



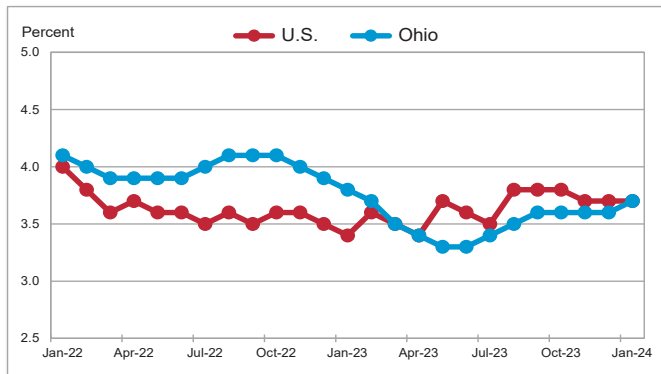
Employment Situation: Ohio and U.S. (Seasonally Adjusted)

Civilian Labor Force

Ohio's unemployment rate was 3.7% in January 2024, up from 3.6% in December. The number of unemployed in Ohio in January was 212,000, up from 210,000 in December. The number of unemployed decreased by 6,000 in the past 12 months from 218,000. The January unemployment rate for Ohio decreased 0.1% from 3.8% in January 2023.

The U.S. unemployment rate for January 2024 was 3.7%, unchanged from December 2023 but up from 3.4% in January 2023.

Ohio and U.S. Unemployment Rates
(Seasonally Adjusted)



Payroll Survey

Over-the-Month Change: Ohio's nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 12,900 over the month, from a revised 5,630,100 in December to 5,643,000 in January, according to the latest business establishment survey conducted by the U.S. Department of Labor (Bureau of Labor Statistics) in cooperation with the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services (ODJFS).

Employment in goods-producing industries, at 934,100, decreased 300 as losses in construction (-1,500) surpassed gains in manufacturing (+1,100) and mining and logging (+100).

The private service-providing sector, at 3,919,300, increased 6,700 as gains in professional and business services (+7,400), private educational and health services (+1,800), trade, transportation, and utilities (+600), and financial activities (+200) exceeded losses in leisure and hospitality (-2,000), information (-800), and other services (-500).

Government employment, at 789,600, increased 6,500 with gains in local (+5,000), state (+800), and federal (+700) government.

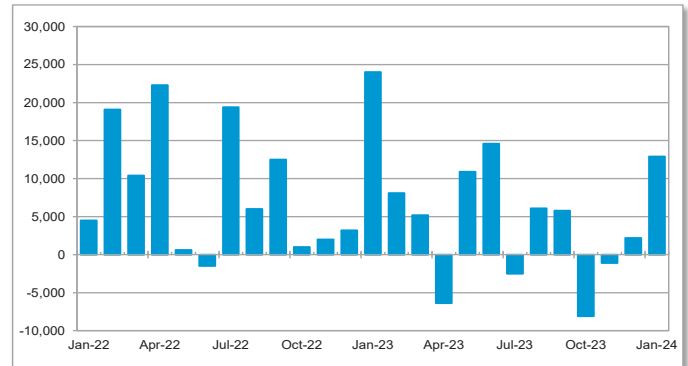
Over-the-Year Change: From January 2023 to January 2024, nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 47,700. Employment in goods-producing industries decreased 700. Construction lost 1,900 jobs. Manufacturing increased 1,100

with gains in durable goods (+1,000) and nondurable goods (+100). Mining and logging added 100 jobs.

Employment in the private service-providing sector increased 30,700 as gains in private educational and health services (+35,000), leisure and hospitality (+6,800), and other services (+4,200) outpaced losses in professional and business services (-5,000), trade, transportation, and utilities (-4,800), information (-2,900), and financial activities (-2,600).

Government employment increased 17,700 with gains in local (+10,100), state (+4,100), and federal (+3,500) government.

Ohio Nonfarm Employment Over-the-Month Change
(Seasonally Adjusted)



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Ohio

Civilian Labor Force and Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment Estimates

Seasonally Adjusted^a

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	Jan 2024	Dec 2023	Jan 2023	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Civilian Labor Force^b							
Total	5,795.1	5,793.7	5,754.5	1.4	40.6	0.0	0.7
Employment	5,583.3	5,583.8	5,536.6	-0.5	46.7	0.0	0.8
Unemployment	211.8	210.0	217.9	1.8	-6.1	0.9	-2.8
Unemployment Rate (%)	3.7	3.6	3.8	.....	.....	0.1	-0.1
Payroll Survey^c							
Total Nonagricultural	5,643.0	5,630.1	5,595.3	12.9	47.7	0.2	0.9
Total Private	4,853.4	4,847.0	4,823.4	6.4	30.0	0.1	0.6
Goods-Producing (Private)	934.1	934.4	934.8	-0.3	-0.7	0.0	-0.1
Mining and Logging	9.4	9.3	9.3	0.1	0.1	1.1	1.1
Construction	235.5	237.0	237.4	-1.5	-1.9	-0.6	-0.8
Manufacturing	689.2	688.1	688.1	1.1	1.1	0.2	0.2
Durable Goods	455.5	455.0	454.5	0.5	1.0	0.1	0.2
Nondurable Goods	233.7	233.1	233.6	0.6	0.1	0.3	0.0
Service-Providing (Private)	3,919.3	3,912.6	3,888.6	6.7	30.7	0.2	0.8
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	1,054.4	1,053.8	1,059.2	0.6	-4.8	0.1	-0.5
Wholesale Trade	240.0	241.3	241.2	-1.3	-1.2	-0.5	-0.5
Retail Trade	543.3	542.0	546.8	1.3	-3.5	0.2	-0.6
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	271.1	270.5	271.2	0.6	-0.1	0.2	0.0
Information	66.6	67.4	69.5	-0.8	-2.9	-1.2	-4.2
Financial Activities	322.1	321.9	324.7	0.2	-2.6	0.1	-0.8
Finance and Insurance	254.1	254.2	256.4	-0.1	-2.3	0.0	-0.9
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	68.0	67.7	68.3	0.3	-0.3	0.4	-0.4
Professional and Business Services	741.8	734.4	746.8	7.4	-5.0	1.0	-0.7
Professional and Technical Services	289.1	289.9	289.9	-0.8	-0.8	-0.3	-0.3
Management of Companies and Enterprises	142.3	142.3	142.4	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-0.1
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	310.4	302.2	314.5	8.2	-4.1	2.7	-1.3
Private Educational and Health Services	957.0	955.2	922.0	1.8	35.0	0.2	3.8
Private Educational Services	112.8	112.7	111.9	0.1	0.9	0.1	0.8
Health Care and Social Assistance	844.2	842.5	810.1	1.7	34.1	0.2	4.2
Leisure and Hospitality	565.6	567.6	558.8	-2.0	6.8	-0.4	1.2
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	87.2	88.3	83.6	-1.1	3.6	-1.2	4.3
Accommodation and Food Services	478.4	479.3	475.2	-0.9	3.2	-0.2	0.7
Other Services	211.8	212.3	207.6	-0.5	4.2	-0.2	2.0
Government	789.6	783.1	771.9	6.5	17.7	0.8	2.3
Federal Government	83.2	82.5	79.7	0.7	3.5	0.8	4.4
State Government	174.5	173.7	170.4	0.8	4.1	0.5	2.4
Local Government	531.9	526.9	521.8	5.0	10.1	0.9	1.9

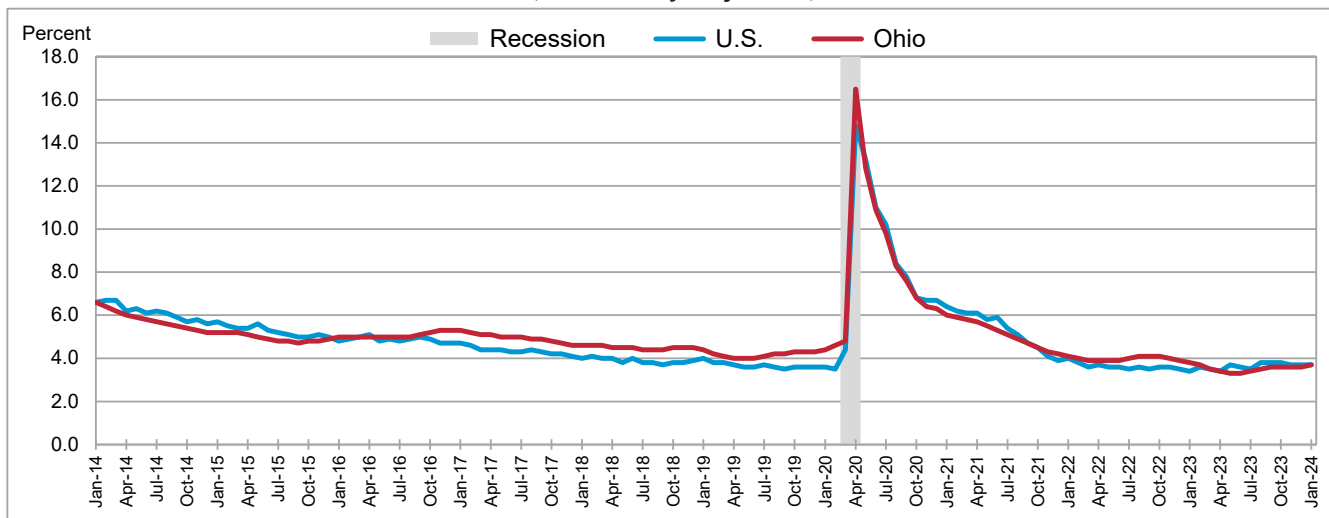
^aData for latest month are preliminary, although other months are subject to revision. Subtotals may not add to totals due to rounding. Unemployment rates are computed from unrounded figures. All data exclude military personnel. ^bData are Local Area Unemployment Statistics estimates based on place of residence. ^cFrom the Current Employment Statistics Survey, a monthly survey of approximately 24,800 employers conducted by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Estimates represent nonagricultural wage and salary jobs by place of work.

Seasonally adjusted nonfarm employment data for the Ohio Metropolitan Statistical Areas may be accessed at the Bureau of Labor Statistics website at <http://www.bls.gov/sae/>.

Ohio Historical Civilian Labor Force Estimates Seasonally Adjusted

	Civilian Labor Force (<i>thousands</i>)			Unemployment Rates	
	Total	Employed	Unemployed	Ohio	U.S.
2014	5,713.2	5,381.8	331.4	5.8%	6.2%
2015	5,710.8	5,427.9	282.9	5.0%	5.3%
2016	5,754.5	5,464.1	290.4	5.0%	4.9%
2017	5,819.0	5,529.5	289.5	5.0%	4.4%
2018	5,820.0	5,558.1	261.9	4.5%	3.9%
2019	5,879.4	5,634.9	244.5	4.2%	3.7%
2020	5,736.6	5,266.9	469.8	8.2%	8.1%
2021	5,709.0	5,415.6	293.4	5.1%	5.3%
2022	5,733.1	5,503.3	229.9	4.0%	3.6%
2023	5,787.0	5,582.4	204.6	3.5%	3.6%
2022 December	5,742.7	5,518.3	224.4	3.9%	3.5%
2023 January	5,754.5	5,536.6	217.9	3.8%	3.4%
February	5,767.4	5,556.6	210.7	3.7%	3.6%
March	5,778.6	5,575.2	203.4	3.5%	3.5%
April	5,787.1	5,589.8	197.3	3.4%	3.4%
May	5,792.3	5,598.3	194.0	3.3%	3.7%
June	5,794.9	5,601.1	193.8	3.3%	3.6%
July	5,796.0	5,599.2	196.8	3.4%	3.5%
August	5,795.8	5,593.8	201.9	3.5%	3.8%
September	5,795.2	5,587.9	207.4	3.6%	3.8%
October	5,794.7	5,583.8	210.8	3.6%	3.8%
November	5,793.4	5,582.6	210.8	3.6%	3.7%
December	5,793.7	5,583.8	210.0	3.6%	3.7%
2024 January	5,795.1	5,583.3	211.8	3.7%	3.7%

Ohio and U.S. Unemployment Rates
(Seasonally Adjusted)



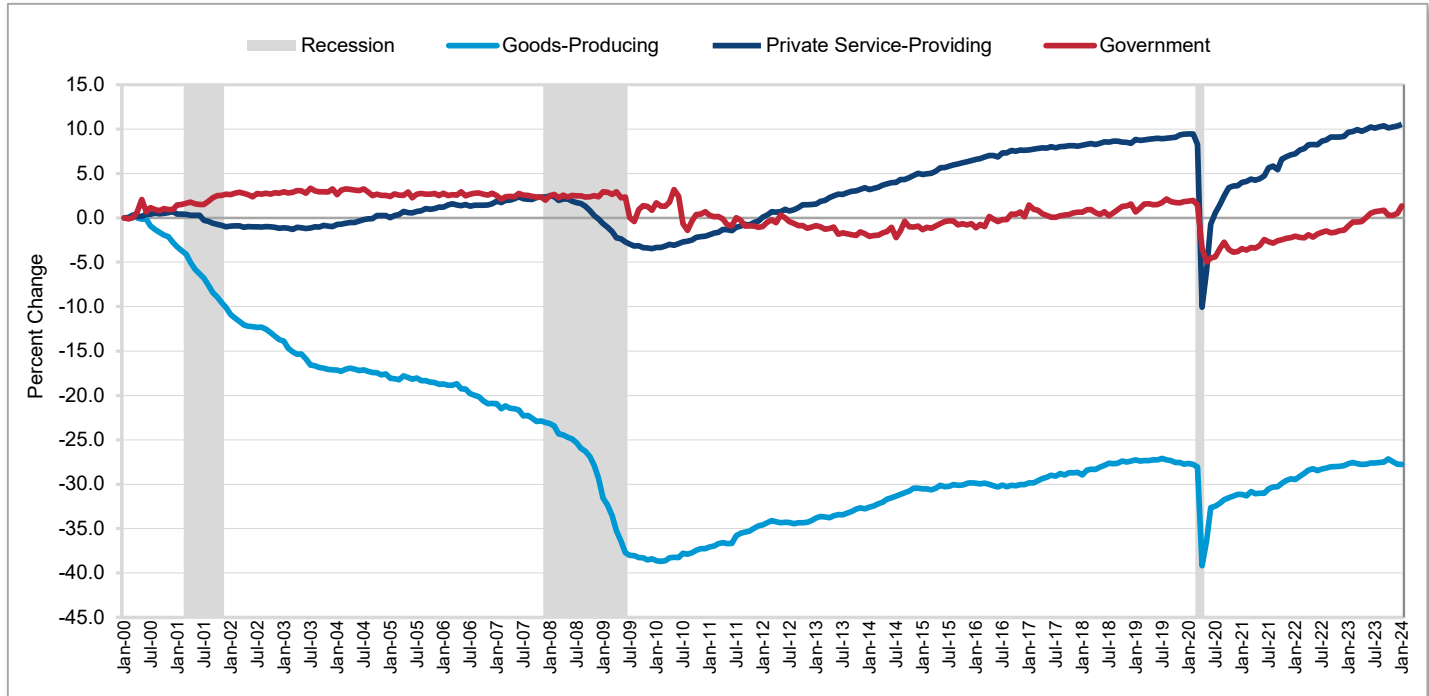
Recessionary periods as defined by the National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER).

Ohio

Historical Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment Seasonally Adjusted

	Grand Total	Private Goods-Producing Employment (thousands)				Private Service-Producing Employment (thousands)								Government Employment (thousands)			
		Total	Mining and Logging	Const.	Mfg.	Total	Trade, Transport, and Utilities	Info.	Financial Activities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Leisure and Hospitality	Other Services	Total	Federal	State	Local
2022																	
December	5,571.3	932.1	9.3	235.7	687.1	3,870.9	1,056.8	68.9	324.0	743.4	917.7	553.0	207.1	768.3	79.5	168.6	520.2
2023																	
January	5,595.3	934.8	9.3	237.4	688.1	3,888.6	1,059.2	69.5	324.7	746.8	922.0	558.8	207.6	771.9	79.7	170.4	521.8
February	5,603.4	936.7	9.5	239.2	688.0	3,891.1	1,058.9	68.8	325.1	746.4	925.3	559.0	207.6	775.6	80.1	171.2	524.3
March	5,608.6	935.0	9.3	237.4	688.3	3,898.0	1,057.4	68.4	325.9	750.0	927.1	561.2	208.0	775.6	80.4	171.8	523.4
April	5,602.2	934.1	9.4	236.1	688.6	3,892.4	1,057.5	68.2	325.6	744.4	927.3	561.8	207.6	775.7	80.8	171.8	523.1
May	5,613.1	934.4	9.4	235.7	689.3	3,899.1	1,058.4	68.1	325.6	744.1	932.0	563.3	207.6	779.6	81.5	173.0	525.1
June	5,627.7	936.2	9.5	236.7	690.0	3,908.2	1,060.0	68.2	326.0	743.3	937.4	565.3	208.0	783.3	81.5	175.8	526.0
July	5,625.2	936.2	9.4	237.2	689.6	3,904.5	1,058.4	67.8	326.1	740.4	937.1	566.2	208.5	784.5	81.8	172.7	530.0
August	5,631.3	936.6	9.4	237.9	689.3	3,909.5	1,059.0	67.7	326.1	739.3	939.8	569.4	208.2	785.2	82.1	172.6	530.5
September	5,637.1	937.7	9.5	238.8	689.4	3,913.6	1,063.8	67.4	326.2	737.8	942.4	567.9	208.1	785.8	82.1	173.2	530.5
October	5,629.0	941.9	9.2	244.8	687.9	3,905.6	1,055.5	66.4	325.3	733.9	947.8	565.2	211.5	781.5	82.6	173.4	525.5
November	5,627.9	938.1	9.2	240.7	688.2	3,908.3	1,053.4	67.2	323.0	734.5	953.6	563.6	213.0	781.5	82.4	173.3	525.8
December	5,630.1	934.4	9.3	237.0	688.1	3,912.6	1,053.8	67.4	321.9	734.4	955.2	567.6	212.3	783.1	82.5	173.7	526.9
2024																	
January	5,643.0	934.1	9.4	235.5	689.2	3,919.3	1,054.4	66.6	322.1	741.8	957.0	565.6	211.8	789.6	83.2	174.5	531.9

Percent Change in Ohio Nonfarm Employment by Month January 2000 - January 2024 (Seasonally Adjusted)



Recessionary periods as defined by the National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER).

Note: In June 2015 the seasonal model for state government employment was updated to account for improved data collection. To preserve the continuity of the time series, the updated seasonal factors were applied back to October 2014. The series affected are state government, total government, and total nonfarm employment. If you have any questions about the updates, please email ContactLMI@jfs.ohio.gov.

Ohio

Nonagricultural

Wage and Salary Employment^a

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	Jan 2024 ^b	Dec 2023 ^c	Jan 2023 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	5,546.0	5,652.3	5,508.7	-106.3	37.3	-1.9	0.7
Total Private	4,764.1	4,862.9	4,742.9	-98.8	21.2	-2.0	0.4
Goods-Producing (Private)	912.8	930.5	915.4	-17.7	-2.6	-1.9	-0.3
Mining and Logging	9.1	9.1	9.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.1
Mining, Logging, and Construction	226.6	240.7	229.0	-14.1	-2.4	-5.9	-1.0
Construction	217.5	231.6	220.0	-14.1	-2.5	-6.1	-1.1
Construction of Buildings	50.5	51.9	50.7	-1.4	-0.2	-2.7	-0.4
Nonresidential Building Construction	27.2	28.8	28.2	-1.6	-1.0	-5.6	-3.5
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	25.7	29.5	24.3	-3.8	1.4	-12.9	5.8
Specialty Trade Contractors	141.3	150.2	145.0	-8.9	-3.7	-5.9	-2.6
Manufacturing	686.2	689.8	686.4	-3.6	-0.2	-0.5	0.0
Durable Goods ^d	453.3	456.4	453.7	-3.1	-0.4	-0.7	-0.1
Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing	26.1	26.4	26.2	-0.3	-0.1	-1.1	-0.4
Primary Metal Manufacturing	35.6	35.8	36.0	-0.2	-0.4	-0.6	-1.1
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	97.4	98.4	97.6	-1.0	-0.2	-1.0	-0.2
Machine Shops and Threaded Products	23.3	23.5	23.9	-0.2	-0.6	-0.9	-2.5
Machinery Manufacturing	80.2	79.8	78.7	0.4	1.5	0.5	1.9
Metalworking Machinery Manufacturing	20.2	20.3	20.5	-0.1	-0.3	-0.5	-1.5
Computer and Electronic Product Mfg.	21.4	21.5	21.5	-0.1	-0.1	-0.5	-0.5
Electrical Equipment, Appliance, and Component Mfg.	26.7	26.8	26.6	-0.1	0.1	-0.4	0.4
Household Appliance Manufacturing	8.7	8.7	9.2	0.0	-0.5	0.0	-5.4
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	117.4	118.5	116.9	-1.1	0.5	-0.9	0.4
Motor Vehicle Manufacturing	21.8	22.2	21.6	-0.4	0.2	-1.8	0.9
Motor Vehicle Parts Manufacturing	65.7	66.3	66.4	-0.6	-0.7	-0.9	-1.1
Aerospace Product and Parts Manufacturing	18.5	18.6	17.6	-0.1	0.9	-0.5	5.1
Furniture and Related Product Manufacturing	14.4	14.5	15.0	-0.1	-0.6	-0.7	-4.0
Nondurable Goods ^e	232.9	233.4	232.7	-0.5	0.2	-0.2	0.1
Food Manufacturing	64.2	64.6	63.2	-0.4	1.0	-0.6	1.6
Printing and Related Support Activities	18.2	18.4	19.0	-0.2	-0.8	-1.1	-4.2
Chemical Manufacturing	48.1	48.1	48.4	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-0.6
Plastics and Rubber Products Manufacturing	55.7	55.8	56.7	-0.1	-1.0	-0.2	-1.8
Plastics Product Manufacturing	44.0	44.0	44.4	0.0	-0.4	0.0	-0.9
Rubber Product Manufacturing	11.7	11.8	12.3	-0.1	-0.6	-0.8	-4.9
Service-Providing (Private)	3,851.3	3,932.4	3,827.5	-81.1	23.8	-2.1	0.6
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	1,051.8	1,082.0	1,057.5	-30.2	-5.7	-2.8	-0.5
Wholesale Trade	239.1	242.7	239.7	-3.6	-0.6	-1.5	-0.3
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	146.8	148.2	147.0	-1.4	-0.2	-0.9	-0.1
Professional and Commercial Equipment	30.6	30.8	30.5	-0.2	0.1	-0.6	0.3
Machinery, Equipment, and Supplies	36.8	37.1	36.5	-0.3	0.3	-0.8	0.8
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	74.3	75.9	75.6	-1.6	-1.3	-2.1	-1.7

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Ohio

Nonagricultural

Wage and Salary Employment^a

Not Seasonally Adjusted

- continued -

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	Jan 2024 ^b	Dec 2023 ^c	Jan 2023 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Retail Trade	540.8	558.8	544.8	-18.0	-4.0	-3.2	-0.7
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	75.2	76.5	76.1	-1.3	-0.9	-1.7	-1.2
Automobile Dealers	47.2	47.7	48.0	-0.5	-0.8	-1.0	-1.7
Bldg. Material, Garden Equip., and Supplies Dealers	54.3	55.2	54.9	-0.9	-0.6	-1.6	-1.1
Building Material and Supplies Dealers	46.4	47.1	47.9	-0.7	-1.5	-1.5	-3.1
Food and Beverage Retailers	103.1	104.2	104.0	-1.1	-0.9	-1.1	-0.9
Grocery and Convenience Retailers	90.3	91.8	93.2	-1.5	-2.9	-1.6	-3.1
Furn., Home Furnishings, Elec., and Appliance Retailers	25.0	26.1	27.0	-1.1	-2.0	-4.2	-7.4
General Merchandise Retailers	117.6	124.7	115.4	-7.1	2.2	-5.7	1.9
Health and Personal Care Retailers	35.3	36.4	36.4	-1.1	-1.1	-3.0	-3.0
Gasoline Stations and Fuel Dealers	37.9	38.3	37.3	-0.4	0.6	-1.0	1.6
Clothing, Accessories, Shoe, and Jewelry Retailers	39.1	41.7	39.9	-2.6	-0.8	-6.2	-2.0
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, and Misc. Retailers	53.3	55.7	53.8	-2.4	-0.5	-4.3	-0.9
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	271.9	280.5	273.0	-8.6	-1.1	-3.1	-0.4
Utilities	18.3	18.3	17.9	0.0	0.4	0.0	2.2
Transportation and Warehousing	253.6	262.2	255.1	-8.6	-1.5	-3.3	-0.6
Air Transportation	12.9	12.9	11.8	0.0	1.1	0.0	9.3
Truck Transportation	70.8	70.4	70.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7
Information	65.9	67.5	69.1	-1.6	-3.2	-2.4	-4.6
Publishing Industries	21.8	22.1	22.1	-0.3	-0.3	-1.4	-1.4
Telecommunications	20.0	20.3	20.7	-0.3	-0.7	-1.5	-3.4
Financial Activities	320.6	322.1	322.5	-1.5	-1.9	-0.5	-0.6
Finance and Insurance	254.0	255.0	255.9	-1.0	-1.9	-0.4	-0.7
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	98.0	98.1	100.0	-0.1	-2.0	-0.1	-2.0
Depository Credit Intermediation	65.5	65.8	66.7	-0.3	-1.2	-0.5	-1.8
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	131.1	131.8	132.5	-0.7	-1.4	-0.5	-1.1
Insurance Carriers	82.1	82.4	83.2	-0.3	-1.1	-0.4	-1.3
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	66.6	67.1	66.6	-0.5	0.0	-0.7	0.0
Professional and Business Services	721.9	734.7	732.6	-12.8	-10.7	-1.7	-1.5
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	289.1	289.9	289.7	-0.8	-0.6	-0.3	-0.2
Legal Services	31.1	30.9	31.2	0.2	-0.1	0.6	-0.3
Accounting and Bookkeeping Services	30.6	29.7	33.4	0.9	-2.8	3.0	-8.4
Architectural and Engineering Services	48.0	48.2	46.0	-0.2	2.0	-0.4	4.3
Computer Systems Design and Related Services	71.0	71.0	72.0	0.0	-1.0	0.0	-1.4
Management and Technical Consulting Services	39.6	39.8	39.4	-0.2	0.2	-0.5	0.5
Advertising and Related Services	12.4	12.5	12.3	-0.1	0.1	-0.8	0.8
Management of Companies and Enterprises	141.3	143.0	141.7	-1.7	-0.4	-1.2	-0.3
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	291.5	301.8	301.2	-10.3	-9.7	-3.4	-3.2
Administrative and Support Services	271.9	282.3	282.1	-10.4	-10.2	-3.7	-3.6
Employment Services	118.2	124.9	131.2	-6.7	-13.0	-5.4	-9.9
Business Support Services	19.6	20.3	22.7	-0.7	-3.1	-3.4	-13.7
Services to Buildings and Dwellings	66.2	69.0	64.2	-2.8	2.0	-4.1	3.1

- continued on next page -

Ohio

Nonagricultural

Wage and Salary Employment^a

Not Seasonally Adjusted

- continued -

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	Jan 2024 ^b	Dec 2023 ^c	Jan 2023 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Private Educational and Health Services	950.1	962.4	917.6	-12.3	32.5	-1.3	3.5
Private Educational Services	108.7	117.7	111.4	-9.0	-2.7	-7.6	-2.4
Private Colleges, Universities, and Professional Schools	50.9	57.6	54.4	-6.7	-3.5	-11.6	-6.4
Health Care and Social Assistance	841.4	844.7	806.2	-3.3	35.2	-0.4	4.4
Hospitals	258.7	260.1	251.0	-1.4	7.7	-0.5	3.1
Nursing and Residential Care Facilities	156.1	157.1	147.7	-1.0	8.4	-0.6	5.7
Social Assistance	129.1	129.1	123.7	0.0	5.4	0.0	4.4
Leisure and Hospitality	531.0	551.7	523.9	-20.7	7.1	-3.8	1.4
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	69.4	76.7	65.6	-7.3	3.8	-9.5	5.8
Amusement, Gambling, and Recreation Industries	45.7	51.9	46.9	-6.2	-1.2	-11.9	-2.6
Accommodation and Food Services	461.6	475.0	458.3	-13.4	3.3	-2.8	0.7
Accommodation	32.0	33.0	31.2	-1.0	0.8	-3.0	2.6
Food Services and Drinking Places	429.6	442.0	427.1	-12.4	2.5	-2.8	0.6
Other Services	210.0	212.0	204.3	-2.0	5.7	-0.9	2.8
Repair and Maintenance	53.5	54.1	52.1	-0.6	1.4	-1.1	2.7
Personal and Laundry Services	53.3	53.7	51.9	-0.4	1.4	-0.7	2.7
Membership Associations and Organizations	103.2	104.2	100.3	-1.0	2.9	-1.0	2.9
Government	781.9	789.4	765.8	-7.5	16.1	-1.0	2.1
Federal Government	83.2	83.2	79.4	0.0	3.8	0.0	4.8
U.S. Postal Service	22.9	23.0	22.3	-0.1	0.6	-0.4	2.7
State Government	172.5	176.5	167.8	-4.0	4.7	-2.3	2.8
State Government Educational ^f Services	95.1	98.7	91.0	-3.6	4.1	-3.6	4.5
State Government, Excluding Education	77.4	77.8	76.8	-0.4	0.6	-0.5	0.8
State Government Hospitals	22.2	22.2	21.5	0.0	0.7	0.0	3.3
Local Government	526.2	529.7	518.6	-3.5	7.6	-0.7	1.5
Local Government Educational Services	291.5	293.9	289.7	-2.4	1.8	-0.8	0.6
Local Government, Excluding Education	234.7	235.8	228.9	-1.1	5.8	-0.5	2.5
Local Government Hospitals	12.5	12.4	12.0	0.1	0.5	0.8	4.2

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes textile mills; textile products mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; petroleum and coal products. ^fIncludes state universities, state schools for the deaf and blind, and the state library. Excludes the agricultural extension service and agricultural research centers.

