods-producing industries, at 946,600, did not change over the month, as gains in manufacturing (+200) were offset by losses in mining and logging (-100) and construction (-100).

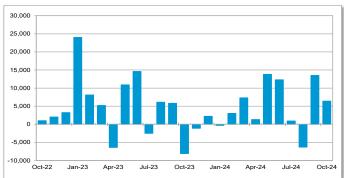
The private service-providing sector, at 3,943,600, increased 6,100 as gains in private educational and health services (+2,500); leisure and hospitality (+2,400); financial activities (+1,300); other services (+1,100); and information (+800) surpassed losses in trade, transportation, and utilities (-1,900) and professional and business services (-100).

Government employment, at 791,800, increased 300 with gains in local (+700) and federal (+200) government exceeding losses in state government (-600).

Over-the-Year Change: From October 2023 to October 2024, nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 53,000. Employment in goods-producing industries increased 4,700, led by construction, which added 8,200 jobs. Manufacturing lost 3,600 jobs in durable goods (-2,200) and nondurable goods (-1,400). Mining and logging gained 100 jobs over the year.

Employment in the private service-providing sector increased 38,000 as gains in private educational and health services (+33,200); professional and business services (+8,400); leisure and hospitality (+5,700); and other services (+5,400) surpassed losses in financial activities (-11,800); trade, transportation, and utilities (-2,400); and information (-500).

Government employment increased 10,300 as gains in local (+11,400) and federal (+900) government outpaced losses in state government (-2,000).



Ohio Nonfarm Employment Over-the-Month Change (Seasonally Adjusted)

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Ohio Civilian Labor Force and Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment Estimates Seasonally Adjusted^a

	E	mployme (thousands)	nt	Cha (thous	nge sands)	-	cent nge
	Oct	Sep	Oct	From Last	From Last	From Last	From Last
	2024	2024	2023	Month	Year	Month	Year
Civilian Labor Force ^b							
Total	5,888.4	5,876.9	5,794.7	11.5	93.7	0.2	1.6
Employment	5,632.8	5,613.9	5,583.8	18.9	49.0	0.3	0.9
Unemployment	255.5	263.0	210.8	-7.5	44.7	-2.9	21.2
Unemployment Rate (%)	4.3	4.5	3.6			-0.2	0.7
Payroll Survey ^c							
Total Nonagricultural	5,682.0	5,675.6	5,629.0	6.4	53.0	0.1	0.9
Total Private	4,890.2	4,884.1	4,847.5	6.1	42.7	0.1	0.9
Goods-Producing (Private)	946.6	946.6	941.9	0.0	4.7	0.0	0.5
Mining and Logging	9.3	9.4	9.2	-0.1	0.1	-1.1	1.1
Construction	253.0	253.1	244.8	-0.1	8.2	0.0	3.3
Manufacturing	684.3	684.1	687.9	0.2	-3.6	0.0	-0.5
Durable Goods	451.8	450.7	454.0	1.1	-2.2	0.2	-0.5
Nondurable Goods	232.5	233.4	233.9	-0.9	-1.4	-0.4	-0.6
Service-Providing (Private)	3,943.6	3,937.5	3,905.6	6.1	38.0	0.2	1.0
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	1,053.1	1,055.0	1,055.5	-1.9	-2.4	-0.2	-0.2
Wholesale Trade	243.4	243.6	240.3	-0.2	3.1	-0.1	1.3
Retail Trade	537.1	536.5	542.4	0.6	-5.3	0.1	-1.0
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	272.6	274.9	272.8	-2.3	-0.2	-0.8	-0.1
Information	65.9	65.1	66.4	0.8	-0.5	1.2	-0.8
Financial Activities	313.5	312.2	325.3	1.3	-11.8	0.4	-3.6
Finance and Insurance	250.3	249.3	256.6	1.0	-6.3	0.4	-2.5
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	63.2	62.9	68.7	0.3	-5.5	0.5	-8.0
Professional and Business Services	742.3	742.4	733.9	-0.1	8.4	0.0	1.1
Professional and Technical Services	294.2	292.3	290.2	1.9	4.0	0.7	1.4
Management of Companies and Enterprises	139.3	139.9	141.9	-0.6	-2.6	-0.4	-1.8
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	308.8	310.2	301.8	-1.4	7.0	-0.5	2.3
Private Educational and Health Services	981.0	978.5	947.8	2.5	33.2	0.3	3.5
Private Educational Services	118.6	118.2	112.4	0.4	6.2	0.3	5.5
Health Care and Social Assistance	862.4	860.3	835.4	2.1	27.0	0.2	3.2
Leisure and Hospitality	570.9	568.5	565.2	2.4	5.7	0.4	1.0
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	90.7	90.3	88.0	0.4	2.7	0.4	3.1
Accommodation and Food Services	480.2	478.2	477.2	2.0	3.0	0.4	0.6
Other Services	216.9	215.8	211.5	1.1	5.4	0.5	2.6
Government	791.8	791.5	781.5	0.3	10.3	0.0	1.3
Federal Government	83.5	83.3	82.6	0.2	0.9	0.2	1.1
State Government	171.4	172.0	173.4	-0.6	-2.0	-0.3	-1.2
Local Government	536.9	536.2	525.5	0.7	11.4	0.1	2.2

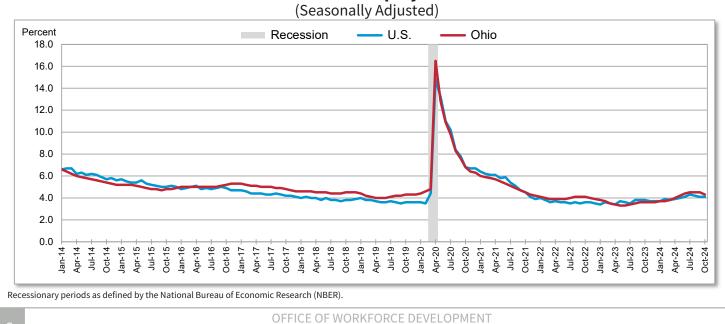
^aData for latest month are preliminary, although other months are subject to revision. Subtotals may not add to totals due to rounding. Unemployment rates are computed from unrounded figures. All data exclude military personnel. ^bData are Local Area Unemployment Statistics estimates based on place of residence. From the Current Employment Statistics Survey, a monthly survey of approximately 23,960 employers conducted by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Estimates represent nonagricultural wage and salary jobs by place of work.

Seasonally adjusted nonfarm employment data for the Ohio Metropolitan Statistical Areas may be accessed at the Bureau of Labor Statistics website at http://www.bls.gov/sae/.

Ohio Historical Civilian Labor Force Estimates Seasonally Adjusted

Ī	Civili	an Labor Force (thou	sands)	Unemploy	/ment Rates
	Total	Employed	Unemployed	Ohio	U.S.
2014	5,713.2	5,381.8	331.4	5.8%	6.2%
2015	5,710.8	5,427.9	282.9	5.0%	5.3%
2016	5,754.5	5,464.1	290.4	5.0%	4.9%
2017	5,819.0	5,529.5	289.5	5.0%	4.4%
2018	5,820.0	5,558.1	261.9	4.5%	3.9%
2019	5,879.4	5,634.9	244.5	4.2%	3.7%
2020	5,736.6	5,266.9	469.8	8.2%	8.1%
2021	5,709.0	5,415.6	293.4	5.1%	5.3%
2022	5,733.1	5,503.3	229.9	4.0%	3.6%
2023	5,787.0	5,582.4	204.6	3.5%	3.6%
September	5,795.2	5,587.9	207.4	3.6%	3.8%
October	5,794.7	5,583.8	210.8	3.6%	3.8%
November	5,793.4	5,582.6	210.8	3.6%	3.7%
December	5,793.7	5,583.8	210.0	3.6%	3.7%
2024 January	5,794.9	5,583.1	211.8	3.7%	3.7%
February	5,796.6	5,582.4	214.1	3.7%	3.9%
March	5,801.0	5,580.9	220.2	3.8%	3.8%
April	5,808.6	5,579.1	229.5	4.0%	3.9%
May	5,817.2	5,574.5	242.8	4.2%	4.0%
June	5,838.5	5,584.2	254.2	4.4%	4.1%
July	5,859.9	5,596.3	263.7	4.5%	4.3%
August	5,863.1	5,600.1	262.9	4.5%	4.2%
September	5,876.9	5,613.9	263.0	4.5%	4.1%
October	5,888.4	5,632.8	255.5	4.3%	4.1%

Ohio and U.S. Unemployment Rates



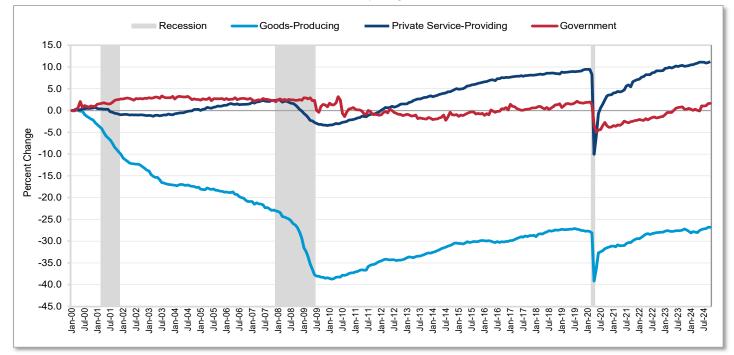
BUREAU OF LABOR MARKET INFORMATION

Ohio Historical Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment Seasonally Adjusted

			te Good oyment		~ 1		Pri	vate S		roducing busands)	Employme	nt		Government Employment (thousands)				
	Grand Total	Total	Mining and Logging	Const.	Mfg.	Total	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Info.	Financial Activities		Private Educational and Health Services	Leisure and Hospitality	Other Services	Total	Federal	State	Local	
2023 September	5,637.1	937.7	9.5	238.8	689.4	3,913.6	1,063.8	67.4	326.2	737.8	942.4	567.9	208.1	785.8	82.1	173.2	530.5	
October	· /		9.2			3,905.6	1,055.5	66.4	325.3	733.9	947.8	565.2	211.5	781.5	82.6	173.4	525.5	
November	5,627.9	938.1	9.2	240.7	688.2	3,908.3	1,053.4	67.2	323.0	734.5	953.6	563.6	213.0	781.5	82.4	173.3	525.8	
December	5,630.1	934.4	9.3	237.0	688.1	3,912.6	1,053.8	67.4	321.9	734.4	955.2	567.6	212.3	783.1	82.5	173.7	526.9	
2024																		
January	· /		9.4			3,918.5	1,051.0	67.0		741.9	957.9	566.9		781.6	83.1	171.9	526.6	
February	5,632.8	933.8	9.4	235.7	688.7	3,919.5	1,051.4	66.6	319.6	739.8	961.1	569.4	211.6	779.5	83.4	167.9	528.2	
March	5,640.1	931.9	9.5	237.0	685.4	3,926.7	1,055.9	65.8	318.2	742.7	962.2	569.5	212.4	781.5	83.7	168.7	529.1	
April	5,641.4	930.8	9.6	231.8	689.4	3,931.2	1,055.6	65.6	317.7	745.1	965.2	568.5	213.5	779.4	83.7	169.2	526.5	
Мау	5,655.2	937.0	9.6	239.1	688.3	3,939.9	1,055.7	65.7	315.1	746.9	970.9	570.5	215.1	778.3	83.6	169.6	525.1	
June	5,667.5	940.2	9.5	243.2	687.5	3,939.8	1,055.5	66.0	313.7	743.6	975.8	569.3	215.9	787.5	83.6	173.1	530.8	
July	5,668.4	941.8	9.4	245.4	687.0	3,939.4	1,055.1	65.6	312.4	740.8	978.8	569.1	217.6	787.2	83.5	173.7	530.0	
August	5,662.1	942.5	9.4	248.5	684.6	3,931.9	1,055.7	64.8	311.2	739.3	978.7	566.6	215.6	787.7	83.4	173.8	530.5	
September	5,675.6	946.6	9.4	253.1	684.1	3,937.5	1,055.0	65.1	312.2	742.4	978.5	568.5	215.8	791.5	83.3	172.0	536.2	
October	5,682.0	946.6	9.3	253.0	684.3	3,943.6	1,053.1	65.9	313.5	742.3	981.0	570.9	216.9	791.8	83.5	171.4	536.9	

Percent Change in Ohio Nonfarm Employment by Month January 2000 - October 2024

(Seasonally Adjusted)



Recessionary periods as defined by the National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER).

Note: In June 2015 the seasonal model for state government employment was updated to account for improved data collection. To preserve the continuity of the time series, the updated seasonal factors were applied back to October 2014. The series affected are state government, total government, and total nonfarm employment. If you have any questions about the updates, please email ContactLMI@jfs.ohio.gov.

Ohio Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a Not Seasonally Adjusted

	I	Employment (thousands)	t	Cha (thous	nge sands)		cent inge
	Oct 2024 ^ь	Sep 2024°	Oct 2023 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	5,724.4	5,684.4	5,669.1	40.0	55.3	0.7	1.0
Total Private	4,920.8	4,889.5	4,876.7	31.3	44.1	0.6	0.9
Goods-Producing (Private)	955.2	953.0	949.3	2.2	5.9	0.2	0.6
Mining and Logging	9.5	9.5	9.4	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.1
Mining, Logging, and Construction	272.4	272.3	262.4	0.1	10.0	0.0	3.8
Construction	262.9	262.8	253.0	0.1	9.9	0.0	3.9
Construction of Buildings	56.0	56.6	55.9	-0.6	0.1	-1.1	0.2
Nonresidential Building Construction	30.9	31.2	30.8	-0.3	0.1	-1.0	0.3
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	35.5	35.9	35.1	-0.4	0.4	-1.1	1.1
Specialty Trade Contractors	171.4	170.3	162.0	1.1	9.4	0.6	5.8
Manufacturing	682.8	680.7	686.9	2.1	-4.1	0.3	-0.6
Durable Goods ^d	449.9	448.5	452.6	1.4	-2.7	0.3	-0.6
Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing	25.9	25.8	26.5	0.1	-0.6	0.4	-2.3
Primary Metal Manufacturing	35.2	35.2	35.7	0.0	-0.5	0.0	-1.4
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	95.6	95.9	98.3	-0.3	-2.7	-0.3	-2.7
Machine Shops and Threaded Products	23.0	23.0	23.5	0.0	-0.5	0.0	-2.1
Machinery Manufacturing	79.8	78.8	79.8	1.0	0.0	1.3	0.0
Metalworking Machinery Manufacturing	20.1	20.0	20.1	0.1	0.0	0.5	0.0
Computer and Electronic Product Mfg.	21.8	21.6	21.4	0.2	0.4	0.9	1.9
Electrical Equipment, Appliance, and Component Mfg.	26.1	26.1	26.7	0.0	-0.6	0.0	-2.2
Household Appliance Manufacturing	8.5	8.5	8.7	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-2.3
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	116.2	115.9	115.9	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Motor Vehicle Manufacturing	21.5	21.5	21.2	0.0	0.3	0.0	1.4
Motor Vehicle Parts Manufacturing	64.8	64.6	65.3	0.2	-0.5	0.3	-0.8
Aerospace Product and Parts Manufacturing	18.6	18.6	18.5	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.5
Furniture and Related Product Manufacturing	14.2	14.2	14.4	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-1.4
Nondurable Goods ^e	232.9	232.2	234.3	0.7	-1.4	0.3	-0.6
Food Manufacturing	64.6	64.6	64.8	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-0.3
Printing and Related Support Activities	18.1	18.0	18.3	0.1	-0.2	0.6	-1.1
Chemical Manufacturing	47.8	47.7	48.5	0.1	-0.7	0.2	-1.4
Plastics and Rubber Products Manufacturing	55.9	55.5	56.1	0.4	-0.2	0.7	-0.4
Plastics Product Manufacturing	44.1	43.8	44.3	0.3	-0.2	0.7	-0.5
Rubber Product Manufacturing	11.8	11.7	11.8	0.1	0.0	0.9	0.0
Service-Providing (Private)	3,965.6	3,936.5	3,927.4	29.1	38.2	0.7	1.0
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	1,054.5	1,046.2	1,057.2	8.3	-2.7	0.8	-0.3
Wholesale Trade	244.2	243.0	241.1	1.2	3.1	0.5	1.3
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	150.8	150.1	148.0	0.7	2.8	0.5	1.9
Professional and Commercial Equipment	30.6	30.6	30.7	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-0.3
Machinery, Equipment, and Supplies	37.2	37.0	37.1	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.3
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	75.0	75.3	75.5	-0.3	-0.5	-0.4	-0.7

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Ohio Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a Not Seasonally Adjusted

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		Employmen (thousands)	t	Cha (thous	nge sands)		cent nge
	Oct 2024 ^b	Sep 2024 ^c	Oct 2023 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Retail Trade	537.9	530.2	542.9	7.7	-5.0	1.5	-0.9
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	76.3	76.3	76.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.4
Automobile Dealers	48.0	48.2	47.7	-0.2	0.3	-0.4	0.6
Bldg. Material, Garden Equip., and Supplies Dealers	52.9	52.8	54.7	0.1	-1.8	0.2	-3.3
Building Material and Supplies Dealers	45.0	44.9	46.6	0.1	-1.6	0.2	-3.4
Food and Beverage Retailers	100.7	98.0	100.5	2.7	0.2	2.8	0.2
Grocery and Convenience Retailers	88.2	87.4	89.0	0.8	-0.8	0.9	-0.9
Furn., Home Furnishings, Elec., and Appliance Retailers	24.6	24.1	25.1	0.5	-0.5	2.1	-2.0
General Merchandise Retailers	119.1	116.5	118.0	2.6	1.1	2.2	0.9
Health and Personal Care Retailers	33.4	33.3	35.8	0.1	-2.4	0.3	-6.7
Gasoline Stations and Fuel Dealers	38.7	38.5	38.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.6
Clothing, Accessories, Shoe, and Jewelry Retailers	37.7	37.0	38.7	0.7	-1.0	1.9	-2.6
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, and Misc. Retailers	54.5	53.7	56.0	0.8	-1.5	1.5	-2.7
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	272.4	273.0	273.2	-0.6	-0.8	-0.2	-0.3
Utilities	18.2	18.2	18.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.6
Transportation and Warehousing	254.2	254.8	255.1	-0.6	-0.9	-0.2	-0.4
Air Transportation	12.9	12.9	12.8	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.8
Truck Transportation	69.9	69.6	71.0	0.3	-1.1	0.4	-1.5
Information	66.1	65.3	66.5	0.8	-0.4	1.2	-0.6
Publishing Industries	21.1	21.0	22.0	0.1	-0.9	0.5	-4.1
Telecommunications	18.9	18.9	20.2	0.0	-1.3	0.0	-6.4
Financial Activities	313.8	310.2	325.1	3.6	-11.3	1.2	-3.5
Finance and Insurance	250.3	247.8	256.3	2.5	-6.0	1.0	-2.3
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	96.3	95.8	97.8	0.5	-1.5	0.5	-1.5
Depository Credit Intermediation	63.9	63.7	66.0	0.2	-2.1	0.3	-3.2
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	128.9	128.1	133.8	0.8	-4.9	0.6	-3.7
Insurance Carriers	80.4	80.1	83.1	0.3	-2.7	0.4	-3.2
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	63.5	62.4	68.8	1.1	-5.3	1.8	-7.7
Professional and Business Services	752.2	745.2	744.3	7.0	7.9	0.9	1.1
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	293.8	288.6	289.6	5.2	4.2	1.8	1.5
Legal Services	31.8	31.3	31.0	0.5	0.8	1.6	2.6
Accounting and Bookkeeping Services	29.2	29.0	30.0	0.2	-0.8	0.7	-2.7
Architectural and Engineering Services	50.5	49.5	48.2	1.0	2.3	2.0	4.8
Computer Systems Design and Related Services	72.1	70.1	70.7	2.0	1.4	2.9	2.0
Management and Technical Consulting Services	40.5	40.0	40.0	0.5	0.5	1.3	1.3
Advertising and Related Services	12.5	12.3	12.6	0.2	-0.1	1.6	-0.8
Management of Companies and Enterprises	139.3	139.9	142.1	-0.6	-2.8	-0.4	-2.0
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	319.1	316.7	312.6	2.4	6.5	0.8	2.1
Administrative and Support Services	298.5	296.0	292.6	2.5	5.9	0.8	2.0
Employment Services	122.4	120.9	124.6	1.5	-2.2	1.2	-1.8
Business Support Services	19.8	19.7	20.8	0.1	-1.0	0.5	-4.8
Services to Buildings and Dwellings	84.4	84.0	78.1	0.4	6.3	0.5	8.1

