



(1) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	17%	(2) Sales and Related Occupations	14%
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	70%	First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	19%
Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	8%	Retail Salespersons	18%
1st-Line Superv of Transp & Material-Moving Mach & Veh Oper	5%	Sales Reps, Wholesale & Mfg, Exc Tech & Sci Prod	11%
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	5%	Demonstrators and Product Promoters	8%
Driver/Sales Workers	4%	Insurance Sales Agents	7%
Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	3%	Sales Agents, Financial Services	6%
Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs	2%	First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	5%
Cleaners of Vehicles and Equipment	1%	Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	5%

(3) Office and Administrative Support Occupations	11%	(4) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	7%	(5) Management Occupations	7%	(6) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	6%
Customer Service Representatives	23%	Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	32%	Medical and Health Services Managers	16%	First-Line Supervisors of Production and Operating Workers	31%
1st-Line Superv of Office & Admin Support Workers	13%	First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	15%	General and Operations Managers	11%	Helpers--Production Workers	17%
Tellers	8%	Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	11%	Sales Managers	9%	Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters	8%
Exec Secretaries & Exec Adm Assts	6%	Automotive Specialty Technicians	8%	Marketing Managers	9%	Machinists	5%
Office Clerks, General	6%	Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanics and Installers	5%	Property, Real Estate, and Community Association Managers	7%	Packaging and Filling Machine Operators and Tenders	5%
Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	6%	Automotive Master Mechanics	5%	Food Service Managers	7%	Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, and Weighers	4%
Secretaries & Admin Assts, Exc Legal, Medical, & Exec	5%	Telecomm Equip Installers & Repairers, Exc Line Installers	4%	Human Resources Managers	6%	Team Assemblers	3%
Stock Clerks- Stockroom, Warehouse, or Storage Yard	4%	Industrial Machinery Mechanics	3%	Managers, All Other	5%	Printing Press Operators	3%

(7) Production Occupations	6%	(8) Architecture and Engineering Occupations	4%	(9) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	3%	(10) Construction and Extraction Occupations	3%
Registered Nurses	33%	Industrial Engineers	48%	1st-Line Superv of Food Prep & Serving Workers	32%	Construction Laborers	18%
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	13%	Mechanical Engineers	16%	Combined Food Prep & Serving Workers, Incl Fast Food	18%	1st-Line Superv of Construction Trades & Extraction Wrkrs	18%
Physical Therapists	8%	Electrical Engineers	7%	Cooks, Restaurant	16%	Construction Carpenters	17%
Pharmacy Technicians	5%	Civil Engineers	4%	Waiters and Waitresses	10%	Electricians	9%
Occupational Therapists	5%	Electronics Engineering Technicians	4%	Bartenders	5%	Painters, Construction and Maintenance	5%
Medical Records and Health Information Technicians	3%	Industrial Safety and Health Engineers	3%	Dishwashers	4%	Roofers	4%
Nurse Practitioners	3%	Industrial Engineering Technicians	2%	Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria	4%	Plumbers	4%
Speech-Language Pathologists	2%	Environmental Engineers	2%	Food Preparation Workers	3%	Cement Masons and Concrete Finishers	3%

EDITOR'S NOTE: The information provided in this report is based on Help Wanted OnLine® (HWOL) data provided by The Conference Board. The series is compiled with Wanted Analytics software. Duplicate postings, third-party, staffing agency and anonymous employers are not included. Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/asp/omj/hw.htm>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.

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