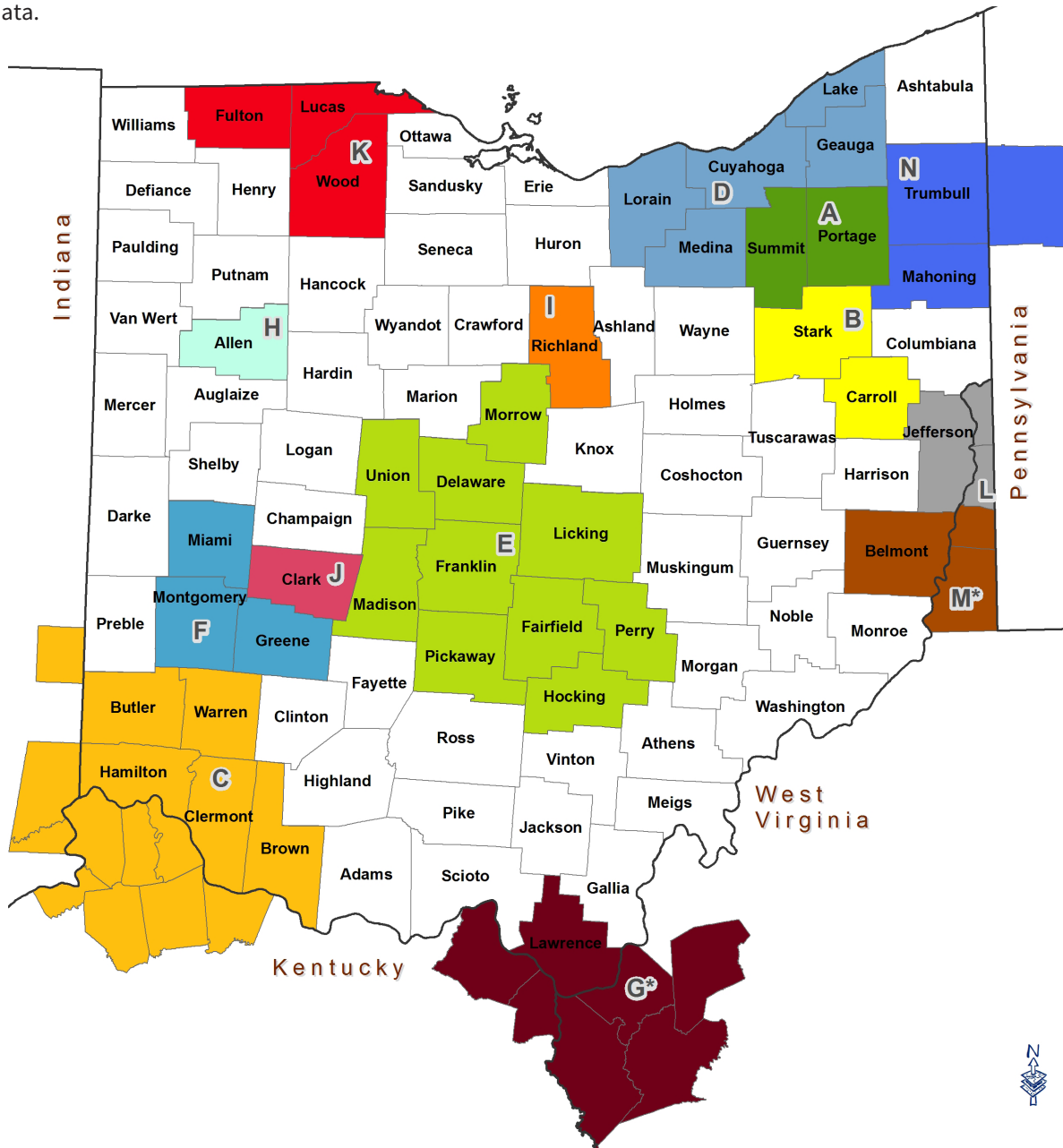
Ohio

Historical Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Grand Total	Private Goods-Producing Employment (thousands)				Private Service-Producing Employment (thousands)								Government Employment (thousands)			
		Total	Mining and Logging	Const.	Mfg.	Total	Trade, Transport, and Utilities	Info.	Financial Activities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Leisure and Hospitality	Other Services	Total	Federal	State	Local
2014	5,343.9	886.4	14.9	195.7	675.8	3,689.1	991.5	73.0	288.2	713.3	886.4	526.7	209.9	768.4	75.8	175.4	517.2
2015	5,423.6	902.3	14.1	200.5	687.7	3,748.2	1,008.6	72.1	293.5	720.4	901.3	539.6	212.6	773.2	76.4	178.1	518.7
2016	5,481.1	903.6	11.3	206.2	686.1	3,799.9	1,017.1	72.7	300.7	727.7	915.5	552.1	214.2	777.6	77.5	179.7	520.4
2017	5,525.9	915.8	11.4	217.2	687.1	3,827.1	1,019.4	73.3	306.2	727.1	925.2	560.9	215.1	783.0	78.3	179.9	524.8
2018	5,562.6	932.0	12.2	220.8	698.9	3,844.8	1,022.3	72.2	308.2	731.1	930.6	566.9	213.5	785.8	78.6	178.8	528.4
2019	5,595.0	939.4	11.8	226.8	700.9	3,864.3	1,026.6	71.3	308.5	734.7	939.4	570.6	213.3	791.3	79.6	179.9	531.8
2020	5,263.2	881.5	9.4	218.8	653.3	3,621.7	1,000.9	66.1	304.4	696.0	897.8	466.4	190.1	760.0	81.8	168.7	509.5
2021	5,387.4	898.0	8.6	224.0	665.3	3,732.8	1,031.9	66.3	310.7	720.0	897.7	506.4	199.7	756.7	79.9	167.9	508.9
2022	5,534.7	925.5	8.9	233.5	683.1	3,844.3	1,058.0	69.2	320.9	744.7	904.9	541.9	204.5	765.0	79.3	169.0	516.7
2023	5,618.6	935.8	9.4	238.3	688.1	3,902.8	1,056.7	67.9	324.9	741.7	938.1	564.4	209.0	780.0	81.5	173.0	525.6
2022																	
January	5,388.1	892.4	8.5	211.9	672.0	3,738.9	1,047.5	67.8	314.2	725.2	889.4	495.5	199.3	756.8	79.6	166.2	511.0
February	5,424.2	896.5	8.5	211.3	676.7	3,757.4	1,048.0	68.4	314.8	730.1	895.4	500.9	199.8	770.3	79.4	176.4	514.5
March	5,449.3	907.5	8.8	219.5	679.2	3,773.4	1,049.7	68.6	315.5	728.9	895.8	514.2	200.7	768.4	79.3	176.0	513.1
April	5,523.5	922.4	8.9	231.7	681.8	3,822.7	1,050.9	69.2	318.3	744.1	901.7	535.2	203.3	778.4	79.3	177.9	521.2
May	5,558.3	931.2	9.0	239.9	682.3	3,855.3	1,052.5	69.9	320.2	747.2	902.4	557.7	205.4	771.8	79.0	165.9	526.9
June	5,559.9	937.3	9.0	244.1	684.2	3,873.3	1,052.7	69.9	322.4	749.0	896.0	575.4	207.9	749.3	79.0	154.2	516.1
July	5,570.9	939.4	9.1	244.4	685.9	3,890.4	1,055.3	70.0	324.7	754.5	900.6	577.4	207.9	741.1	79.4	157.6	504.1
August	5,570.0	939.4	9.0	243.9	686.5	3,889.2	1,054.4	69.7	324.5	754.8	905.4	573.4	207.0	741.4	78.9	158.8	503.7
September	5,559.1	935.8	9.0	242.7	684.1	3,860.5	1,050.0	69.1	322.6	750.1	911.3	552.4	205.0	762.8	79.2	173.6	510.0
October	5,604.0	937.3	9.1	242.0	686.2	3,884.8	1,063.1	69.5	324.6	755.0	918.3	548.5	205.8	781.9	79.2	175.4	527.3
November	5,615.8	935.5	9.2	238.9	687.4	3,895.5	1,082.7	69.4	324.9	754.6	921.8	536.6	205.5	784.8	79.7	174.9	530.2
December	5,593.7	931.1	9.2	231.2	690.7	3,889.8	1,089.6	69.2	324.6	743.1	920.9	536.1	206.3	772.8	80.1	170.9	521.8
2023																	
January	5,508.7	915.4	9.0	220.0	686.4	3,827.5	1,057.5	69.1	322.5	732.6	917.6	523.9	204.3	765.8	79.4	167.8	518.6
February	5,534.7	916.7	9.2	220.1	687.4	3,833.5	1,048.0	68.6	322.9	734.5	926.2	528.6	204.7	784.5	79.9	179.0	525.6
March	5,554.6	921.7	9.3	225.0	687.4	3,850.4	1,046.5	67.8	323.4	738.0	927.0	541.3	206.4	782.5	80.1	179.2	523.2
April	5,597.3	930.6	9.5	234.3	686.8	3,877.4	1,045.5	67.9	324.3	744.4	929.8	558.4	207.1	789.3	80.7	180.3	528.3
May	5,642.2	937.8	9.5	241.3	687.0	3,915.0	1,052.3	68.2	325.6	746.0	933.0	581.1	208.8	789.4	81.3	172.3	535.8
June	5,659.9	948.4	9.7	246.8	691.9	3,943.9	1,056.2	68.5	327.8	748.9	931.8	599.2	211.5	767.6	81.6	161.1	524.9
July	5,649.7	948.1	9.6	247.6	690.9	3,941.8	1,054.8	68.2	329.0	748.3	930.8	598.9	211.8	759.8	81.9	160.6	517.3
August	5,647.9	947.0	9.5	247.5	690.0	3,941.6	1,054.3	68.0	328.2	746.9	935.7	598.2	210.3	759.3	82.1	160.2	517.0
September	5,630.2	942.5	9.4	246.8	686.3	3,904.8	1,052.4	67.1	325.4	738.1	942.1	572.1	207.6	782.9	82.3	177.5	523.1
October	5,669.1	949.3	9.4	253.0	686.9	3,927.4	1,057.2	66.5	325.1	744.3	957.6	565.6	211.1	792.4	82.5	180.7	529.2
November	5,676.0	941.0	9.3	245.2	686.5	3,937.7	1,073.9	67.4	322.0	744.2	963.6	553.7	212.9	797.3	82.7	180.3	534.3
December	5,652.3	930.5	9.1	231.6	689.8	3,932.4	1,082.0	67.5	322.1	734.7	962.4	551.7	212.0	789.4	83.2	176.5	529.7
2024																	
January	5,546.0	912.8	9.1	217.5	686.2	3,851.3	1,051.8	65.9	320.6	721.9	950.1	531.0	210.0	781.9	83.2	172.5	526.2

Ohio Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs)

Developed by the United States Office of Management and Budget, Metropolitan Statistical Areas are integrated geographic regions comprised of at least one city or urban area (with a population of at least 50,000) and adjacent communities. Metropolitan Statistical Areas make it possible for federal statistical agencies to utilize the same boundaries when publishing statistical data.



- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| A. Akron MSA | F. Dayton MSA | L. Weirton-Stuebenville MSA, including Brooke and Hancock Counties in West Virginia |
| B. Canton-Massillon MSA | G. *Huntington-Ashland MSA, including Boyd and Greenup Counties in Kentucky; Cabell, Lincoln, Putnam, and Wayne Counties in West Virginia | M. *Wheeling MSA, including Marshall and Ohio Counties in West Virginia |
| C. Cincinnati MSA, including Dearborn, Ohio, and Union Counties in Indiana; Boone, Bracken, Campbell, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton, and Pendleton Counties in Kentucky | H. Lima MSA | N. Youngstown-Warren-Boardman MSA, including Mercer County in Pennsylvania |
| D. Cleveland-Elyria MSA | I. Mansfield MSA | |
| E. Columbus MSA | J. Springfield MSA | |
| | K. Toledo MSA | |

*Data on West Virginia MSAs may be viewed at <http://lmi.workforcewv.org>.

Akron Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Portage and Summit Counties

Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Akron metropolitan area totaled 334,800 in January 2024, a decrease of 8,400 jobs from December. Employment in the goods-producing sector, at 51,600, decreased 1,200 with losses in mining, logging, and construction (-1,000) and manufacturing (-200). Employment in the private service-providing sector, at 240,700, decreased 4,600 as losses in trade, transportation, and utilities (-2,600), leisure and hospitality (-1,100), professional and business services (-800), financial activities (-100), and other services (-100) exceeded gains in private educational and health services (+100). Government employment, at 42,500, decreased 2,600 in state (-2,200) and local (-400) government. Federal government employment did not change over the month.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment decreased 200 from January 2023 to January 2024. Goods-producing industries increased 100 as gains in mining, logging, and construction (+400) surpassed losses in manufacturing (-300). Private service-providing employment decreased 700 as losses in trade, transportation, and utilities (-3,000), professional and business services (-1,000), and information (-100) surpassed gains in private educational and health services (+2,600), leisure and hospitality (+400), financial activities (+300), and other services (+100). Government employment increased 400 with gains in state (+300) and local (+100) government. Federal government employment did not change over the year.



Civilian Labor Force (thousands)			Unemployment Rate	
Total	Employed	Unemployed		
360.0	338.8	21.2	5.9%	2014
359.7	341.8	18.0	5.0%	2015
361.0	342.5	18.5	5.1%	2016
362.8	344.5	18.3	5.0%	2017
360.3	343.6	16.7	4.6%	2018
363.2	347.6	15.6	4.3%	2019
352.5	324.0	28.5	8.1%	2020
348.2	329.7	18.4	5.3%	2021
350.7	336.7	14.0	4.0%	2022
353.9	341.1	12.9	3.6%	2023
353.1	340.3	12.8	3.6%	December
351.2	335.9	15.3	4.3%	2023
354.1	338.8	15.4	4.3%	January
355.1	340.8	14.3	4.0%	February
354.1	342.7	11.4	3.2%	March
355.5	344.0	11.5	3.2%	April
354.0	340.8	13.3	3.7%	May
355.3	342.6	12.7	3.6%	June
354.2	340.8	13.4	3.8%	July
352.9	340.5	12.3	3.5%	August
353.5	341.5	12.0	3.4%	September
354.1	342.9	11.2	3.2%	October
353.0	341.5	11.5	3.3%	November
351.7	336.5	15.2	4.3%	December
				2024
				January

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
331.8	40.1	65.3	51.7	53.0	47.1
336.9	40.4	66.4	52.6	54.5	46.4
339.4	39.6	66.6	53.6	55.3	46.1
340.3	39.3	66.9	53.2	55.3	45.7
339.4	39.4	67.2	51.1	55.2	44.7
340.0	39.7	67.3	50.0	56.2	44.4
318.4	36.9	66.5	46.7	53.9	41.8
324.1	37.2	68.0	48.1	54.4	41.0
334.1	37.8	71.0	49.3	54.6	41.7
339.4	37.8	70.7	49.8	56.1	42.8
342.4	38.1	75.2	48.8	55.4	44.4
335.0	37.8	72.5	49.2	54.9	42.1
337.4	37.8	72.0	49.2	55.2	44.4
337.2	37.9	71.1	49.4	55.3	44.3
339.8	37.9	70.3	50.0	55.7	44.9
342.5	37.9	70.3	50.2	56.2	44.9
338.1	38.0	70.0	50.5	55.9	39.0
338.1	38.1	69.9	50.7	55.9	38.4
335.7	37.9	69.4	50.4	56.5	36.9
340.0	37.6	69.5	49.7	56.4	43.9
342.5	37.6	70.1	49.9	56.8	44.8
342.8	37.5	71.2	49.6	57.0	45.0
343.2	37.7	72.1	49.0	57.4	45.1
334.8	37.5	69.5	48.2	57.5	42.5

Akron MSA

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a

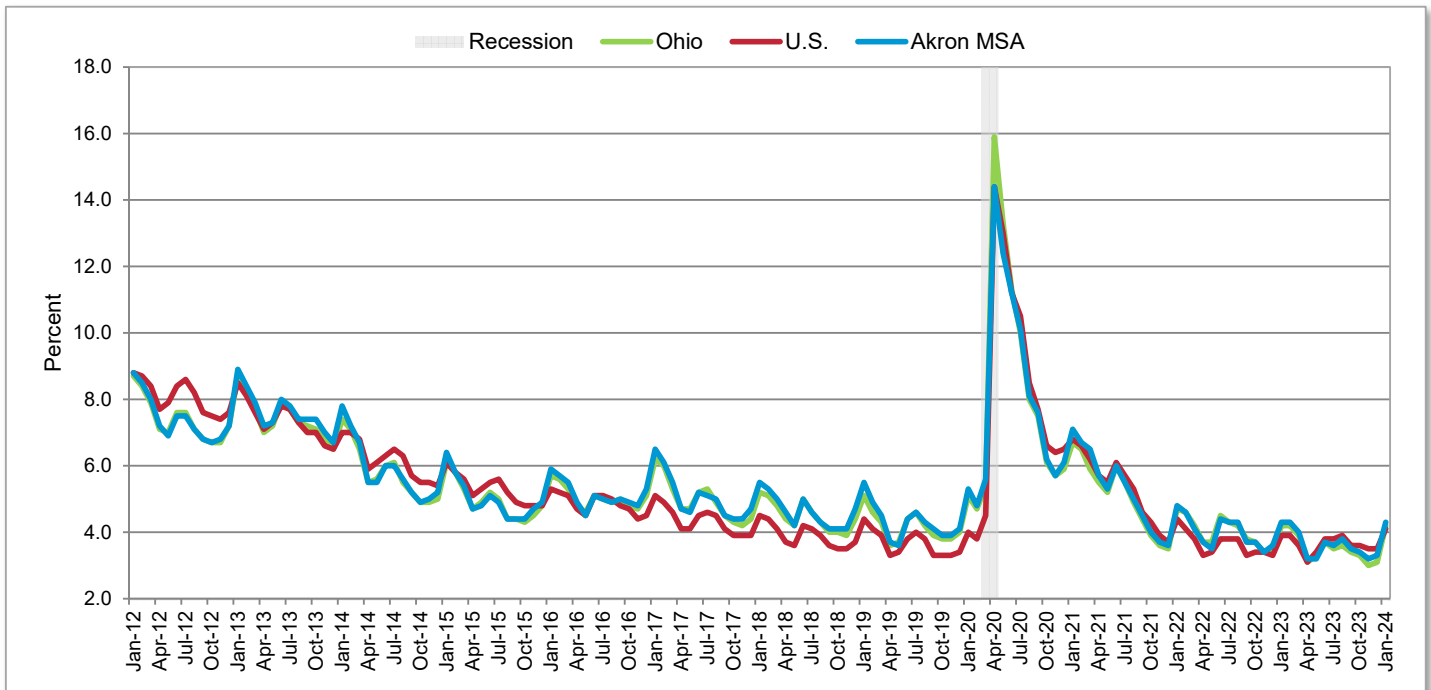
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	Jan 2024 ^b	Dec 2023 ^c	Jan 2023 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	334.8	343.2	335.0	-8.4	-0.2	-2.4	-0.1
Total Private	292.3	298.1	292.9	-5.8	-0.6	-1.9	-0.2
Goods-Producing (Private)	51.6	52.8	51.5	-1.2	0.1	-2.3	0.2
Mining, Logging, and Construction	14.1	15.1	13.7	-1.0	0.4	-6.6	2.9
Manufacturing	37.5	37.7	37.8	-0.2	-0.3	-0.5	-0.8
Durable Goods ^d	21.2	21.3	20.9	-0.1	0.3	-0.5	1.4
Nondurable Goods ^e	16.3	16.4	16.9	-0.1	-0.6	-0.6	-3.6
Service-Providing (Private)	240.7	245.3	241.4	-4.6	-0.7	-1.9	-0.3
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	69.5	72.1	72.5	-2.6	-3.0	-3.6	-4.1
Wholesale Trade	18.1	18.2	18.0	-0.1	0.1	-0.5	0.6
Retail Trade	34.0	35.8	34.4	-1.8	-0.4	-5.0	-1.2
Food and Beverage Retailers	6.6	6.7	6.8	-0.1	-0.2	-1.5	-2.9
General Merchandise Retailers	6.8	7.3	6.6	-0.5	0.2	-6.8	3.0
Health and Personal Care Retailers	2.3	2.4	2.4	-0.1	-0.1	-4.2	-4.2
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	17.4	18.1	20.1	-0.7	-2.7	-3.9	-13.4
Truck Transportation	4.5	4.6	5.1	-0.1	-0.6	-2.2	-11.8
Information	3.8	3.8	3.9	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-2.6
Financial Activities	17.8	17.9	17.5	-0.1	0.3	-0.6	1.7
Finance and Insurance	13.8	13.9	13.7	-0.1	0.1	-0.7	0.7
Professional and Business Services	48.2	49.0	49.2	-0.8	-1.0	-1.6	-2.0
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	16.5	17.1	16.8	-0.6	-0.3	-3.5	-1.8
Private Educational and Health Services	57.5	57.4	54.9	0.1	2.6	0.2	4.7
Health Care and Social Assistance	52.3	52.2	49.8	0.1	2.5	0.2	5.0
Leisure and Hospitality	31.5	32.6	31.1	-1.1	0.4	-3.4	1.3
Accommodation and Food Services	26.9	27.6	26.7	-0.7	0.2	-2.5	0.7
Other Services	12.4	12.5	12.3	-0.1	0.1	-0.8	0.8
Government	42.5	45.1	42.1	-2.6	0.4	-5.8	1.0
Federal Government	2.4	2.4	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
State Government	12.1	14.3	11.8	-2.2	0.3	-15.4	2.5
State Government Educational ^f Services	10.3	12.5	10.1	-2.2	0.2	-17.6	2.0
Local Government	28.0	28.4	27.9	-0.4	0.1	-1.4	0.4
Local Government Educational Services	14.9	15.1	14.7	-0.2	0.2	-1.3	1.4

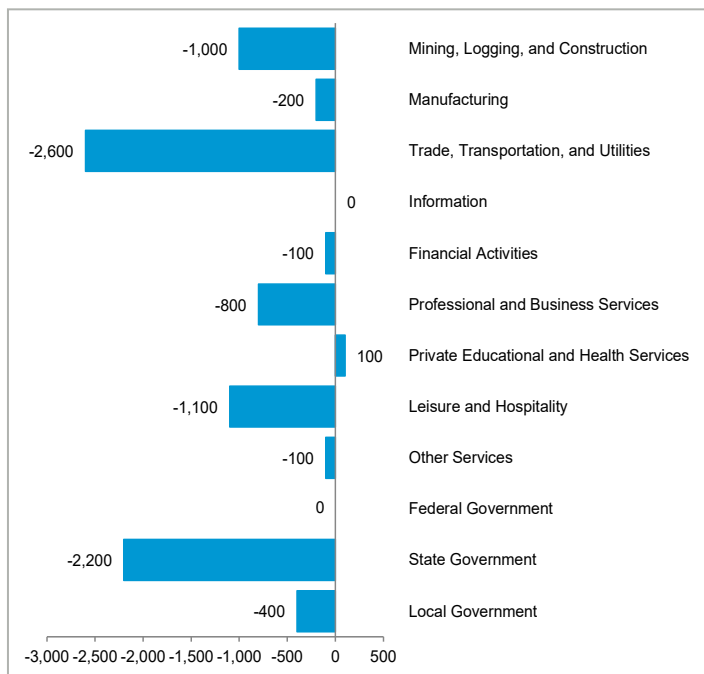
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing. ^fIncludes state universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service.

Akron Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

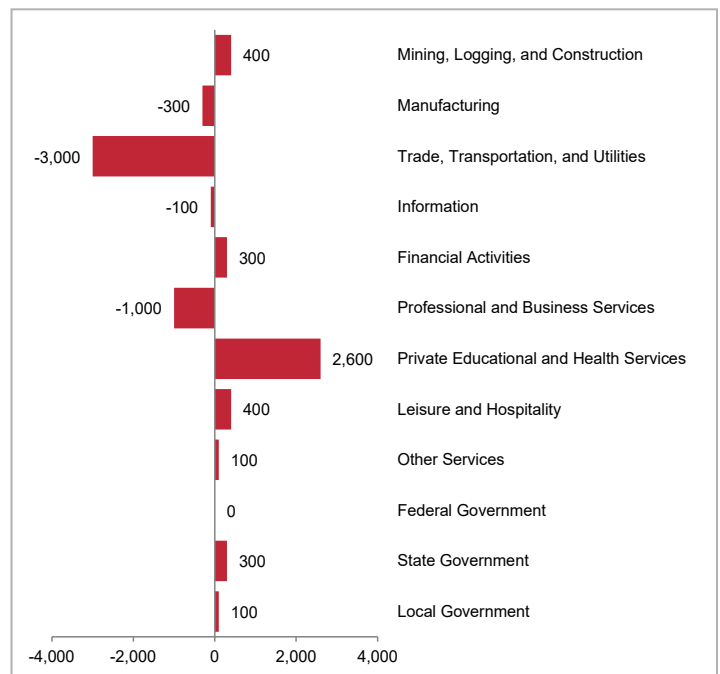
Unemployment Rates



Akron MSA Over-the-Month Change



Akron MSA Over-the-Year Change



Canton-Massillon Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Carroll and Stark Counties



Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Canton-Massillon metropolitan area totaled 168,600 in January 2024, a decrease of 3,300 jobs from December. The goods-producing sector, at 33,300, lost 800 jobs in mining, logging, and construction (-400) and manufacturing (-400). Employment in private service-providing industries, at 116,300, decreased 2,200 in trade, transportation, and utilities (-1,300), professional and business services (-400), leisure and hospitality (-400), and other services (-100). Government employment, at 19,000, decreased 300 in local (-200) and state (-100) government. Federal government employment did not change over the month.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 1,800 from January 2023 to January 2024. The goods-producing sector lost 600 jobs in manufacturing (-400) and mining, logging, and construction (-200). Private service-providing employment increased 2,500 as gains in private educational and health services (+1,200), trade, transportation, and utilities (+800), leisure and hospitality (+500), information (+100), and other services (+100) outweighed losses in financial activities (-100) and professional and business services (-100). Government employment decreased 100 in local government. Federal and state government did not change over the year.