Ohio Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a Not Seasonally Adjusted

- continued -

		Employment (thousands)	t	Cha (thous		Per Cha	cent nge
	Oct 2024⁵	Sep 2024°	Oct 2023°	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Private Educational and Health Services	991.5	979.6	957.6	11.9	33.9	1.2	3.5
Private Educational Services	126.8	120.9	120.0	5.9	6.8	4.9	5.7
Private Colleges, Universities, and Professional Schools	57.9	55.0	59.2	2.9	-1.3	5.3	-2.2
Health Care and Social Assistance	864.7	858.7	837.6	6.0	27.1	0.7	3.2
Hospitals	261.3	260.9	259.6	0.4	1.7	0.2	0.7
Nursing and Residential Care Facilities	164.0	162.9	155.9	1.1	8.1	0.7	5.2
Social Assistance	139.5	138.2	130.1	1.3	9.4	0.9	7.2
Leisure and Hospitality	571.0	575.0	565.6	-4.0	5.4	-0.7	1.0
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	91.3	95.2	88.8	-3.9	2.5	-4.1	2.8
Amusement, Gambling, and Recreation Industries	68.0	70.1	62.2	-2.1	5.8	-3.0	9.3
Accommodation and Food Services	479.7	479.8	476.8	-0.1	2.9	0.0	0.6
Accommodation	35.0	35.6	34.8	-0.6	0.2	-1.7	0.6
Food Services and Drinking Places	444.7	444.2	442.0	0.5	2.7	0.1	0.6
Other Services	216.5	215.0	211.1	1.5	5.4	0.7	2.6
Repair and Maintenance	55.8	55.3	53.3	0.5	2.5	0.9	4.7
Personal and Laundry Services	55.7	54.5	54.1	1.2	1.6	2.2	3.0
Membership Associations and Organizations	105.0	105.2	103.7	-0.2	1.3	-0.2	1.3
Government	803.6	794.9	792.4	8.7	11.2	1.1	1.4
Federal Government	83.4	83.3	82.5	0.1	0.9	0.1	1.1
U.S. Postal Service	22.8	22.7	22.8	0.1	0.0	0.4	0.0
State Government	178.8	176.7	180.7	2.1	-1.9	1.2	-1.1
State Government Educational ^f Services	99.3	97.4	101.9	1.9	-2.6	2.0	-2.6
State Government, Excluding Education	79.5	79.3	78.8	0.2	0.7	0.3	0.9
State Government Hospitals	21.3	21.2	22.0	0.1	-0.7	0.5	-3.2
Local Government	541.4	534.9	529.2	6.5	12.2	1.2	2.3
Local Government Educational Services	297.5	292.0	291.9	5.5	5.6	1.9	1.9
Local Government, Excluding Education	243.9	242.9	237.3	1.0	6.6	0.4	2.8
Local Government Hospitals	13.0	12.9	12.4	0.1	0.6	0.8	4.8

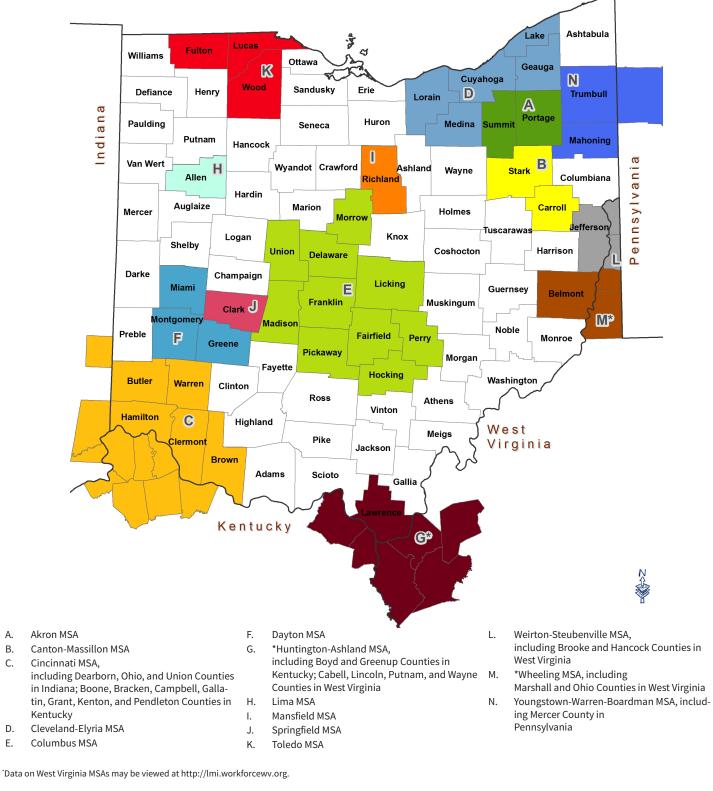
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes textile mills; textile products mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; petroleum and coal products. ^fIncludes state universities, state schools for the deaf and blind, and the state library. Excludes the agricultural extension service and agricultural research centers.

Ohio Historical Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment Not Seasonally Adjusted

ſ		Priva	te Good	s-Prod	ucing		Pri	vate S	Service-P	roducing	Employme	nt		Gove	rnment	Employ	vment	
			oyment							ousands)				(thousands)				
	Grand										Private							
	Total		Mining				Trade,			Prof. and	Educational							
			and				Transport.,		Financial	Business	and Health	Leisure and	Other					
		Total	Logging	Const.	Mfg.	Total	and Utilities	Info.	Activities	Services	Services	Hospitality	Services	Total	Federal	State	Local	
2014	5,343.9	886.4	14.9	195.7	675.8	3,689.1	991.5	73.0	288.2	713.3	886.4	526.7	209.9	768.4	75.8	175.4	517.2	
2015	5,423.6	902.3	14.1	200.5	687.7	3,748.2	1,008.6	72.1	293.5	720.4	901.3	539.6	212.6	773.2	76.4	178.1	518.7	
2016	5,481.1	903.6	11.3	206.2	686.1	3,799.9	1,017.1	72.7	300.7	727.7	915.5	552.1	214.2	777.6	77.5	179.7	520.4	
2017	5,525.9	915.8	11.4	217.2	687.1	3,827.1	1,019.4	73.3	306.2	727.1	925.2	560.9	215.1	783.0	78.3	179.9	524.8	
2018	5,562.6	932.0	12.2	220.8	698.9	3,844.8	1,022.3	72.2	308.2	731.1	930.6	566.9	213.5	785.8	78.6	178.8	528.4	
2019 2020	5,595.0 5,263.2	939.4 881.5	11.8 9.4	226.8 218.8	700.9 653.3	3,864.3 3,621.7	1,026.6 1,000.9	71.3 66.1	308.5 304.4	734.7 696.0	939.4 897.8	570.6 466.4	213.3 190.1	791.3 760.0	79.6 81.8	179.9 168.7	531.8 509.5	
2020	5,283.2	898.0	9.4 8.6	218.8	665.3	3,732.8	1,000.9	66.3	304.4 310.7	720.0	897.7	400.4 506.4	190.1	756.7	79.9	167.9	509.5	
2021	5,534.7	925.5	8.9	233.5	683.1	3,844.3	1,051.9	69.2	320.9	744.7	904.9	541.9	204.5	765.0	79.3	169.0	516.7	
2022	5,618.6	935.8	9.4	238.3	688.1	3,902.8	1,056.7	67.9	320.5	741.7	938.1	564.4	204.5	780.0	81.5	173.0	525.6	
2023	-,0.0		5.1	200.0		-,	1,000.1	05	521.5		550.1		200.0		1	2.0.0	020.0	
January	5,388.1	892.4	8.5	211.9	672.0	3,738.9	1,047.5	67.8	314.2	725.2	889.4	495.5	199.3	756.8	79.6	166.2	511.0	
February	5,424.2	896.5	8.5	211.3	676.7	3,757.4	1,048.0	68.4	314.8	730.1	895.4	500.9	199.8	770.3	79.4	176.4	514.5	
March	5,449.3	907.5	8.8	219.5	679.2	3,773.4	1,049.7	68.6	315.5	728.9	895.8	514.2	200.7	768.4	79.3	176.0	513.1	
April	5,523.5	922.4	8.9	231.7	681.8	3,822.7	1,050.9	69.2	318.3	744.1	901.7	535.2	203.3	778.4	79.3	177.9	521.2	
Мау	5,558.3	931.2	9.0	239.9	682.3	3,855.3	1,052.5	69.9	320.2	747.2	902.4	557.7	205.4	771.8	79.0	165.9	526.9	
June	5,559.9	937.3	9.0	244.1	684.2	3,873.3	1,052.7	69.9	322.4	749.0	896.0	575.4	207.9	749.3	79.0	154.2	516.1	
July	5,570.9	939.4	9.1	244.4	685.9	3,890.4	1,055.3	70.0	324.7	754.5	900.6	577.4	207.9	741.1	79.4	157.6	504.1	
August	5,570.0	939.4	9.0	243.9	686.5	3,889.2	1,054.4	69.7	324.5	754.8	905.4	573.4	207.0	741.4	78.9	158.8	503.7	
September October	5,559.1 5,604.0	935.8 937.3	9.0 9.1	242.7 242.0	684.1 686.2	3,860.5 3,884.8	1,050.0 1,063.1	69.1 69.5	322.6 324.6	750.1 755.0	911.3 918.3	552.4 548.5	205.0 205.8	762.8 781.9	79.2 79.2	173.6 175.4	510.0 527.3	
November	5,615.8	935.5	9.2	238.9	687.4	3,895.5	1,083.1	69.4	324.0	754.6	921.8	536.6	205.8	784.8	79.7	174.9	530.2	
December	5,593.7	931.1	9.2	230.5	690.7	3,889.8	1,082.7	69.2	324.5	743.1	920.9	536.1	205.5	772.8	80.1	170.9	521.8	
2023	3,333.1	551.1	5.2	231.2	050.1	3,005.0	1,005.0	05.2	524.0	143.1	520.5	550.1	200.5	112.0	00.1	110.5	521.0	
January	5,508.7	915.4	9.0	220.0	686.4	3,827.5	1,057.5	69.1	322.5	732.6	917.6	523.9	204.3	765.8	79.4	167.8	518.6	
February	5,534.7	916.7	9.2	220.1	687.4	3,833.5	1,048.0	68.6	322.9	734.5	926.2	528.6	204.7	784.5	79.9	179.0	525.6	
March	5,554.6	921.7	9.3	225.0	687.4	3,850.4	1,046.5	67.8	323.4	738.0	927.0	541.3	206.4	782.5	80.1	179.2	523.2	
April	5,597.3	930.6	9.5	234.3	686.8	3,877.4	1,045.5	67.9	324.3	744.4	929.8	558.4	207.1	789.3	80.7	180.3	528.3	
Мау	5,642.2	937.8	9.5	241.3	687.0	3,915.0	1,052.3	68.2	325.6	746.0	933.0	581.1	208.8	789.4	81.3	172.3	535.8	
June	5,659.9	948.4	9.7	246.8	691.9	3,943.9	1,056.2	68.5	327.8	748.9	931.8	599.2	211.5	767.6	81.6	161.1	524.9	
July	5,649.7	948.1	9.6	247.6	690.9	3,941.8	1,054.8	68.2	329.0	748.3	930.8	598.9	211.8	759.8	81.9	160.6	517.3	
August	5,647.9	947.0	9.5	247.5	690.0	3,941.6	1,054.3	68.0	328.2	746.9	935.7	598.2	210.3	759.3	82.1	160.2	517.0	
September	5,630.2	942.5	9.4	246.8	686.3	3,904.8	1,052.4	67.1	325.4	738.1	942.1	572.1	207.6	782.9	82.3	177.5	523.1	
October	5,669.1	949.3	9.4	253.0	686.9	3,927.4	1,057.2	66.5	325.1	744.3	957.6	565.6	211.1	792.4	82.5	180.7	529.2	
November December	5,676.0 5,652.3	941.0 930.5	9.3 9.1	245.2 231.6	686.5 689.8	3,937.7 3,932.4	1,073.9 1,082.0	67.4 67.5	322.0 322.1	744.2 734.7	963.6 962.4	553.7 551.7	212.9 212.0	797.3 789.4	82.7 83.2	180.3 176.5	534.3 529.7	
2024	3,032.3	530.5	5.1	231.0	005.0	3,332.4	1,002.0	01.5	522.1	134.1	502.4	551.7	212.0	105.4	05.2	110.5	525.1	
January	5,533.4	908.1	9.1	214.0	685.0	3,851.3	1,048.2	66.4	320.8	722.1	951.3	532.2	210.3	774.0	83.1	170.3	520.6	
February	5,561.4	910.9	9.0	215.7	686.2	3,862.2	1,042.5	66.1	318.1	723.3	964.6	538.1	209.5	788.3	83.2	175.6	529.5	
March	5,589.7	916.2	9.3	221.6	685.3	3,879.8	1,045.1	65.2	316.2	729.8	967.6	545.3	210.6	793.7	83.4	176.1	534.2	
April	5,623.0	926.5	9.6	228.9	688.0	3,905.2	1,043.7	65.0	316.1	742.0	967.6	557.8	213.0	791.3	83.7	177.2	530.4	
Мау	5,682.4	944.5	9.7	244.8	690.0	3,954.2	1,055.5	65.0	313.5	749.4	969.1	585.5	216.2	783.7	83.4	166.0	534.3	
June	5,708.7	956.6	9.7	253.6	693.3	3,977.6	1,056.6	66.1	315.8	750.6	964.4	604.1	220.0	774.5	83.4	160.6	530.5	
July	5,696.4	956.8	9.6	257.9	689.3	3,975.7	1,053.1	66.3	314.1	749.5	967.3	606.0	219.4	763.9	83.6	159.3	521.0	
August	5,683.1	953.5	9.6	259.8	684.1	3,965.8	1,050.9	65.7	312.0	749.6	972.3	597.2	218.1	763.8	83.3	160.0	520.5	
September	5,684.4	953.0	9.5	262.8	680.7	3,936.5	1,046.2	65.3	310.2	745.2	979.6	575.0	215.0	794.9	83.3	176.7	534.9	
October	5,724.4	955.2	9.5	262.9	682.8	3,965.6	1,054.5	66.1	313.8	752.2	991.5	571.0	216.5	803.6	83.4	178.8	541.4	

Ohio Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs)

Developed by the United States Office of Management and Budget, Metropolitan Statistical Areas are integrated geographic regions comprised of at least one city or urban area (with a population of at least 50,000) and adjacent communities. Metropolitan Statistical Areas make it possible for federal statistical agencies to utilize the same boundaries when publishing statistical data.



Ε.

A.

Akron **Metropolitan Statistical Area** Not Seasonally Adjusted

Portage and Summit Counties

Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Akron metropolitan area totaled 339,700 in October 2024, an increase of 2,100 jobs from September. Employment in the goods-producing sector, at 53,000, increased 100 in manufacturing. Employment in the private service-providing sector, at 245,200, increased 1,500 as gains in trade, transportation, and utilities (+700), professional and business services (+600), private educational and health services (+300), financial activities (+100), and other services (+100) exceeded losses in leisure and hospitality (-300). Government employment, at 41,500, increased 500 as gains in state (+400) and local (+200) government surpassed losses in federal government (-100).



Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment decreased 2,800 from October 2023 to October 2024. Goodsproducing industries lost 900 jobs in manufacturing (-700) and mining, logging, and construction (-200). Private service-providing industries increased 1,400 as gains in private educational and health services (+800), professional and business services (+400), leisure and hospitality (+400), other services (+300), and trade, transportation, and utilities (+200) exceeded losses in financial activities (-500) and information (-200). Government employment decreased 3,300 over the year, as losses in state (-3,600) and federal (-100) government exceeded gains in local government (+400).

				a
Civ	vilian Labor (thousands			
Total	Employed	Unemployed	Unemployment Rate	
360.0	338.8	21.2	5.9%	2014
359.7	341.8	18.0	5.0%	2015
361.0	342.5	18.5	5.1%	2016
362.8	344.5	18.3	5.0%	2017
360.3	343.6	16.7	4.6%	2018
363.2	347.6	15.6	4.3%	2019
352.5	324.0	28.5	8.1%	2020
348.2	329.7	18.4	5.3%	2021
350.7	336.7	14.0	4.0%	2022
353.9	341.1	12.9	3.6%	2023
352.9	340.5	12.3	3.5%	September
353.5	341.5	12.0	3.4%	October
354.1	342.9	11.2	3.2%	November
353.0	341.5	11.5	3.3%	December 2024
351.7	336.5	15.2	4.3%	January
355.2	339.2	16.0	4.5%	February
358.2	341.5	16.7	4.7%	March
357.0	341.0	16.0	4.5%	April
355.7	338.8	16.9	4.7%	Мау
360.4	341.3	19.1	5.3%	June
361.7	343.8	17.9	4.9%	July
355.3	339.9	15.3	4.3%	August
358.5	342.7	15.8	4.4%	September
359.4	346.4	13.0	3.6%	October

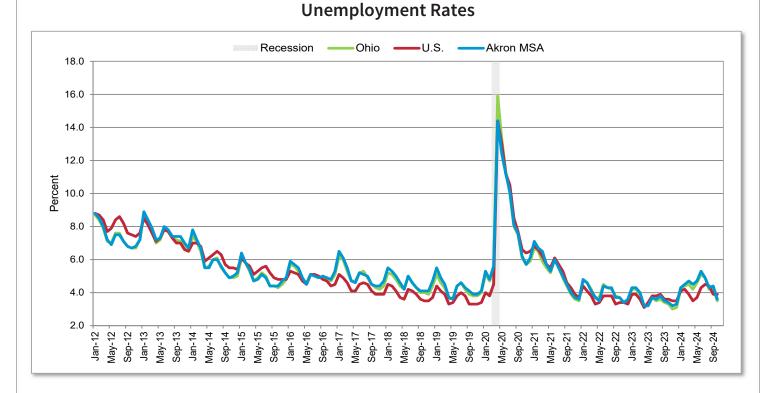
	Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)											
Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government							
331.8	40.1	65.3	51.7	53.0	47.1							
336.9	40.4	66.4	52.6	54.5	46.4							
339.4	39.6	66.6	53.6	55.3	46.1							
340.3	39.3	66.9	53.2	55.3	45.7							
339.4	39.4	67.2	51.1	55.2	44.7							
340.0	39.7	67.3	50.0	56.2	44.4							
318.4	36.9	66.5	46.7	53.9	41.8							
324.1	37.2	68.0	48.1	54.4	41.0							
334.1	37.8	71.0	49.3	54.6	41.7							
339.4	37.8	70.7	49.8	56.1	42.8							
340.0	37.6	69.5	49.7	56.4	43.9							
342.5	37.6	70.1	49.9	56.8	44.8							
342.8	37.5	71.2	49.6	57.0	45.0							
343.2	37.7	72.1	49.0	57.4	45.1							
334.5	37.5	69.4	48.2	57.4	42.4							
335.8	37.5	69.1	48.6	57.0	44.7							
337.2	37.5	69.0	48.7	56.8	45.1							
338.8	37.4	69.2	49.4	56.9	45.0							
339.6	37.5	69.6	50.0	57.1	42.6							
337.1	37.5	69.6	50.0	57.5	37.9							
337.2	37.4	69.7	50.0	58.0	36.8							
337.0	37.1	69.8	50.1	58.1	37.0							
337.6	36.8	69.6	49.7	57.3	41.0							
339.7	36.9	70.3	50.3	57.6	41.5							