Civilian Labor Force (thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
202.4	190.6	11.8	5.8%
200.6	189.8	10.8	5.4%
200.7	189.5	11.2	5.6%
201.6	191.0	10.6	5.2%
200.1	190.3	9.9	4.9%
200.5	191.3	9.2	4.6%
196.0	180.1	15.9	8.1%
194.0	183.8	10.2	5.3%
192.2	184.4	7.8	4.1%
193.6	186.4	7.1	3.7%
191.8	184.6	7.2	3.7%
191.2	182.5	8.7	4.6%
192.5	183.9	8.6	4.5%
193.0	185.0	8.0	4.1%
193.1	186.8	6.3	3.3%
194.3	187.7	6.6	3.4%
194.8	187.5	7.3	3.7%
195.1	188.2	6.9	3.5%
195.5	188.1	7.4	3.8%
193.4	186.5	6.8	3.5%
193.5	186.8	6.7	3.5%
193.7	187.5	6.1	3.2%
192.8	186.4	6.4	3.3%
192.9	184.1	8.7	4.5%

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Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
172.5	28.4	31.1	14.7	33.0	20.0
172.1	28.6	31.5	14.2	32.7	19.9
172.6	27.4	31.8	15.0	32.9	20.0
173.7	26.7	31.3	15.9	33.4	20.4
173.8	26.9	31.1	15.8	33.7	20.2
173.3	26.7	31.1	16.3	33.5	20.1
163.1	25.1	30.3	15.4	31.8	19.6
166.7	25.1	31.1	16.5	31.8	19.4
168.4	25.3	32.1	16.5	31.3	19.3
170.4	25.6	33.1	16.1	31.6	19.3
169.5	25.5	33.4	16.0	31.4	19.6
166.8	25.6	32.5	15.6	31.1	19.1
167.6	25.5	32.5	15.7	31.6	19.6
167.9	25.5	32.4	15.9	31.4	19.5
170.0	25.5	32.5	16.3	31.6	19.6
171.3	25.4	32.7	16.5	31.5	19.7
171.6	25.8	32.9	16.4	30.9	19.2
171.4	25.7	33.1	16.4	31.2	18.5
171.3	25.8	33.3	16.3	31.3	18.5
171.0	25.4	33.1	16.2	31.6	19.5
172.0	25.4	33.5	16.2	32.1	19.5
172.0	25.4	34.0	16.1	32.3	19.5
171.9	25.6	34.6	15.9	32.3	19.3
168.6	25.2	33.3	15.5	32.3	19.0

Canton-Massillon MSA

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a

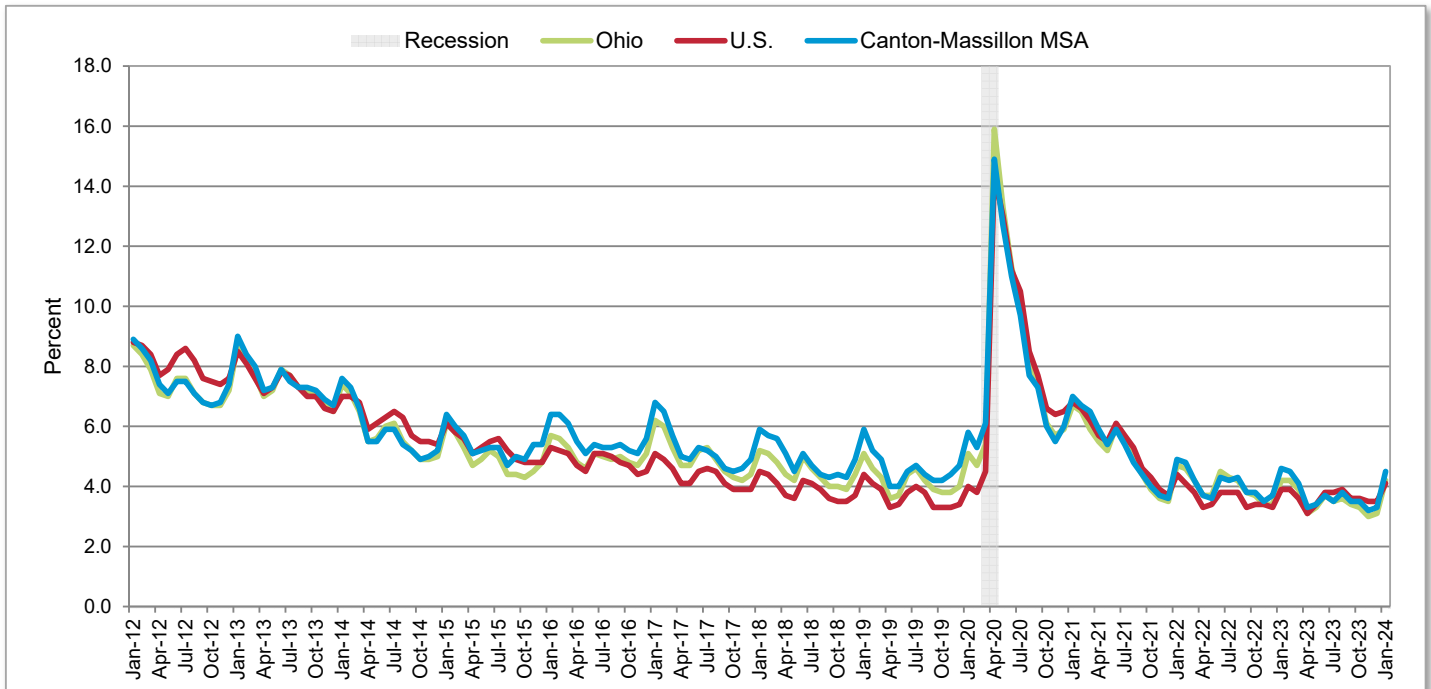
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	Jan 2024 ^b	Dec 2023 ^c	Jan 2023 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	168.6	171.9	166.8	-3.3	1.8	-1.9	1.1
Total Private	149.6	152.6	147.7	-3.0	1.9	-2.0	1.3
Goods-Producing (Private)	33.3	34.1	33.9	-0.8	-0.6	-2.3	-1.8
Mining, Logging, and Construction	8.1	8.5	8.3	-0.4	-0.2	-4.7	-2.4
Manufacturing	25.2	25.6	25.6	-0.4	-0.4	-1.6	-1.6
Food Manufacturing	5.3	5.4	5.1	-0.1	0.2	-1.9	3.9
Service-Providing (Private)	116.3	118.5	113.8	-2.2	2.5	-1.9	2.2
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	33.3	34.6	32.5	-1.3	0.8	-3.8	2.5
Wholesale Trade	7.0	7.1	7.2	-0.1	-0.2	-1.4	-2.8
Retail Trade	20.0	20.8	19.8	-0.8	0.2	-3.8	1.0
General Merchandise Retailers	4.6	4.9	4.3	-0.3	0.3	-6.1	7.0
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	6.3	6.7	5.5	-0.4	0.8	-6.0	14.5
Information	1.7	1.7	1.6	0.0	0.1	0.0	6.2
Financial Activities	7.5	7.5	7.6	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-1.3
Professional and Business Services	15.5	15.9	15.6	-0.4	-0.1	-2.5	-0.6
Private Educational and Health Services	32.3	32.3	31.1	0.0	1.2	0.0	3.9
Health Care and Social Assistance	28.0	28.1	27.2	-0.1	0.8	-0.4	2.9
Leisure and Hospitality	17.8	18.2	17.3	-0.4	0.5	-2.2	2.9
Accommodation and Food Services	15.8	16.1	15.7	-0.3	0.1	-1.9	0.6
Other Services	8.2	8.3	8.1	-0.1	0.1	-1.2	1.2
Government	19.0	19.3	19.1	-0.3	-0.1	-1.6	-0.5
Federal Government	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
State Government	1.1	1.2	1.1	-0.1	0.0	-8.3	0.0
Local Government	16.9	17.1	17.0	-0.2	-0.1	-1.2	-0.6
Local Government Educational Services	10.4	10.6	10.6	-0.2	-0.2	-1.9	-1.9

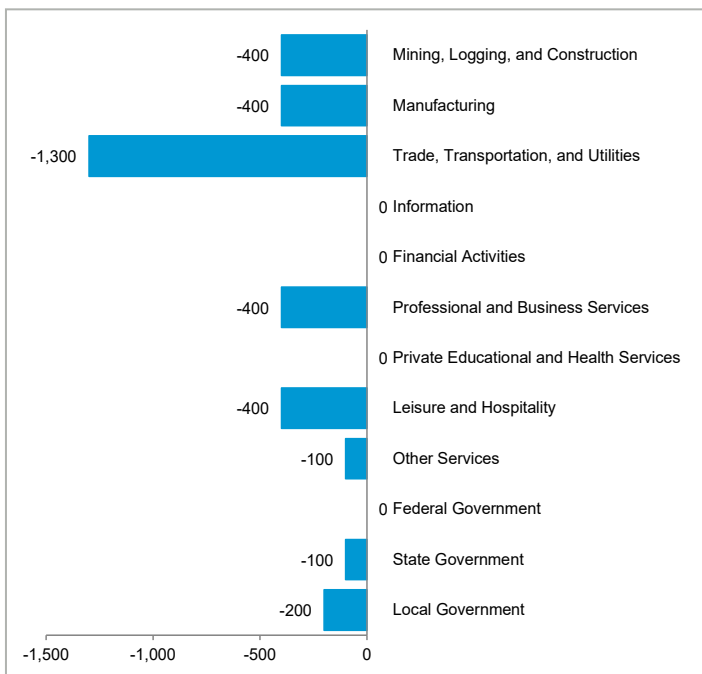
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised.

**Canton-Massillon
Metropolitan Statistical Area
Not Seasonally Adjusted**

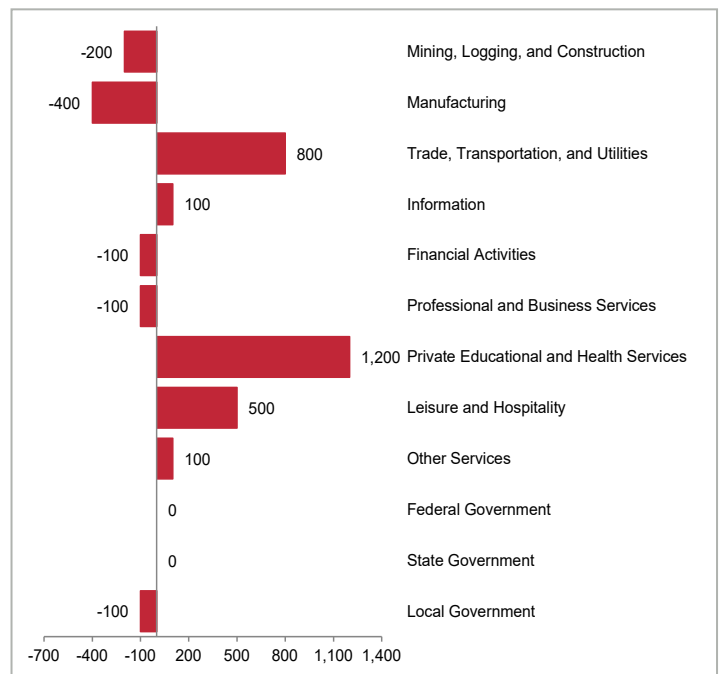
Unemployment Rates



**Canton-Massillon MSA
Over-the-Month Change**



**Canton-Massillon MSA
Over-the-Year Change**



Cincinnati Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

In Ohio: Brown, Butler, Clermont, Hamilton, and Warren Counties

In Indiana: Dearborn, Ohio, and Union Counties

In Kentucky: Boone, Bracken, Campbell, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton, and Pendleton Counties

Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Cincinnati metropolitan area totaled 1,140,800 in January 2024, a decrease of 19,900 jobs from December. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 169,500, decreased 2,100 with losses in mining, logging, and construction (-1,800) and manufacturing (-300). Employment in the private service-providing sector, at 838,600, decreased 20,100 in trade, transportation, and utilities (-6,700), leisure and hospitality (-6,200), professional and business services (-4,700), private educational and health services (-1,700), financial activities (-500), information (-200), and other services (-100). Government employment, at 132,700, increased 2,300 as gains in state (+2,800) and federal (+100) government bypassed losses in local government (-600).

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 6,600 from January 2023 to January 2024. Employment in the goods-producing sector increased 1,500 in manufacturing. Private service-providing employment increased 2,300 as gains in private educational and health services (+8,300) and other services (+1,500) exceeded losses in professional and business services (-5,100), leisure and hospitality (-900), trade, transportation, and utilities (-500), information (-500), and financial activities (-500). Government employment increased 2,800 with gains in state (+1,000), federal (+900), and local (+900) government.



Civilian Labor Force (thousands)			Unemployment Rate	
Total	Employed	Unemployed		
1,077.3	1,018.1	59.2	5.5%	2014
1,080.1	1,031.2	48.9	4.5%	2015
1,094.8	1,046.9	47.9	4.4%	2016
1,114.3	1,066.7	47.5	4.3%	2017
1,122.0	1,077.8	44.2	3.9%	2018
1,138.5	1,096.3	42.2	3.7%	2019
1,114.0	1,036.0	78.0	7.0%	2020
1,119.6	1,070.0	49.6	4.4%	2021
1,132.0	1,092.3	39.7	3.5%	2022
1,142.3	1,104.6	37.8	3.3%	2023
1,126.5	1,092.7	33.8	3.0%	2022 December
1,128.1	1,087.3	40.8	3.6%	2023 January
1,133.7	1,092.0	41.7	3.7%	February
1,144.7	1,105.5	39.2	3.4%	March
1,138.4	1,106.0	32.5	2.9%	April
1,142.3	1,106.6	35.7	3.1%	May
1,151.2	1,109.9	41.3	3.6%	June
1,153.1	1,112.9	40.2	3.5%	July
1,155.0	1,114.5	40.5	3.5%	August
1,142.8	1,105.3	37.5	3.3%	September
1,143.2	1,106.6	36.6	3.2%	October
1,142.5	1,108.5	34.0	3.0%	November
1,133.0	1,099.8	33.2	2.9%	December
1,131.7	1,088.5	43.2	3.8%	2024 January

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
1,042.9	110.1	202.8	166.8	159.5	130.3
1,061.8	113.2	206.8	168.1	161.5	130.3
1,080.8	114.7	210.6	168.5	163.2	131.0
1,095.2	116.6	213.6	168.7	164.8	131.1
1,107.9	118.6	219.6	170.2	166.6	130.3
1,118.7	120.3	220.7	172.1	169.8	131.0
1,056.5	113.9	212.8	166.4	163.4	126.4
1,093.2	114.8	222.0	175.1	166.3	125.6
1,132.7	117.9	228.4	186.4	168.6	127.9
1,153.9	120.4	228.3	183.2	176.0	131.0
1,148.1	119.4	237.4	187.0	171.5	127.5
1,134.2	119.4	229.6	183.1	170.8	129.9
1,138.5	119.5	227.4	181.8	172.9	133.4
1,146.4	119.9	227.5	183.1	173.8	133.0
1,149.2	120.0	225.4	184.3	173.6	132.3
1,156.1	120.1	226.2	183.7	174.6	131.3
1,160.3	121.2	226.4	183.7	175.3	126.8
1,156.1	121.0	225.5	183.3	175.3	124.5
1,158.9	121.0	226.1	183.0	175.8	128.1
1,157.8	120.4	226.9	182.3	177.2	133.4
1,164.0	120.5	228.6	184.1	180.2	134.0
1,164.0	120.1	234.6	183.2	181.4	134.3
1,160.7	121.2	235.8	182.7	180.8	130.4
1,140.8	120.9	229.1	178.0	179.1	132.7

Cincinnati MSA

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Total Nonagricultural**Total Private****Goods-Producing (Private)****Mining, Logging, and Construction**

Construction of Buildings
Specialty Trade Contractors

Manufacturing

Durable Goods^d
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing
Motor Vehicle Parts Manufacturing
Nondurable Goods^e
Chemical Manufacturing

Service-Providing (Private)**Trade, Transportation, and Utilities**

Wholesale Trade
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods
Retail Trade
Food and Beverage Retailers
Grocery and Convenience Retailers
General Merchandise Retailers
Health and Personal Care Retailers
Clothing, Accessories, Shoe, and Jewelry Retailers
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities
Transportation and Warehousing
Air Transportation

Information**Financial Activities**

Finance and Insurance
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities

Professional and Business Services

Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services
Management of Companies and Enterprises
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services
Employment Services
Services to Buildings and Dwellings

Private Educational and Health Services

Private Educational Services
Health Care and Social Assistance
Hospitals

Leisure and Hospitality

Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation
Accommodation and Food Services

Other Services**Government**

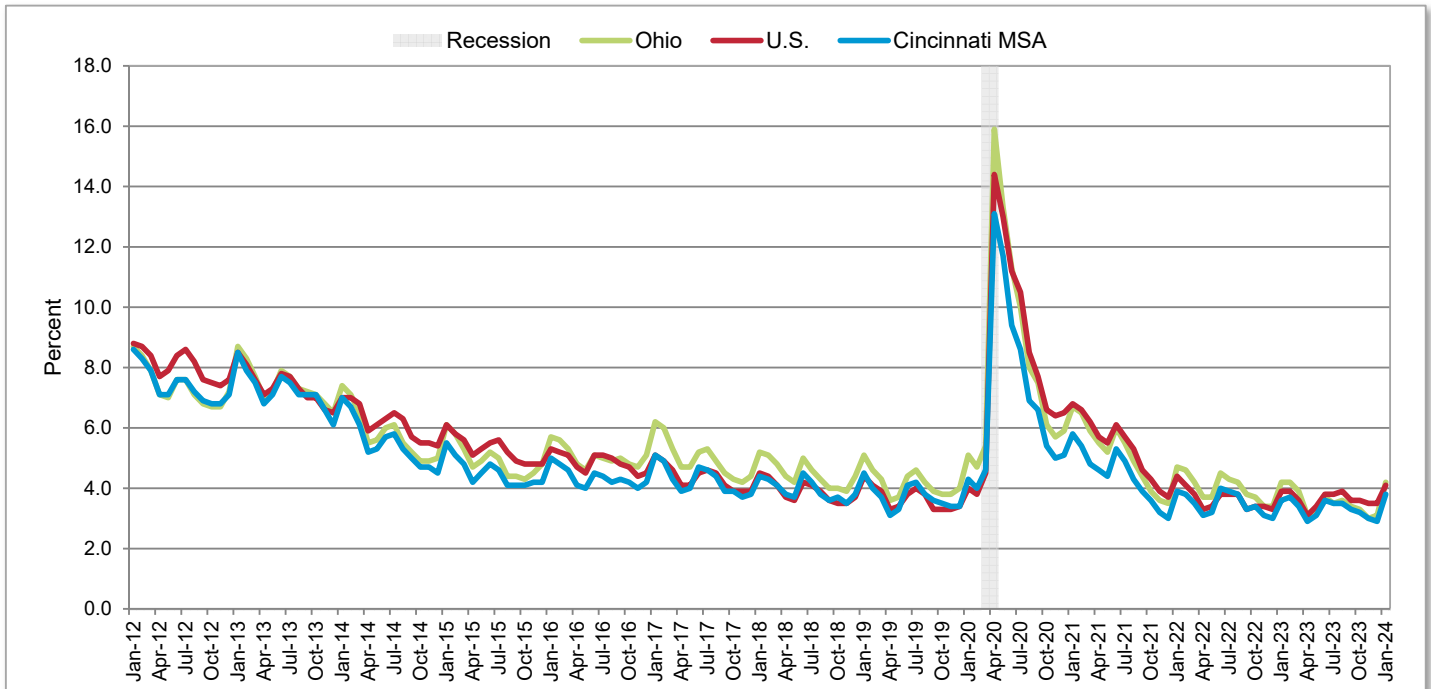
Federal Government
State Government
State Government Educational^f Services
Local Government
Local Government Educational Services

Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
Jan 2024 ^b	Dec 2023 ^c	Jan 2023 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
1,140.8	1,160.7	1,134.2	-19.9	6.6	-1.7	0.6
1,008.1	1,030.3	1,004.3	-22.2	3.8	-2.2	0.4
169.5	171.6	168.0	-2.1	1.5	-1.2	0.9
48.6	50.4	48.6	-1.8	0.0	-3.6	0.0
10.1	10.4	10.0	-0.3	0.1	-2.9	1.0
33.6	34.7	33.4	-1.1	0.2	-3.2	0.6
120.9	121.2	119.4	-0.3	1.5	-0.2	1.3
68.1	68.3	67.1	-0.2	1.0	-0.3	1.5
21.8	21.9	21.0	-0.1	0.8	-0.5	3.8
9.1	9.1	9.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.1
52.8	52.9	52.3	-0.1	0.5	-0.2	1.0
13.2	13.2	13.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.8
838.6	858.7	836.3	-20.1	2.3	-2.3	0.3
229.1	235.8	229.6	-6.7	-0.5	-2.8	-0.2
59.2	60.1	59.4	-0.9	-0.2	-1.5	-0.3
34.9	35.2	35.1	-0.3	-0.2	-0.9	-0.6
20.2	20.4	20.2	-0.2	0.0	-1.0	0.0
101.4	105.5	101.7	-4.1	-0.3	-3.9	-0.3
19.4	19.7	20.1	-0.3	-0.7	-1.5	-3.5
16.9	17.2	17.8	-0.3	-0.9	-1.7	-5.1
21.1	22.4	21.7	-1.3	-0.6	-5.8	-2.8
6.6	6.8	6.6	-0.2	0.0	-2.9	0.0
8.0	8.5	7.8	-0.5	0.2	-5.9	2.6
68.5	70.2	68.5	-1.7	0.0	-2.4	0.0
65.8	67.5	65.9	-1.7	-0.1	-2.5	-0.2
4.6	4.8	4.9	-0.2	-0.3	-4.2	-6.1
13.6	13.8	14.1	-0.2	-0.5	-1.4	-3.5
78.8	79.3	79.3	-0.5	-0.5	-0.6	-0.6
63.7	64.0	64.4	-0.3	-0.7	-0.5	-1.1
23.6	23.7	24.5	-0.1	-0.9	-0.4	-3.7
32.4	32.6	32.4	-0.2	0.0	-0.6	0.0
178.0	182.7	183.1	-4.7	-5.1	-2.6	-2.8
66.9	67.3	68.3	-0.4	-1.4	-0.6	-2.0
40.8	41.2	40.2	-0.4	0.6	-1.0	1.5
70.3	74.2	74.6	-3.9	-4.3	-5.3	-5.8
31.2	33.3	36.2	-2.1	-5.0	-6.3	-13.8
15.1	15.8	14.7	-0.7	0.4	-4.4	2.7
179.1	180.8	170.8	-1.7	8.3	-0.9	4.9
16.8	18.8	17.6	-2.0	-0.8	-10.6	-4.5
162.3	162.0	153.2	0.3	9.1	0.2	5.9
55.0	55.2	52.6	-0.2	2.4	-0.4	4.6
119.2	125.4	120.1	-6.2	-0.9	-4.9	-0.7
20.7	23.2	19.4	-2.5	1.3	-10.8	6.7
98.5	102.2	100.7	-3.7	-2.2	-3.6	-2.2
40.8	40.9	39.3	-0.1	1.5	-0.2	3.8
132.7	130.4	129.9	2.3	2.8	1.8	2.2
15.5	15.4	14.6	0.1	0.9	0.6	6.2
31.6	28.8	30.6	2.8	1.0	9.7	3.3
27.0	24.1	26.0	2.9	1.0	12.0	3.8
85.6	86.2	84.7	-0.6	0.9	-0.7	1.1
50.0	50.1	49.9	-0.1	0.1	-0.2	0.2

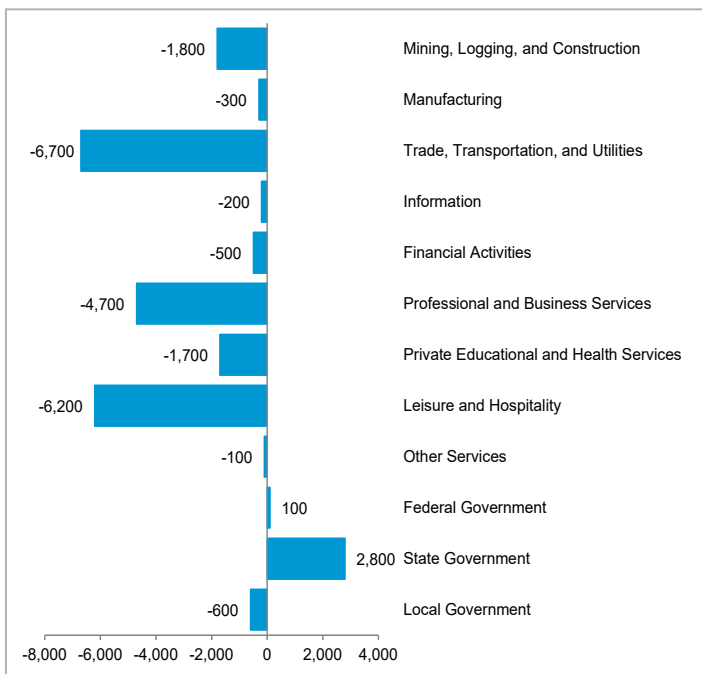
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing. ^fIncludes state universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service.

Cincinnati Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

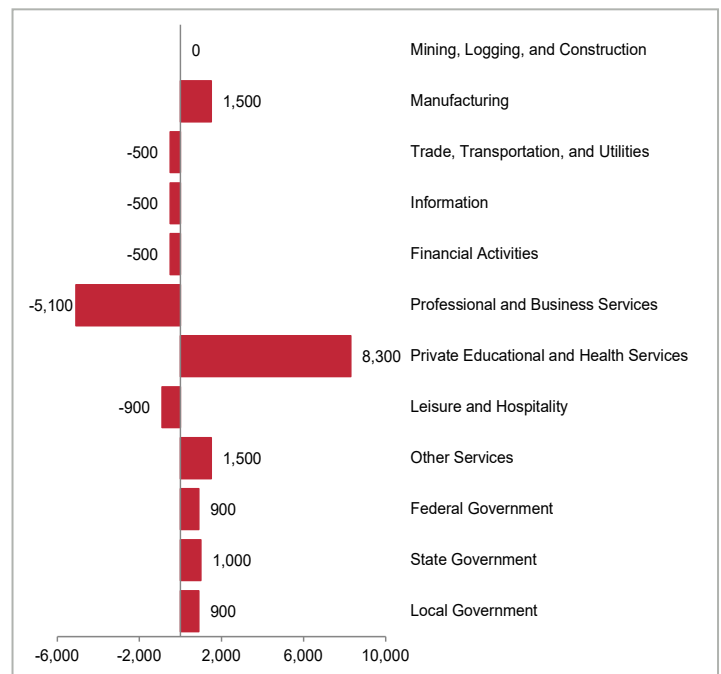
Unemployment Rates



Cincinnati MSA Over-the-Month Change



Cincinnati MSA Over-the-Year Change



Cleveland-Elyria Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Cuyahoga, Geauga, Lake, Lorain, and Medina Counties



Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Cleveland-Elyria metropolitan area totaled 1,049,600 in January 2024, a decrease of 19,700 jobs from December. Goods-producing industries, at 156,800, lost 2,500 jobs in manufacturing (-1,300) and mining, logging, and construction (-1,200). Private service-providing employment, at 759,500, decreased 15,300 in trade, transportation, and utilities (-4,600), private educational and health services (-3,400), professional and business services (-3,200), leisure and hospitality (-3,200), other services (-700), and information (-200). Financial activities did not change over the month. Government employment, at 133,300, decreased 1,900 in state (-1,200), local (-400), and federal (-300) government.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 6,000 from January 2023 to January 2024. Goods-producing industries increased 1,200 as gains in mining, logging, and construction (+2,100) surpassed losses in manufacturing (-900). Employment in private service-providing industries increased 1,900 as gains in private educational and health services (+5,500), leisure and hospitality (+1,400), and other services (+300) outweighed losses in professional and business services (-2,900), information (-1,200), financial activities (-900), and trade, transportation, and utilities (-300). Government employment increased 2,900 with gains in local (+2,100) and federal (+800) government. State government employment did not change over the year.

Civilian Labor Force (thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
1,034.0	971.6	62.4	6.0%
1,025.7	974.1	51.7	5.0%
1,033.9	978.2	55.7	5.4%
1,054.7	996.0	58.7	5.6%
1,058.1	1,008.5	49.5	4.7%
1,068.4	1,024.7	43.6	4.1%
1,016.4	918.1	98.2	9.7%
1,013.0	955.6	57.5	5.7%
1,025.5	978.1	47.4	4.6%
1,034.2	996.2	38.0	3.7%
1,012.8	979.5	33.4	3.3%
1,013.4	971.9	41.6	4.1%
1,023.0	974.1	49.0	4.8%
1,025.9	983.2	42.7	4.2%
1,027.2	992.5	34.7	3.4%
1,029.1	990.1	39.0	3.8%
1,052.2	1,008.1	44.1	4.2%
1,063.1	1,023.6	39.5	3.7%
1,048.4	1,010.2	38.2	3.6%
1,033.4	997.3	36.1	3.5%
1,037.4	1,006.1	31.3	3.0%
1,040.2	1,010.8	29.4	2.8%
1,017.6	986.6	31.0	3.0%
1,017.4	974.2	43.3	4.3%

2014

2015

2016

2017

2018

2019

2020

2021

2022

2023

December

2023

January

February

March

April

May

June

July

August

September

October

November

December

2024

January

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment
(thousands)

Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
1,036.6	124.3	182.5	150.7	194.0	133.8
1,045.4	124.3	184.0	150.8	197.3	134.6
1,055.3	121.1	184.7	153.1	201.6	136.3
1,058.7	121.2	182.2	155.2	202.2	136.6
1,070.0	123.7	182.2	158.8	203.8	137.6
1,081.0	123.4	185.6	162.1	206.3	138.6
1,008.5	114.9	178.9	153.6	196.8	131.8
1,028.0	114.5	184.0	158.2	194.3	129.5
1,049.5	117.9	188.0	155.0	196.8	130.6
1,062.3	119.3	187.8	152.8	204.0	133.2
1,061.0	120.0	194.7	153.8	200.3	131.9
1,043.6	119.1	188.7	150.3	200.2	130.4
1,045.3	119.5	186.8	150.6	201.6	132.1
1,046.4	119.5	185.6	150.9	201.8	131.6
1,055.0	119.4	185.3	152.3	202.3	133.2
1,067.5	119.6	186.7	153.3	203.6	134.5
1,075.3	120.3	188.1	155.6	202.7	134.1
1,072.5	119.8	188.0	156.0	201.3	132.7
1,071.2	119.8	187.5	155.5	202.1	131.8
1,062.2	118.8	185.9	152.7	205.4	132.6
1,068.9	118.1	187.6	153.9	208.2	134.4
1,070.8	118.1	190.8	152.4	209.6	136.1
1,069.3	119.5	193.0	150.6	209.1	135.2
1,049.6	118.2	188.4	147.4	205.7	133.3

Cleveland-Elyria MSA

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a

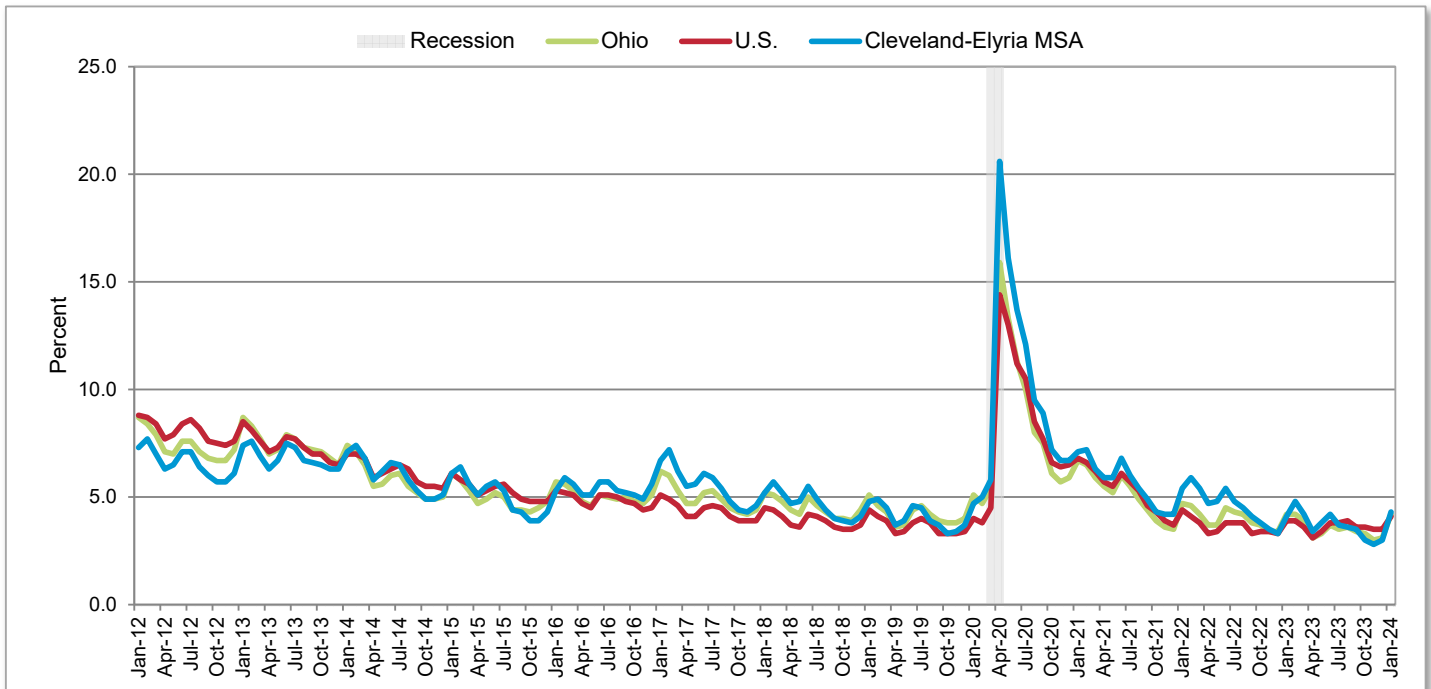
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	Jan 2024 ^b	Dec 2023 ^c	Jan 2023 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	1,049.6	1,069.3	1,043.6	-19.7	6.0	-1.8	0.6
Total Private	916.3	934.1	913.2	-17.8	3.1	-1.9	0.3
Goods-Producing (Private)	156.8	159.3	155.6	-2.5	1.2	-1.6	0.8
Mining, Logging, and Construction	38.6	39.8	36.5	-1.2	2.1	-3.0	5.8
Specialty Trade Contractors	24.7	25.8	24.1	-1.1	0.6	-4.3	2.5
Manufacturing	118.2	119.5	119.1	-1.3	-0.9	-1.1	-0.8
Durable Goods ^d	82.9	84.1	83.2	-1.2	-0.3	-1.4	-0.4
Primary Metal Manufacturing	6.1	6.2	6.3	-0.1	-0.2	-1.6	-3.2
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	25.5	25.7	25.6	-0.2	-0.1	-0.8	-0.4
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	12.9	13.0	12.8	-0.1	0.1	-0.8	0.8
Motor Vehicle Parts Manufacturing	7.2	7.3	7.2	-0.1	0.0	-1.4	0.0
Nondurable Goods ^e	35.3	35.4	35.9	-0.1	-0.6	-0.3	-1.7
Service-Providing (Private)	759.5	774.8	757.6	-15.3	1.9	-2.0	0.3
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	188.4	193.0	188.7	-4.6	-0.3	-2.4	-0.2
Wholesale Trade	54.3	54.5	54.0	-0.2	0.3	-0.4	0.6
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	32.6	32.8	32.6	-0.2	0.0	-0.6	0.0
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	17.1	17.3	17.1	-0.2	0.0	-1.2	0.0
Retail Trade	94.9	97.6	95.5	-2.7	-0.6	-2.8	-0.6
Food and Beverage Retailers	20.9	21.0	20.9	-0.1	0.0	-0.5	0.0
General Merchandise Retailers	19.1	20.2	18.8	-1.1	0.3	-5.4	1.6
Health and Personal Care Retailers	8.5	8.7	8.9	-0.2	-0.4	-2.3	-4.5
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	39.2	40.9	39.2	-1.7	0.0	-4.2	0.0
Transportation and Warehousing	36.8	38.6	36.9	-1.8	-0.1	-4.7	-0.3
Information	14.2	14.4	15.4	-0.2	-1.2	-1.4	-7.8
Financial Activities	71.7	71.7	72.6	0.0	-0.9	0.0	-1.2
Finance and Insurance	57.4	57.4	57.7	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-0.5
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	17.9	17.9	17.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Depository Credit Intermediation	12.8	12.8	12.6	0.0	0.2	0.0	1.6
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	33.5	33.7	33.6	-0.2	-0.1	-0.6	-0.3
Insurance Carriers	22.1	22.2	22.0	-0.1	0.1	-0.5	0.5
Professional and Business Services	147.4	150.6	150.3	-3.2	-2.9	-2.1	-1.9
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	62.8	63.2	63.6	-0.4	-0.8	-0.6	-1.3
Management of Companies and Enterprises	28.8	29.0	28.4	-0.2	0.4	-0.7	1.4
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	55.8	58.4	58.3	-2.6	-2.5	-4.5	-4.3
Administrative and Support Services	53.0	55.2	55.3	-2.2	-2.3	-4.0	-4.2
Employment Services	22.5	23.5	25.0	-1.0	-2.5	-4.3	-10.0
Private Educational and Health Services	205.7	209.1	200.2	-3.4	5.5	-1.6	2.7
Private Educational Services	32.3	35.8	34.2	-3.5	-1.9	-9.8	-5.6
Health Care and Social Assistance	173.4	173.3	166.0	0.1	7.4	0.1	4.5
Hospitals	71.4	71.7	68.4	-0.3	3.0	-0.4	4.4
Nursing and Residential Care Facilities	30.0	30.0	28.4	0.0	1.6	0.0	5.6
Leisure and Hospitality	94.4	97.6	93.0	-3.2	1.4	-3.3	1.5
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	14.7	15.4	14.0	-0.7	0.7	-4.5	5.0
Accommodation and Food Services	79.7	82.2	79.0	-2.5	0.7	-3.0	0.9
Other Services	37.7	38.4	37.4	-0.7	0.3	-1.8	0.8
Government	133.3	135.2	130.4	-1.9	2.9	-1.4	2.2
Federal Government	20.5	20.8	19.7	-0.3	0.8	-1.4	4.1
State Government	6.3	7.5	6.3	-1.2	0.0	-16.0	0.0
State Government Educational ^f Services	2.3	3.5	2.2	-1.2	0.1	-34.3	4.5
Local Government	106.5	106.9	104.4	-0.4	2.1	-0.4	2.0
Local Government Educational Services	47.7	48.3	48.4	-0.6	-0.7	-1.2	-1.4

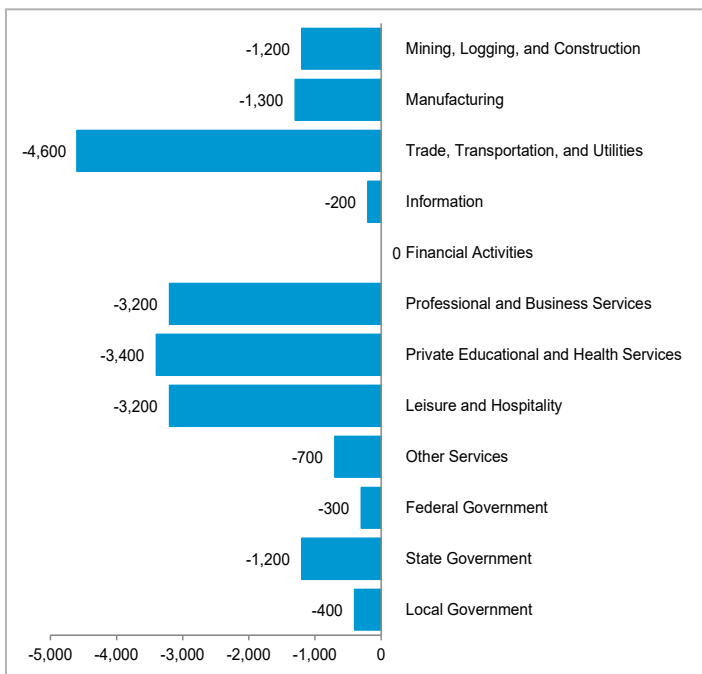
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing. ^fIncludes state universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service.

Cleveland-Elyria Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

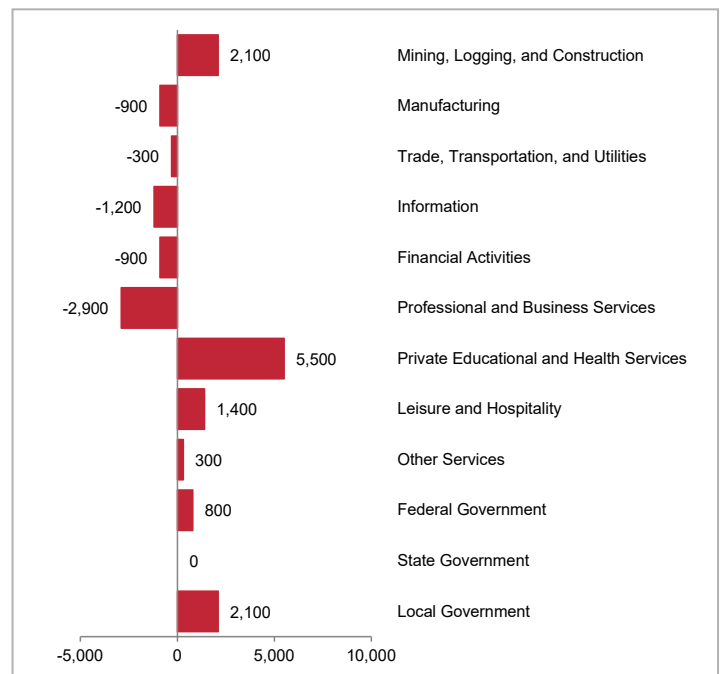
Unemployment Rates



Cleveland-Elyria MSA Over-the-Month Change



Cleveland-Elyria MSA Over-the-Year Change

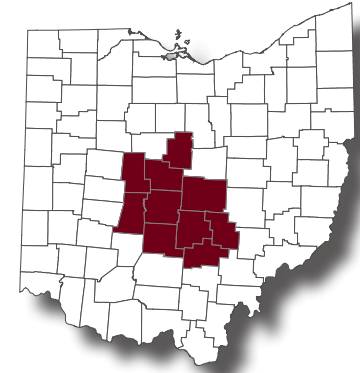


Columbus Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Delaware, Fairfield, Franklin, Hocking, Licking, Madison, Morrow, Perry, Pickaway, and Union Counties

Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Columbus metropolitan area totaled 1,140,700 in January 2024, a decrease of 23,600 jobs from December. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 118,700, decreased 4,600 in mining, logging, and construction (-3,700) and manufacturing (-900). Private service-providing employment, at 831,900, decreased 19,400 in trade, transportation, and utilities (-9,300), professional and business services (-3,900), leisure and hospitality (-3,000), private educational and health services (-1,500), other services (-1,000), financial activities (-400), and information (-300). Government employment, at 190,100, increased 400 in local (+300) and federal (+100) government. State government employment did not change over the month.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 7,200 from January 2023 to January 2024. Goods-producing industries decreased 2,200 in mining, logging, and construction (-1,600) and manufacturing (-600). Employment in the private service-providing sector increased 1,400 as gains in private educational and health services (+8,100) and other services (+1,200) outweighed losses in professional and business services (-3,200), trade, transportation, and utilities (-2,300), leisure and hospitality (-1,300), financial activities (-700), and information (-400). Government employment increased 8,000 in state (+3,700), local (+3,600), and federal (+700) government.



Civilian Labor Force (thousands)			Unemployment Rate	
Total	Employed	Unemployed		
1,030.7	979.9	50.8	4.9%	2014
1,042.2	998.3	43.9	4.2%	2015
1,060.0	1,015.4	44.6	4.2%	2016
1,082.8	1,038.5	44.3	4.1%	2017
1,091.8	1,049.7	42.1	3.9%	2018
1,111.3	1,071.2	40.1	3.6%	2019
1,101.8	1,023.5	78.2	7.1%	2020
1,110.6	1,058.8	51.9	4.7%	2021
1,116.8	1,078.6	38.2	3.4%	2022
1,128.9	1,093.7	35.2	3.1%	2023
1,109.7	1,076.5	33.2	3.0%	2022 December
1,112.5	1,073.1	39.4	3.5%	2023 January
1,119.4	1,080.0	39.3	3.5%	February
1,123.3	1,086.2	37.1	3.3%	March
1,124.2	1,093.2	30.9	2.8%	April
1,129.5	1,096.4	33.1	2.9%	May
1,135.2	1,097.4	37.8	3.3%	June
1,140.6	1,104.1	36.4	3.2%	July
1,144.6	1,107.1	37.5	3.3%	August
1,129.4	1,094.1	35.3	3.1%	September
1,130.7	1,096.5	34.2	3.0%	October
1,133.3	1,102.6	30.7	2.7%	November
1,123.6	1,093.3	30.3	2.7%	December
1,120.6	1,080.5	40.1	3.6%	2024 January

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
1,016.6	70.0	191.9	175.5	144.0	167.2
1,040.6	71.7	197.2	176.9	148.9	170.5
1,064.3	71.6	201.9	180.5	153.2	174.0
1,085.4	72.3	207.0	180.0	158.6	177.7
1,100.3	73.3	208.6	181.4	161.8	180.0
1,113.8	73.6	213.2	182.1	163.1	183.1
1,063.8	70.2	215.6	174.7	155.2	177.0
1,101.5	72.5	226.6	181.3	158.0	178.5
1,135.6	74.3	230.6	189.9	161.1	180.5
1,154.0	74.4	226.1	190.3	170.2	185.8
1,144.2	74.7	232.4	190.9	164.3	182.0
1,133.5	74.0	226.3	188.7	165.1	182.1
1,138.0	74.3	223.1	189.0	167.0	185.8
1,138.2	74.1	222.7	188.3	167.4	183.8
1,148.2	74.4	222.7	189.6	168.7	187.2
1,156.2	74.3	223.9	189.8	168.8	188.9
1,158.5	74.8	224.8	190.9	169.4	182.9
1,159.1	74.9	225.5	191.7	170.0	181.8
1,161.4	74.7	225.8	191.6	170.8	183.5
1,156.9	74.3	226.6	189.6	171.1	186.7
1,165.3	74.2	227.3	192.4	174.0	188.2
1,168.0	74.0	231.6	192.2	175.0	189.5
1,164.3	74.3	233.3	189.4	174.7	189.7
1,140.7	73.4	224.0	185.5	173.2	190.1

Columbus MSA

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a

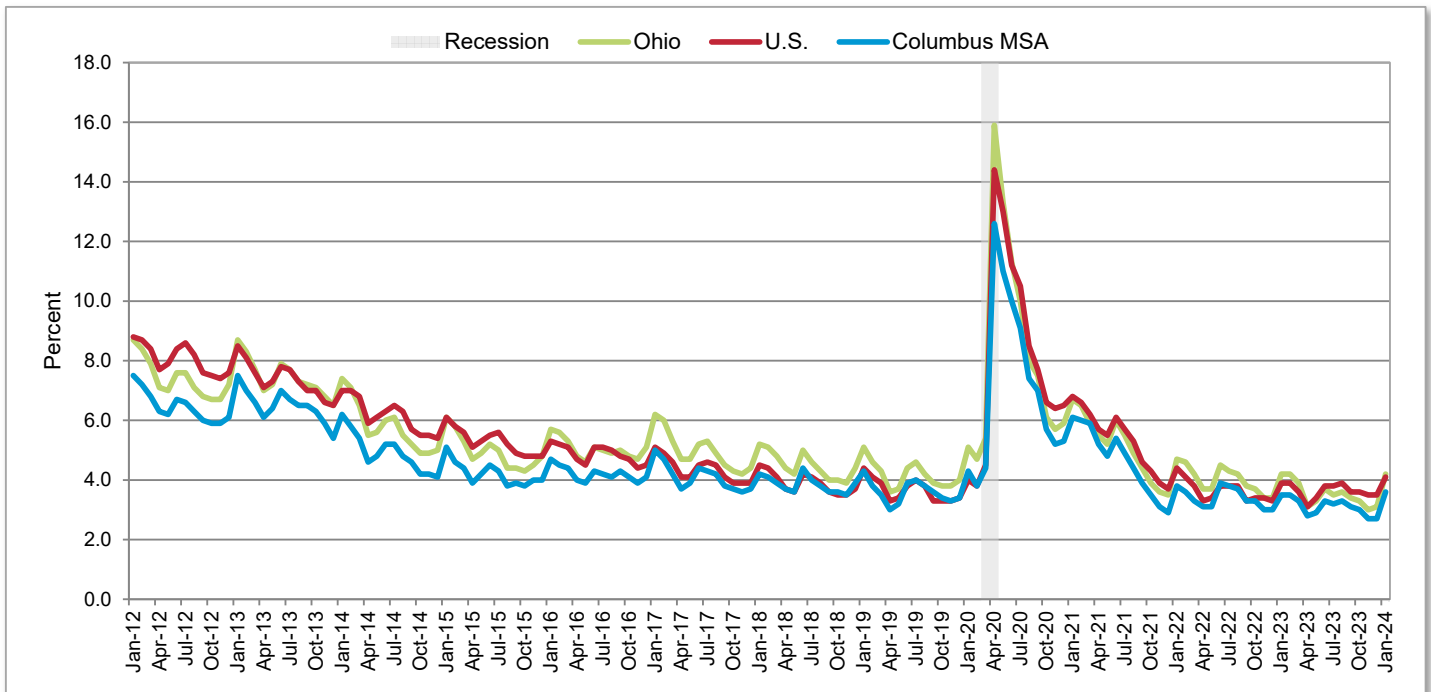
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	Jan 2024 ^b	Dec 2023 ^c	Jan 2023 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	1,140.7	1,164.3	1,133.5	-23.6	7.2	-2.0	0.6
Total Private	950.6	974.6	951.4	-24.0	-0.8	-2.5	-0.1
Goods-Producing (Private)	118.7	123.3	120.9	-4.6	-2.2	-3.7	-1.8
Mining, Logging, and Construction	45.3	49.0	46.9	-3.7	-1.6	-7.6	-3.4
Specialty Trade Contractors	28.9	29.8	29.6	-0.9	-0.7	-3.0	-2.4
Manufacturing	73.4	74.3	74.0	-0.9	-0.6	-1.2	-0.8
Durable Goods ^d	43.1	43.7	44.0	-0.6	-0.9	-1.4	-2.0
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	13.5	13.7	14.0	-0.2	-0.5	-1.5	-3.6
Nondurable Goods ^e	30.3	30.6	30.0	-0.3	0.3	-1.0	1.0
Food Manufacturing	8.5	8.6	8.1	-0.1	0.4	-1.2	4.9
Service-Providing (Private)	831.9	851.3	830.5	-19.4	1.4	-2.3	0.2
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	224.0	233.3	226.3	-9.3	-2.3	-4.0	-1.0
Wholesale Trade	41.9	42.3	42.4	-0.4	-0.5	-0.9	-1.2
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	26.2	26.4	25.9	-0.2	0.3	-0.8	1.2
Retail Trade	103.2	107.3	104.0	-4.1	-0.8	-3.8	-0.8
General Merchandise Retailers	20.3	21.4	19.8	-1.1	0.5	-5.1	2.5
Health and Personal Care Retailers	6.1	6.3	6.1	-0.2	0.0	-3.2	0.0
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	78.9	83.7	79.9	-4.8	-1.0	-5.7	-1.3
Transportation and Warehousing	74.5	79.3	75.6	-4.8	-1.1	-6.1	-1.5
Information	18.1	18.4	18.5	-0.3	-0.4	-1.6	-2.2
Financial Activities	84.5	84.9	85.2	-0.4	-0.7	-0.5	-0.8
Finance and Insurance	66.5	66.7	68.0	-0.2	-1.5	-0.3	-2.2
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	29.3	29.2	30.3	0.1	-1.0	0.3	-3.3
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	30.8	30.8	31.3	0.0	-0.5	0.0	-1.6
Insurance Carriers	18.2	18.2	19.1	0.0	-0.9	0.0	-4.7
Professional and Business Services	185.5	189.4	188.7	-3.9	-3.2	-2.1	-1.7
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	74.7	75.5	75.3	-0.8	-0.6	-1.1	-0.8
Computer Systems Design and Related Services	18.6	18.8	19.9	-0.2	-1.3	-1.1	-6.5
Management of Companies and Enterprises	39.0	39.5	39.7	-0.5	-0.7	-1.3	-1.8
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	71.8	74.4	73.7	-2.6	-1.9	-3.5	-2.6
Employment Services	31.4	33.5	33.3	-2.1	-1.9	-6.3	-5.7
Private Educational and Health Services	173.2	174.7	165.1	-1.5	8.1	-0.9	4.9
Health Care and Social Assistance	155.2	155.8	146.7	-0.6	8.5	-0.4	5.8
Hospitals	33.1	33.3	31.6	-0.2	1.5	-0.6	4.7
Leisure and Hospitality	103.5	106.5	104.8	-3.0	-1.3	-2.8	-1.2
Accommodation and Food Services	89.3	91.5	91.5	-2.2	-2.2	-2.4	-2.4
Food Services and Drinking Places	81.8	83.8	84.5	-2.0	-2.7	-2.4	-3.2
Other Services	43.1	44.1	41.9	-1.0	1.2	-2.3	2.9
Government	190.1	189.7	182.1	0.4	8.0	0.2	4.4
Federal Government	15.1	15.0	14.4	0.1	0.7	0.7	4.9
State Government	81.1	81.1	77.4	0.0	3.7	0.0	4.8
State Government Educational ^f Services	32.2	32.1	30.2	0.1	2.0	0.3	6.6
Local Government	93.9	93.6	90.3	0.3	3.6	0.3	4.0
Local Government Educational Services	54.8	54.3	52.9	0.5	1.9	0.9	3.6

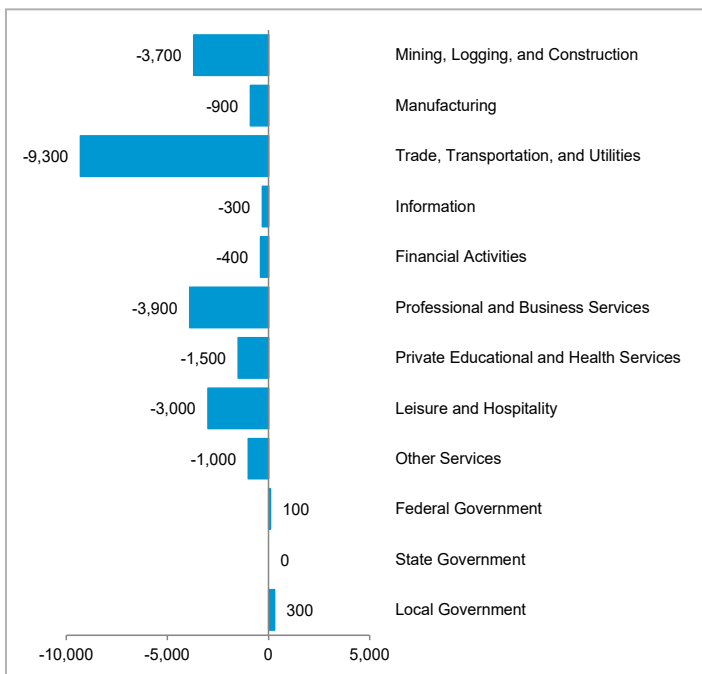
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing. ^fIncludes state universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service.