Akron MSA Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a Not Seasonally Adjusted

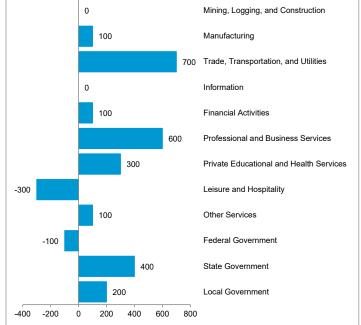
	E	mployme (thousands)	nt	Cha (thous		Pero Cha	cent nge
	Oct 2024 ^b	Sep 2024°	Oct 2023°	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	339.7	337.6	342.5	2.1	-2.8	0.6	-0.8
Total Private	298.2	296.6	297.7	1.6	0.5	0.5	0.2
Goods-Producing (Private)	53.0	52.9	53.9	0.1	-0.9	0.2	-1.7
Mining, Logging, and Construction	16.1	16.1	16.3	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-1.2
Manufacturing	36.9	36.8	37.6	0.1	-0.7	0.3	-1.9
Durable Goods ^d	21.0	21.0	21.2	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-0.9
Nondurable Goods ^e	15.9	15.8	16.4	0.1	-0.5	0.6	-3.0
Service-Providing (Private)	245.2	243.7	243.8	1.5	1.4	0.6	0.6
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	70.3	69.6	70.1	0.7	0.2	1.0	0.3
Wholesale Trade	18.3	18.3	18.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	1.7
Retail Trade	34.6	33.9	34.6	0.7	0.0	2.1	0.0
Food and Beverage Retailers	6.5	6.5	6.6	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-1.5
General Merchandise Retailers	7.1	6.9	6.9	0.2	0.2	2.9	2.9
Health and Personal Care Retailers	2.2	2.2	2.3	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-4.3
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	17.4	17.4	17.5	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-0.6
Truck Transportation	4.4	4.5	4.6	-0.1	-0.2	-2.2	-4.3
Information	3.6	3.6	3.8	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-5.3
Financial Activities	17.4	17.3	17.9	0.1	-0.5	0.6	-2.8
Finance and Insurance	13.5	13.4	13.9	0.1	-0.4	0.7	-2.9
Professional and Business Services	50.3	49.7	49.9	0.6	0.4	1.2	0.8
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	17.5	17.5	17.8	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-1.7
Private Educational and Health Services	57.6	57.3	56.8	0.3	0.8	0.5	1.4
Health Care and Social Assistance	52.6	52.2	51.7	0.4	0.9	0.8	1.7
Leisure and Hospitality	33.3	33.6	32.9	-0.3	0.4	-0.9	1.2
Accommodation and Food Services	28.8	28.9	27.9	-0.1	0.9	-0.3	3.2
Other Services	12.7	12.6	12.4	0.1	0.3	0.8	2.4
Government	41.5	41.0	44.8	0.5	-3.3	1.2	-7.4
Federal Government	2.4	2.5	2.5	-0.1	-0.1	-4.0	-4.0
State Government	10.4	10.0	14.0	0.4	-3.6	4.0	-25.7
State Government Educational ^f Services	9.8	9.4	12.2	0.4	-2.4	4.3	-19.7
Local Government	28.7	28.5	28.3	0.2	0.4	0.7	1.4
Local Government Educational Services	15.2	15.0	14.9	0.2	0.3	1.3	2.0

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing. ^fIncludes state universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service.

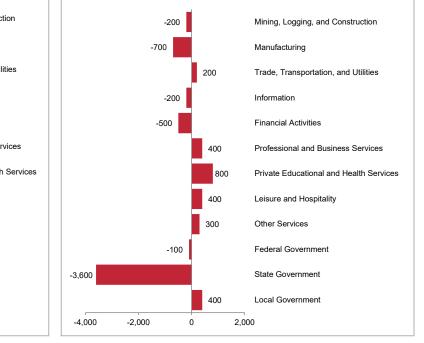
Akron Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted



Akron MSA Over-the-Month Change



Akron MSA Over-the-Year Change



Canton-Massillon Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Carroll and Stark Counties

Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Canton-Massillon metropolitan area totaled 172,100 in October 2024, an increase of 1,100 jobs from September. Employment in the goods-producing sector, at 34,400, increased 100 in manufacturing. Employment in private service-providing industries, at 118,300, increased 700 in trade, transportation, and utilities (+400), private educational and health services (+200), and financial activities (+100). Government employment, at 19,400, increased 300 in local government. Federal and state government employment did not change over the month.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 100 from October 2023 to October 2024. Employment in the goods-producing sector decreased 200 in manufacturing. Private service-providing employment increased 400 as gains in leisure and hospitality (+600), private educational and health services (+400), and other services (+200) outpaced losses in professional and business services (-300), trade, transportation, and utilities (-200), financial activities (-200), and information (-100). Government employment decreased 100 in local government. Federal and state government employment did not change over the year.

Civ	vilian Labor (thousands			
Total	Employed	Unemployed	Unemployment Rate	
202.4	190.6	11.8	5.8%	2014
200.6	189.8	10.8	5.4%	2015
200.7	189.5	11.2	5.6%	2016
201.6	191.0	10.6	5.2%	2017
200.1	190.3	9.9	4.9%	2018
200.5	191.3	9.2	4.6%	2019
196.0	180.1	15.9	8.1%	2020
194.0	183.8	10.2	5.3%	2021
192.2	184.4	7.8	4.1%	2022
193.6	186.4	7.1	3.7%	2023
193.4	186.5	6.8	3.5%	Septembe
193.5	186.8	6.7	3.5%	October
193.7	187.5	6.1	3.2%	November
192.8	186.4	6.4	3.3%	December 2024
192.7	184.0	8.7	4.5%	January
194.4	185.2	9.2	4.7%	February
195.4	186.1	9.3	4.8%	March
194.2	185.5	8.7	4.5%	April
195.0	185.7	9.3	4.8%	Мау
199.3	188.9	10.4	5.2%	June
198.9	189.3	9.6	4.8%	July
195.2	186.9	8.3	4.3%	August
196.6	188.0	8.6	4.4%	Septembe
197.2	190.1	7.1	3.6%	October

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)									
Trade, Private Trade, Prof. and Educational Transport., Business and Health Total Mfg. and Utilities Services Services Governm									
172.5	28.4	31.1	14.7	33.0	20.0				
172.1	28.6	31.5	14.2	32.7	19.9				
172.6	27.4	31.8	15.0	32.9	20.0				
173.7	26.7	31.3	15.9	33.4	20.4				
173.8	26.9	31.1	15.8	33.7	20.2				
173.3	26.7	31.1	16.3	33.5	20.1				
163.1	25.1	30.3	15.4	31.8	19.6				
166.7	25.1	31.1	16.5	31.8	19.4				
168.4	25.3	32.1	16.5	31.3	19.3				
170.4	25.6	33.1	16.1	31.6	19.3				
171.0	25.4	33.1	16.2	31.6	19.5				
172.0	25.4	33.5	16.2	32.1	19.5				
172.0	25.4	34.0	16.1	32.3	19.5				
171.9	25.6	34.6	15.9	32.3	19.3				
168.2	25.2	33.3	15.5	32.1	18.9				
168.7	25.3	33.1	15.5	32.2	19.4				
169.4	25.1	33.1	15.7	32.2	19.6				
169.7	25.2	33.1	15.9	32.2	19.3				
171.7	25.3	33.4	16.0	32.2	19.4				
172.8	25.4	33.4	16.1	32.2	19.0				
172.1	25.5	33.4	16.1	32.3	18.1				
171.3	25.3	33.2	16.0	32.4	18.1				
171.0	25.1	32.9	15.9	32.3	19.1				
172.1	25.2	33.3	15.9	32.5	19.4				



Canton-Massillon MSA Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a Not Seasonally Adjusted

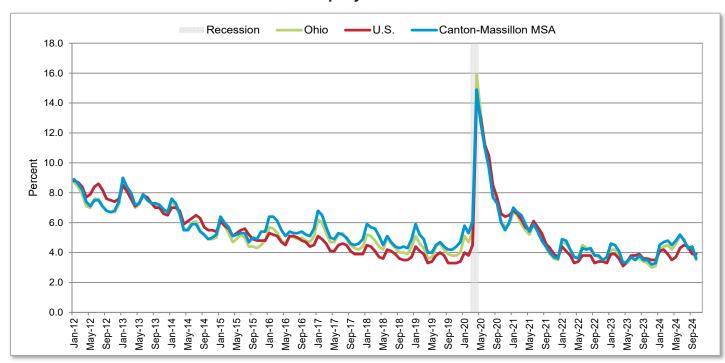
	E	mployme ı (thousands)	nt		nge sands)		cent nge
	Oct 2024 ^b	Sep 2024°	Oct 2023°	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	172.1	171.0	172.0	1.1	0.1	0.6	0.1
Total Private	152.7	151.9	152.5	0.8	0.2	0.5	0.1
Goods-Producing (Private)	34.4	34.3	34.6	0.1	-0.2	0.3	-0.6
Mining, Logging, and Construction	9.2	9.2	9.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Manufacturing	25.2	25.1	25.4	0.1	-0.2	0.4	-0.8
Food Manufacturing	5.2	5.2	5.3	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-1.9
Service-Providing (Private)	118.3	117.6	117.9	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.3
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	33.3	32.9	33.5	0.4	-0.2	1.2	-0.6
Wholesale Trade	7.0	7.0	7.1	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-1.4
Retail Trade	20.0	19.6	20.0	0.4	0.0	2.0	0.0
General Merchandise Retailers	4.7	4.6	4.5	0.1	0.2	2.2	4.4
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	6.3	6.3	6.4	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-1.6
Information	1.6	1.6	1.7	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-5.9
Financial Activities	7.4	7.3	7.6	0.1	-0.2	1.4	-2.6
Professional and Business Services	15.9	15.9	16.2	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-1.9
Private Educational and Health Services	32.5	32.3	32.1	0.2	0.4	0.6	1.2
Health Care and Social Assistance	28.4	28.3	27.9	0.1	0.5	0.4	1.8
Leisure and Hospitality	19.2	19.2	18.6	0.0	0.6	0.0	3.2
Accommodation and Food Services	16.6	16.6	16.4	0.0	0.2	0.0	1.2
Other Services	8.4	8.4	8.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	2.4
Government	19.4	19.1	19.5	0.3	-0.1	1.6	-0.5
Federal Government	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
State Government	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Local Government	17.2	16.9	17.3	0.3	-0.1	1.8	-0.6
Local Government Educational Services	10.7	10.4	10.7	0.3	0.0	2.9	0.0

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised.

Canton-Massillon MSA

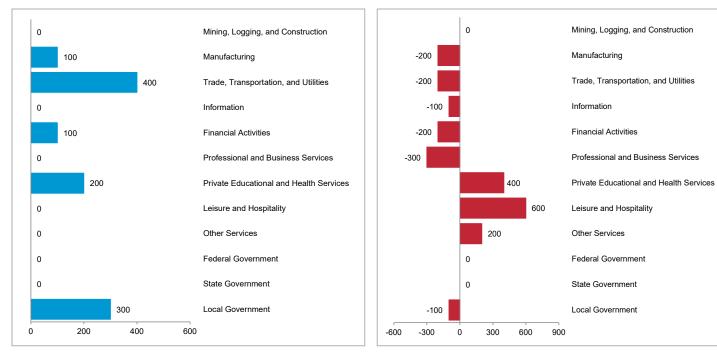
Over-the-Year Change

Canton-Massillon Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted



Unemployment Rates

Canton-Massillon MSA Over-the-Month Change



Cincinnati Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

In Ohio: Brown, Butler, Clermont, Hamilton, and Warren Counties In Indiana: Dearborn, Ohio, and Union Counties In Kentucky: Boone, Bracken, Campbell, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton, and Pendleton Counties

Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Cincinnati metropolitan area totaled 1,168,100 in October 2024, an increase of 4,700 jobs from September. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 172,600, increased 1,500 in mining, logging, and construction (+800) and manufacturing (+700). Employment in the private service-providing sector, at 858,200, increased 1,500 as gains in private educational and health services

(+2,200), trade, transportation, and utilities (+1,900), financial activities (+700), and other services (+500) outweighed losses in leisure and hospitality (-2,900) and professional and business services (-900). Employment in information did not change over the month. Government employment, at 137,300, increased 1,700 in state (+1,100) and local (+600) government. Federal government employment did not change over the month.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 4,100 from October 2023 to October 2024. The goods-producing sector lost 700 jobs, as losses in mining, logging, and construction (-1,000) outweighed gains in manufacturing (+300). Private service-providing employment increased 1,500 as gains in private educational and health services (+4,800), leisure and hospitality (+3,300), and other services (+1,600) surpassed losses in professional and business services (-3,000), financial activities (-2,500), trade, transportation, and utilities (-2,000), and information (-700). Government employment increased 3,300 in local (+2,900), state (+300), and federal (+100) government.

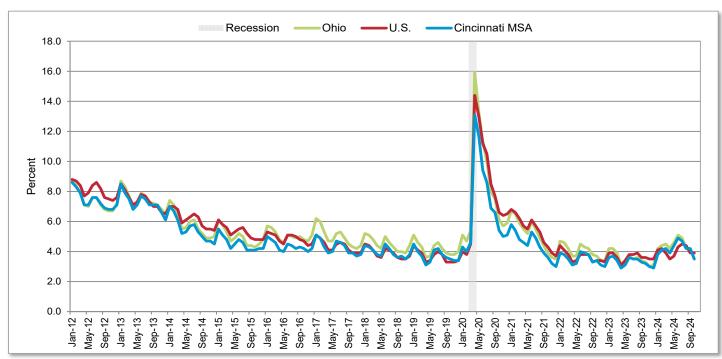
					Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Civ	ilian Labor (thousands Employed		Unemployment Rate		Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
1,077.3	1,018.1	59.2	5.5%	2014	1,042.9	110.1	202.8	166.8	159.5	130.3
1,080.1	1,018.1	48.9	5.5% 4.5%	2014	1,042.9	110.1	202.8	168.1	161.5	130.3
1,080.1	1,031.2	40.9	4.3%	2015	1,080.8	113.2	210.6	168.5	163.2	130.5
	,	47.5	4.4%			114.7				
1,114.3	1,066.7 1.077.8	47.5 44.2	4.3% 3.9%	2017 2018	1,095.2 1.107.9	116.6	213.6 219.6	168.7 170.2	164.8 166.6	131.1 130.3
1,122.0	1.096.3	44.2	3.5%	2018	,	110.0	219.6	170.2	169.8	130.5
1,138.5	1,096.5	42.2 78.0	7.0%	2019	1,118.7 1,056.5	120.3	220.7	166.4	169.8	131.0
1,114.0 1,119.6	,		4.4%		1,056.5					
	1,070.0 1.092.3	49.6 39.7	4.4% 3.5%	2021 2022		114.8 117.9	222.0 228.4	175.1 186.4	166.3 168.6	125.6 127.9
1,132.0	,	39.7 37.8	3.5%	2022	1,132.7					
1,142.3	1,104.6				1,153.9	120.4	228.3	183.2	176.0	131.0
1,142.8	1,105.3	37.5	3.3%	September	1,157.8	120.4	226.9	182.3	177.2	133.4
1,143.2	1,106.6 1,108.5	36.6 34.0	3.2% 3.0%	October November	1,164.0	120.5 120.1	228.6 234.6	184.1 183.2	180.2 181.4	134.0 134.3
1,142.5	, í				1,164.0					
1,133.0	1,099.8	33.2	2.9%	December 2024	1,160.7	121.2	235.8	182.7	180.8	130.4
1,130.6	1,087.3	43.3	3.8%	January	1,137.3	120.6	228.4	178.1	179.5	131.8
1,137.1	1,091.0	46.2	4.1%	February	1,139.4	120.9	225.9	176.6	181.8	134.7
1,149.7	1,101.4	48.3	4.2%	March	1,147.1	120.5	225.9	178.6	182.5	134.7
1,149.3	1,104.1	45.2	3.9%	April	1,153.4	120.8	225.7	180.8	182.0	135.7
1,156.0	1,105.6	50.4	4.4%	Мау	1,165.9	121.0	226.7	181.1	182.7	134.1
1,178.6	1,120.6	57.9	4.9%	June	1,169.9	121.3	225.9	180.9	181.4	130.1
1,178.3	1,123.2	55.1	4.7%	July	1,165.5	121.3	224.6	180.8	181.8	127.4
1,164.4	1,115.8	48.6	4.2%	August	1,166.5	120.8	224.4	183.1	181.1	130.6
1,168.3	1,119.6	48.7	4.2%	September	1,163.4	120.1	224.7	182.0	182.8	135.6
1,168.7	1,127.5	41.2	3.5%	October	1,168.1	120.8	226.6	181.1	185.0	137.3

Cincinnati MSA Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a Not Seasonally Adjusted

	E	mploymen (thousands)	t	Cha (thous		Pero	cent nge
	Oct 2024 ^b	Sep 2024°	Oct 2023 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	1,168.1	1,163.4	1,164.0	4.7	4.1	0.4	0.4
Total Private	1,030.8	1,027.8	1,030.0	3.0	0.8	0.3	0.1
Goods-Producing (Private)	172.6	171.1	173.3	1.5	-0.7	0.9	-0.4
Mining, Logging, and Construction	51.8	51.0	52.8	0.8	-1.0	1.6	-1.9
Construction of Buildings	11.0	11.0	10.8	0.0	0.2	0.0	1.9
Specialty Trade Contractors	36.2	35.8	35.7	0.4	0.5	1.1	1.4
Manufacturing	120.8	120.1	120.5	0.7	0.3	0.6	0.2
Durable Goods ^d	68.3	67.9	67.3	0.4	1.0	0.6	1.5
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	21.9	21.9	21.6	0.0	0.3	0.0	1.4
Motor Vehicle Parts Manufacturing	9.0	9.0	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nondurable Goods ^e	52.5	52.2	53.2	0.3	-0.7	0.6	-1.3
Chemical Manufacturing	12.8	12.8	13.2	0.0	-0.4	0.0	-3.0
Service-Providing (Private)	858.2	856.7	856.7	1.5	1.5	0.2	0.2
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	226.6	224.7	228.6	1.9	-2.0	0.8	-0.9
Wholesale Trade	60.5	60.0	59.6	0.5	0.9	0.8	1.5
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	35.2	35.1	35.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	20.2	20.3	20.4	-0.1	-0.2	-0.5	-1.0
Retail Trade	100.6	99.4	102.6	1.2	-2.0	1.2	-1.9
Food and Beverage Retailers	19.2	19.1	19.3	0.1	-0.1	0.5	-0.5
Grocery and Convenience Retailers	16.6	16.5	16.9	0.1	-0.3	0.6	-1.8
General Merchandise Retailers	21.6	21.2	21.3	0.4	0.3	1.9	1.4
Health and Personal Care Retailers	6.3	6.3	6.7	0.0	-0.4	0.0	-6.0
Clothing, Accessories, Shoe, and Jewelry Retailers	7.8	7.6	7.8	0.2	0.0	2.6	0.0
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	65.5	65.3	66.4	0.2	-0.9	0.3	-1.4
Transportation and Warehousing	62.9	62.6	63.9	0.3	-1.0	0.5	-1.6
Air Transportation	4.6	4.6	4.7	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-2.1
Information	13.0	13.0	13.7	0.0	-0.7	0.0	-5.1
Financial Activities	77.2	76.5	79.7	0.7	-2.5	0.9	-3.1
Finance and Insurance	61.8	61.3	64.2	0.5	-2.4	0.8	-3.7
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	23.0	22.8	23.8	0.2	-0.8	0.9	-3.4
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	31.6	31.4	32.8	0.2	-1.2	0.6	-3.7
Professional and Business Services	181.1	182.0	184.1	-0.9	-3.0	-0.5	-1.6
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	68.5	67.8	68.0	0.7	0.5	1.0	0.7
Management of Companies and Enterprises	41.3	41.4	40.9	-0.1	0.4	-0.2	1.0
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	71.3	72.8	75.2	-1.5	-3.9	-2.1	-5.2
Employment Services	32.2	32.3	33.8	-0.1	-1.6	-0.3	-4.7
Services to Buildings and Dwellings	16.9	17.0	17.0	-0.1	-0.1	-0.6	-0.6
Private Educational and Health Services	185.0	182.8	180.2	2.2	4.8	1.2	2.7
Private Educational Services	19.9	18.9	19.6	1.0	0.3	5.3	1.5
Health Care and Social Assistance	165.1	163.9	160.6	1.2	4.5	0.7	2.8
Hospitals	55.7	55.5	55.3	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.7
Leisure and Hospitality	132.5	135.4	129.2	-2.9	3.3	-2.1	2.6
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	26.1	28.1	25.1	-2.0	1.0	-7.1	4.0
Accommodation and Food Services	106.4	107.3	104.1	-0.9	2.3	-0.8	2.2
Other Services	42.8	42.3	41.2	0.5	1.6	1.2	3.9
Government	137.3	135.6	134.0	1.7	3.3	1.3	2.5
Federal Government	15.6	15.6	15.5	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.6
State Government	32.4	31.3	32.1	1.1	0.3	3.5	0.9
State Government Educational ^f Services	27.6	26.4	27.2	1.2	0.4	4.5	1.5
Local Government	89.3	88.7	86.4	0.6	2.9	0.7	3.4
Local Government Educational Services	51.6	51.1	50.1	0.5	1.5	1.0	3.0

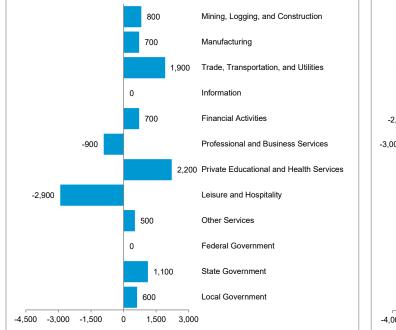
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing. ^fIncludes state universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service.

Cincinnati Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

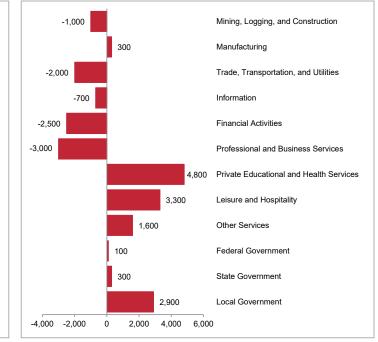


Unemployment Rates

Cincinnati MSA Over-the-Month Change



Cincinnati MSA Over-the-Year Change



Cleveland-Elyria Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Cuyahoga, Geauga, Lake, Lorain, and Medina Counties

Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Cleveland-Elyria metropolitan area totaled 1,077,600 in October 2024, an increase of 6,600 jobs from September. Goods-producing industries, at 157,200, decreased 1,000 as losses in mining, logging, and construction (-1,200) exceeded gains in manufacturing (+200). Private service-providing industries, at 783,200, increased 5,700 as gains in private educational and health services (+2,400), trade, transportation, and utilities (+1,600), professional and business services (+1,200), leisure and hospitality (+600), and information (+100) exceeded losses in financial

activities (-200). Employment in other services did not change over the month. Government employment, at 137,200, increased 1,900 in local (+1,500) and state (+400) government. Employment in federal government did not change over the month.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 8,700 from October 2023 to October 2024. Goodsproducing industries lost 3,700 jobs in manufacturing (-2,100) and mining, logging, and construction (-1,600). Employment in private service-providing industries increased 9,600 as gains in private educational and health services (+7,200), leisure and hospitality (+2,600), professional and business services (+2,500), trade, transportation, and utilities (+1,200), and other services (+400) exceeded losses in financial activities (-3,800) and information (-500). Government employment increased 2,800 in local (+2,500), state (+200), and federal (+100) government.

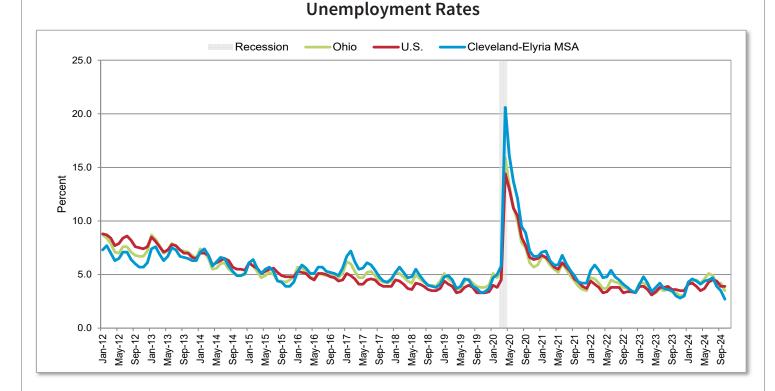
					Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Civ	vilian Labor (thousands		Unemployment		Trade, Prof. and Educational Transport., Business and Health					
Total	Employed	Unemployed	Rate		Total	Mfg.	and Utilities	Services	Services	Government
1,034.0	971.6	62.4	6.0%	2014	1,036.6	124.3	182.5	150.7	194.0	133.8
1,025.7	974.1	51.7	5.0%	2015	1,045.4	124.3	184.0	150.8	197.3	134.6
1,033.9	978.2	55.7	5.4%	2016	1,055.3	121.1	184.7	153.1	201.6	136.3
1,054.7	996.0	58.7	5.6%	2017	1,058.7	121.2	182.2	155.2	202.2	136.6
1,058.1	1,008.5	49.5	4.7%	2018	1,070.0	123.7	182.2	158.8	203.8	137.6
1,068.4	1,024.7	43.6	4.1%	2019	1,081.0	123.4	185.6	162.1	206.3	138.6
1,016.4	918.1	98.2	9.7%	2020	1,008.5	114.9	178.9	153.6	196.8	131.8
1,013.0	955.6	57.5	5.7%	2021	1,028.0	114.5	184.0	158.2	194.3	129.5
1,025.5	978.1	47.4	4.6%	2022	1,049.5	117.9	188.0	155.0	196.8	130.6
1,034.2	996.2	38.0	3.7%	2023	1,062.3	119.3	187.8	152.8	204.0	133.2
1,033.4	997.3	36.1	3.5%	September	1,062.2	118.8	185.9	152.7	205.4	132.6
1,037.4	1,006.1	31.3	3.0%	October	1,068.9	118.1	187.6	153.9	208.2	134.4
1,040.2	1,010.8	29.4	2.8%	November	1,070.8	118.1	190.8	152.4	209.6	136.1
1,017.6	986.6	31.0	3.0%	December 2024	1,069.3	119.5	193.0	150.6	209.1	135.2
1,017.5	974.3	43.2	4.3%	January	1,045.4	118.2	188.0	147.2	205.9	130.4
1,003.7	957.8	45.9	4.6%	February	1,053.5	118.3	187.2	147.5	210.1	133.7
1,009.9	965.9	44.0	4.4%	March	1,058.4	118.4	187.1	149.7	210.9	134.7
1,025.8	984.2	41.6	4.1%	April	1,062.7	118.1	186.7	152.1	211.0	134.0
1,025.4	980.1	45.4	4.4%	Мау	1,073.7	117.9	187.6	154.4	210.4	135.2
1,049.3	1,001.8	47.5	4.5%	June	1,079.3	118.2	188.6	155.7	207.4	136.9
1,069.5	1,019.4	50.1	4.7%	July	1,078.5	117.4	188.6	157.5	207.8	134.5
1,054.1	1,013.1	41.0	3.9%	August	1,074.8	116.6	187.7	158.8	209.7	132.8
1,055.7	1,019.1	36.6	3.5%	September	1,071.0	115.8	187.2	155.2	213.0	135.3
1,052.4	1,024.0	28.5	2.7%	October	1,077.6	116.0	188.8	156.4	215.4	137.2

Cleveland-Elyria MSA Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a Not Seasonally Adjusted

	E	mploymen (thousands)	t		nge sands)		cent nge
	Oct 2024 ^b	Sep 2024º	Oct 2023 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	1,077.6	1,071.0	1,068.9	6.6	8.7	0.6	0.8
Total Private	940.4	935.7	934.5	4.7	5.9	0.5	0.6
Goods-Producing (Private)	157.2	158.2	160.9	-1.0	-3.7	-0.6	-2.3
Mining, Logging, and Construction	41.2	42.4	42.8	-1.2	-1.6	-2.8	-3.7
Specialty Trade Contractors	28.7	28.7	27.9	0.0	0.8	0.0	2.9
Manufacturing	116.0	115.8	118.1	0.2	-2.1	0.2	-1.8
Durable Goods ^d	81.4	81.3	82.6	0.1	-1.2	0.1	-1.5
Primary Metal Manufacturing	6.0	6.0	6.2	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-3.2
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	24.9	24.9	25.6	0.0	-0.7	0.0	-2.7
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	12.8	12.8	12.7	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.8
Motor Vehicle Parts Manufacturing	7.3	7.2	7.1	0.1	0.2	1.4	2.8
Nondurable Goods ^e	34.6	34.5	35.5	0.1	-0.9	0.3	-2.5
Service-Providing (Private)	783.2	777.5	773.6	5.7	9.6	0.7	1.2
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	188.8	187.2	187.6	1.6	1.2	0.9	0.6
Wholesale Trade	55.5	54.9	54.2	0.6	1.3	1.1	2.4
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	33.2	33.0	32.5	0.2	0.7	0.6	2.2
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	17.2	17.2	17.3	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-0.6
Retail Trade	93.4	92.4	94.1	1.0	-0.7	1.1	-0.7
Food and Beverage Retailers	20.7	20.5	20.5	0.2	0.2	1.0	1.0
General Merchandise Retailers	19.0	18.8	18.9	0.2	0.1	1.1	0.5
Health and Personal Care Retailers	8.0	8.0	8.5	0.0	-0.5	0.0	-5.9
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	39.9	39.9	39.3	0.0	0.6	0.0	1.5
Transportation and Warehousing	37.4	37.4	37.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	1.1
Information	13.9	13.8	14.4	0.1	-0.5	0.7	-3.5
Financial Activities	69.0	69.2	72.8	-0.2	-3.8	-0.3	-5.2
Finance and Insurance	55.9	56.1	58.2	-0.2	-2.3	-0.4	-4.0
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	17.4	17.3	18.0	0.1	-0.6	0.6	-3.3
Depository Credit Intermediation	12.5	12.5	12.9	0.0	-0.4	0.0	-3.1
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	32.7	32.6	34.0	0.1	-1.3	0.3	-3.8
Insurance Carriers	21.7	21.7	22.4	0.0	-0.7	0.0	-3.1
Professional and Business Services	156.4	155.2	153.9	1.2	2.5	0.8	1.6
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	64.7	64.2	63.2	0.5	1.5	0.8	2.4
Management of Companies and Enterprises	29.1	29.4	28.9	-0.3	0.2	-1.0	0.7
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	62.6	61.6	61.8	1.0	0.8	1.6	1.3
Administrative and Support Services	60.0	57.8	58.5	2.2	1.5	3.8	2.6
Employment Services	23.8	23.7	24.7	0.1	-0.9	0.4	-3.6
Private Educational and Health Services	215.4	213.0	208.2	2.4	7.2	1.1	3.5
Private Educational Services	36.6	34.9	36.3	1.7	0.3	4.9	0.8
Health Care and Social Assistance	178.8	178.1	171.9	0.7	6.9	0.4	4.0
Hospitals	73.4	73.1	71.2	0.3	2.2	0.4	3.1
Nursing and Residential Care Facilities	30.8	30.7	29.7	0.1	1.1	0.3	3.7
Leisure and Hospitality	101.2	100.6	98.6	0.6	2.6	0.6	2.6
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	16.7	17.0	16.4	-0.3	0.3	-1.8	1.8
Accommodation and Food Services	84.5	83.6	82.2	0.9	2.3	1.1	2.8
Other Services	38.5	38.5	38.1	0.0	0.4	0.0	1.0
Government	137.2	135.3	134.4	1.9	2.8	1.4	2.1
Federal Government	20.6	20.6	20.5	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.5
State Government	7.5	7.1	7.3	0.4	0.2	5.6	2.7
State Government Educational ^f Services	3.6	3.1	3.2	0.5	0.4	16.1	12.5
Local Government	109.1	107.6	106.6	1.5	2.5	1.4	2.3
Local Government Educational Services	49.0	47.8	48.1	1.2	0.9	2.5	1.9

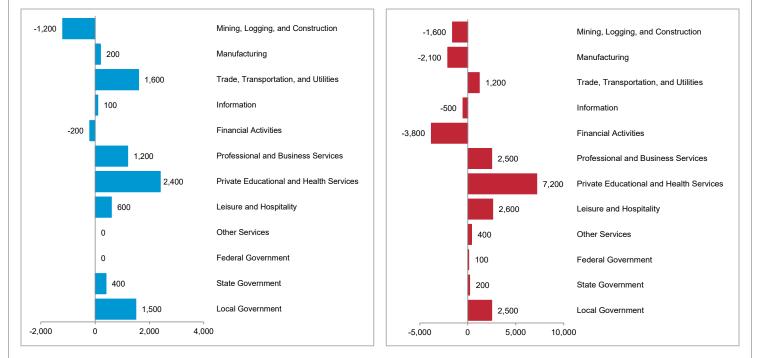
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. 'Revised. ⁴Includes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ⁶Includes food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing. ¹Includes state universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service.

Cleveland-Elyria Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted



Cleveland-Elyria MSA Over-the-Month Change

Cleveland-Elyria MSA Over-the-Year Change



Columbus Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Delaware, Fairfield, Franklin, Hocking, Licking, Madison, Morrow, Perry, Pickaway, and Union Counties

Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Columbus metropolitan area totaled 1,160,200 in October 2024, an increase of 4,300 jobs from September. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 129,000, increased 100 as gains in manufacturing (+200) outpaced losses in mining, logging, and construction (-100). Private service-providing employment, at 842,100, increased 3,700 as gains in private educational and health services (+1,600), professional and business services (+1,400), trade, transportation, and utilities (+1,000), financial activities (+900), other services (+200), and information (+100) exceeded



losses in leisure and hospitality (-1,500).Government employment, at 189,100, increased 500 as gains in local government (+1,000) surpassed losses in state government (-500). Federal government employment did not change over the month.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment decreased 5,100 from October 2023 to October 2024. Goods-producing industries increased 1,800 as gains in mining, logging, and construction (+3,500) surpassed losses in manufacturing (-1,700). Employment in the private service-providing sector decreased 7,800 as losses in trade, transportation, and utilities (-6,900), professional and business services (-5,400), financial activities (-1,200), and information (-800) outweighed gains in private educational and health services (+5,500), other services (+800), and leisure and hospitality (+200). Government employment increased 900 as gains in local (+900) and federal (+300) government outweighed losses in state government (-300).

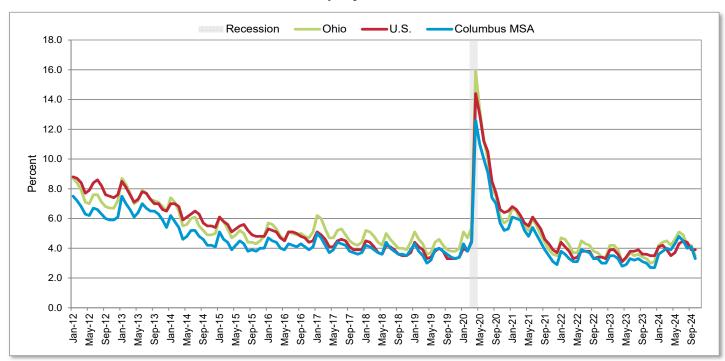
					Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Civ	vilian Labor (thousands		Unemployment				Trade, Transport.,	Prof. and Business	Private Educational and Health	
Total	Employed	Unemployed	Rate		Total	Mfg.	and Utilities	Services	Services	Government
1,030.7	979.9	50.8	4.9%	2014	1,016.6	70.0	191.9	175.5	144.0	167.2
1,042.2	998.3	43.9	4.2%	2015	1,040.6	71.7	197.2	176.9	148.9	170.5
1,060.0	1,015.4	44.6	4.2%	2016	1,064.3	71.6	201.9	180.5	153.2	174.0
1,082.8	1,038.5	44.3	4.1%	2017	1,085.4	72.3	207.0	180.0	158.6	177.7
1,091.8	1,049.7	42.1	3.9%	2018	1,100.3	73.3	208.6	181.4	161.8	180.0
1,111.3	1,071.2	40.1	3.6%	2019	1,113.8	73.6	213.2	182.1	163.1	183.1
1,101.8	1,023.5	78.2	7.1%	2020	1,063.8	70.2	215.6	174.7	155.2	177.0
1,110.6	1,058.8	51.9	4.7%	2021	1,101.5	72.5	226.6	181.3	158.0	178.5
1,116.8	1,078.6	38.2	3.4%	2022	1,135.6	74.3	230.6	189.9	161.1	180.5
1,128.9	1,093.7	35.2	3.1%	2023	1,154.0	74.4	226.1	190.3	170.2	185.8
1,129.4	1,094.1	35.3	3.1%	September	1,156.9	74.3	226.6	189.6	171.1	186.7
1,130.7	1,096.5	34.2	3.0%	October	1,165.3	74.2	227.3	192.4	174.0	188.2
1,133.3	1,102.6	30.7	2.7%	November	1,168.0	74.0	231.6	192.2	175.0	189.5
1,123.6	1,093.3	30.3	2.7%	December 2024	1,164.3	74.3	233.3	189.4	174.7	189.7
1,120.3	1,080.1	40.1	3.6%	January	1,138.2	73.1	223.0	185.1	173.0	189.2
1,131.0	1,088.0	42.9	3.8%	February	1,143.2	73.0	220.7	184.9	176.0	191.9
1,139.4	1,093.7	45.7	4.0%	March	1,147.3	72.9	220.1	186.6	176.1	192.1
1,136.7	1,092.5	44.2	3.9%	April	1,152.7	73.1	219.9	187.4	177.3	190.5
1,145.8	1,096.0	49.8	4.3%	Мау	1,168.4	73.6	221.4	189.1	178.3	191.9
1,167.4	1,111.1	56.3	4.8%	June	1,169.7	73.8	221.1	189.1	177.1	187.4
1,168.3	1,115.6	52.7	4.5%	July	1,166.5	73.3	220.2	189.0	177.8	185.7
1,146.4	1,101.0	45.3	4.0%	August	1,162.1	72.8	219.2	188.4	178.2	185.5
1,149.9	1,103.2	46.7	4.1%	September	1,155.9	72.3	219.4	185.6	177.9	188.6
1,150.5	1,112.3	38.2	3.3%	October	1,160.2	72.5	220.4	187.0	179.5	189.1

Columbus MSA Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a Not Seasonally Adjusted