Columbus Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

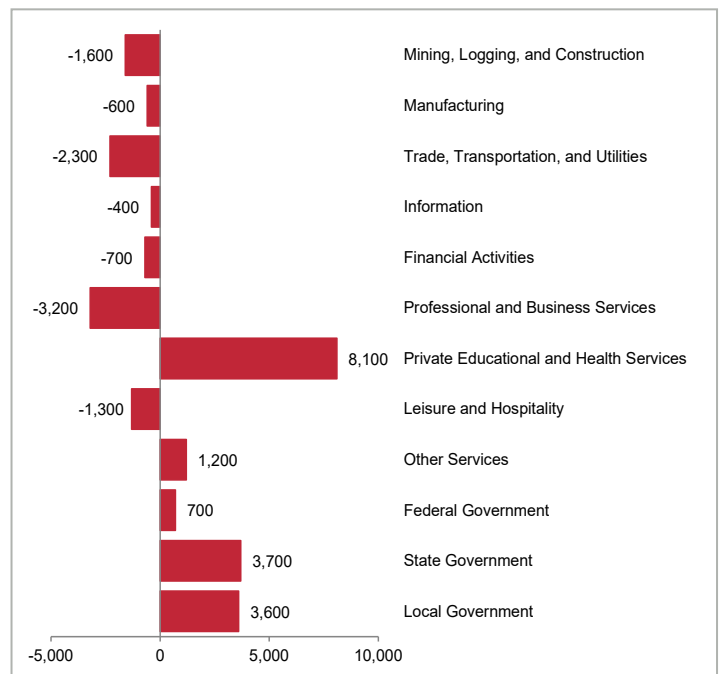
Unemployment Rates



Columbus MSA Over-the-Month Change



Columbus MSA Over-the-Year Change



Dayton Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Greene, Miami, and Montgomery Counties

Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Dayton metropolitan area totaled 384,800 in January 2024, a decrease of 6,300 jobs from December. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 55,200, decreased 700 in mining, logging, and construction (-500) and manufacturing (-200). Private service-providing employment, at 268,300, decreased 4,400 in trade, transportation, and utilities (-2,400), leisure and hospitality (-1,000), professional and business services (-500), private educational and health services (-300), and other services (-200). Government employment, at 61,300, decreased 1,200 in local (-1,100) and state (-100) government. Federal government employment did not change over the month.



Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 2,100 from January 2023 to January 2024. Goods-producing industries decreased 300 as losses in manufacturing (-500) surpassed gains in mining, logging, and construction (+200). The private service-providing sector increased 1,100 as gains in leisure and hospitality (+2,200), private educational and health services (+1,600), and other services (+400) outweighed losses in trade, transportation, and utilities (-1,700), professional and business services (-1,000), information (-200), and financial activities (-200). Government employment increased 1,300 in local (+700), federal (+500), and state (+100) government.

Civilian Labor Force (thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
381.8	359.5	22.3	5.8%
383.1	364.6	18.5	4.8%
385.7	367.3	18.4	4.8%
389.9	371.8	18.1	4.7%
389.6	372.7	16.9	4.3%
393.4	377.4	16.0	4.1%
386.3	355.4	30.8	8.0%
380.6	360.9	19.7	5.2%
379.5	364.6	14.9	3.9%
382.7	368.9	13.8	3.6%
378.5	365.5	13.0	3.4%
379.0	363.6	15.4	4.1%
380.4	365.1	15.3	4.0%
383.6	369.2	14.4	3.8%
381.5	369.4	12.1	3.2%
382.3	369.3	13.0	3.4%
384.0	369.3	14.7	3.8%
385.7	371.6	14.2	3.7%
387.4	372.8	14.6	3.8%
381.3	367.6	13.7	3.6%
382.8	369.3	13.5	3.5%
383.7	371.5	12.2	3.2%
380.2	368.4	11.8	3.1%
381.0	365.7	15.4	4.0%

2014
2015
2016
2017
2018
2019
2020
2021
2022
2022
December
2023
January
February
March
April
May
June
July
August
September
October
November
December
2024
January

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
372.1	38.9	64.3	48.9	69.7	62.0
379.3	40.0	65.6	50.3	71.2	62.7
384.0	41.2	65.3	50.8	72.8	63.0
387.4	42.0	65.6	51.2	73.7	62.6
389.1	43.0	66.2	52.3	74.0	62.0
390.6	43.7	65.6	52.4	74.8	62.2
368.8	40.5	63.8	50.6	71.3	60.6
373.9	40.7	65.3	51.6	71.1	60.4
382.7	41.7	67.6	52.7	71.7	60.7
387.9	41.3	68.4	52.4	74.2	61.2
387.5	41.9	70.3	52.3	73.0	61.5
382.7	41.6	69.0	52.0	73.4	60.0
383.5	41.5	68.1	52.3	73.7	60.8
385.5	41.5	68.3	52.6	73.8	61.3
386.8	41.4	68.2	52.7	73.8	61.4
388.2	41.2	68.5	52.8	73.9	61.0
388.3	41.3	68.3	52.7	73.2	60.4
388.6	41.3	68.0	52.5	73.1	60.3
389.6	41.4	67.9	52.4	74.0	60.7
387.3	41.1	67.4	51.8	74.9	61.1
391.1	41.3	68.0	52.5	75.5	62.2
392.2	41.0	69.0	52.5	75.7	62.9
391.1	41.3	69.7	51.5	75.3	62.5
384.8	41.1	67.3	51.0	75.0	61.3

Dayton MSA

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a

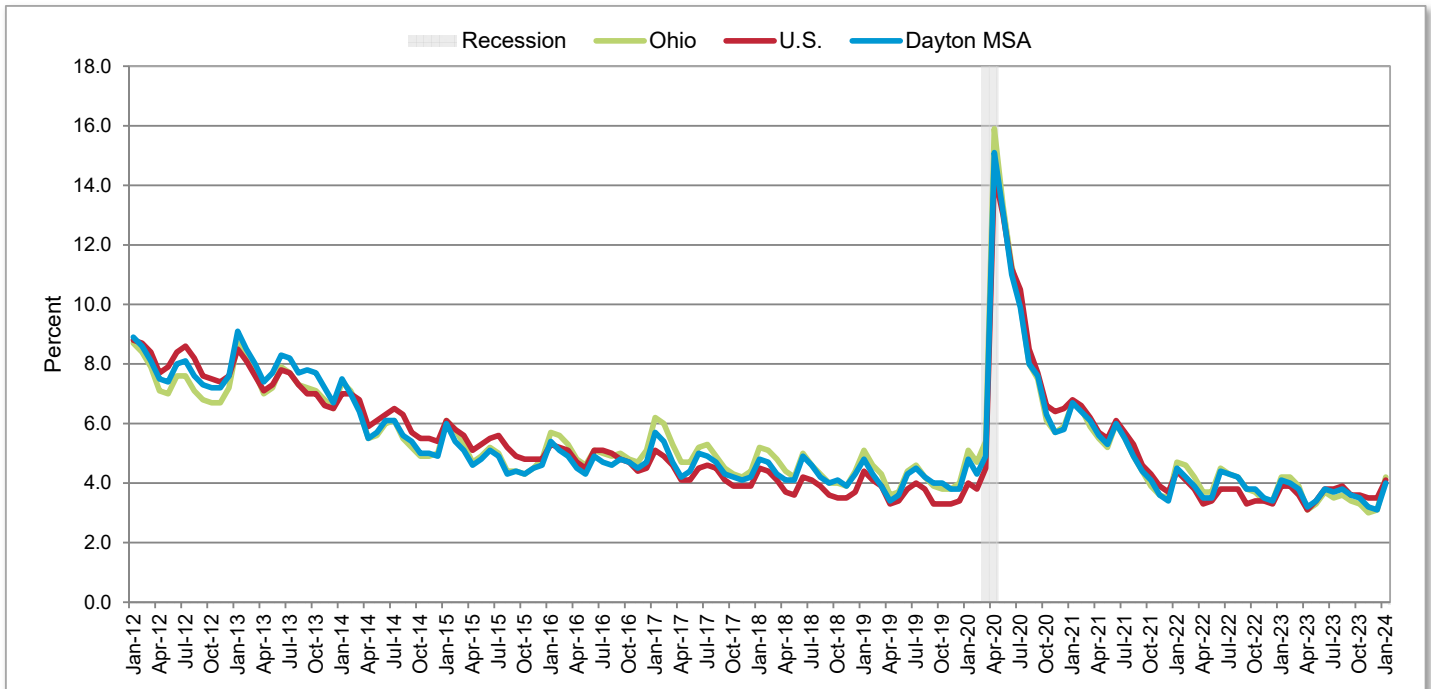
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	Jan 2024 ^b	Dec 2023 ^c	Jan 2023 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	384.8	391.1	382.7	-6.3	2.1	-1.6	0.5
Total Private	323.5	328.6	322.7	-5.1	0.8	-1.6	0.2
Goods-Producing (Private)	55.2	55.9	55.5	-0.7	-0.3	-1.3	-0.5
Mining, Logging, and Construction	14.1	14.6	13.9	-0.5	0.2	-3.4	1.4
Manufacturing	41.1	41.3	41.6	-0.2	-0.5	-0.5	-1.2
Durable Goods ^d	30.1	30.2	30.5	-0.1	-0.4	-0.3	-1.3
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	5.7	5.7	6.1	0.0	-0.4	0.0	-6.6
Service-Providing (Private)	268.3	272.7	267.2	-4.4	1.1	-1.6	0.4
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	67.3	69.7	69.0	-2.4	-1.7	-3.4	-2.5
Wholesale Trade	14.8	15.0	15.0	-0.2	-0.2	-1.3	-1.3
Retail Trade	37.7	39.3	38.7	-1.6	-1.0	-4.1	-2.6
General Merchandise Retailers	8.3	8.8	8.3	-0.5	0.0	-5.7	0.0
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	14.8	15.4	15.3	-0.6	-0.5	-3.9	-3.3
Transportation and Warehousing	13.8	14.3	14.4	-0.5	-0.6	-3.5	-4.2
Information	5.6	5.6	5.8	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-3.4
Financial Activities	16.8	16.8	17.0	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-1.2
Finance and Insurance	12.8	12.8	13.2	0.0	-0.4	0.0	-3.0
Professional and Business Services	51.0	51.5	52.0	-0.5	-1.0	-1.0	-1.9
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	30.0	30.0	29.7	0.0	0.3	0.0	1.0
Management of Companies and Enterprises	4.8	4.8	4.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	16.2	16.7	17.5	-0.5	-1.3	-3.0	-7.4
Private Educational and Health Services	75.0	75.3	73.4	-0.3	1.6	-0.4	2.2
Health Care and Social Assistance	63.4	63.6	61.7	-0.2	1.7	-0.3	2.8
Hospitals	19.1	19.1	18.2	0.0	0.9	0.0	4.9
Leisure and Hospitality	39.0	40.0	36.8	-1.0	2.2	-2.5	6.0
Other Services	13.6	13.8	13.2	-0.2	0.4	-1.4	3.0
Government	61.3	62.5	60.0	-1.2	1.3	-1.9	2.2
Federal Government	19.8	19.8	19.3	0.0	0.5	0.0	2.6
State Government	5.5	5.6	5.4	-0.1	0.1	-1.8	1.9
State Government Educational ^e Services	4.5	4.5	4.3	0.0	0.2	0.0	4.7
Local Government	36.0	37.1	35.3	-1.1	0.7	-3.0	2.0
Local Government Educational Services	20.7	21.7	20.2	-1.0	0.5	-4.6	2.5

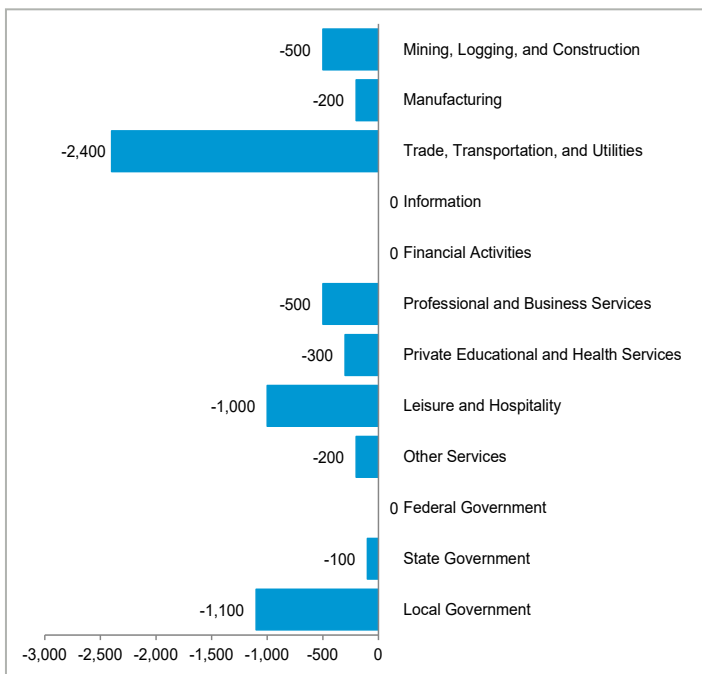
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes state universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service.

Dayton Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

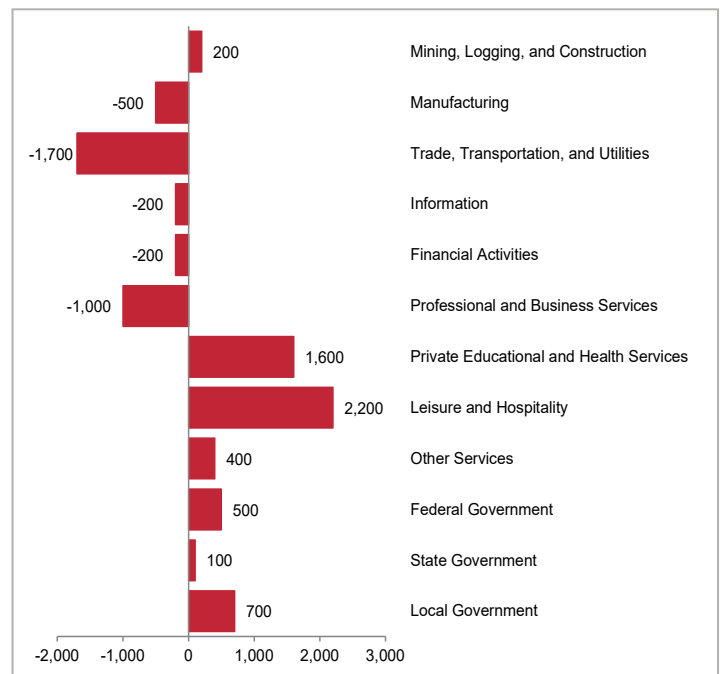
Unemployment Rates



Dayton MSA Over-the-Month Change



Dayton MSA Over-the-Year Change



Lima Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Allen County

Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Lima metropolitan area totaled 51,700 in January 2024, a decrease of 800 jobs from December. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 10,800, decreased 100 in mining, logging, and construction. Private service-providing employment, at 35,000, decreased 700 in trade, transportation, and utilities (-200), scattered industries (-200), professional and business services (-100), private educational and health services (-100), and leisure and hospitality (-100). Government employment, at 5,900, did not change over the month.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment decreased 200 from January 2023 to January 2024. Goods-producing industries added 200 jobs in manufacturing. The private service-providing sector decreased 300 as losses in professional and business services (-700), trade, transportation, and utilities (-100), and scattered industries (-100) exceeded gains in private educational and health services (+300) and leisure and hospitality (+300). Government employment lost 100 in local government. Federal and state government did not change over the year.



Civilian Labor Force (thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
48.5	45.7	2.8	5.8%
48.0	45.6	2.4	4.9%
48.5	46.0	2.4	5.0%
48.9	46.4	2.4	5.0%
48.2	46.0	2.1	4.5%
48.3	46.3	2.0	4.1%
47.8	43.7	4.1	8.6%
47.2	44.5	2.7	5.8%
46.7	44.7	2.0	4.2%
46.9	45.2	1.7	3.7%
47.0	45.4	1.6	3.5%
46.7	44.7	2.0	4.3%
46.8	44.8	2.0	4.3%
47.0	45.2	1.8	3.9%
47.1	45.4	1.7	3.7%
47.1	45.4	1.7	3.6%
47.2	45.3	2.0	4.2%
47.3	45.5	1.8	3.8%
47.2	45.3	1.9	4.0%
46.5	44.9	1.6	3.4%
46.6	45.0	1.6	3.4%
46.6	45.2	1.4	3.0%
46.4	45.0	1.4	3.0%
46.5	44.6	1.9	4.0%

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Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
52.0	8.5	9.8	4.8	11.1	6.1
52.3	8.8	9.8	4.9	11.0	6.1
52.9	8.9	9.9	4.7	11.8	6.1
53.3	9.0	9.8	4.5	12.1	6.1
53.0	9.2	9.8	4.6	11.9	6.0
53.0	9.1	9.7	5.2	11.5	6.1
49.9	8.4	9.3	5.3	10.7	5.9
50.8	8.2	9.6	5.8	10.8	5.9
51.7	8.4	9.7	5.8	10.9	6.0
52.2	8.7	9.4	5.6	11.1	6.0
52.9	8.8	9.8	6.0	11.1	6.1
51.9	8.7	9.5	5.9	11.0	6.0
51.9	8.7	9.4	5.9	11.0	6.0
52.0	8.6	9.3	5.9	11.0	6.1
52.2	8.5	9.4	5.9	11.0	6.0
52.4	8.5	9.5	5.8	11.1	6.1
52.3	8.5	9.5	5.6	11.1	6.1
52.3	8.7	9.5	5.5	11.1	6.0
52.0	8.4	9.4	5.5	11.1	6.0
52.0	8.8	9.3	5.3	11.1	6.0
52.5	8.8	9.4	5.4	11.3	6.0
52.5	8.8	9.5	5.3	11.4	5.9
52.5	8.9	9.6	5.3	11.4	5.9
51.7	8.9	9.4	5.2	11.3	5.9

Lima MSA

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Total Nonagricultural

Total Private

Goods-Producing (Private)

Mining, Logging, and Construction

Manufacturing^d

Service-Providing (Private)

Trade, Transportation, and Utilities

Wholesale Trade

Retail Trade

Professional and Business Services

Administrative, Support, and Waste Services

Private Educational and Health Services

Leisure and Hospitality

Government

Federal Government

State Government

Local Government

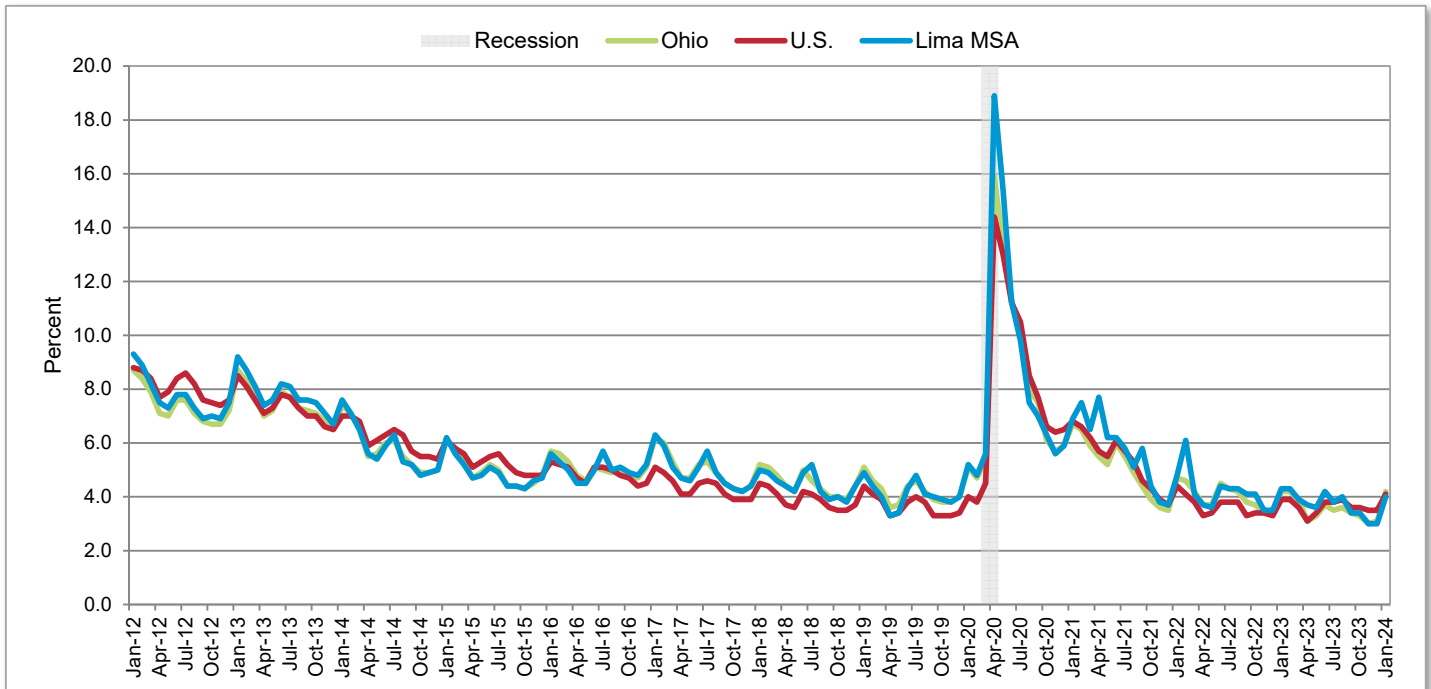
Local Government Educational Services

Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
Jan 2024 ^b	Dec 2023 ^c	Jan 2023 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
51.7	52.5	51.9	-0.8	-0.2	-1.5	-0.4
45.8	46.6	45.9	-0.8	-0.1	-1.7	-0.2
10.8	10.9	10.6	-0.1	0.2	-0.9	1.9
1.9	2.0	1.9	-0.1	0.0	-5.0	0.0
8.9	8.9	8.7	0.0	0.2	0.0	2.3
35.0	35.7	35.3	-0.7	-0.3	-2.0	-0.8
9.4	9.6	9.5	-0.2	-0.1	-2.1	-1.1
2.7	2.7	2.8	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-3.6
5.4	5.5	5.4	-0.1	0.0	-1.8	0.0
5.2	5.3	5.9	-0.1	-0.7	-1.9	-11.9
3.2	3.2	3.8	0.0	-0.6	0.0	-15.8
11.3	11.4	11.0	-0.1	0.3	-0.9	2.7
5.0	5.1	4.7	-0.1	0.3	-2.0	6.4
5.9	5.9	6.0	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-1.7
0.3	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4.6	4.6	4.7	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-2.1
2.8	2.9	2.9	-0.1	-0.1	-3.4	-3.4

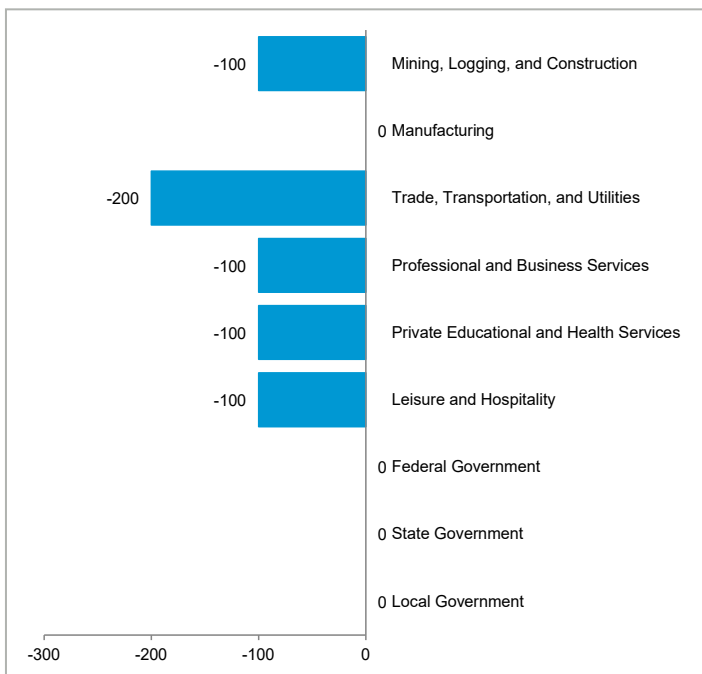
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products.

Lima Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

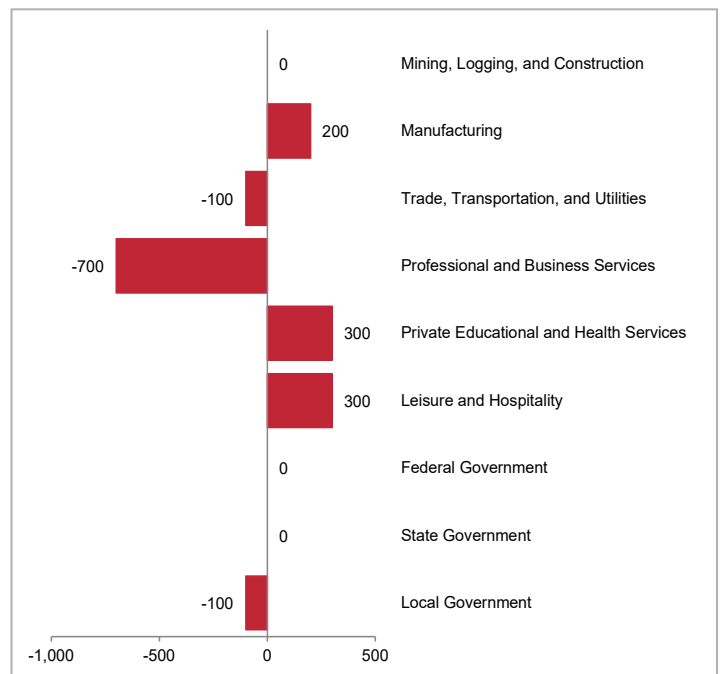
Unemployment Rates



Lima MSA Over-the-Month Change



Lima MSA Over-the-Year Change



Mansfield Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Richland County

Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Mansfield metropolitan area totaled 50,400 in January 2024, a decrease of 900 jobs from December. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 11,600, decreased 100 in manufacturing. Private service-providing employment, at 31,500, decreased 800 in trade, transportation, and utilities (-400), leisure and hospitality (-200), professional and business services (-100), and private educational and health services (-100). Government employment, at 7,300, did not change over the month.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 500 from January 2023 to January 2024. Goods-producing industries increased 100 in mining, logging, and construction. Employment in the private service-providing sector increased 400 as gains in private educational and health services (+400), professional and business services (+200), and trade, transportation, and utilities (+100) exceeded losses in leisure and hospitality (-300). Government employment did not change as gains in federal government (+100) were offset by losses in local government (-100). State government employment did not change over the year.