	E	mployme ı (thousands)	nt	Cha (thous			cent nge
	Oct	Sep	Oct	From Last	From Last From Last		From Last
	2024 ^b	2024 ^c	2023 ^c	Month	Year	Month	Year
Total Nonagricultural	1,160.2	1,155.9	1,165.3	4.3	-5.1	0.4	-0.4
Total Private	971.1	967.3	977.1	3.8	-6.0	0.4	-0.6
Goods-Producing (Private)	129.0	128.9	127.2	0.1	1.8	0.1	1.4
Mining, Logging, and Construction	56.5	56.6	53.0	-0.1	3.5	-0.2	6.6
Specialty Trade Contractors	33.1	33.1	31.3	0.0	1.8	0.0	5.8
Manufacturing	72.5	72.3	74.2	0.2	-1.7	0.3	-2.3
Durable Goods ^d	42.8	42.6	43.7	0.2	-0.9	0.5	-2.1
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	13.4	13.4	13.6	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-1.5
Nondurable Goods ^e	29.7	29.7	30.5	0.0	-0.8	0.0	-2.6
Food Manufacturing	8.3	8.2	8.5	0.1	-0.2	1.2	-2.4
Service-Providing (Private)	842.1	838.4	849.9	3.7	-7.8	0.4	-0.9
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	220.4	219.4	227.3	1.0	-6.9	0.5	-3.0
Wholesale Trade	41.5	41.7	42.9	-0.2	-1.4	-0.5	-3.3
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	26.1	26.1	26.3	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-0.8
Retail Trade	101.4	100.2	103.5	1.2	-2.1	1.2	-2.0
General Merchandise Retailers	20.4	20.1	20.1	0.3	0.3	1.5	1.5
Health and Personal Care Retailers	5.8	5.8	6.1	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-4.9
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	77.5	77.5	80.9	0.0	-3.4	0.0	-4.2
Transportation and Warehousing	73.4	73.3	76.4	0.1	-3.0	0.1	-3.9
Information	17.5	17.4	18.3	0.1	-0.8	0.6	-4.4
Financial Activities	83.8	82.9	85.0	0.9	-1.2	1.1	-1.4
Finance and Insurance	65.6	65.4	66.9	0.2	-1.3	0.3	-1.9
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	28.6	28.6	29.3	0.0	-0.7	0.0	-2.4
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	29.7	29.6	31.0	0.1	-1.3	0.3	-4.2
Insurance Carriers	17.7	17.6	18.4	0.1	-0.7	0.6	-3.8
Professional and Business Services	187.0	185.6	192.4	1.4	-5.4	0.8	-2.8
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	76.1	75.2	76.3	0.9	-0.2	1.2	-0.3
Computer Systems Design and Related Services	18.5	18.3	19.0	0.2	-0.5	1.1	-2.6
Management of Companies and Enterprises	38.3	38.6	39.4	-0.3	-1.1	-0.8	-2.8
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	72.6	71.8	76.7	0.8	-4.1	1.1	-5.3
Employment Services	32.2	32.0	34.2	0.2	-2.0	0.6	-5.8
Private Educational and Health Services	179.5	177.9	174.0	1.6	5.5	0.9	3.2
Health Care and Social Assistance	159.0	158.2	154.4	0.8	4.6	0.5	3.0
Hospitals	33.8	33.7	33.0	0.1	0.8	0.3	2.4
Leisure and Hospitality	109.4	110.9	109.2	-1.5	0.2	-1.4	0.2
Accommodation and Food Services	92.5	93.7	93.3	-1.2	-0.8	-1.3	-0.9
Food Services and Drinking Places	84.8	85.8	85.3	-1.0	-0.5	-1.2	-0.6
Other Services	44.5	44.3	43.7	0.2	0.8	0.5	1.8
Government	189.1	188.6	188.2	0.5	0.9	0.3	0.5
Federal Government	15.2	15.2	14.9	0.0	0.3	0.0	2.0
State Government	80.3	80.8	80.6	-0.5	-0.3	-0.6	-0.4
State Government Educational ^f Services	33.0	33.6	31.8	-0.6	1.2	-1.8	3.8
Local Government	93.6	92.6	92.7	1.0	0.9	1.1	1.0
Local Government Educational Services	54.2	53.5	53.5	0.7	0.7	1.3	1.3

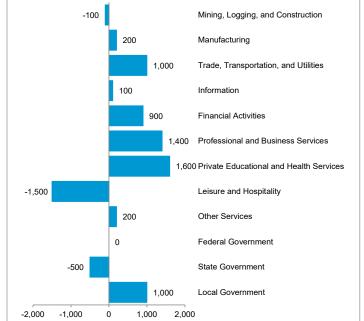
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing. ^fIncludes state universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service.

Columbus Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

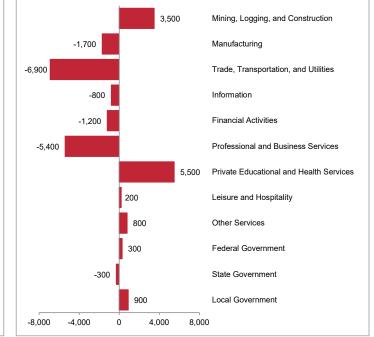


Unemployment Rates

Columbus MSA Over-the-Month Change



Columbus MSA Over-the-Year Change



Dayton Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Greene, Miami, and Montgomery Counties

Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Dayton metropolitan area totaled 390,700 in October 2024, an increase of 1,800 jobs from September. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 56,500, decreased 100 in mining, logging, and construction. Private service-providing employment, at 272,400, increased 1,600 as gains in private educational and health services (+700), trade, transportation, and utilities (+600), professional and business services (+200), information (+100), financial activities (+100), and other services (+100) exceeded losses in leisure and hospitality (-200). Government

employment, at 61,800, increased 300 in federal (+200) and local (+100) government. State government employment did not change over the month.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment decreased 400 from October 2023 to October 2024. Employment in goods-producing industries did not change over the year, as gains in mining, logging, and construction (+100) were offset by losses in manufacturing (-100). Private service-providing sector employment also did not change over the year, as gains in private educational and health services (+1,700), leisure and hospitality (+500), and other services (+200) were offset by losses in professional and business services (-1,300), financial activities (-500), trade, transportation, and utilities (-400), and information (-200). Government employment decreased 400 as losses in state (-400) and local (-200) government surpassed gains in federal government (+200).

					Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
	ilian Labor (thousands	5)	Unemployment				Trade, Transport.,	Prof. and Business	Private Educational and Health	
Total	Employed	Unemployed	Rate		Total	Mfg.	and Utilities	Services	Services	Government
381.8	359.5	22.3	5.8%	2014	372.1	38.9	64.3	48.9	69.7	62.0
383.1	364.6	18.5	4.8%	2015	379.3	40.0	65.6	50.3	71.2	62.7
385.7	367.3	18.4	4.8%	2016	384.0	41.2	65.3	50.8	72.8	63.0
389.9	371.8	18.1	4.7%	2017	387.4	42.0	65.6	51.2	73.7	62.6
389.6	372.7	16.9	4.3%	2018	389.1	43.0	66.2	52.3	74.0	62.0
393.4	377.4	16.0	4.1%	2019	390.6	43.7	65.6	52.4	74.8	62.2
386.3	355.4	30.8	8.0%	2020	368.8	40.5	63.8	50.6	71.3	60.6
380.6	360.9	19.7	5.2%	2021	373.9	40.7	65.3	51.6	71.1	60.4
379.5	364.6	14.9	3.9%	2022	382.7	41.7	67.6	52.7	71.7	60.7
382.7	368.9	13.8	3.6%	2023	387.9	41.3	68.4	52.4	74.2	61.2
381.3	367.6	13.7	3.6%	September	387.3	41.1	67.4	51.8	74.9	61.1
382.8	369.3	13.5	3.5%	October	391.1	41.3	68.0	52.5	75.5	62.2
383.7	371.5	12.2	3.2%	November	392.2	41.0	69.0	52.5	75.7	62.9
380.2	368.4	11.8	3.1%	December 2024	391.1	41.3	69.7	51.5	75.3	62.5
381.0	365.6	15.3	4.0%	January	384.1	41.0	67.3	50.8	74.8	61.3
384.3	367.8	16.5	4.3%	February	384.9	41.1	66.9	51.1	75.0	62.0
386.7	369.5	17.2	4.4%	March	386.1	41.2	67.1	50.9	74.7	62.4
385.5	369.1	16.4	4.3%	April	387.9	41.3	67.4	51.1	75.0	62.5
385.7	367.3	18.4	4.8%	Мау	390.0	41.8	67.6	51.6	75.2	61.5
395.6	374.4	21.3	5.4%	June	392.9	42.1	67.8	51.6	75.3	61.3
395.9	376.1	19.7	5.0%	July	392.1	41.8	67.6	51.5	75.4	60.8
388.3	371.3	17.0	4.4%	August	390.5	41.3	67.5	51.2	75.7	61.0
390.1	372.5	17.6	4.5%	September	388.9	41.2	67.0	51.0	76.5	61.5
390.2	375.8	14.4	3.7%	October	390.7	41.2	67.6	51.2	77.2	61.8



Dayton MSA Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a Not Seasonally Adjusted

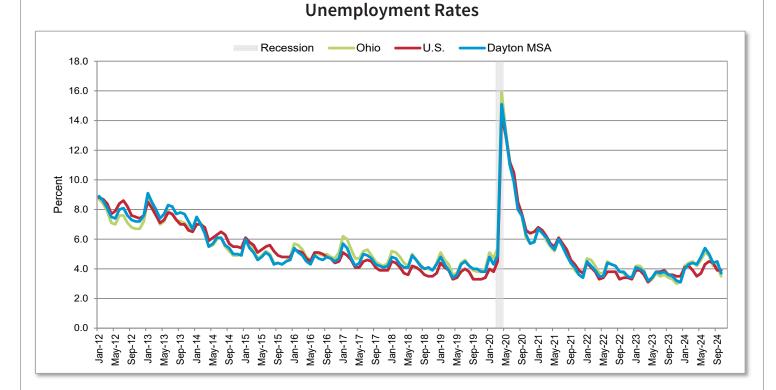
	E	mployme (thousands)	nt	Cha (thous		Pero Cha	cent nge
	Oct 2024 ^b	Sep 2024º	Oct 2023°	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	390.7	388.9	391.1	1.8	-0.4	0.5	-0.1
Total Private	328.9	327.4	328.9	1.5	0.0	0.5	0.0
Goods-Producing (Private)	56.5	56.6	56.5	-0.1	0.0	-0.2	0.0
Mining, Logging, and Construction	15.3	15.4	15.2	-0.1	0.1	-0.6	0.7
Manufacturing	41.2	41.2	41.3	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-0.2
Durable Goods ^d	30.2	30.2	30.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	5.7	5.7	5.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Service-Providing (Private)	272.4	270.8	272.4	1.6	0.0	0.6	0.0
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	67.6	67.0	68.0	0.6	-0.4	0.9	-0.6
Wholesale Trade	15.1	15.0	14.9	0.1	0.2	0.7	1.3
Retail Trade	37.9	37.5	38.4	0.4	-0.5	1.1	-1.3
General Merchandise Retailers	8.5	8.3	8.4	0.2	0.1	2.4	1.2
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	14.6	14.5	14.7	0.1	-0.1	0.7	-0.7
Transportation and Warehousing	13.6	13.6	13.8	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-1.4
Information	5.4	5.3	5.6	0.1	-0.2	1.9	-3.6
Financial Activities	16.4	16.3	16.9	0.1	-0.5	0.6	-3.0
Finance and Insurance	12.4	12.4	12.9	0.0	-0.5	0.0	-3.9
Professional and Business Services	51.2	51.0	52.5	0.2	-1.3	0.4	-2.5
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	30.2	29.9	30.3	0.3	-0.1	1.0	-0.3
Management of Companies and Enterprises	4.7	4.7	4.8	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-2.1
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	16.3	16.4	17.4	-0.1	-1.1	-0.6	-6.3
Private Educational and Health Services	77.2	76.5	75.5	0.7	1.7	0.9	2.3
Health Care and Social Assistance	64.1	63.8	63.5	0.3	0.6	0.5	0.9
Hospitals	19.3	19.4	19.0	-0.1	0.3	-0.5	1.6
Leisure and Hospitality	40.7	40.9	40.2	-0.2	0.5	-0.5	1.2
Other Services	13.9	13.8	13.7	0.1	0.2	0.7	1.5
Government	61.8	61.5	62.2	0.3	-0.4	0.5	-0.6
Federal Government	19.8	19.6	19.6	0.2	0.2	1.0	1.0
State Government	5.2	5.2	5.6	0.0	-0.4	0.0	-7.1
State Government Educational ^e Services	4.0	4.0	4.5	0.0	-0.5	0.0	-11.1
Local Government	36.8	36.7	37.0	0.1	-0.2	0.3	-0.5
Local Government Educational Services	21.9	21.5	21.5	0.4	0.4	1.9	1.9

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes state universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service.

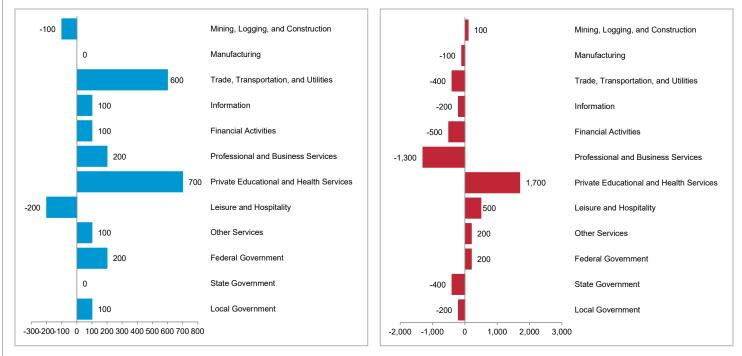
Dayton MSA

Over-the-Year Change

Dayton Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted



Dayton MSA Over-the-Month Change



Lima **Metropolitan Statistical Area** Not Seasonally Adjusted

Allen County

Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Lima metropolitan area totaled 52,200 in October 2024, an increase of 300 from September. Employment in goodsproducing industries, at 11,000, did not change over the month. Private service-providing employment, at 35,300, increased 400 in trade, transportation, and utilities (+300) and private educational and health services (+100). Government employment, at 5,900, decreased 100 in state government. Federal and local government employment did not change over the month.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment decreased 300 from October 2023 to October 2024. Employment in goods-producing industries did not change over the year, as gains in manufacturing (+100) were offset by losses in mining, logging, and construction (-100). Employment in private service-providing industries decreased 200 over the year, as losses in scattered industries (-300) and professional and business services (-200) exceeded gains in trade, transportation, and utilities (+100), private educational and health services (+100), and leisure and hospitality (+100). Government employment decreased 100 over the year in state government. Federal and local government employment did not change over the year.

Civ	vilian Labor (thousands		Unemployment
Total	Employed	Unemployed	Rate
48.5	45.7	2.8	5.8%
48.0	45.6	2.4	4.9%
48.5	46.0	2.4	5.0%
48.9	46.4	2.4	5.0%
48.2	46.0	2.1	4.5%
48.3	46.3	2.0	4.1%
47.8	43.7	4.1	8.6%
47.2	44.5	2.7	5.8%
46.7	44.7	2.0	4.2%
46.9	45.2	1.7	3.7%
46.5	44.9	1.6	3.4%
46.6	45.0	1.6	3.4%
46.6	45.2	1.4	3.0%
46.4	45.0	1.4	3.0%
46.5	44.6	1.9	4.0%
46.7	44.7	2.0	4.3%
47.0	44.9	2.1	4.5%
47.1	45.0	2.0	4.3%
47.3	45.1	2.2	4.7%
48.4	45.7	2.7	5.6%
48.2	45.8	2.4	4.9%
47.4	45.4	2.0	4.3%
47.4	45.3	2.1	4.4%
47.5	45.8	1.7	3.6%

	Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment									
	(thousands)									
	Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government				
2014	52.0	8.5	9.8	4.8	11.1	6.1				
2015	52.3	8.8	9.8	4.9	11.0	6.1				
2016	52.9	8.9	9.9	4.7	11.8	6.1				
2017	53.3	9.0	9.8	4.5	12.1	6.1				
2018	53.0	9.2	9.8	4.6	11.9	6.0				
2019	53.0	9.1	9.7	5.2	11.5	6.1				
2020	49.9	8.4	9.3	5.3	10.7	5.9				
2021	50.8	8.2	9.6	5.8	10.8	5.9				
2022	51.7	8.4	9.7	5.8	10.9	6.0				
2023	52.2	8.7	9.4	5.6	11.1	6.0				
September	52.0	8.8	9.3	5.3	11.1	6.0				
October	52.5	8.8	9.4	5.4	11.3	6.0				
November	52.5	8.8	9.5	5.3	11.4	5.9				
December 2024	52.5	8.9	9.6	5.3	11.4	5.9				
January	51.5	8.8	9.3	5.2	11.3	5.9				
February	51.6	8.9	9.2	5.2	11.2	5.9				
March	51.6	8.8	9.2	5.2	11.3	5.9				
April	52.1	8.8	9.2	5.3	11.3	5.9				
Мау	52.7	8.9	9.5	5.3	11.3	6.0				
June	52.7	9.0	9.4	5.3	11.3	6.0				
July	52.6	9.0	9.4	5.3	11.4	5.9				
August	52.4	8.9	9.3	5.3	11.4	5.8				
September	51.9	8.9	9.2	5.2	11.3	6.0				
October	52.2	8.9	9.5	5.2	11.4	5.9				

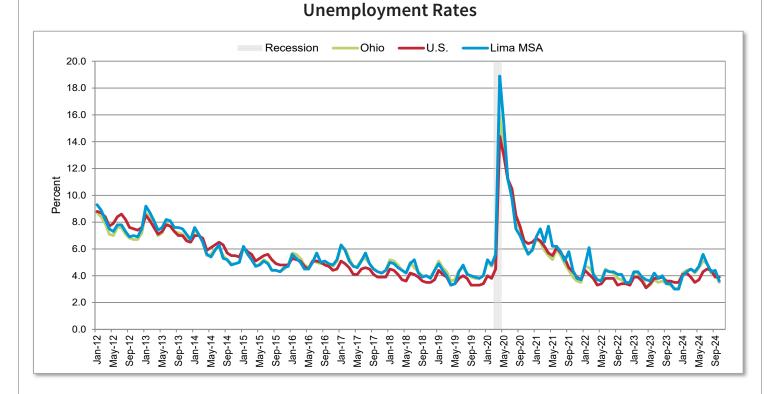


Lima MSA Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)		Change (thousands)		Percent Change		
	Oct 2024 ^b	Sep 2024°	Oct 2023°	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	52.2	51.9	52.5	0.3	-0.3	0.6	-0.6
Total Private	46.3	45.9	46.5	0.4	-0.2	0.9	-0.4
Goods-Producing (Private)	11.0	11.0	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mining, Logging, and Construction	2.1	2.1	2.2	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-4.5
Manufacturing ^d	8.9	8.9	8.8	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.1
Service-Providing (Private)	35.3	34.9	35.5	0.4	-0.2	1.1	-0.6
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	9.5	9.2	9.4	0.3	0.1	3.3	1.1
Wholesale Trade	2.7	2.7	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Retail Trade	5.5	5.4	5.4	0.1	0.1	1.9	1.9
Professional and Business Services	5.2	5.2	5.4	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-3.7
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	3.2	3.3	3.4	-0.1	-0.2	-3.0	-5.9
Private Educational and Health Services	11.4	11.3	11.3	0.1	0.1	0.9	0.9
Leisure and Hospitality	5.3	5.3	5.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.9
Government	5.9	6.0	6.0	-0.1	-0.1	-1.7	-1.7
Federal Government	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
State Government	0.9	1.0	1.0	-0.1	-0.1	-10.0	-10.0
Local Government	4.7	4.7	4.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Local Government Educational Services	2.9	2.8	2.9	0.1	0.0	3.6	0.0

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products.

Lima **Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted**



Lima MSA **Over-the-Month Change**

300

Leisure and Hospitality

Federal Government

State Government

Local Government

400

0

0

0

0

0

0

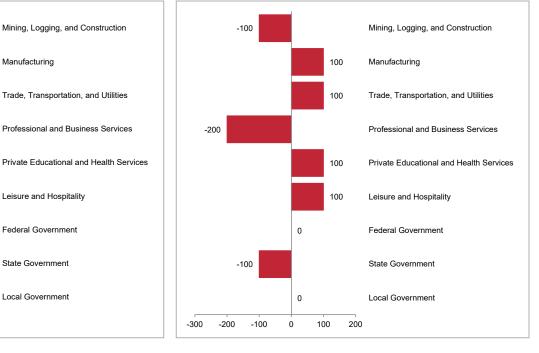
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100

200



Lima MSA **Over-the-Year Change**



OFFICE OF WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT BUREAU OF LABOR MARKET INFORMATION

-100

-200

Mansfield Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Richland County

Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Mansfield metropolitan area totaled 51,700 in October 2024, an increase of 300 from September. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 11,800, did not change over the month. Private service-providing employment, at 32,300, increased 300 in trade, transportation, and utilities (+100), private educational and health services (+100), and other services (+100). Government employment, at 7,600, did not change over the month.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 700 from October 2023 to October 2024. Employment in goods-producing industries did not change over the year. Employment in the private service-providing sector increased 500 with gains in private educational and health services (+300), leisure and hospitality (+200), and other services (+100) exceeding losses in professional and business services (-100). Government employment increased 200, as gains in local government (+300) exceeded losses in state government (-100). Federal government employment did not change over the year.

Civ	vilian Labor			
	(thousands	5)	Unemployment	
Total	Employed	Unemployed	Rate	
54.7	51.1	3.6	6.5%	201
53.7	50.7	3.0	5.6%	201
53.6	50.6	3.0	5.6%	201
53.5	50.6	2.9	5.4%	201
53.1	50.5	2.6	4.9%	201
52.9	50.5	2.4	4.6%	201
51.7	47.0	4.6	9.0%	202
51.1	48.2	2.9	5.6%	202
50.4	48.1	2.3	4.5%	202
50.6	48.5	2.1	4.1%	202
50.3	48.4	1.9	3.8%	Septen
50.4	48.5	1.9	3.8%	Octob
50.6	48.9	1.8	3.5%	Novem
50.4	48.5	1.9	3.8%	Decem
50.8	48.2	2.6	5.1%	202 Janua
51.1	48.4	2.7	5.3%	Febru
51.4	48.6	2.8	5.4%	Marc
51.0	48.3	2.7	5.3%	Apri
51.1	48.5	2.7	5.2%	Мау
52.6	49.7	3.0	5.7%	Jun
52.7	49.8	2.8	5.4%	July
51.7	49.3	2.4	4.6%	Augu
51.8	49.4	2.5	4.8%	Septen
51.9	49.8	2.1	4.1%	Octob

		Nonagi		ge and Salary ousands)	Employment	
	Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
2014	52.8	9.5	10.2	5.4	8.0	7.9
2015	52.5	9.7	10.1	5.3	8.1	7.7
2016	52.7	9.7	10.0	5.5	8.1	7.7
2017	52.5	9.9	10.0	5.1	8.1	7.6
2018	52.7	10.1	10.2	4.9	8.3	7.7
2019	52.1	9.9	10.0	4.8	8.1	7.7
2020	48.5	9.0	9.6	4.2	7.8	7.4
2021	49.7	9.3	9.9	4.1	7.9	7.3
2022	50.1	9.4	10.0	4.0	7.9	7.3
2023	50.7	9.4	9.9	4.0	8.3	7.4
ptember	50.6	9.4	9.8	4.1	8.3	7.3
ctober	51.0	9.4	10.0	4.1	8.4	7.4
ovember	51.4	9.4	10.3	4.1	8.5	7.5
ecember 2024	51.3	9.5	10.4	4.0	8.5	7.3
anuary	50.3	9.4	10.0	3.9	8.4	7.3
ebruary	50.4	9.4	9.8	3.9	8.4	7.5
March	50.6	9.4	9.9	4.0	8.4	7.4
April	50.5	9.4	9.9	4.0	8.4	7.3
Мау	51.1	9.5	9.9	4.0	8.5	7.3
June	51.8	9.6	10.0	4.1	8.5	7.4
July	51.7	9.6	9.9	4.1	8.6	7.3
August	51.8	9.5	10.0	4.1	8.6	7.5
ptember	51.4	9.4	9.9	4.0	8.6	7.6
)ctober	51.7	9.4	10.0	4.0	8.7	7.6

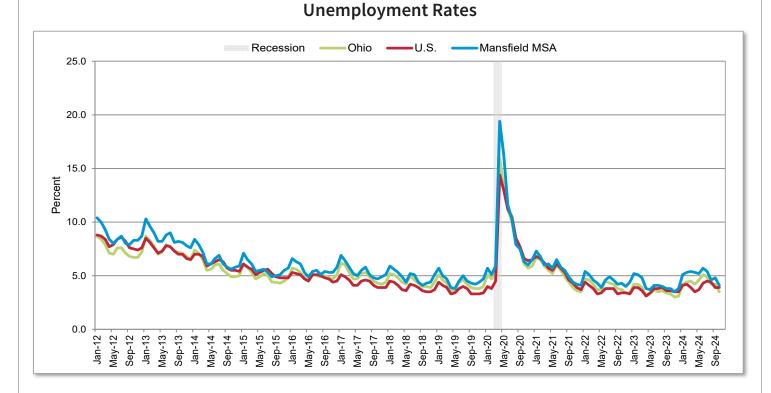


Mansfield MSA Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)		Change (thousands)		Percent Change		
	Oct 2024 ^b	Sep 2024°	Oct 2023°	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	51.7	51.4	51.0	0.3	0.7	0.6	1.4
Total Private	44.1	43.8	43.6	0.3	0.5	0.7	1.1
Goods-Producing (Private)	11.8	11.8	11.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mining, Logging, and Construction	2.4	2.4	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Manufacturing⁴	9.4	9.4	9.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Service-Providing (Private)	32.3	32.0	31.8	0.3	0.5	0.9	1.6
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	10.0	9.9	10.0	0.1	0.0	1.0	0.0
Retail Trade	6.2	6.0	6.2	0.2	0.0	3.3	0.0
Financial Activities	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Professional and Business Services	4.0	4.0	4.1	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-2.4
Private Educational and Health Services	8.7	8.6	8.4	0.1	0.3	1.2	3.6
Leisure and Hospitality	5.6	5.6	5.4	0.0	0.2	0.0	3.7
Other Services	2.2	2.1	2.1	0.1	0.1	4.8	4.8
Government	7.6	7.6	7.4	0.0	0.2	0.0	2.7
Federal Government	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
State Government	1.3	1.3	1.4	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-7.1
Local Government	5.7	5.7	5.4	0.0	0.3	0.0	5.6
Local Government Educational Services	3.5	3.5	3.3	0.0	0.2	0.0	6.1

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products.

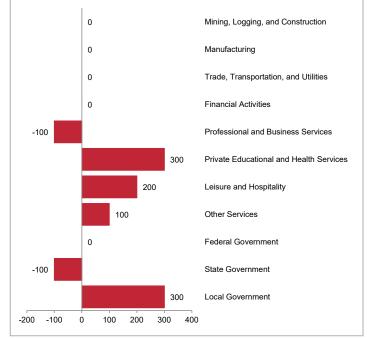
Mansfield Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted



Mansfield MSA Over-the-Month Change



Mansfield MSA Over-the-Year Change



Springfield Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Clark County

Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Springfield metropolitan area totaled 50,800 in October 2024, a gain of 300 jobs from September. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 8,300, did not change over the month. The private service-providing sector, at 35,400, also did not change over the month. Government employment, at 7,100, increased 300 in local government. Federal and state government employment did not change over the month.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment decreased 300 from October 2023 to October 2024. Employment in goods-producing industries decreased 100 in manufacturing. Employment in the private service-providing sector decreased 300, as losses in professional and business services (-300), trade, transportation, and utilities (-100), and financial activities (-100) outweighed gains in private educational and health services (+100) and leisure and hospitality (+100). Government employment increased 100 over the year, as gains in local government (+200) exceeded losses in state government (-100). Federal government employment did not change over the year.

					Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Civilian Labor Force (thousands)		Unemployment				Trade, Transport.,	Prof. and Business	Private Educational and Health		
Total	Employed	Unemployed	Rate		Total	Mfg.	and Utilities	Services	Services	Government
65.2	61.4	3.8	5.8%	2014	51.5	6.7	10.0	4.6	8.9	7.2
64.3	61.0	3.2	5.1%	2015	50.8	6.9	9.9	4.8	8.9	7.2
63.8	60.5	3.4	5.3%	2016	50.0	6.7	9.9	4.7	8.8	7.2
64.0	60.9	3.1	4.8%	2017	50.3	6.9	9.8	4.7	8.9	7.2
63.4	60.5	2.9	4.6%	2018	49.9	7.0	9.6	4.8	8.9	7.2
63.9	61.1	2.8	4.3%	2019	49.8	7.1	9.4	5.3	8.9	7.1
62.6	57.5	5.1	8.1%	2020	46.7	6.2	9.2	5.3	8.2	6.8
62.4	59.0	3.3	5.4%	2021	48.1	6.2	9.2	6.4	8.2	6.8
62.7	60.1	2.6	4.1%	2022	49.7	6.5	9.7	7.1	8.1	6.9
63.2	60.9	2.3	3.6%	2023	50.6	6.9	9.8	7.1	8.2	7.0
63.0	60.8	2.2	3.4%	September	50.6	7.0	9.8	7.2	8.2	6.7
63.3	61.1	2.3	3.6%	October	51.1	7.0	9.8	7.2	8.3	7.0
63.5	61.5	2.1	3.2%	November	51.1	7.0	10.0	7.2	8.4	7.0
63.0	60.9	2.1	3.3%	December 2024	51.0	7.0	10.0	7.1	8.4	7.0
63.0	60.3	2.7	4.3%	January	49.9	7.0	9.7	6.9	8.2	6.8
64.1	60.6	3.6	5.6%	February	50.0	7.0	9.7	6.9	8.3	6.9
63.6	60.8	2.8	4.4%	March	50.2	7.0	9.7	6.9	8.3	6.9
63.5	60.8	2.7	4.2%	April	50.7	7.0	9.8	7.0	8.3	7.0
63.9	60.9	3.0	4.8%	Мау	51.0	7.1	9.7	7.1	8.3	7.0
65.5	62.0	3.5	5.3%	June	51.6	7.1	9.8	7.0	8.3	7.2
65.3	62.0	3.3	5.0%	July	51.1	7.0	9.8	7.0	8.3	7.0
64.0	61.2	2.8	4.4%	August	50.6	7.0	9.7	7.0	8.3	6.7
64.3	61.4	2.9	4.6%	September	50.5	6.9	9.7	6.9	8.4	6.8
64.5	62.1	2.4	3.7%	October	50.8	6.9	9.7	6.9	8.4	7.1

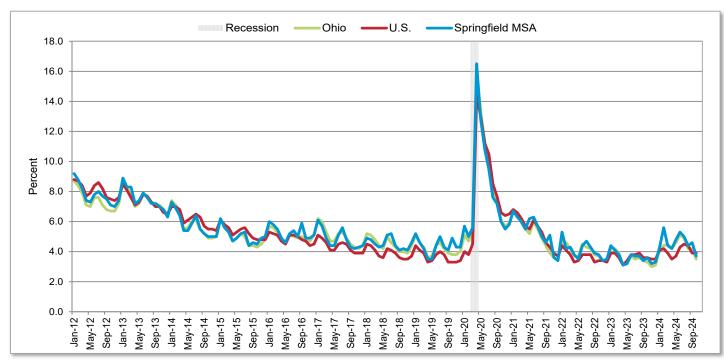


Springfield MSA Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)		Change (thousands)		Percent Change		
	Oct 2024 ^b	Sep 2024°	Oct 2023°	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	50.8	50.5	51.1	0.3	-0.3	0.6	-0.6
Total Private	43.7	43.7	44.1	0.0	-0.4	0.0	-0.9
Goods-Producing (Private)	8.3	8.3	8.4	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-1.2
Mining, Logging, and Construction	1.4	1.4	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Manufacturing ^d	6.9	6.9	7.0	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-1.4
Service-Providing (Private)	35.4	35.4	35.7	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-0.8
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	9.7	9.7	9.8	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-1.0
Wholesale Trade	1.9	1.9	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Retail Trade	4.7	4.7	4.8	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-2.1
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	3.1	3.1	3.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Financial Activities	3.3	3.3	3.4	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-2.9
Professional and Business Services	6.9	6.9	7.2	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-4.2
Private Educational and Health Services	8.4	8.4	8.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.2
Leisure and Hospitality	5.0	5.0	4.9	0.0	0.1	0.0	2.0
Other Services	2.0	2.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Government	7.1	6.8	7.0	0.3	0.1	4.4	1.4
Federal Government	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
State Government	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-50.0
Local Government	6.5	6.2	6.3	0.3	0.2	4.8	3.2
Local Government Educational Services	4.0	3.8	3.9	0.2	0.1	5.3	2.6

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products.

Springfield Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted



Unemployment Rates

Springfield MSA Over-the-Month Change

0 Mining, Logging, and Construction 0 Mining, Logging, and Construction -100 Manufacturing 0 Manufacturing Trade, Transportation, and Utilities -100 Trade, Transportation, and Utilities 0 0 **Financial Activities** -100 **Financial Activities** 0 Professional and Business Services -300 Professional and Business Services Private Educational and Health Services Private Educational and Health Services 0 100 Leisure and Hospitality 100 Leisure and Hospitality 0 0 Other Services Other Services 0 0 Federal Government Federal Government 0 0 State Government -100 State Government 300 Local Government Local Government 200 100 200 300 400 -400 -300 -200 -100 0 100 200 300

Springfield MSA Over-the-Year Change

OFFICE OF WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT BUREAU OF LABOR MARKET INFORMATION

0

Toledo **Metropolitan Statistical Area** Not Seasonally Adjusted

Fulton, Lucas, and Wood Counties

Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Toledo metropolitan area totaled 312,000 in October 2024, an increase of 1,500 jobs from September. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 61,500, increased 200 in mining, logging, and construction (+100) and manufacturing (+100). Private service-providing employment, at 202,800, increased 800 as gains in trade, transportation, and utilities (+900), private educational and health services (+700), and other services (+100) surpassed losses in leisure and hospitality (-900). Government employment, at 47,700, increased 500 in local (+300) and state (+200) government. Employment in federal government did not change over the month.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 2,600 from October 2023 to October 2024. Employment in goods-producing industries increased 700 in manufacturing (+500) and mining, logging, and construction (+200). The private service-providing sector increased 600 as gains in private educational and health services (+2,500) and other services (+200) exceeded losses in leisure and hospitality (-1,200), trade, transportation, and utilities (-600), and financial activities (-300). Government employment increased 1,300 with gains in state (+900) and local (+400) government. Employment in federal government did not change over the year.

Civ	ilian Labor (thousands			
Total	Employed	y Unemployed	Unemployment Rate	
301.2	282.8	18.4	6.1%	2014
301.8	286.4	15.4	5.1%	2015
304.9	289.9	15.1	4.9%	2016
305.2	288.6	16.6	5.5%	2017
304.4	289.6	14.8	4.9%	2018
306.8	293.3	13.5	4.4%	2019
299.2	271.1	28.1	9.4%	2020
294.0	277.3	16.7	5.7%	2021
293.7	281.4	12.3	4.2%	2022
297.3	285.7	11.6	3.9%	2023
296.9	285.9	10.9	3.7%	September
300.2	286.8	13.4	4.5%	October
297.9	287.6	10.3	3.5%	November
296.3	286.2	10.1	3.4%	December 2024
297.1	282.0	15.0	5.1%	January
299.2	285.1	14.1	4.7%	February
301.0	286.6	14.4	4.8%	March
300.5	286.6	14.0	4.7%	April
300.6	285.1	15.5	5.2%	Мау
305.8	288.5	17.3	5.7%	June
308.6	288.0	20.6	6.7%	July
300.5	285.2	15.4	5.1%	August
305.5	290.7	14.9	4.9%	September
312.3	293.2	19.1	6.1%	October

	Nonagi		ge and Salary ousands)	Employment	
Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
299.4	42.2	56.5	36.2	50.2	45.3
304.8	43.8	58.1	37.0	50.0	45.7
310.2	44.6	59.2	37.4	50.6	45.7
307.8	43.0	58.5	36.9	51.0	45.2
310.1	45.2	57.6	37.1	51.1	45.1
311.4	46.8	56.6	36.6	50.9	45.3
287.3	43.9	54.6	32.2	48.5	42.8
294.0	45.5	56.8	32.5	48.4	42.8
301.9	45.6	59.6	33.4	48.2	43.6
307.1	46.0	60.7	32.6	50.1	45.2
307.8	46.3	60.5	31.7	50.1	46.0
309.4	45.7	60.9	32.0	50.9	46.4
310.4	45.6	62.2	32.1	51.3	46.5
310.6	45.8	62.7	32.1	51.2	46.4
302.8	45.6	60.4	31.1	50.5	45.4
305.3	45.8	59.9	31.6	50.8	47.2
306.5	45.4	60.0	31.4	50.9	47.5
308.2	45.6	60.0	31.8	50.9	47.2
309.7	46.0	60.0	32.2	51.1	46.2
309.0	46.3	60.0	31.4	51.5	44.0
306.8	44.4	59.8	31.3	51.9	44.1
306.4	44.3	59.6	31.7	52.3	44.0
310.5	46.1	59.4	32.0	52.7	47.2
312.0	46.2	60.3	32.0	53.4	47.7

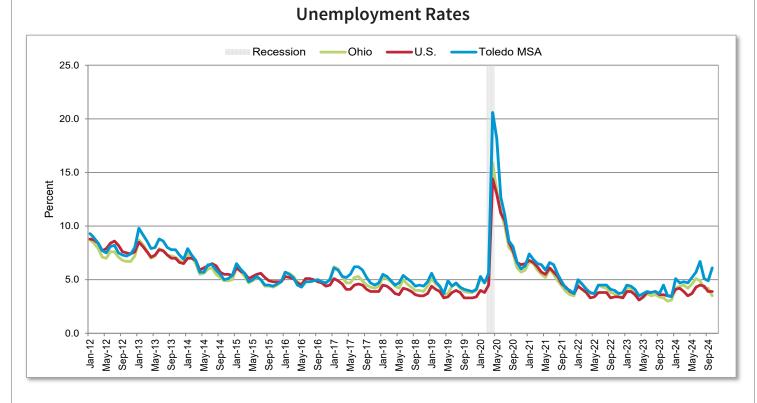


Toledo MSA Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a Not Seasonally Adjusted

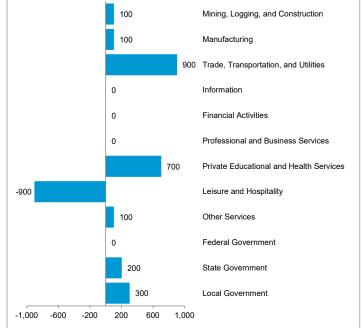
	E	mployme (thousands)	nt	Cha (thous		Per Cha	cent nge
	Oct	Sep	Oct	From Last	From Last	From Last	From Last
	2024 ^b	2024 ^c	2023°	Month	Year	Month	Year
Total Nonagricultural	312.0	310.5	309.4	1.5	2.6	0.5	0.8
Total Private	264.3	263.3	263.0	1.0	1.3	0.4	0.5
Goods-Producing (Private)	61.5	61.3	60.8	0.2	0.7	0.3	1.2
Mining, Logging, and Construction	15.3	15.2	15.1	0.1	0.2	0.7	1.3
Manufacturing	46.2	46.1	45.7	0.1	0.5	0.2	1.1
Durable Goods ^d	35.0	34.8	34.7	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.9
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	15.9	15.8	15.4	0.1	0.5	0.6	3.2
Service-Providing (Private)	202.8	202.0	202.2	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.3
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	60.3	59.4	60.9	0.9	-0.6	1.5	-1.0
Wholesale Trade	12.1	12.1	12.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.8
Retail Trade	29.1	28.3	29.4	0.8	-0.3	2.8	-1.0
General Merchandise Retailers	7.5	7.3	7.5	0.2	0.0	2.7	0.0
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	19.1	19.0	19.5	0.1	-0.4	0.5	-2.1
Transportation and Warehousing	18.4	18.3	18.9	0.1	-0.5	0.5	-2.6
Information	3.3	3.3	3.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Financial Activities	11.0	11.0	11.3	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-2.7
Professional and Business Services	32.0	32.0	32.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	10.9	10.8	10.7	0.1	0.2	0.9	1.9
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	16.0	15.8	16.5	0.2	-0.5	1.3	-3.0
Private Educational and Health Services	53.4	52.7	50.9	0.7	2.5	1.3	4.9
Health Care and Social Assistance	47.1	46.8	45.7	0.3	1.4	0.6	3.1
Hospitals	13.9	13.9	13.7	0.0	0.2	0.0	1.5
Leisure and Hospitality	31.6	32.5	32.8	-0.9	-1.2	-2.8	-3.7
Accommodation and Food Services	27.9	27.9	27.6	0.0	0.3	0.0	1.1
Other Services	11.2	11.1	11.0	0.1	0.2	0.9	1.8
Government	47.7	47.2	46.4	0.5	1.3	1.1	2.8
Federal Government	2.1	2.1	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
State Government	16.3	16.1	15.4	0.2	0.9	1.2	5.8
State Government Educational ^e Services	12.3	12.1	11.3	0.2	1.0	1.7	8.8
Local Government	29.3	29.0	28.9	0.3	0.4	1.0	1.4
Local Government Educational Services	16.7	16.5	16.7	0.2	0.0	1.2	0.0

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes state universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service.