Civilian Labor Force (thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
54.7	51.1	3.6	6.5%
53.7	50.7	3.0	5.6%
53.6	50.6	3.0	5.6%
53.5	50.6	2.9	5.4%
53.1	50.5	2.6	4.9%
52.9	50.5	2.4	4.6%
51.7	47.0	4.6	9.0%
51.1	48.2	2.9	5.6%
50.4	48.1	2.3	4.5%
50.6	48.5	2.1	4.1%
50.2	48.0	2.2	4.4%
50.3	47.7	2.6	5.2%
50.8	48.2	2.6	5.1%
50.6	48.2	2.4	4.8%
50.3	48.4	1.9	3.8%
50.4	48.5	1.9	3.7%
51.0	49.0	2.1	4.1%
51.0	48.9	2.1	4.1%
51.0	48.9	2.1	4.0%
50.3	48.4	1.9	3.8%
50.4	48.5	1.9	3.8%
50.6	48.9	1.8	3.5%
50.4	48.5	1.9	3.8%
50.8	48.2	2.6	5.1%

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Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
52.8	9.5	10.2	5.4	8.0	7.9
52.5	9.7	10.1	5.3	8.1	7.7
52.7	9.7	10.0	5.5	8.1	7.7
52.5	9.9	10.0	5.1	8.1	7.6
52.7	10.1	10.2	4.9	8.3	7.7
52.1	9.9	10.0	4.8	8.1	7.7
48.5	9.0	9.6	4.2	7.8	7.4
49.7	9.3	9.9	4.1	7.9	7.3
50.1	9.4	10.0	4.0	7.9	7.3
50.7	9.4	9.9	4.0	8.3	7.4
50.4	9.3	10.3	3.8	8.0	7.4
49.9	9.4	9.9	3.7	8.0	7.3
50.1	9.4	9.8	3.8	8.1	7.4
50.0	9.5	9.8	3.8	8.1	7.3
50.4	9.5	9.7	3.9	8.1	7.6
50.7	9.5	9.9	3.9	8.1	7.5
51.1	9.5	9.9	4.1	8.3	7.3
50.9	9.4	9.9	4.1	8.3	7.2
51.0	9.4	9.9	4.1	8.3	7.2
50.6	9.4	9.8	4.1	8.3	7.3
51.0	9.4	10.0	4.1	8.4	7.4
51.4	9.4	10.3	4.1	8.5	7.5
51.3	9.5	10.4	4.0	8.5	7.3
50.4	9.4	10.0	3.9	8.4	7.3

Mansfield MSA

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a

Not Seasonally Adjusted

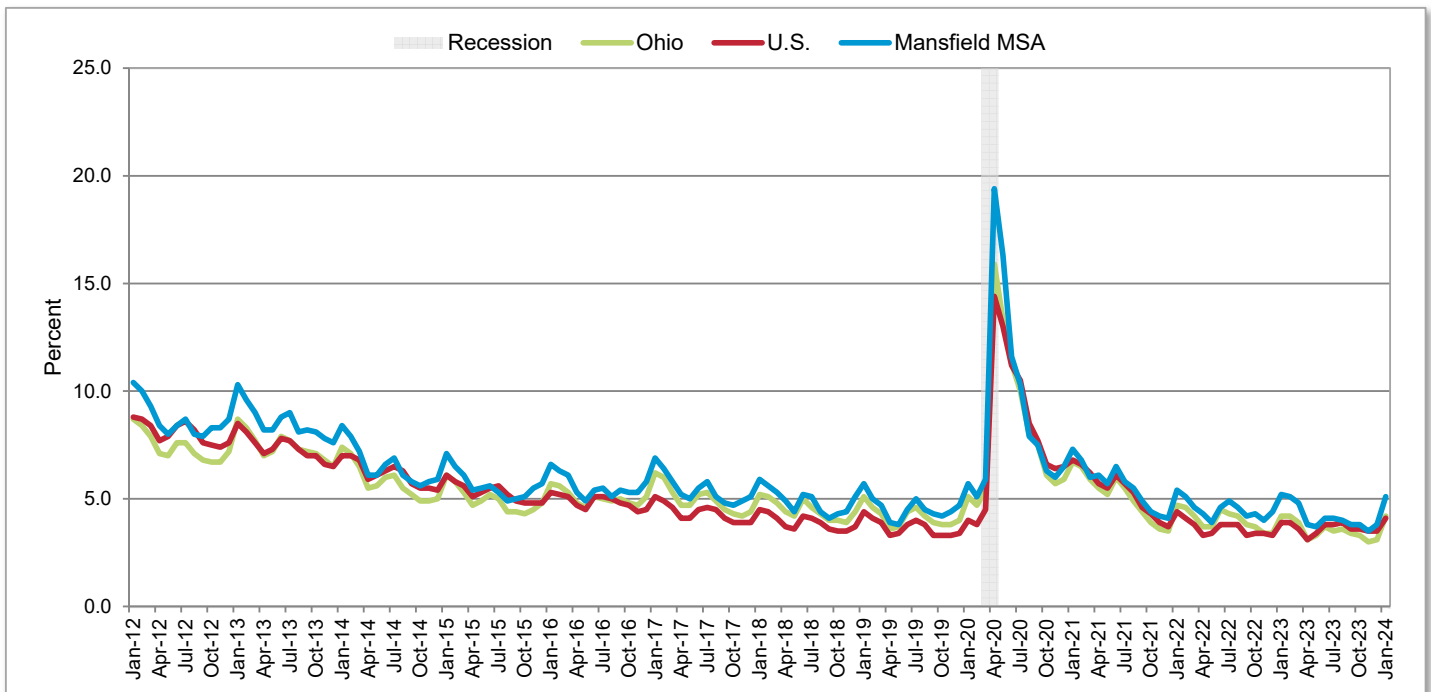
Total Nonagricultural
Total Private
Goods-Producing (Private)
Mining, Logging, and Construction
Manufacturing^d
Service-Providing (Private)
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities
Retail Trade
Financial Activities
Professional and Business Services
Private Educational and Health Services
Leisure and Hospitality
Other Services
Government
Federal Government
State Government
Local Government
Local Government Educational Services

Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
Jan 2024 ^b	Dec 2023 ^c	Jan 2023 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
50.4	51.3	49.9	-0.9	0.5	-1.8	1.0
43.1	44.0	42.6	-0.9	0.5	-2.0	1.2
11.6	11.7	11.5	-0.1	0.1	-0.9	0.9
2.2	2.2	2.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	4.8
9.4	9.5	9.4	-0.1	0.0	-1.1	0.0
31.5	32.3	31.1	-0.8	0.4	-2.5	1.3
10.0	10.4	9.9	-0.4	0.1	-3.8	1.0
6.2	6.4	6.2	-0.2	0.0	-3.1	0.0
1.5	1.5	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.9	4.0	3.7	-0.1	0.2	-2.5	5.4
8.4	8.5	8.0	-0.1	0.4	-1.2	5.0
5.3	5.5	5.6	-0.2	-0.3	-3.6	-5.4
2.1	2.1	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7.3	7.3	7.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.6	0.6	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.0	20.0
1.4	1.4	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5.3	5.3	5.4	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-1.9
3.2	3.2	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

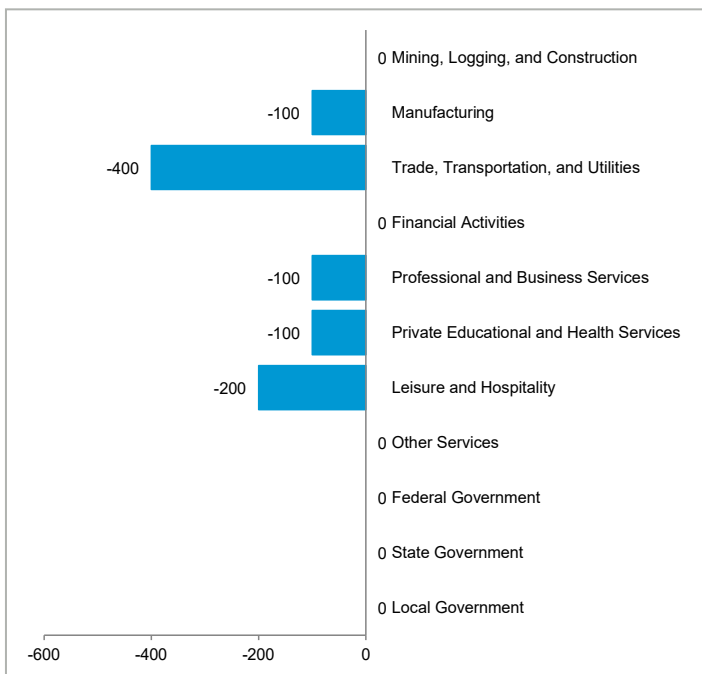
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products.

Mansfield Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

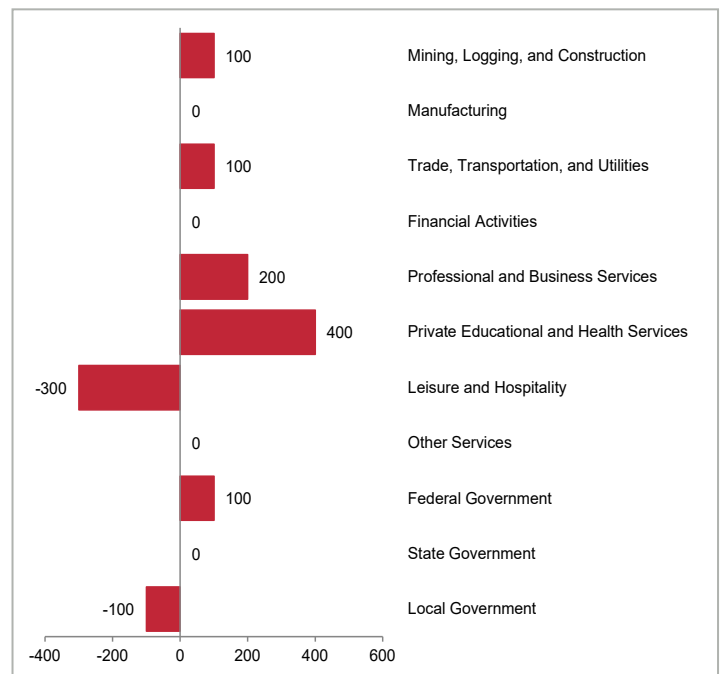
Unemployment Rates



Mansfield MSA Over-the-Month Change



Mansfield MSA Over-the-Year Change



Springfield Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Clark County



Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Springfield metropolitan area totaled 49,900 in January 2024, a decrease of 1,100 jobs from December. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 8,200, decreased 100 in mining, logging, and construction. The private service-providing sector, at 34,900, decreased 800 in trade, transportation, and utilities (-300), professional and business services (-200), private educational and health services (-100), leisure and hospitality (-100), other services (-100). Government employment, at 6,800, decreased 200 in local government. Federal and state government did not change over the month.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 500 from January 2023 to January 2024. Employment in goods-producing industries increased 400 in manufacturing (+300) and mining, logging, and construction (+100). The private service-providing sector increased 200 as gains in private educational and health services (+300) and leisure and hospitality (+100) exceeded losses in financial activities (-100) and professional and business services (-100). Government employment decreased 100 in local government. Federal and state government employment did not change over the year.

Civilian Labor Force (thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
65.2	61.4	3.8	5.8%
64.3	61.0	3.2	5.1%
63.8	60.5	3.4	5.3%
64.0	60.9	3.1	4.8%
63.4	60.5	2.9	4.6%
63.9	61.1	2.8	4.3%
62.6	57.5	5.1	8.1%
62.4	59.0	3.3	5.4%
62.7	60.1	2.6	4.1%
63.2	60.9	2.3	3.6%
62.3	60.1	2.2	3.5%
62.4	59.7	2.7	4.4%
62.7	60.1	2.5	4.1%
63.0	60.6	2.4	3.8%
62.9	61.0	1.9	3.1%
63.5	61.5	2.0	3.2%
63.8	61.4	2.4	3.8%
63.6	61.2	2.4	3.7%
63.9	61.5	2.3	3.7%
63.0	60.8	2.2	3.4%
63.3	61.1	2.3	3.6%
63.5	61.5	2.1	3.2%
63.0	60.9	2.1	3.3%
63.0	60.3	2.7	4.3%

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Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
51.5	6.7	10.0	4.6	8.9	7.2
50.8	6.9	9.9	4.8	8.9	7.2
50.0	6.7	9.9	4.7	8.8	7.2
50.3	6.9	9.8	4.7	8.9	7.2
49.9	7.0	9.6	4.8	8.9	7.2
49.8	7.1	9.4	5.3	8.9	7.1
46.7	6.2	9.2	5.3	8.2	6.8
48.1	6.2	9.2	6.4	8.2	6.8
49.7	6.5	9.7	7.1	8.1	6.9
50.6	6.9	9.8	7.1	8.2	7.0
50.0	6.3	9.7	7.1	8.4	7.1
49.4	6.7	9.7	7.0	8.0	6.9
49.7	6.9	9.7	6.9	8.1	6.9
49.9	6.9	9.7	6.9	8.2	6.9
50.4	6.9	9.7	7.0	8.2	7.0
51.1	6.9	9.7	7.2	8.2	7.2
51.0	6.9	9.8	7.1	8.1	7.1
50.5	6.9	9.7	7.1	7.9	7.0
50.8	7.0	9.8	7.2	8.0	6.9
50.6	7.0	9.8	7.2	8.2	6.7
51.1	7.0	9.8	7.2	8.3	7.0
51.1	7.0	10.0	7.2	8.4	7.0
51.0	7.0	10.0	7.1	8.4	7.0
49.9	7.0	9.7	6.9	8.3	6.8

Springfield MSA

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a

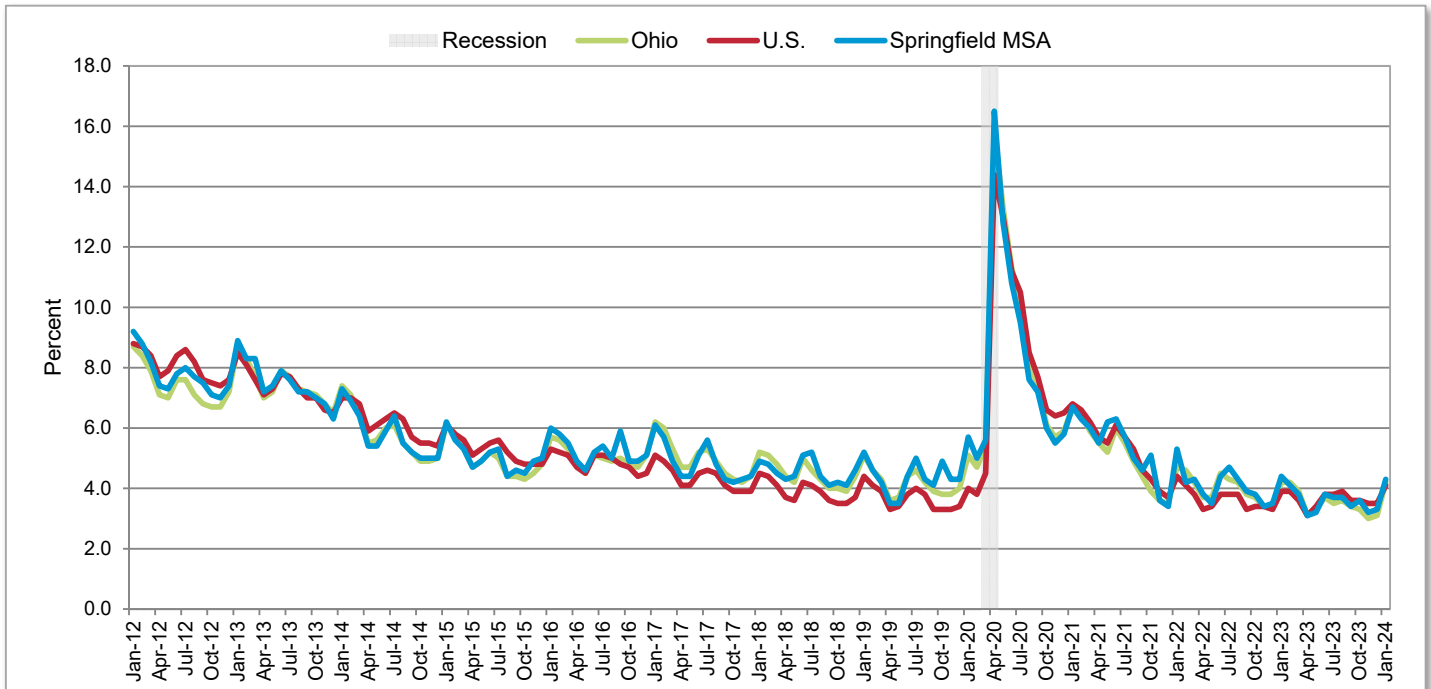
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	Jan 2024 ^b	Dec 2023 ^c	Jan 2023 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	49.9	51.0	49.4	-1.1	0.5	-2.2	1.0
Total Private	43.1	44.0	42.5	-0.9	0.6	-2.0	1.4
Goods-Producing (Private)	8.2	8.3	7.8	-0.1	0.4	-1.2	5.1
Mining, Logging, and Construction	1.2	1.3	1.1	-0.1	0.1	-7.7	9.1
Manufacturing ^d	7.0	7.0	6.7	0.0	0.3	0.0	4.5
Service-Providing (Private)	34.9	35.7	34.7	-0.8	0.2	-2.2	0.6
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	9.7	10.0	9.7	-0.3	0.0	-3.0	0.0
Wholesale Trade	1.8	1.9	1.9	-0.1	-0.1	-5.3	-5.3
Retail Trade	4.8	4.9	4.8	-0.1	0.0	-2.0	0.0
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	3.1	3.2	3.0	-0.1	0.1	-3.1	3.3
Financial Activities	3.4	3.4	3.5	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-2.9
Professional and Business Services	6.9	7.1	7.0	-0.2	-0.1	-2.8	-1.4
Private Educational and Health Services	8.3	8.4	8.0	-0.1	0.3	-1.2	3.8
Leisure and Hospitality	4.6	4.7	4.5	-0.1	0.1	-2.1	2.2
Other Services	1.9	2.0	1.9	-0.1	0.0	-5.0	0.0
Government	6.8	7.0	6.9	-0.2	-0.1	-2.9	-1.4
Federal Government	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
State Government	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Local Government	6.2	6.4	6.3	-0.2	-0.1	-3.1	-1.6
Local Government Educational Services	4.0	4.1	4.1	-0.1	-0.1	-2.4	-2.4

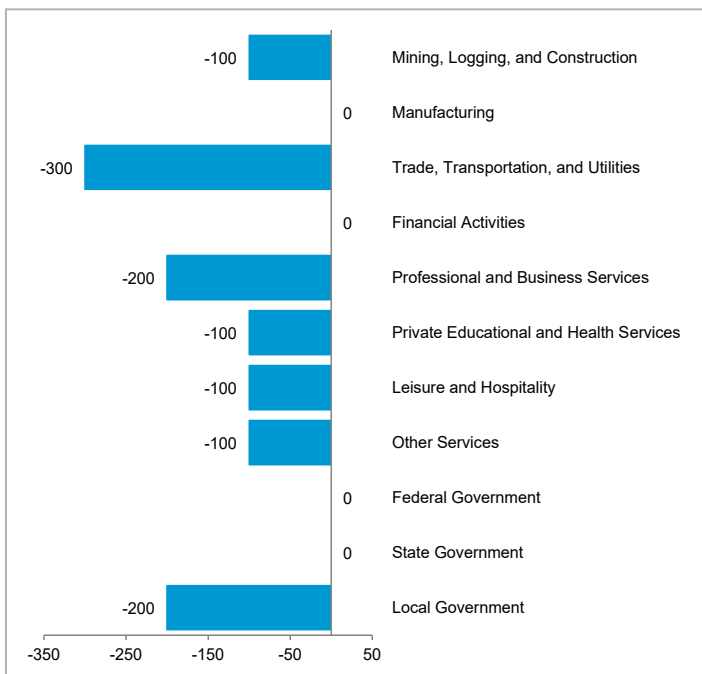
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products.

Springfield Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

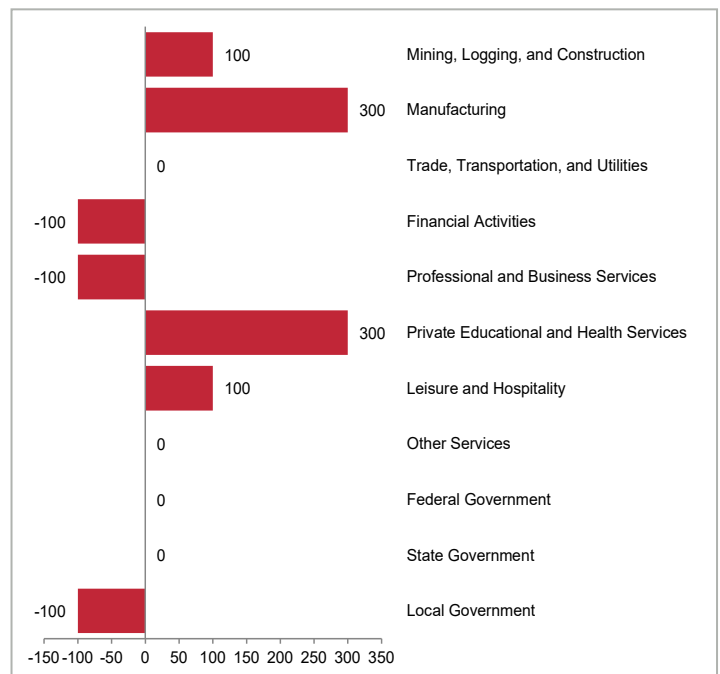
Unemployment Rates



Springfield MSA Over-the-Month Change



Springfield MSA Over-the-Year Change



Toledo Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Fulton, Lucas, and Wood Counties



Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Toledo metropolitan area totaled 303,700 in January 2024, a decrease of 6,900 jobs from December. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 59,100, decreased 700 in mining, logging, and construction (-600) and manufacturing (-100). Private service-providing employment, at 199,200, decreased 5,200 in trade, transportation, and utilities (-2,100), leisure and hospitality (-1,700), professional and business services (-600), private educational and health services (-500), other services (-200), and financial activities (-100). Government employment, at 45,400, decreased 1,000 in local (-700) and state (-300) government. Federal government employment did not change over the year.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 1,700 from January 2023 to January 2024. Employment in goods-producing industries increased 300 as gains in mining, logging, and construction (+400) exceeded losses in manufacturing (-100). The private service-providing sector increased 500 as gains in private educational and health services (+1,600) and other services (+200) outpaced losses in professional and business services (-1,200) and information (-100). Government employment increased 900 in state government. Federal and local government employment did not change over the year.

Civilian Labor Force (thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
301.2	282.8	18.4	6.1%
301.8	286.4	15.4	5.1%
304.9	289.9	15.1	4.9%
305.2	288.6	16.6	5.5%
304.4	289.6	14.8	4.9%
306.8	293.3	13.5	4.4%
299.2	271.1	28.1	9.4%
294.0	277.3	16.7	5.7%
293.7	281.4	12.3	4.2%
297.3	285.7	11.6	3.9%
295.3	284.1	11.1	3.8%
293.6	280.5	13.1	4.5%
296.4	283.3	13.1	4.4%
297.7	285.4	12.3	4.1%
296.6	286.2	10.4	3.5%
297.7	286.7	11.0	3.7%
298.0	286.2	11.7	3.9%
298.2	286.8	11.4	3.8%
298.3	286.7	11.6	3.9%
296.9	285.9	10.9	3.7%
300.2	286.8	13.4	4.5%
297.9	287.6	10.3	3.5%
296.3	286.2	10.1	3.4%
297.1	282.1	15.0	5.0%

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Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
299.4	42.2	56.5	36.2	50.2	45.3
304.8	43.8	58.1	37.0	50.0	45.7
310.2	44.6	59.2	37.4	50.6	45.7
307.8	43.0	58.5	36.9	51.0	45.2
310.1	45.2	57.6	37.1	51.1	45.1
311.4	46.8	56.6	36.6	50.9	45.3
287.3	43.9	54.6	32.2	48.5	42.8
294.0	45.5	56.8	32.5	48.4	42.8
301.9	45.6	59.6	33.4	48.2	43.6
307.1	46.0	60.7	32.6	50.1	45.2
307.8	46.4	62.8	32.9	49.2	45.2
302.0	45.8	60.6	32.7	49.1	44.5
304.2	45.7	60.1	33.0	49.5	45.9
305.1	45.8	59.8	33.1	49.5	46.1
306.5	45.8	59.6	33.5	49.4	46.2
308.1	45.8	60.2	33.9	49.6	45.5
307.8	46.1	60.9	32.5	50.2	43.3
306.5	46.6	60.5	32.0	49.9	43.1
306.3	46.4	60.2	32.2	49.9	43.0
307.8	46.3	60.5	31.7	50.1	46.0
309.4	45.7	60.9	32.0	50.9	46.4
310.4	45.6	62.2	32.1	51.3	46.5
310.6	45.8	62.7	32.1	51.2	46.4
303.7	45.7	60.6	31.5	50.7	45.4

Toledo MSA

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a

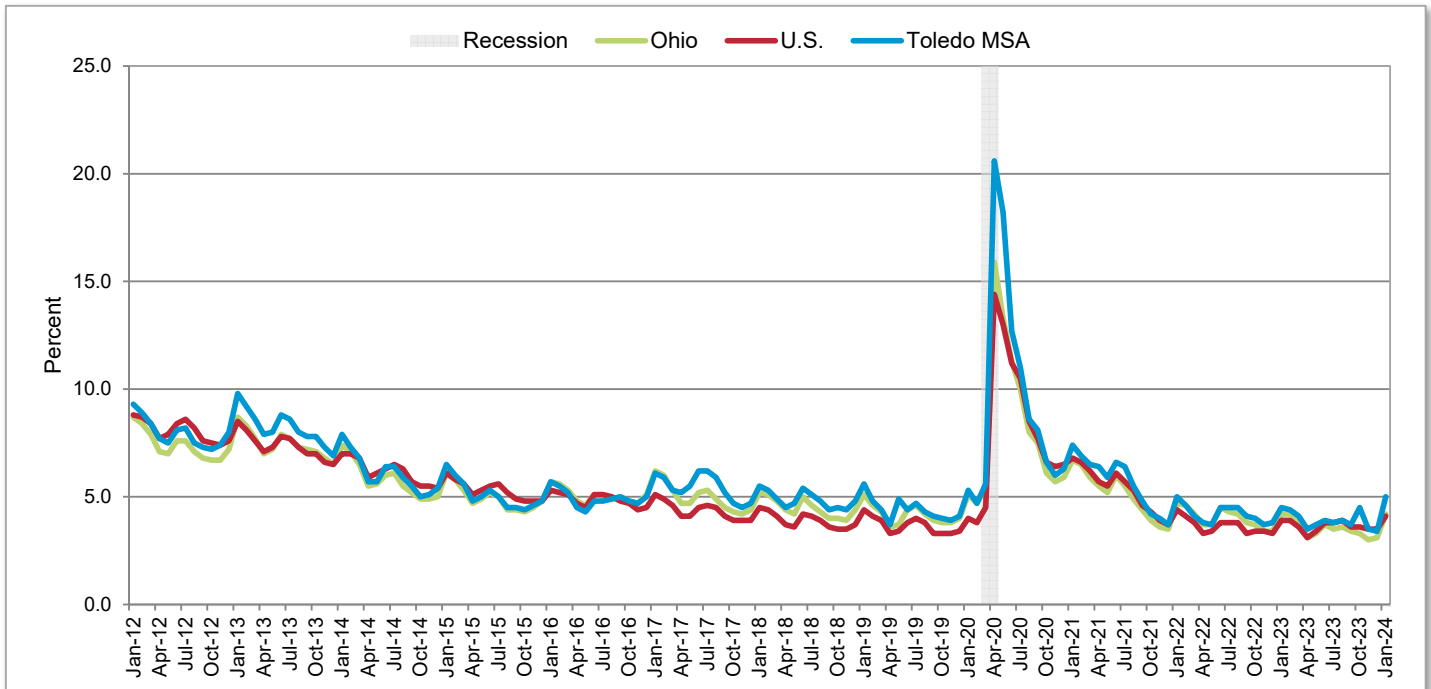
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	Jan 2024 ^b	Dec 2023 ^c	Jan 2023 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	303.7	310.6	302.0	-6.9	1.7	-2.2	0.6
Total Private	258.3	264.2	257.5	-5.9	0.8	-2.2	0.3
Goods-Producing (Private)	59.1	59.8	58.8	-0.7	0.3	-1.2	0.5
Mining, Logging, and Construction	13.4	14.0	13.0	-0.6	0.4	-4.3	3.1
Manufacturing	45.7	45.8	45.8	-0.1	-0.1	-0.2	-0.2
Durable Goods ^d	35.1	35.4	35.1	-0.3	0.0	-0.8	0.0
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	16.0	16.2	16.0	-0.2	0.0	-1.2	0.0
Service-Providing (Private)	199.2	204.4	198.7	-5.2	0.5	-2.5	0.3
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	60.6	62.7	60.6	-2.1	0.0	-3.3	0.0
Wholesale Trade	12.0	12.1	12.3	-0.1	-0.3	-0.8	-2.4
Retail Trade	29.4	30.2	29.4	-0.8	0.0	-2.6	0.0
General Merchandise Retailers	7.3	7.7	7.2	-0.4	0.1	-5.2	1.4
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	19.2	20.4	18.9	-1.2	0.3	-5.9	1.6
Transportation and Warehousing	18.7	19.7	18.2	-1.0	0.5	-5.1	2.7
Information	3.4	3.4	3.5	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-2.9
Financial Activities	11.2	11.3	11.2	-0.1	0.0	-0.9	0.0
Professional and Business Services	31.5	32.1	32.7	-0.6	-1.2	-1.9	-3.7
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	10.6	10.7	10.8	-0.1	-0.2	-0.9	-1.9
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	15.5	15.9	16.5	-0.4	-1.0	-2.5	-6.1
Private Educational and Health Services	50.7	51.2	49.1	-0.5	1.6	-1.0	3.3
Health Care and Social Assistance	45.9	46.0	44.5	-0.1	1.4	-0.2	3.1
Hospitals	13.7	13.8	13.7	-0.1	0.0	-0.7	0.0
Leisure and Hospitality	30.9	32.6	30.9	-1.7	0.0	-5.2	0.0
Accommodation and Food Services	26.4	27.3	27.1	-0.9	-0.7	-3.3	-2.6
Other Services	10.9	11.1	10.7	-0.2	0.2	-1.8	1.9
Government	45.4	46.4	44.5	-1.0	0.9	-2.2	2.0
Federal Government	2.1	2.1	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
State Government	15.3	15.6	14.4	-0.3	0.9	-1.9	6.3
State Government Educational ^e Services	11.3	11.5	10.4	-0.2	0.9	-1.7	8.7
Local Government	28.0	28.7	28.0	-0.7	0.0	-2.4	0.0
Local Government Educational Services	16.1	17.0	16.4	-0.9	-0.3	-5.3	-1.8

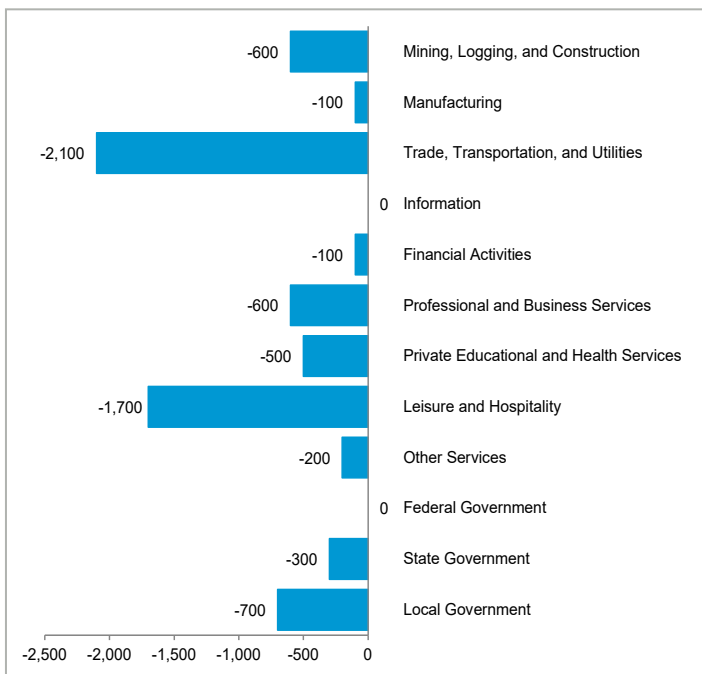
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes state universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service.