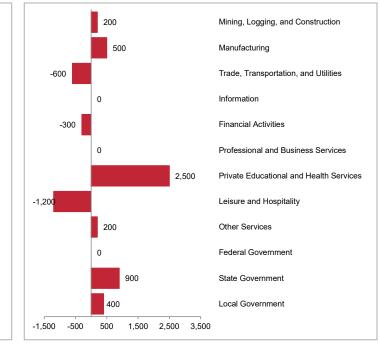
Toledo Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted



Toledo MSA Over-the-Month Change



Toledo MSA Over-the-Year Change



Weirton-Steubenville Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

In Ohio: Jefferson County In West Virginia: Brooke and Hancock Counties

Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Weirton-Steubenville metropolitan area totaled 39,900 in October 2024, an increase of 200 from September. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 6,300, did not change over the month. Private service-providing employment, at 26,500, increased 200 as gains in trade, transportation, and utilities (+100), private educational and health services (+100), and scattered industries (+100) exceeded losses in leisure and hospitality (-100). Government employment, at 7,100, did not change over the month.



Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 300 from October 2023 to October 2024. Employment in goods-producing industries did not change over the year. Private service-providing industries increased 300 as gains in scattered industries (+300) and private educational and health services (+100) exceeded losses in professional and business services (-100). Government employment did not change over the year.

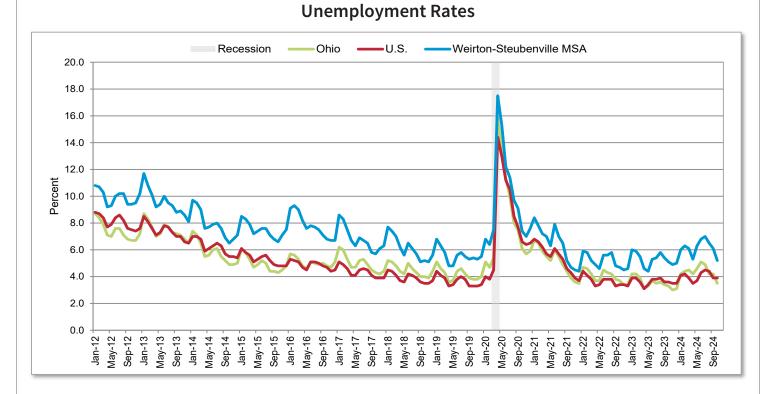
					Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Civ	ilian Labor (thousands		Unemployment				Trade, Transport.,	Prof. and Business	Private Educational and Health	
Total	Employed	Unemployed	Rate		Total	Mfg.	and Utilities	Services	Services	Government
53.3	49.1	4.2	7.9%	2014	42.6	5.5	8.7	1.9	9.1	5.9
52.8	48.9	3.9	7.5%	2015	42.3	5.5	8.9	1.9	8.9	6.0
51.9	47.9	4.1	7.8%	2016	40.9	5.4	8.8	1.8	9.0	6.0
50.7	47.3	3.4	6.8%	2017	40.1	5.2	8.4	2.0	9.0	6.1
50.8	47.7	3.1	6.1%	2018	40.4	5.3	8.4	2.1	9.0	6.3
51.1	48.3	2.9	5.6%	2019	40.7	5.5	8.3	2.2	8.9	6.5
50.0	45.1	4.9	9.8%	2020	38.2	4.7	7.9	1.9	8.7	6.8
49.6	46.4	3.2	6.4%	2021	39.1	4.8	8.0	1.9	8.4	7.2
49.4	46.8	2.5	5.2%	2022	39.9	5.0	8.1	2.1	8.6	7.2
49.3	46.7	2.6	5.3%	2023	39.7	4.7	8.1	2.2	8.7	7.2
49.3	46.6	2.7	5.4%	September	39.4	4.5	7.9	2.2	8.7	7.1
49.2	46.7	2.5	5.1%	October	39.6	4.5	7.9	2.2	8.9	7.1
49.0	46.6	2.4	4.9%	November	39.8	4.5	8.1	2.1	8.9	7.2
48.6	46.2	2.4	5.0%	December 2024	39.7	4.5	8.2	2.1	8.9	7.1
48.7	45.8	2.9	6.0%	January	38.8	4.5	7.8	2.1	8.8	7.0
49.1	46.0	3.1	6.3%	February	39.1	4.5	7.8	2.1	8.9	7.1
49.3	46.2	3.0	6.1%	March	39.4	4.5	7.8	2.1	8.9	7.2
49.2	46.6	2.6	5.3%	April	39.5	4.5	8.0	2.1	8.9	7.1
50.0	46.8	3.1	6.3%	Мау	40.1	4.5	8.0	2.1	8.9	7.4
50.9	47.5	3.4	6.8%	June	40.2	4.6	8.0	2.1	8.9	7.2
51.2	47.6	3.6	7.0%	July	40.1	4.6	8.0	2.1	8.9	7.1
50.4	47.1	3.3	6.5%	August	40.1	4.5	7.8	2.1	8.9	7.3
50.1	47.1	3.0	6.1%	September	39.7	4.5	7.8	2.1	8.9	7.1
49.8	47.2	2.6	5.2%	October	39.9	4.5	7.9	2.1	9.0	7.1

Weirton-Steubenville MSA Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)				nge sands)	Percent Change	
	Oct 2024 ^b	Sep 2024°	Oct 2023°	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	39.9	39.7	39.6	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.8
Total Private	32.8	32.6	32.5	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.9
Goods-Producing (Private)	6.3	6.3	6.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mining, Logging, and Construction	1.8	1.8	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Manufacturing ^d	4.5	4.5	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Service-Providing (Private)	26.5	26.3	26.2	0.2	0.3	0.8	1.1
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	7.9	7.8	7.9	0.1	0.0	1.3	0.0
Retail Trade	4.2	4.2	4.3	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-2.3
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	2.7	2.7	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Professional and Business Services	2.1	2.1	2.2	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-4.5
Private Educational and Health Services	9.0	8.9	8.9	0.1	0.1	1.1	1.1
Leisure and Hospitality	4.1	4.2	4.1	-0.1	0.0	-2.4	0.0
Government	7.1	7.1	7.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Local Government	6.4	6.4	6.5	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-1.5
Local Government Educational Services	3.8	3.7	3.9	0.1	-0.1	2.7	-2.6

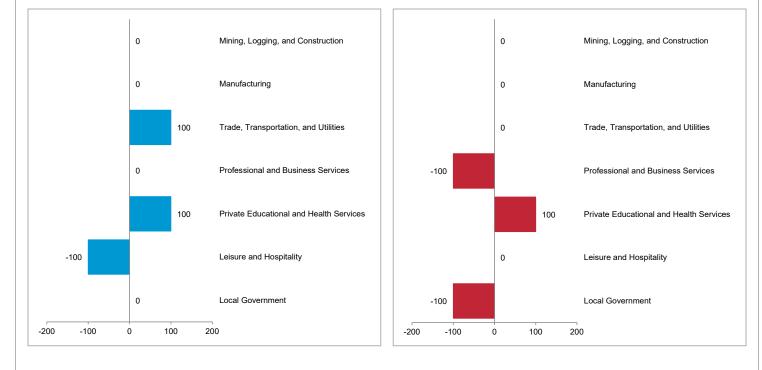
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products.

Weirton-Steubenville Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted



Weirton-Steubenville MSA Over-the-Month Change

Weirton-Steubenville MSA Over-the-Year Change



Youngstown-Warren-Boardman Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

In Ohio: Trumbull and Mahoning Counties In Pennsylvania: Mercer County

Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Youngstown-Warren-Boardman area totaled 213,300 in October 2024, an increase of 1,300 from September. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 37,600, increased 100 as gains in manufacturing (+200) exceeded losses in mining, logging, and construction (-100). Private service-providing industries, at 148,100, increased 700 as gains in private educational and health services (+500), trade, transportation, and utilities (+400), and professional and

business services (+100) outweighed losses in leisure and hospitality (-300). Government employment, at 27,600, increased 500 in local government. Federal and state government employment did not change over the month.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment decreased 700 from October 2023 to October 2024. Goodsproducing industries did not change over the month, as gains in manufacturing (+200) were offset by losses in mining, logging, and construction (-200). Private service-providing employment decreased 700 as losses in trade, transportation, and utilities (-400), professional and business services (-400), financial activities (-300), and information (-100) outweighed gains in leisure and hospitality (+400) and other services (+100). Government employment did not change over the year, as gains in local government (+100) were offset by losses in state government (-100). Federal government employment did not change over the year.

Civ	vilian Labor (thousands			
Total	Employed	Unemployed	Unemployment Rate	
254.1	237.0	17.1	6.7%	2014
252.1	236.5	15.5	6.2%	2015
249.8	233.7	16.1	6.5%	2016
246.5	230.0	16.5	6.7%	2017
243.5	229.4	14.1	5.8%	2018
241.6	227.8	13.8	5.7%	2019
233.6	210.0	23.7	10.1%	2020
229.2	214.4	14.8	6.4%	2021
228.5	217.4	11.0	4.8%	2022
229.4	219.7	9.6	4.2%	2023
229.8	221.0	8.8	3.8%	September
230.0	221.3	8.7	3.8%	October
230.2	222.0	8.2	3.6%	November
228.7	220.2	8.5	3.7%	December 2024
228.5	217.1	11.5	5.0%	January
230.7	218.7	11.9	5.2%	February
232.1	219.9	12.1	5.2%	March
231.1	219.9	11.3	4.9%	April
231.6	219.7	11.9	5.1%	Мау
234.9	221.4	13.6	5.8%	June
235.8	222.6	13.2	5.6%	July
230.9	219.4	11.5	5.0%	August
231.8	220.8	11.0	4.8%	September
232.0	222.7	9.4	4.0%	October

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)										
Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government					
225.5	30.5	47.3	23.5	42.7	29.8					
225.8	30.6	47.8	22.2	43.5	29.8					
224.0	29.3	47.1	21.9	43.8	29.5					
219.9	27.4	46.0	20.5	43.8	29.7					
219.9	27.6	45.6	20.4	43.9	29.5					
216.7	25.9	45.1	19.9	43.9	29.3					
198.4	23.2	42.2	18.2	41.2	27.5					
202.9	24.0	43.7	17.8	40.8	27.5					
208.4	26.2	44.6	18.0	40.3	27.4					
211.1	27.0	44.3	17.9	41.3	27.3					
212.5	27.1	44.0	18.0	41.7	27.2					
214.0	27.2	44.5	18.0	42.3	27.6					
214.1	27.1	45.3	17.9	42.4	27.7					
213.5	27.3	45.7	17.6	42.2	27.5					
208.1	27.2	44.1	17.2	41.0	26.8					
209.0	27.2	43.9	17.3	41.2	27.6					
210.0	27.1	44.1	17.4	41.2	27.8					
210.9	27.2	44.1	17.6	41.4	27.6					
212.7	27.4	44.3	17.7	41.3	27.3					
212.8	27.5	44.3	17.7	40.9	26.5					
212.5	27.6	44.0	17.6	41.2	26.3					
211.6	27.4	43.8	17.7	41.2	26.1					
212.0	27.2	43.7	17.5	41.8	27.1					
213.3	27.4	44.1	17.6	42.3	27.6					

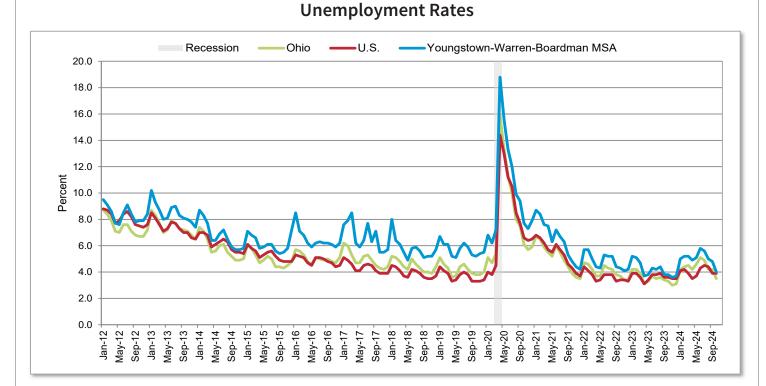


Youngstown-Warren-Boardman MSA Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)			Cha (thous			cent nge
	Oct	Sep	Oct	From Last	From Last	From Last	From Last
	2024 ^b	2024 ^c	2023 ^c	Month	Year	Month	Year
Total Nonagricultural	213.3	212.0	214.0	1.3	-0.7	0.6	-0.3
Total Private	185.7	184.9	186.4	0.8	-0.7	0.4	-0.4
Goods-Producing (Private)	37.6	37.5	37.6	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0
Mining, Logging, and Construction	10.2	10.3	10.4	-0.1	-0.2	-1.0	-1.9
Manufacturing ^d	27.4	27.2	27.2	0.2	0.2	0.7	0.7
Durable Goods	22.2	22.1	22.2	0.1	0.0	0.5	0.0
Service-Providing (Private)	148.1	147.4	148.8	0.7	-0.7	0.5	-0.5
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	44.1	43.7	44.5	0.4	-0.4	0.9	-0.9
Wholesale Trade	8.1	8.1	8.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Retail Trade	27.2	26.8	27.2	0.4	0.0	1.5	0.0
General Merchandise Retailers	6.6	6.5	6.5	0.1	0.1	1.5	1.5
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	8.8	8.8	9.2	0.0	-0.4	0.0	-4.3
Information	1.5	1.5	1.6	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-6.3
Financial Activities	7.3	7.3	7.6	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-3.9
Financial and Insurance	5.2	5.1	5.3	0.1	-0.1	2.0	-1.9
Professional and Business Services	17.6	17.5	18.0	0.1	-0.4	0.6	-2.2
Private Educational and Health Services	42.3	41.8	42.3	0.5	0.0	1.2	0.0
Health Care and Social Assistance	39.7	39.5	38.9	0.2	0.8	0.5	2.1
Hospitals	9.0	9.0	8.8	0.0	0.2	0.0	2.3
Leisure and Hospitality	25.7	26.0	25.3	-0.3	0.4	-1.2	1.6
Other Services	9.6	9.6	9.5	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.1
Government	27.6	27.1	27.6	0.5	0.0	1.8	0.0
Federal Government	1.9	1.9	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
State Government	5.2	5.2	5.3	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-1.9
State Government Educational ^e Services	2.8	2.8	2.9	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-3.4
Local Government	20.5	20.0	20.4	0.5	0.1	2.5	0.5
Local Government Educational Services	11.9	11.7	12.0	0.2	-0.1	1.7	-0.8

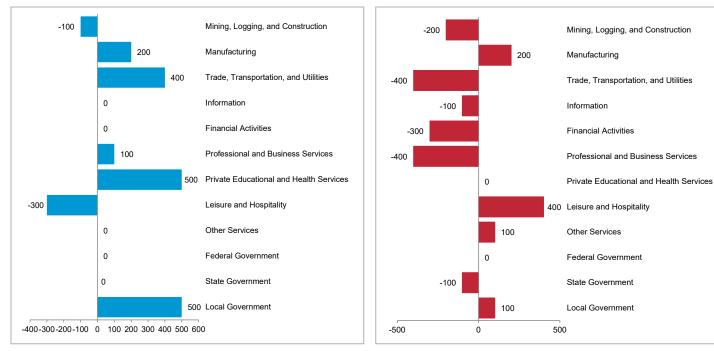
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^eIncludes state universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service and agricultural research centers.

Youngstown-Warren-Boardman Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted



Youngstown-Warren-Boardman MSA Over-the-Month Change

Youngstown-Warren-Boardman MSA Over-the-Year Change



\$30.72

\$31.16

\$30.28

\$23.50

\$27.47

\$31.11

\$21.70

\$25.19

Ohio and Metropolitan Statistical Areas Hours and Earnings of All Employees^a Not Seasonally Adjusted

In October, Ohio's total private employees' average weekly earnings were \$1,103.29 a decrease of \$15.20 from September but an increase of \$27.58 from October 2023. The average workweek of 34.2 hours in October decreased 0.3 hours from September and from October 2023. Average hourly earnings decreased 16 cents from September to \$32.26. Over the year, average hourly earnings have risen by 3.5%.

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Oct 2024 ^b	Sep 2024°	Oct 2023 ^c	Oct 2024 ^b	Sep 2024º	Oct 2023℃	Oct 2024 ^b	Sep 2024º	Oct 2023℃
Ohio									
Total Private	\$1,103.29	\$1,118.49	\$1,075.71	34.2	34.5	34.5	\$32.26	\$32.42	\$31.18
Goods-Producing (Private)	\$1,391.72	\$1,399.05	\$1,300.80	40.2	40.4	40.0	\$34.62	\$34.63	\$32.52
Construction	\$1,535.76	\$1,524.55	\$1,404.00	40.5	40.3	39.0	\$37.92	\$37.83	\$36.00
Manufacturing	\$1,331.20	\$1,350.57	\$1,265.10	40.0	40.4	40.6	\$33.28	\$33.43	\$31.16
Service-Providing (Private)	\$1,035.17	\$1,051.59	\$1,022.23	32.8	33.1	33.2	\$31.56	\$31.77	\$30.79
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	\$924.10	\$946.01	\$982.90	32.7	32.7	33.8	\$28.26	\$28.93	\$29.08
Financial Activities	\$1,505.16	\$1,549.35	\$1,472.63	37.0	37.9	37.5	\$40.68	\$40.88	\$39.27
Professional and Business Services	\$1,335.48	\$1,374.88	\$1,280.11	36.3	37.3	36.1	\$36.79	\$36.86	\$35.46
Private Educational and Health Services	\$1,079.94	\$1,075.46	\$1,041.98	35.2	35.1	34.4	\$30.68	\$30.64	\$30.29
Leisure and Hospitality	\$466.01	\$462.25	\$448.16	23.5	23.5	23.6	\$19.83	\$19.67	\$18.99
Other Services	\$917.38	\$917.10	\$874.03	29.3	30.0	29.8	\$31.31	\$30.57	\$29.33
Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) Total Private									
Akron	\$1,122.58	\$1,120.90	\$1,138.64	33.6	33.6	34.4	\$33.41	\$33.36	\$33.10
Canton-Massillon	\$1,046.15	\$1,041.98	\$902.80	34.3	34.4	33.4	\$30.50	\$30.29	\$27.03
Cincinnati	\$1,131.62	\$1,145.46	\$1,090.52	33.8	34.0	34.1	\$33.48	\$33.69	\$31.98
Cleveland-Elyria	\$1,177.40	\$1,193.98	\$1,131.01	35.0	35.2	35.6	\$33.64	\$33.92	\$31.77

\$1,112.28

\$1,107.80

\$750.18

\$814.52

\$1,070.93

\$658.12

\$869.51

\$1,121.95

\$1,104.93

\$758.55

\$830.54

\$656.32

\$867.91

\$1,068.47

\$1,105.12 \$1,136.52

\$1,050.62

\$1,112.41

\$1,002.27

\$801.35

\$939.47

\$670.53

\$846.38

\$1,042.19

34.5

35.5

34.5

32.1

31.4

33.3

30.3

34.3

34.8

36.0

34.4

32.5

31.7

33.4

30.9

34.4

34.2

35.7

33.1

34.1

34.2

33.5

30.9

33.6

\$32.24

\$31.13

\$32.11

\$23.37

\$25.94

\$32.16

\$21.72

\$25.35

\$32.24

\$31.57

\$32.12

\$23.34

\$26.20

\$31.99

\$21.24

\$25.23

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised.

OFFICE OF WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT BUREAU OF LABOR MARKET INFORMATION

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Ohio and Metropolitan Statistical Areas Hours and Earnings of Production or Nonsupervisory Employees^a Not Seasonally Adjusted

Ohio's production employees in manufacturing industries earned an average of \$1,087.10 per week in October 2024, a decrease of \$17.63 from September but an increase of \$48.84 from October 2023. The average workweek of 41.1 hours in October decreased 0.4 hours over the month but increased 0.4 hours over the year. Average weekly earnings in durable goods, at \$1,132.03, decreased \$19.37 over the month but increased \$43.36 over the year. Average weekly earnings in nondurable goods, at \$1,004.70 decreased \$18.27 over the month but increased \$60.64 over the year.

	Average Weekly Earnings			Ave	rage We Hours	ekly	Average Hourly Earnings		
	Oct 2024 ^ь	Sep 2024°	Oct 2023°	Oct 2024 ^b	Sep 2024°	Oct 2023°	Oct 2024⁵	Sep 2024°	Oct 2023 ^c
Ohio									
Goods-Producing (Private)									
Construction	\$1,476.58	\$1,443.10	\$1,350.43	42.2	41.6	40.7	\$34.99	\$34.69	\$33.18
Manufacturing	\$1,087.10	\$1,104.73	\$1,038.26	41.1	41.5	40.7	\$26.45	\$26.62	\$25.51
Durable Goods ^d	\$1,132.03	\$1,151.40	\$1,088.67	40.3	40.7	41.3	\$28.09	\$28.29	\$26.36
Fabricated Metal Products	\$1,039.19	\$1,064.00	\$993.32	39.2	40.0	38.0	\$26.51	\$26.60	\$26.14
Transportation Equipment	\$1,185.72	\$1,238.08	\$1,102.00	41.0	42.4	40.0	\$28.92	\$29.20	\$27.55
Nondurable Goods ^e	\$1,004.70	\$1,022.97	\$944.06	42.5	43.0	39.6	\$23.64	\$23.79	\$23.84
Service-Providing (Private)									
Wholesale Trade	\$1,203.33	\$1,224.72	\$1,229.57	37.9	37.8	38.8	\$31.75	\$32.40	\$31.69
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	\$1,241.11	\$1,235.38	\$1,228.14	38.7	38.0	39.2	\$32.07	\$32.51	\$31.33
Retail Trade ^f	\$586.35	\$598.26	\$570.49	30.1	30.2	29.9	\$19.48	\$19.81	\$19.08
Financial Activities	\$1,081.33	\$1,114.41	\$1,094.38	37.3	37.7	37.3	\$28.99	\$29.56	\$29.34
Health Care and Social Assistance	\$928.29	\$912.57	\$908.04	33.0	33.1	32.9	\$28.13	\$27.57	\$27.60
Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)									
Cincinnati									
Manufacturing	\$1,081.08	\$1,104.49	\$920.51	36.0	36.5	30.4	\$30.03	\$30.26	\$30.28
Cleveland-Elyria									
Manufacturing	\$1,156.69	\$1,153.04	\$1,089.50	40.6	40.5	41.6	\$28.49	\$28.47	\$26.19
Durable Goods	\$1,142.68	\$1,147.33	\$1,080.11	39.2	39.4	41.1	\$29.15	\$29.12	\$26.28
Columbus									
Manufacturing	\$573.65	\$609.44	\$600.64	30.4	32.4	29.2	\$18.87	\$18.81	\$20.57

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes textile mills; textile products mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; petroleum and coal products. ^fMoney payments only; tips not included.

Ohio Selected Unemployment Insurance Activities Not Seasonally Adjusted

Initial claims filed under the Ohio Unemployment Compensation Law numbered 29,368 in October 2024, up 41.1% from September and 12.5% from October 2023. The average weekly number of benefit recipients, at 31,958, increased 2.1% from September and 7.7% from October 2023. Total benefits paid, at \$71.1 million, increased 13.5% from September. The average weekly benefit payment of \$488.84 in October 2024 increased \$18.70 from October 2023. At the end of October 2024, there were 266,203 active employer accounts, up 1,128 from September and 1,320 from October 2023.

				Chang	e From	Percent Ch	ange From
	Oct 2024	Sep 2024	Oct 2023	Last Month	Last Year	Last Month	Last Year
Initial Claims	29,368	20,808	26,103	8,560	3,265	41.1	12.5
Continued Claims	175,240	182,185	170,202	-6,945	5,038	-3.8	3.0
First Payments	12,495	8,314	10,132	4,181	2,363	50.3	23.3
Last Payments	2,768	2,826	2,598	-58	170	-2.1	6.5
Average Weekly Claimants	38,096	43,377	38,682	-5,282	-587	-12.2	-1.5
Average Weekly Benefit Recipients	31,958	31,307	29,669	651	2,289	2.1	7.71
Paid Weeks of Claims	147,008	131,491	130,545	15,517	16,463	11.8	12.6
Benefits Paid	\$71,059,949	\$62,586,395	\$60,719,054	\$8,473,554	\$10,340,895	13.5	17.0
Average Weekly Payment	\$488.84	\$481.88	\$470.14	\$6.96	\$18.70	1.4	4.0
Continued Claims for Survey Week	43,911	38,800	37,448	5,111	6,463	13.2	17.3
Insured Unemployment Rate	TBD	0.8%	0.7%				
Active Employer Accounts	266,203	265,075	264,883	1,128	1,320	0.4	0.5

Source: ODJFS, Office of Unemployment Compensation.

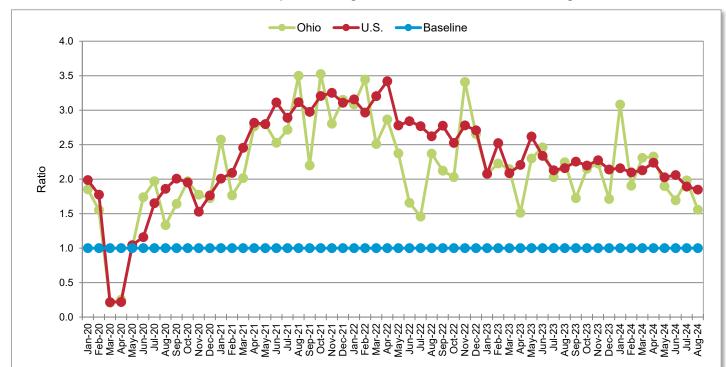
Ohio Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey Data Seasonally Adjusted

The Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey (JOLTS), conducted by the U.S. Department of Labor (Bureau of Labor Statistics), produces data series showing the number of job openings, hires, and total separations by state. Total separations include quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations. Individually, these series provide insightful information on demand in the labor market. They also can be combined to provide additional information, such as the statewide Quits-to-Layoffs-and-Discharges Ratio and the Unemployed-Persons-to-Job-Opening Ratio.

Quits-to-Layoffs-and-Discharges Ratio (Q/LD)

The ratio of quits to layoffs and discharges can help with analyses of business cycles and differences among industries. Quits move in a direction opposite that of layoffs and discharges, and the Q/LD ratio clearly reflects business cycle trends and turning points. The ratio rises during expansions and falls during contractions. It can be an indicator of confidence in the economy.

If the Q/LD ratio is greater than 1.0, the number of quits exceeds the number of layoffs and discharges. If the ratio is less than 1.0, layoffs and discharges exceed quits. A value greater than 1.0 indicates that employee confidence in the labor market is strong. A value less than 1.0 indicates that employees are not confident in the labor market.



The Q/LD ratio for Ohio decreased from 2.0 in July to 1.6 in August 2024 and decreased from 2.2 in August 2023.

The blue horizontal line represents the baseline of 1.0 to which current Q/LD ratios are compared during analysis.

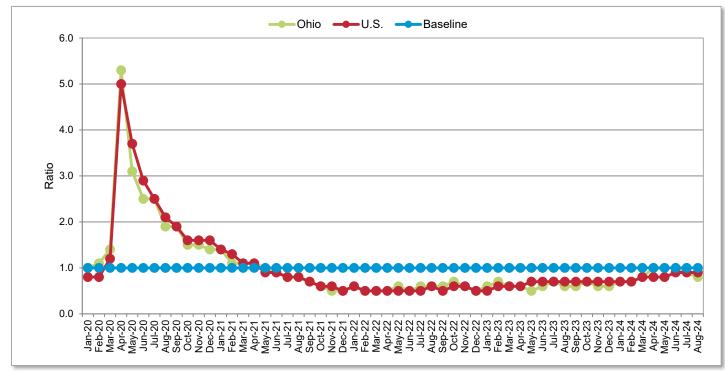
Ohio Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey Data Seasonally Adjusted

Unemployed-Persons-Per-Job-Opening Ratio

This ratio is derived by taking the number of estimated unemployed people and dividing it by the number of job openings each month. These two components come from two different surveys. The number of unemployed people comes from the Current Population Survey. The number of job openings comes from JOLTS.

Ratios less than 1.0 signal tighter labor markets, in which organizations have more job openings than there are people looking for work. In contrast, ratios greater than 1.0 indicate slack in the labor supply, as more unemployed people compete for each job opening.

The unemployed-persons-per-job-opening ratio in Ohio was 0.8 in August 2024, down from 0.9 in July but up from 0.6 in August 2023.



The blue horizontal line represents the baseline of 1.0 to which current Unemployed Persons to Job Opening Ratio are compared during analysis.

Except as noted, all data cited are produced by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services.

Civilian Labor Force Estimates (CLFE)

Based on the Current Population Survey (household survey) and Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program.

Civilian Noninstitutional Population

Persons 16 years of age and older who are not inmates of institutions (for example, penal and mental facilities, homes for the aged), and who are not on active duty in the armed forces.

Civilian Labor Force

Persons in the civilian noninstitutional population, employed or unemployed during the reference week (usually the week including the 12th of the month) distributed by place of residence.

Employed

Persons in the civilian noninstitutional population who, during the reference week, (a) worked at least one hour as paid employees; worked in their own business, profession, or on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family; and (b) all those who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of vacation, illness, bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave, labor-management dispute, job training, or other family or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs. Each employed person is counted only once, even if he or she holds more than one job. Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around their own house (painting, repairing, or own home housework) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and other organizations.

Unemployed

Persons in the civilian noninstitutional population who had no employment during the reference week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and had made specific efforts to find employment sometime during the four-week period ending with the reference week. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off need not have been looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

Data Revisions

Figures for the current month are preliminary; revised figures are released when preliminary data for the next month are released. For example, revised March figures are released at the same time as preliminary April figures are released.

Revisions at the end of the year are called 'annual processing' and typically, adjustments are made to the previous two years for not seasonally adjusted data and five years for seasonally adjusted data. Adjustments are made because more information becomes available throughout the year on nonfarm jobs and unemployment claims. Also, during annual processing, new population controls are incorporated into the estimates. Population controls refer to population data such as vital statistics on births, deaths, migration, school enrollment, persons living in group quarters, inmates in institutions, etc. These are updated annually by the Census Bureau and provided to the BLS.

Payroll Survey

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, including hours and earnings estimates, are based on monthly reports from the Payroll Survey of employers under the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program. The CES survey is based on approximately 131,000 businesses and government agencies representing approximately 670,000 worksites throughout the United States.

OCTOBER 2024

Industrial Classification

Employer establishments are classified by industry based on their principal product or service. The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) is used for industrial classification. (See page 53.)

Coverage

Monthly reports on employment, payroll, and hours are obtained from approximately 23,960 Ohio employers.

Estimating Method

Total employment is estimated from the employment of establishments reporting for two consecutive months, as follows:

Sample Employment

(Current Month)	v	Total Employment	_	Total Employment
Sample Employment	^	(Previous Month)	-	(Current Month)
(Previous Month)				

Nonagricultural or Payroll Employment

The total number of persons on establishment payrolls employed full or part time who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th day of the month. Temporary and intermittent employees are included, as are any workers who are on paid leave, or who work during only part of the specified pay period. A striking worker who only works a small portion of the survey period, and is paid, would be included as employed under the CES definitions. Persons on the payroll of more than one establishment are counted in each establishment. Data excludes proprietors, self-employed, unpaid family or volunteer workers, farm workers, and domestic workers. Persons on layoff the entire pay period, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period or who have not yet reported for work are not counted as employed. Government employment covers only civilian workers.

Technical Notes

Hours and Earnings

Average hours are computed by dividing total production employee hours worked during one week (the seven-day period which includes the 12th of the month) by number of production employees reported for such week. Average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total production employee payroll for one week by total production employee hours for that week. Average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average hourly earnings by average weekly hours.

Production employees include working supervisors and all nonsupervisory employees (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, maintenance, repair, janitorial, guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (such as power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with production operations.

Nonsupervisory employees include employees such as office and clerical workers, repairers, salespersons, operators, drivers, attendants, service employees, line installers, laborers, accountants, janitors, guards, and other employees whose services are closely associated with those of occupations listed.

Payroll refers to dollars paid for full- and part-time production, construction, and nonsupervisory employees who received pay for any part of pay periods that include the 12th of the month. Payroll is reported before deductions for Social Security, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, and union dues; also includes pay for overtime, holidays, vacations, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period), tips, pay not earned in pay period reported (such as retroactive pay), and value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payments in kind, excluded.

Hours represent hours worked or paid for, during pay periods which include the 12th of the month, for production, construction, or nonsupervisory employees. Hours include time paid for holidays and vacations, and for sick leave when pay received directly from firm.

Employment Error Measures

Error measures for state and area employment estimates are available on the following website: http://www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm.

Seasonal Adjustment

Seasonal adjustment removes the effects of events that follow a more or less regular pattern each year. These adjustments make it easier to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in a data series.

Data Revisions

Additional sample receipts are the primary source of the monthly CES employment revisions. CES begins collecting sample reports for a reference month as soon as the reference period, the establishment's pay period that includes the 12th of the month, is complete. Collection time available for first preliminary estimates ranges from two to three weeks, depending on the scheduled date for the Employment Situation news release.

Given this short collection cycle for the first preliminary estimates, many establishments are not able to provide their payroll information in time to be included in preliminary estimates. CES sample responses for the reference month continue to be collected, are incorporated into the series, and are released the following month.

Benchmarks

Sample-based estimates remain final until employment levels are reset to universe employment counts, or benchmarks; the benchmarks are primarily derived from Unemployment Insurance (UI) tax records. The annual benchmarking process results in revised data back to the last annual benchmark for not seasonally adjusted series and back five years for seasonally adjusted series.

For the establishment, or CES survey, annual benchmarks are constructed in order to realign the sample-based employment totals of each year with the Unemployment Insurance (UI) based population counts. These population counts are much less timely than samplebased estimates and are used to provide an annual point-in-time census for employment.

Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey (JOLTS)

JOLTS defines Employment as all persons on the payroll who worked during or received pay for the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. JOLTS defines Job Openings as all positions that are open (not filled) on the last business day of the month. JOLTS defines Hires as all additions to the payroll during the month. JOLTS defines Separations as all employees separated from the payroll during the month.

Nationwide, the sample frame for the JOLTS sample consists of approximately 8 million establishments on the Bureau of Labor Statistics' ES-202 Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages file. This scope covers private nonagricultural establishments as well as Federal, State, and local government entities in the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Railroads are sampled from an auxiliary frame. The JOLTS scope does not cover private households (NAICS 814110) or agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting (NAICS 11). However, logging (NAICS 1133) is included. The JOLTS sample size is approximately 16,000 business establishments.

Types of Businesses by North American Industry Classification System

Goode	Droducin	g (Private)	
Goods-	-Producin	ig (Private)	

coolds i roudenig (i indice)	
Mining and Logging	Mining and support activities, oil and gas extraction, cutting and transporting timber
Construction	Construction of buildings; heavy and civil engineering (bridges, roads); and specialty trade contractors (pouring concrete, site preparation, plumbing, painting, and electrical work)
Manufacturing	
Durable Goods	Nonmetal and metal products, machinery, computers and electronics, appliances, transportation equipment, furniture, medical, and wood products
Nondurable Goods	Food, printing, chemicals (toiletries), plastics, textiles, paper, apparel, leather, petroleum, and coal products
Service-Providing (Private)	
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	
Wholesale Trade	Wholesalers of durable and nondurable goods, business to business electronic markets, and sales representatives
Retail Trade	Auto dealers, building and garden supply centers, furniture, electronic, appliance, food, health, gaso- line, clothing, sporting, hobby, book, and music stores
Transportation, Warehousing and Utilities	Transportation (air, rail, water, truck, transit, pipeline, scenic, and sightseeing); private postal services, couriers, warehousing, and storage; utilities (power, natural gas distribution, water, and sewage)
Information	Publishing, motion picture, sound recording, broadcasting, phone services, data processing and hosting, news, libraries, and internet
Financial Activities	
Finance and Insurance	Banks, securities, insurance, funds, and trusts
Real Estate, Rental, and Leasing	Real estate agents; rental and leasing of automobiles, consumer goods, and machinery
Professional and Business Services	
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	Legal services, accounting, bookkeeping, architectural, engineering, design, computer system design, scientific research, advertising, marketing, photography, translation, and veterinary
Management of Companies and Enterprises	Holding companies, corporate offices, management offices, and headquarters
Admin. Support and Waste Management Services	Administrative management (hotel management) and facilities support; employment placement, executive search, temporary help, and professional employer organizations; document preparation, telephone call centers, collection agencies, travel arrangement, security, pest control, janitorial, land- scaping, carpet cleaning, packing and labeling, trade show organizer, and auctioneers
Educational and Health Services	
Educational Services	Private schools and universities and support services for education (college selection, test preparation, and guidance counseling)
Health Care and Social Assistance	Private ambulatory health, hospitals, nursing and residential care, and social assistance (care for children, elderly, and disabled, emergency relief, vocational and rehabilitation services)
Leisure and Hospitality	
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	Performing arts, spectator sports, museums, historical sites, zoos, parks, amusement, and gambling
Accommodation and Food Services	Hotels, RV parks, food, and drinking places
Other Services	Repair (autos, electronics, machinery, and appliances); personal (hair, nail, skin, weight reduction, and tattoos); funeral homes; dry-cleaning and laundry services; pet care, parking lots, astrology, coin machines, dating, escort, future telling, life coaching, and personal fitness trainer; associations (churches, grant making, social advocacy, and unions)
Government (Public)	
Federal Government	Civilian federal employees including the U.S. Postal Service
State Government	Includes state universities and hospitals
Local Government	Includes local schools, community colleges, and local hospitals; township, city, and county employees such as fire fighters and park rangers

Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Office of Workforce Development P.O. Box 182105 30 East Broad Street Columbus, OH 43215



Bureau of Labor Market Information Business Principles for Workforce Development

- Partner with the workforce and economic development community.
- Develop and deploy new information solution tools and systems for the workforce and economic development community.
- Provide products and services that are customer- and demand-driven.
- Be known as an important and reliable source for information solutions that support workforce development goals and outcomes.

This periodical is published under the direction of Bureau Chief Nick Wallace. For further information, visit <u>OhioLMI.com</u> or call the Ohio Bureau of Labor Market Information at (614) 752-9494.

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