Toledo Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

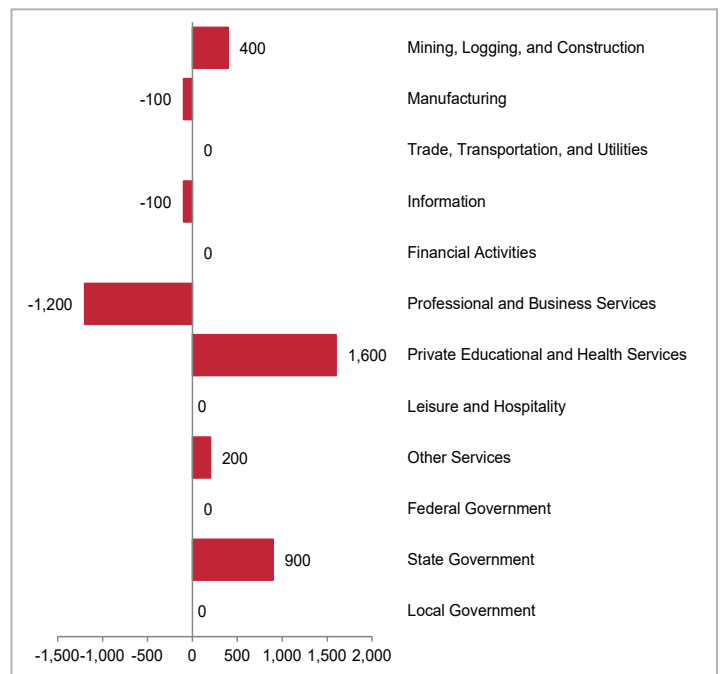
Unemployment Rates



Toledo MSA Over-the-Month Change



Toledo MSA Over-the-Year Change



Weirton-Steubenville Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

In Ohio: Jefferson County

In West Virginia: Brooke and Hancock Counties



Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Weirton-Steubenville metropolitan area totaled 38,900 in January 2024, a decrease of 800 jobs from December. Goods-producing industries, at 6,100, decreased 100 in mining, logging, and construction. Private service-providing employment, at 25,800, decreased 600 in trade, transportation, and utilities (-300), scattered industries (-200), and leisure and hospitality (-100). Government employment, at 7,000, decreased 100.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment did not change from January 2023 to January 2024. Goods-producing industries decreased 500 in manufacturing (-300) and mining, logging, and construction (-200). Private service-providing industries increased 500 as gains in private educational and health services (+500) and scattered industries (+200) outweighed losses in trade, transportation, and utilities (-200). Government employment increased 100 in local government.

Civilian Labor Force (thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
53.3	49.1	4.2	7.9%
52.8	48.9	3.9	7.5%
51.9	47.9	4.1	7.8%
50.7	47.3	3.4	6.8%
50.8	47.7	3.1	6.1%
51.1	48.3	2.9	5.6%
50.0	45.1	4.9	9.8%
49.6	46.4	3.2	6.4%
49.4	46.8	2.5	5.2%
49.3	46.7	2.6	5.3%
48.4	46.2	2.2	4.6%
48.6	45.7	2.9	6.0%
48.9	46.1	2.9	5.9%
49.1	46.4	2.7	5.5%
49.4	47.1	2.2	4.6%
49.4	47.2	2.2	4.4%
50.0	47.3	2.6	5.3%
49.9	47.2	2.7	5.4%
50.1	47.2	2.9	5.8%
49.3	46.6	2.7	5.4%
49.2	46.7	2.5	5.1%
49.0	46.6	2.4	4.9%
48.6	46.2	2.4	5.0%
48.6	45.8	2.8	5.7%

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Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport, and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
42.6	5.5	8.7	1.9	9.1	5.9
42.3	5.5	8.9	1.9	8.9	6.0
40.9	5.4	8.8	1.8	9.0	6.0
40.1	5.2	8.4	2.0	9.0	6.1
40.4	5.3	8.4	2.1	9.0	6.3
40.7	5.5	8.3	2.2	8.9	6.5
38.2	4.7	7.9	1.9	8.7	6.8
39.1	4.8	8.0	1.9	8.5	7.2
40.0	5.0	8.1	2.0	8.6	7.2
40.2	5.0	8.4	2.1	8.8	7.3
39.2	5.0	7.9	2.0	8.7	7.2
39.8	5.0	8.1	2.0	8.8	7.3
39.7	5.0	7.9	2.0	8.8	7.3
39.8	5.0	8.0	2.0	8.8	7.3
40.2	5.0	8.1	2.0	8.8	7.4
39.8	5.0	8.0	2.0	8.7	7.4
39.8	5.0	8.0	2.0	8.7	7.3
39.8	5.0	7.9	2.0	8.7	7.5
39.8	5.0	7.9	2.0	8.9	7.4
40.3	5.0	7.8	2.0	9.0	7.5
40.3	5.0	8.0	2.0	9.1	7.5
40.0	5.0	8.2	2.0	9.1	7.4
38.9	4.5	7.9	2.1	8.9	7.0

Weirton-Steubenville MSA

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a

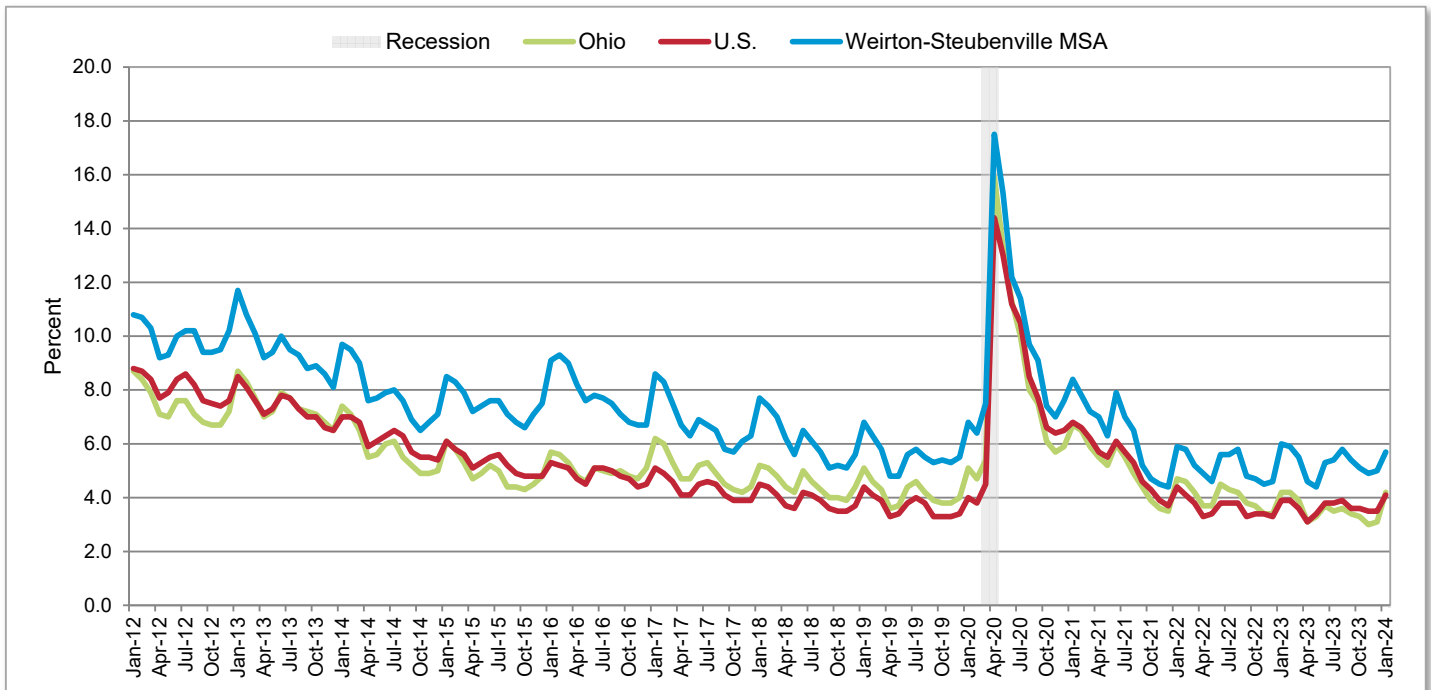
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	Jan 2024 ^b	Dec 2023 ^c	Jan 2023 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	38.9	39.7	38.9	-0.8	0.0	-2.0	0.0
Total Private	31.9	32.6	31.9	-0.7	0.0	-2.1	0.0
Goods-Producing (Private)	6.1	6.2	6.6	-0.1	-0.5	-1.6	-7.6
Mining, Logging, and Construction	1.6	1.7	1.8	-0.1	-0.2	-5.9	-11.1
Manufacturing ^d	4.5	4.5	4.8	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-6.3
Service-Providing (Private)	25.8	26.4	25.3	-0.6	0.5	-2.3	2.0
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	7.9	8.2	8.1	-0.3	-0.2	-3.7	-2.5
Retail Trade	4.3	4.4	4.4	-0.1	-0.1	-2.3	-2.3
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	2.7	2.8	2.8	-0.1	-0.1	-3.6	-3.6
Professional and Business Services	2.1	2.1	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Private Educational and Health Services	8.9	8.9	8.4	0.0	0.5	0.0	6.0
Leisure and Hospitality	3.9	4.0	3.9	-0.1	0.0	-2.5	0.0
Government	7.0	7.1	7.0	-0.1	0.0	-1.4	0.0
Local Government	6.5	6.5	6.4	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.6
Local Government Educational Services	3.9	3.9	3.8	0.0	0.1	0.0	2.6

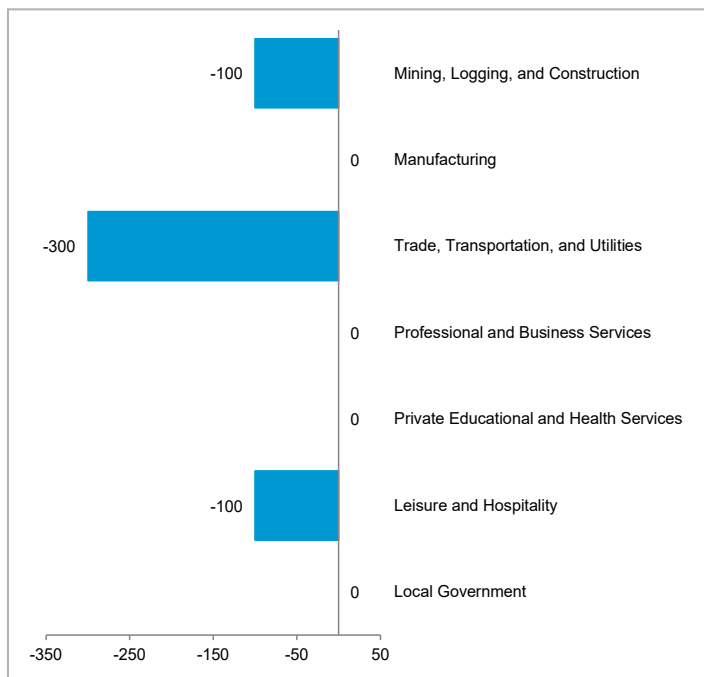
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products.

Weirton-Steubenville Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

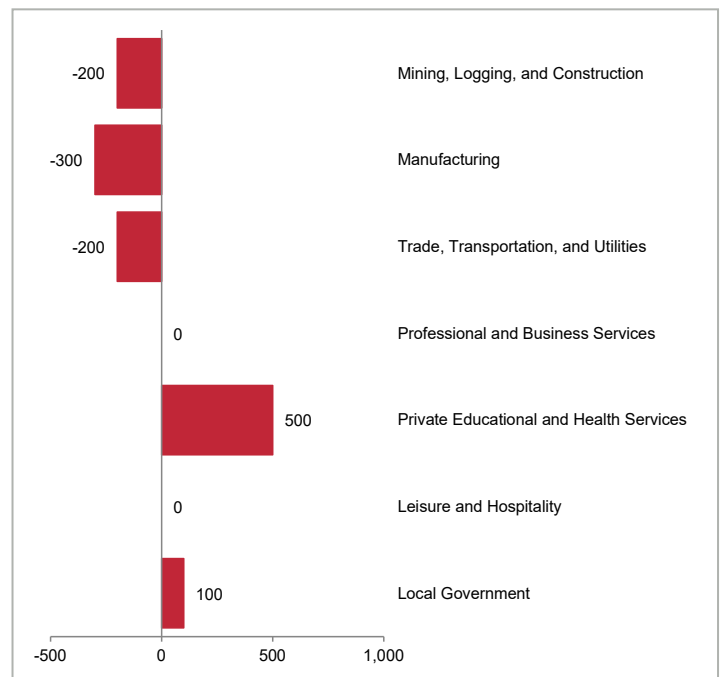
Unemployment Rates



Weirton-Steubenville MSA Over-the-Month Change



Weirton-Steubenville MSA Over-the-Year Change



Youngstown-Warren-Boardman Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

In Ohio: Trumbull and Mahoning Counties

In Pennsylvania: Mercer County



Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Youngstown-Warren-Boardman area totaled 209,600 in January 2024, a decrease of 3,900 from December. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 36,400, decreased 500 in mining, logging, and construction (-400) and manufacturing (-100). Private service-providing industries, at 146,500, decreased 2,600 as losses in trade, transportation, and utilities (-1,500), leisure and hospitality (-800), professional and business services (-300), and other services (-100) surpassed gains in private educational and health services (+100). Government employment, at 26,700, decreased 800 in state government. Federal and local government employment did not change over the month.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 3,200 from January 2023 to January 2024. Goods-producing industries increased 900 in manufacturing (+600) and mining, logging, and construction (+300). Private service-providing employment increased 2,700 as gains in private educational and health services (+1,700), leisure and hospitality (+900), other services (+300), and financial activities (+100) outpaced losses in professional and business services (-200) and trade, transportation, and utilities (-100). Government employment decreased 400 in local government. Federal and state government employment did not change over the year.

Civilian Labor Force (thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
254.1	237.0	17.1	6.7%
252.1	236.5	15.5	6.2%
249.8	233.7	16.1	6.5%
246.5	230.0	16.5	6.7%
243.5	229.4	14.1	5.8%
241.6	227.8	13.8	5.7%
233.6	210.0	23.7	10.1%
229.2	214.4	14.8	6.4%
228.5	217.4	11.0	4.8%
229.4	219.7	9.6	4.2%
227.6	218.0	9.6	4.2%
226.8	214.9	11.9	5.2%
228.1	216.4	11.6	5.1%
229.4	218.6	10.7	4.7%
228.2	219.6	8.5	3.7%
229.1	220.3	8.8	3.8%
229.8	219.9	9.9	4.3%
230.4	220.8	9.6	4.2%
232.0	221.8	10.1	4.4%
229.8	221.0	8.8	3.8%
230.0	221.3	8.7	3.8%
230.2	222.0	8.2	3.6%
228.7	220.2	8.5	3.7%
229.6	218.2	11.5	5.0%

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January

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment
(thousands)

Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
225.5	30.5	47.3	23.5	42.7	29.8
225.8	30.6	47.8	22.2	43.5	29.8
224.0	29.3	47.1	21.9	43.8	29.5
219.9	27.4	46.0	20.5	43.8	29.7
219.9	27.6	45.6	20.4	43.9	29.5
216.7	25.9	45.1	19.9	43.9	29.3
198.4	23.2	42.2	18.2	41.2	27.5
202.9	24.0	43.7	17.8	40.8	27.5
208.4	26.2	44.6	18.0	40.3	27.4
211.1	27.0	44.3	17.9	41.3	27.3
211.0	26.8	46.1	17.8	40.7	28.0
206.4	26.6	44.3	17.5	40.6	27.1
207.8	26.8	43.8	17.6	41.1	28.0
209.2	26.9	43.8	17.8	41.0	28.0
210.3	26.9	43.8	18.1	41.0	27.9
211.8	26.9	44.1	18.1	41.1	27.5
211.2	27.0	44.0	18.2	40.4	26.5
210.8	27.0	44.0	18.1	40.5	26.1
211.9	27.1	44.1	18.1	41.1	26.3
212.5	27.1	44.0	18.0	41.7	27.2
214.0	27.2	44.5	18.0	42.3	27.6
214.1	27.1	45.3	17.9	42.4	27.7
213.5	27.3	45.7	17.6	42.2	27.5
209.6	27.2	44.2	17.3	42.3	26.7

Youngstown-Warren-Boardman MSA

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a

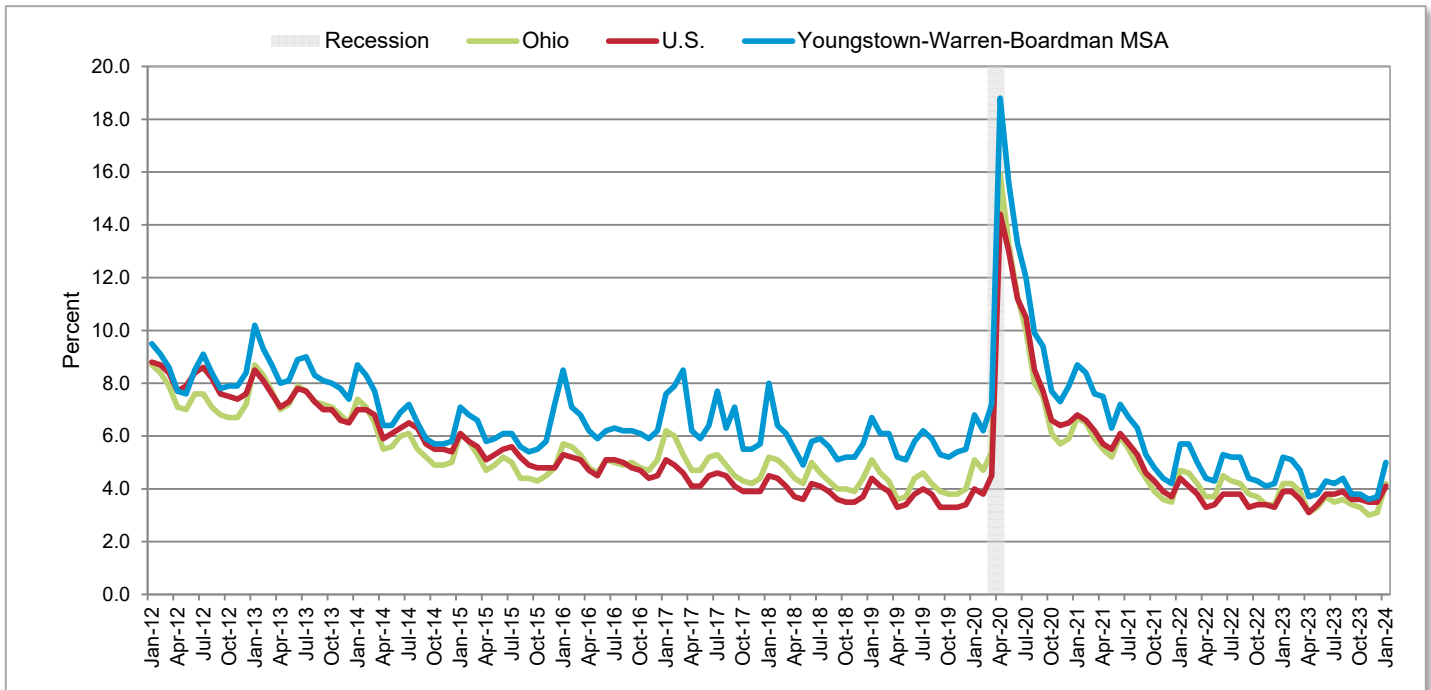
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	Jan 2024 ^b	Dec 2023 ^c	Jan 2023 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	209.6	213.5	206.4	-3.9	3.2	-1.8	1.6
Total Private	182.9	186.0	179.3	-3.1	3.6	-1.7	2.0
Goods-Producing (Private)	36.4	36.9	35.5	-0.5	0.9	-1.4	2.5
Mining, Logging, and Construction	9.2	9.6	8.9	-0.4	0.3	-4.2	3.4
Manufacturing^d	27.2	27.3	26.6	-0.1	0.6	-0.4	2.3
Durable Goods	22.2	22.4	21.8	-0.2	0.4	-0.9	1.8
Service-Providing (Private)	146.5	149.1	143.8	-2.6	2.7	-1.7	1.9
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	44.2	45.7	44.3	-1.5	-0.1	-3.3	-0.2
Wholesale Trade	8.0	8.1	8.1	-0.1	-0.1	-1.2	-1.2
Retail Trade	27.3	28.0	27.2	-0.7	0.1	-2.5	0.4
General Merchandise Retailers	6.6	6.9	6.0	-0.3	0.6	-4.3	10.0
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	8.9	9.6	9.0	-0.7	-0.1	-7.3	-1.1
Information	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Financial Activities	7.5	7.5	7.4	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.4
Financial and Insurance	5.3	5.3	5.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Professional and Business Services	17.3	17.6	17.5	-0.3	-0.2	-1.7	-1.1
Private Educational and Health Services	42.3	42.2	40.6	0.1	1.7	0.2	4.2
Health Care and Social Assistance	39.0	39.1	37.6	-0.1	1.4	-0.3	3.7
Hospitals	8.9	8.9	8.5	0.0	0.4	0.0	4.7
Leisure and Hospitality	24.1	24.9	23.2	-0.8	0.9	-3.2	3.9
Other Services	9.5	9.6	9.2	-0.1	0.3	-1.0	3.3
Government	26.7	27.5	27.1	-0.8	-0.4	-2.9	-1.5
Federal Government	1.9	1.9	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
State Government	4.5	5.3	4.5	-0.8	0.0	-15.1	0.0
State Government Educational ^e Services	2.1	2.9	2.1	-0.8	0.0	-27.6	0.0
Local Government	20.3	20.3	20.7	0.0	-0.4	0.0	-1.9
Local Government Educational Services	12.0	12.1	11.9	-0.1	0.1	-0.8	0.8

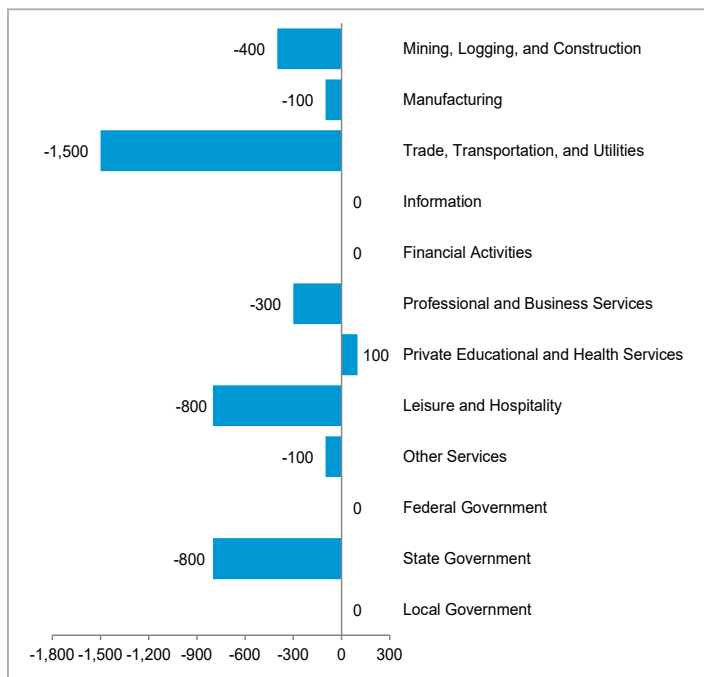
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^eIncludes state universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service and agricultural research centers.

Youngstown-Warren-Boardman Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

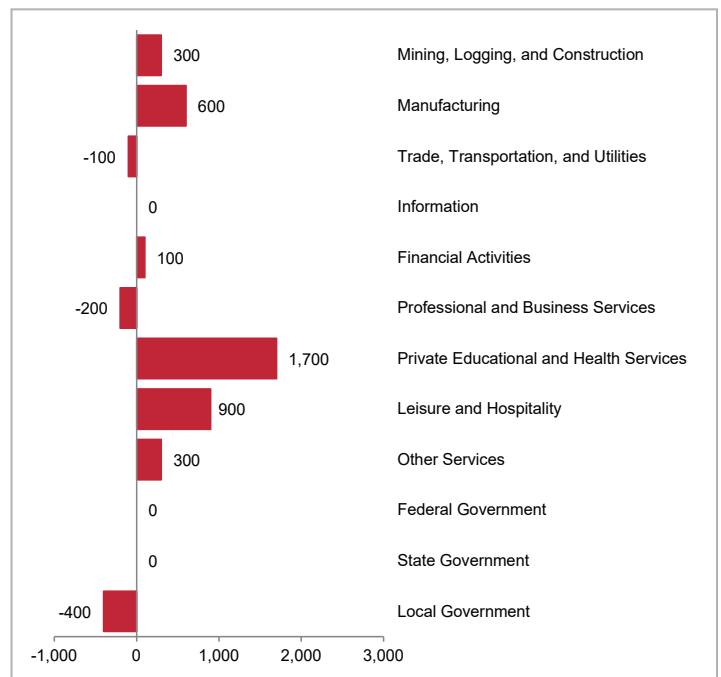
Unemployment Rates



Youngstown-Warren-Boardman MSA Over-the-Month Change



Youngstown-Warren-Boardman MSA Over-the-Year Change



Ohio and Metropolitan Statistical Areas

Hours and Earnings of All Employees^a

Not Seasonally Adjusted

In January, Ohio's total private employees' average weekly earnings were \$1,049.08, a decrease of \$26.26 from December and \$1.52 from January 2023. The average workweek at 33.7 hours in January decreased 0.7 hours over the month and 0.3 hours over the year. Average hourly earnings decreased by 13 cents from December to \$31.13. Over the year, average hourly earnings have risen by 0.7%.

Ohio

Total Private

Goods-Producing (Private)

Construction

Manufacturing

Service-Providing (Private)

Trade, Transportation, and Utilities

Financial Activities

Professional and Business Services

Private Educational and Health Services

Leisure and Hospitality

Other Services

Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
Jan 2024 ^b	Dec 2023 ^c	Jan 2023 ^c	Jan 2024 ^b	Dec 2023 ^c	Jan 2023 ^c	Jan 2024 ^b	Dec 2023 ^c	Jan 2023 ^c
\$1,049.08	\$1,075.34	\$1,050.60	33.7	34.4	34.0	\$31.13	\$31.26	\$30.90
\$1,209.72	\$1,305.20	\$1,288.81	38.6	40.0	40.2	\$31.34	\$32.63	\$32.06
\$1,271.94	\$1,380.61	\$1,300.43	35.9	38.5	38.6	\$35.43	\$35.86	\$33.69
\$1,250.87	\$1,297.52	\$1,298.58	39.9	40.7	40.9	\$31.35	\$31.88	\$31.75
\$1,012.88	\$1,021.80	\$993.20	32.6	33.1	32.5	\$31.07	\$30.87	\$30.56
\$950.15	\$976.32	\$947.75	32.9	33.9	33.8	\$28.88	\$28.80	\$28.04
\$1,427.40	\$1,440.41	\$1,390.91	36.6	37.0	37.4	\$39.00	\$38.93	\$37.19
\$1,281.96	\$1,269.07	\$1,243.90	35.6	35.9	35.0	\$36.01	\$35.35	\$35.54
\$1,027.29	\$1,044.04	\$996.91	34.3	34.4	34.4	\$29.95	\$30.35	\$28.98
\$427.37	\$462.20	\$413.73	22.6	23.8	22.4	\$18.91	\$19.42	\$18.47
\$860.00	\$862.29	\$906.50	28.6	29.5	32.1	\$30.07	\$29.23	\$28.24

Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)

Total Private

Akron

Canton-Massillon

Cincinnati

Cleveland-Elyria

Columbus

Dayton

Lima

Mansfield

Springfield

Toledo

Weirton-Steubenville

Youngstown-Warren-Boardman

\$1,107.88	\$1,128.26	\$1,140.76	33.4	34.2	34.6	\$33.17	\$32.99	\$32.97
\$914.41	\$953.36	\$923.10	32.3	34.0	34.0	\$28.31	\$28.04	\$27.15
\$1,077.34	\$1,101.66	\$1,090.48	33.9	34.6	34.4	\$31.78	\$31.84	\$31.70
\$1,092.46	\$1,120.39	\$1,121.40	34.3	35.1	35.0	\$31.85	\$31.92	\$32.04
\$1,013.85	\$1,022.71	\$1,045.20	32.8	33.4	33.5	\$30.91	\$30.62	\$31.20
\$1,077.71	\$1,100.69	\$1,032.34	34.9	35.9	34.4	\$30.88	\$30.66	\$30.01
\$1,004.73	\$1,028.87	\$933.25	32.6	33.8	31.7	\$30.82	\$30.44	\$29.44
\$742.58	\$784.85	\$788.88	32.3	33.2	34.6	\$22.99	\$23.64	\$22.80
\$963.46	\$973.86	\$982.42	33.5	34.4	33.9	\$28.76	\$28.31	\$28.98
\$1,044.44	\$1,049.94	\$986.96	32.7	34.1	33.8	\$31.94	\$30.79	\$29.20
\$673.81	\$656.67	\$657.60	30.6	30.5	31.6	\$22.02	\$21.53	\$20.81
\$861.56	\$852.77	\$817.51	33.8	33.8	32.3	\$25.49	\$25.23	\$25.31

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised.

Ohio and Metropolitan Statistical Areas

Hours and Earnings of Production or Nonsupervisory Employees^a

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Ohio's production employees in manufacturing industries earned an average of \$1,031.94 per week in January 2024, a decrease of \$37.43 from December and \$12.83 from January 2023. The average workweek of 39.0 hours in January decreased 1.8 hours over the month and 1.7 hours over the year. Average weekly earnings in durable goods, at \$1,070.17, decreased \$52.13 over the month and \$11.80 over the year. Average weekly earnings in nondurable goods, at \$962.78, decreased \$5.17 over the month and \$7.46 over the year.

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Jan 2024 ^b	Dec 2023 ^c	Jan 2023 ^c	Jan 2024 ^b	Dec 2023 ^c	Jan 2023 ^c	Jan 2024 ^b	Dec 2023 ^c	Jan 2023 ^c
Ohio									
Goods-Producing (Private)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Construction	\$1,157.16	\$1,310.16	\$1,214.85	37.4	40.6	38.9	\$30.94	\$32.27	\$31.23
Manufacturing	\$1,031.94	\$1,069.37	\$1,044.77	39.0	40.8	40.7	\$26.46	\$26.21	\$25.67
Durable Goods^d	\$1,070.17	\$1,122.30	\$1,081.97	39.1	40.9	42.1	\$27.37	\$27.44	\$25.70
Fabricated Metal Products	\$1,042.80	\$1,013.04	\$1,005.88	39.5	38.3	39.9	\$26.40	\$26.45	\$25.21
Transportation Equipment	\$1,117.99	\$1,185.69	\$1,204.67	38.9	40.9	43.6	\$28.74	\$28.99	\$27.63
Nondurable Goods^e	\$962.78	\$967.95	\$970.24	38.9	40.5	37.9	\$24.75	\$23.90	\$25.60
Service-Providing (Private)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wholesale Trade	\$1,279.36	\$1,268.88	\$1,235.17	38.5	38.3	39.1	\$33.23	\$33.13	\$31.59
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	\$1,276.30	\$1,253.60	\$1,200.30	40.3	40.0	39.2	\$31.67	\$31.34	\$30.62
Retail Trade^f	\$565.66	\$574.06	\$557.70	29.6	30.6	30.0	\$19.11	\$18.76	\$18.59
Financial Activities	\$1,075.45	\$1,065.38	\$1,052.90	37.2	37.5	37.1	\$28.91	\$28.41	\$28.38
Health Care and Social Assistance	\$895.70	\$900.03	\$882.09	32.5	32.8	33.4	\$27.56	\$27.44	\$26.41
Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)									
Cincinnati	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Manufacturing	\$976.75	\$944.11	\$908.86	32.7	31.2	31.2	\$29.87	\$30.26	\$29.13
Cleveland-Elyria	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Manufacturing	\$1,114.46	\$1,118.21	\$1,055.34	41.6	41.6	42.4	\$26.79	\$26.88	\$24.89
Durable Goods	\$1,047.22	\$1,111.25	\$1,017.61	38.7	40.9	41.4	\$27.06	\$27.17	\$24.58
Columbus	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Manufacturing	\$552.55	\$571.14	\$552.16	28.6	28.6	26.7	\$19.32	\$19.97	\$20.68

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes textile mills; textile products mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; petroleum and coal products. ^fMoney payments only; tips not included.

Ohio

Selected Unemployment Insurance Activities

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Initial claims filed under the Ohio Unemployment Compensation Law numbered 43,368 in January 2024, down 5.7% from December and down 15.1% from January 2023. The average weekly number of benefit recipients, at 44,382, increased 26.7% from the previous month but decreased 3.6% from the previous year. Total benefits paid, at \$99.0 million, increased 41.0% from December. The average weekly benefit payment of \$488.02 in January 2024 increased \$31.91 from January 2023.

				Change From		Percent Change From	
	Jan 2024	Dec 2023	Jan 2022	Last Month	Last Year	Last Month	Last Year
Initial Claims	43,368	46,007	51,102	-2,639	-7,734	-5.7	-15.1
Continued Claims	255,971	220,485	283,346	35,486	-27,375	16.1	-9.7
First Payments	18,121	13,675	20,917	4,446	-2,796	32.5	-13.4
Last Payments	2,448	2,414	1,740	34	708	1.4	40.7
Average Weekly Claimants	55,646	52,496	64,397	3,149	-8,751	6.0	-13.6
Average Weekly Benefit Recipients	44,382	35,041	46,020	9,341	-1,637	26.7	-3.6
Paid Weeks of Claims	204,158	147,171	202,486	56,987	1,672	38.7	0.8
Benefits Paid	\$99,021,614	\$70,229,984	\$91,874,031	\$28,791,630	\$7,147,583	41.0	7.8
Average Weekly Payment	\$488.02	\$481.66	\$456.11	\$6.36	\$31.91	1.3	7.0
Continued Claims for Survey Week	60,659	49,394	60,849	11,265	-190	22.8	-0.3
Insured Unemployment Rate	TBD	1.0%	1.2%				
Active Employer Accounts	N/A	263,072	262,132	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Source: ODJFS, Office of Unemployment Compensation.

Ohio

Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey Data Seasonally Adjusted

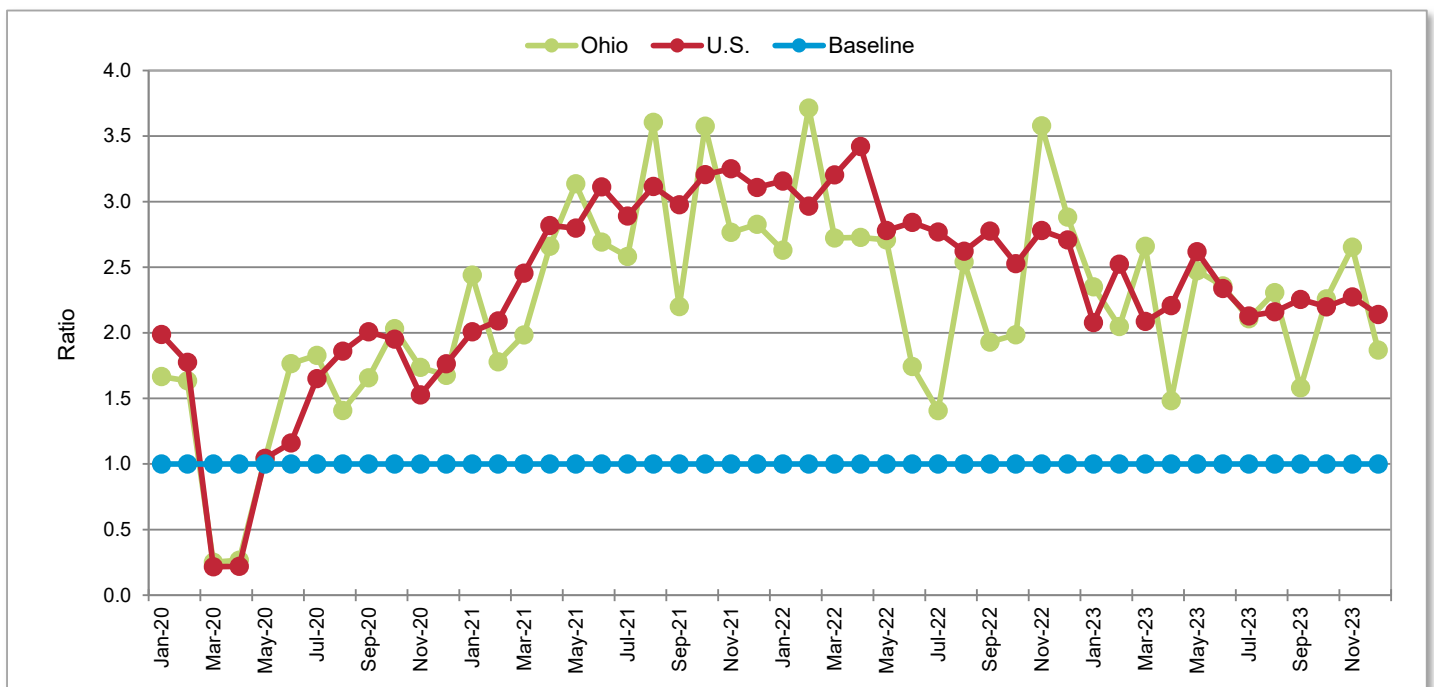
The Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey (JOLTS), conducted by the U.S. Department of Labor (Bureau of Labor Statistics), produces data series showing the number of job openings, hires, and total separations by state. Total separations include quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations. Individually, these series provide insightful information on demand in the labor market. They also can be combined to provide additional information, such as the statewide Quits-to-Layoffs-and-Discharges Ratio and the Unemployed-Persons-to-Job-Opening Ratio.

Quits-to-Layoffs-and-Discharges Ratio (Q/LD)

The ratio of quits to layoffs and discharges can help with analyses of business cycles and differences among industries. Quits move in a direction opposite that of layoffs and discharges, and the Q/LD ratio clearly reflects business cycle trends and turning points. The ratio rises during expansions and falls during contractions. It can be an indicator of confidence in the economy.

If the Q/LD ratio is greater than 1.0, the number of quits exceeds the number of layoffs and discharges. If the ratio is less than 1.0, layoffs and discharges exceed quits. A value greater than 1.0 indicates that employee confidence in the labor market is strong. A value less than 1.0 indicates that employees are not confident in the labor market.

The Q/LD ratio for Ohio decreased from 2.7 in November to 1.9 in December 2023 and decreased from 2.9 in December 2023.



The blue horizontal line represents the baseline of 1.0 to which current Q/LD ratios are compared during analysis.

Ohio

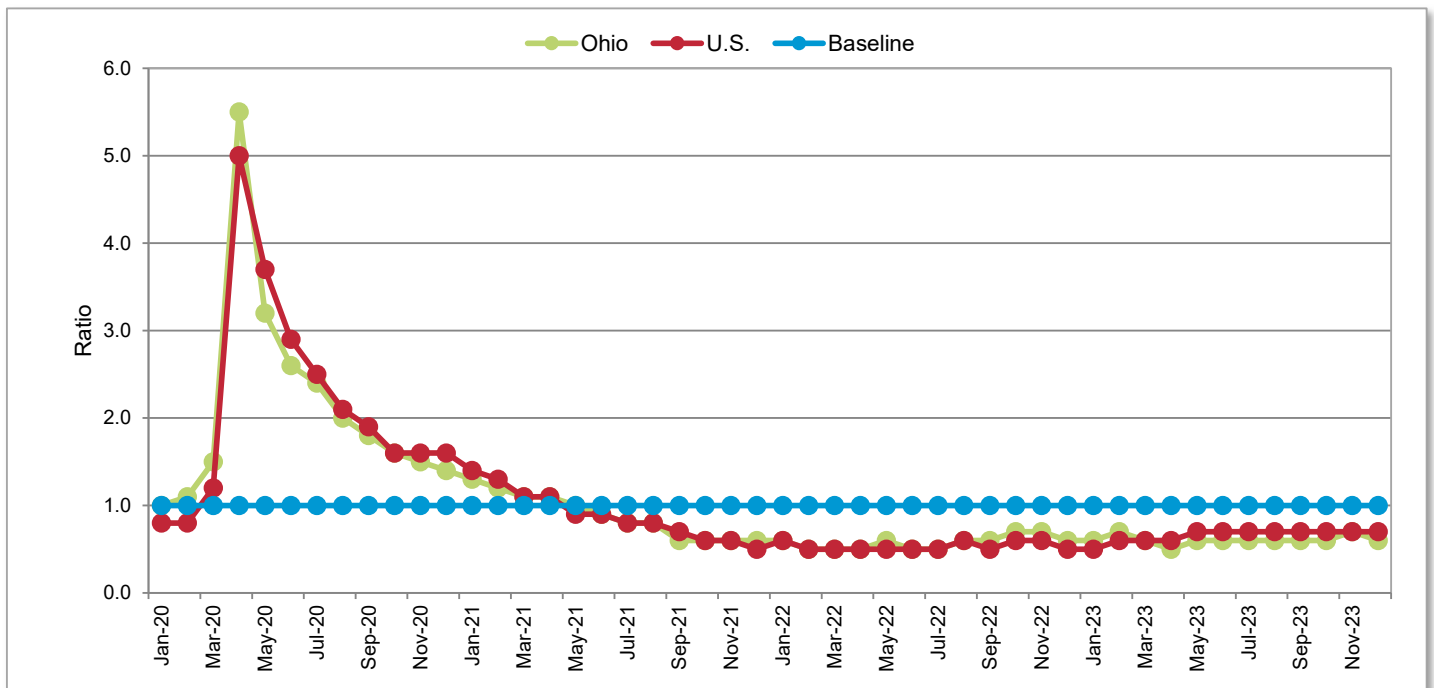
Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey Data
Seasonally Adjusted

Unemployed-Persons-Per-Job-Opening Ratio

This ratio is derived by taking the number of estimated unemployed people and dividing it by the number of job openings each month. These two components come from two different surveys. The number of unemployed people comes from the Current Population Survey. The number of job openings comes from JOLTS.

Ratios less than 1.0 signal tighter labor markets, in which organizations have more job openings than there are people looking for work. In contrast, ratios greater than 1.0 indicate slack in the labor supply, as more unemployed people compete for each job opening.

The unemployed-persons-per-job-opening ratio in Ohio was 0.6 in December 2023, down from 0.7 in November but unchanged from December 2022.



The blue horizontal line represents the baseline of 1.0 to which current Unemployed Persons to Job Opening Ratio are compared during analysis.

Technical Notes

Except as noted, all data cited are produced by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services.

Civilian Labor Force Estimates (CLFE)

Based on the Current Population Survey (household survey) and Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program.

Civilian Noninstitutional Population

Persons 16 years of age and older who are not inmates of institutions (for example, penal and mental facilities, homes for the aged), and who are not on active duty in the armed forces.

Civilian Labor Force

Persons in the civilian noninstitutional population, employed or unemployed during the reference week (usually the week including the 12th of the month) distributed by place of residence.

Employed

Persons in the civilian noninstitutional population who, during the reference week, (a) worked at least one hour as paid employees; worked in their own business, profession, or on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family; and (b) all those who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of vacation, illness, bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave, labor-management dispute, job training, or other family or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs. Each employed person is counted only once, even if he or she holds more than one job. Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around their own house (painting, repairing, or own home housework) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and other organizations.

Unemployed

Persons in the civilian noninstitutional population who had no employment during the reference week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and had made specific efforts to find employment sometime during the four-week period ending with the reference week. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off need not have been looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

Data Revisions

Figures for the current month are preliminary; revised figures are released when preliminary data for the next month are released. For example, revised March figures are released at the same time as preliminary April figures are released.

Revisions at the end of the year are called 'annual processing' and typically, adjustments are made to the previous two years for not seasonally adjusted data and five years for seasonally adjusted data. Adjustments are made because more information becomes available throughout the year on nonfarm jobs and unemployment claims. Also, during annual processing, new population controls are incorporated into the estimates. Population controls refer to population data such as vital statistics on births, deaths, migration, school enrollment, persons living in group quarters, inmates in institutions, etc. These are updated annually by the Census Bureau and provided to the BLS.

Payroll Survey

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, including hours and earnings estimates, are based on monthly reports from the Payroll Survey of employers under the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program. The CES survey is based on approximately 131,000 businesses and government agencies representing approximately 670,000 worksites throughout the United States.

Industrial Classification

Employer establishments are classified by industry based on their principal product or service. The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) is used for industrial classification. (See page 53.)

Coverage

Monthly reports on employment, payroll, and hours are obtained from approximately 24,800 Ohio employers.

Estimating Method

Total employment is estimated from the employment of establishments reporting for two consecutive months, as follows:

$$\frac{\text{Sample Employment (Current Month)}}{\text{Sample Employment (Previous Month)}} \times \text{Total Employment (Previous Month)} = \text{Total Employment (Current Month)}$$

Nonagricultural or Payroll Employment

The total number of persons on establishment payrolls employed full or part time who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th day of the month. Temporary and intermittent employees are included, as are any workers who are on paid leave, or who work during only part of the specified pay period. A striking worker who only works a small portion of the survey period, and is paid, would be included as employed under the CES definitions. Persons on the payroll of more than one establishment are counted in each establishment. Data excludes proprietors, self-employed, unpaid family or volunteer workers, farm workers, and domestic workers. Persons on layoff the entire pay period, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period or who have not yet reported for work are not counted as employed. Government employment covers only civilian workers.

Technical Notes

Hours and Earnings

Average hours are computed by dividing total production employee hours worked during one week (the seven-day period which includes the 12th of the month) by number of production employees reported for such week. Average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total production employee payroll for one week by total production employee hours for that week. Average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average hourly earnings by average weekly hours.

Production employees include working supervisors and all nonsupervisory employees (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, maintenance, repair, janitorial, guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (such as power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with production operations.

Nonsupervisory employees include employees such as office and clerical workers, repairers, salespersons, operators, drivers, attendants, service employees, line installers, laborers, accountants, janitors, guards, and other employees whose services are closely associated with those of occupations listed.

Payroll refers to dollars paid for full- and part-time production, construction, and nonsupervisory employees who received pay for any part of pay periods that include the 12th of the month. Payroll is reported before deductions for Social Security, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, and union dues; also includes pay for overtime, holidays, vacations, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period), tips, pay not earned in pay period reported (such as retroactive pay), and value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payments in kind, excluded.

Hours represent hours worked or paid for, during pay periods which include the 12th of the month, for production, construction, or nonsupervisory employees. Hours include time paid for holidays and vacations, and for sick leave when pay received directly from firm.

Employment Error Measures

Error measures for state and area employment estimates are available on the following website: <http://www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm>.

Seasonal Adjustment

Seasonal adjustment removes the effects of events that follow a more or less regular pattern each year. These adjustments make it easier to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in a data series.

Data Revisions

Additional sample receipts are the primary source of the monthly CES employment revisions. CES begins collecting sample reports for a reference month as soon as the reference period, the establishment's pay period that includes the 12th of the month, is complete. Collection time available for first preliminary estimates ranges from two to three weeks, depending on the scheduled date for the Employment Situation news release.

Given this short collection cycle for the first preliminary estimates, many establishments are not able to provide their payroll information in time to be included in preliminary estimates. CES sample responses for the reference month continue to be collected, are incorporated into the series, and are released the following month.

Benchmarks

Sample-based estimates remain final until employment levels are reset to universe employment counts, or benchmarks; the benchmarks are primarily derived from Unemployment Insurance (UI) tax records. The annual benchmarking process results in revised data back to the last annual benchmark for not seasonally adjusted series and back five years for seasonally adjusted series.

For the establishment, or CES survey, annual benchmarks are constructed in order to realign the sample-based employment totals of each year with the Unemployment Insurance (UI) based population counts. These population counts are much less timely than sample-based estimates and are used to provide an annual point-in-time census for employment.

Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey (JOLTS)

JOLTS defines Employment as all persons on the payroll who worked during or received pay for the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. JOLTS defines Job Openings as all positions that are open (not filled) on the last business day of the month. JOLTS defines Hires as all additions to the payroll during the month. JOLTS defines Separations as all employees separated from the payroll during the month.

Nationwide, the sample frame for the JOLTS sample consists of approximately 8 million establishments on the Bureau of Labor Statistics' ES-202 Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages file. This scope covers private nonagricultural establishments as well as Federal, State, and local government entities in the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Railroads are sampled from an auxiliary frame. The JOLTS scope does not cover private households (NAICS 814110) or agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting (NAICS 11). However, logging (NAICS 1133) is included. The JOLTS sample size is approximately 16,000 business establishments.

Types of Businesses by North American Industry Classification System

Goods-Producing (Private)

Mining and Logging	Mining and support activities, oil and gas extraction, cutting and transporting timber
Construction	Construction of buildings; heavy and civil engineering (bridges, roads); and specialty trade contractors (pouring concrete, site preparation, plumbing, painting, and electrical work)
Manufacturing	
Durable Goods	Nonmetal and metal products, machinery, computers and electronics, appliances, transportation equipment, furniture, medical, and wood products
Nondurable Goods	Food, printing, chemicals (toiletries), plastics, textiles, paper, apparel, leather, petroleum, and coal products

Service-Providing (Private)

Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	
Wholesale Trade	Wholesalers of durable and nondurable goods, business to business electronic markets, and sales representatives
Retail Trade	Auto dealers, building and garden supply centers, furniture, electronic, appliance, food, health, gasoline, clothing, sporting, hobby, book, and music stores
Transportation, Warehousing and Utilities	Transportation (air, rail, water, truck, transit, pipeline, scenic, and sightseeing); private postal services, couriers, warehousing, and storage; utilities (power, natural gas distribution, water, and sewage)
Information	Publishing, motion picture, sound recording, broadcasting, phone services, data processing and hosting, news, libraries, and internet
Financial Activities	
Finance and Insurance	Banks, securities, insurance, funds, and trusts
Real Estate, Rental, and Leasing	Real estate agents; rental and leasing of automobiles, consumer goods, and machinery
Professional and Business Services	
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	Legal services, accounting, bookkeeping, architectural, engineering, design, computer system design, scientific research, advertising, marketing, photography, translation, and veterinary
Management of Companies and Enterprises	Holding companies, corporate offices, management offices, and headquarters
Admin. Support and Waste Management Services	Administrative management (hotel management) and facilities support; employment placement, executive search, temporary help, and professional employer organizations; document preparation, telephone call centers, collection agencies, travel arrangement, security, pest control, janitorial, landscaping, carpet cleaning, packing and labeling, trade show organizer, and auctioneers
Educational and Health Services	
Educational Services	Private schools and universities and support services for education (college selection, test preparation, and guidance counseling)
Health Care and Social Assistance	Private ambulatory health, hospitals, nursing and residential care, and social assistance (care for children, elderly, and disabled, emergency relief, vocational and rehabilitation services)
Leisure and Hospitality	
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	Performing arts, spectator sports, museums, historical sites, zoos, parks, amusement, and gambling
Accommodation and Food Services	Hotels, RV parks, food, and drinking places
Other Services	Repair (autos, electronics, machinery, and appliances); personal (hair, nail, skin, weight reduction, and tattoos); funeral homes; dry-cleaning and laundry services; pet care, parking lots, astrology, coin machines, dating, escort, future telling, life coaching, and personal fitness trainer; associations (churches, grant making, social advocacy, and unions)

Government (Public)

Federal Government	Civilian federal employees including the U.S. Postal Service
State Government	Includes state universities and hospitals
Local Government	Includes local schools, community colleges, and local hospitals; township, city, and county employees such as fire fighters and park rangers

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Bureau of Labor Market Information Business Principles for Workforce Development

- Partner with the workforce and economic development community.
- Develop and deploy new information solution tools and systems for the workforce and economic development community.
- Provide products and services that are customer- and demand-driven.
- Be known as an important and reliable source for information solutions that support workforce development goals and outcomes.

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