



(1) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	17%	(2) Sales and Related Occupations	13%
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	72%	Retail Salespersons	19%
1st-Line Superv of Transp & Material-Moving Mach & Veh Oper	6%	First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	17%
Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	5%	Sales Reps, Wholesale & Mfg, Exc Tech & Sci Prod	11%
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	5%	Sales Agents, Financial Services	11%
Driver/Sales Workers	4%	Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	6%
Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	2%	Demonstrators and Product Promoters	6%
Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs	1%	Sales Reps, Wholesale & Mfg, Tech & Sci Prod	6%
Cleaners of Vehicles and Equipment	1%	First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	5%

(3) Office and Administrative Support Occupations	11%	(4) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	8%	(5) Production Occupations	7%	(6) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	7%
Customer Service Representatives	19%	Registered Nurses	34%	First-Line Supervisors of Production and Operating Workers	28%	Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	35%
1st-Line Superv of Office & Admin Support Workers	11%	Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	13%	Helpers--Production Workers	12%	Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	13%
Tellers	9%	Physical Therapists	6%	Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters	9%	First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	12%
Office Clerks, General	7%	Pharmacy Technicians	4%	Machinists	9%	Automotive Specialty Technicians	9%
Receptionists and Information Clerks	6%	Occupational Therapists	3%	Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, and Weighers	5%	Industrial Machinery Mechanics	5%
Executive Secretaries and Executive Administrative Assistants	6%	Speech-Language Pathologists	3%	Packaging and Filling Machine Operators and Tenders	3%	Automotive Master Mechanics	5%
Medical Secretaries	5%	Hospitalists	3%	Team Assemblers	3%	Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanics and Installers	4%
Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	5%	Medical Records and Health Information Technicians	3%	Cut, Punch, & Press Mach Set, Oper, & Tend, Metal & Plastic	3%	Telecomm Equip Installers & Repairers, Exc Line Installers	4%

(7) Management Occupations	6%	(8) Architecture and Engineering Occupations	5%	(9) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	4%	(10) Healthcare Support Occupations	4%
Medical and Health Services Managers	18%	Industrial Engineers	45%	1st-Line Superv of Food Prep & Serving Workers	31%	Nursing Assistants	39%
Marketing Managers	9%	Mechanical Engineers	15%	Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	25%	Home Health Aides	35%
General and Operations Managers	8%	Industrial Safety and Health Engineers	7%	Cooks, Restaurant	10%	Medical Assistants	10%
Financial Managers, Branch or Department	7%	Electrical Engineers	7%	Waiters and Waitresses	10%	Physical Therapist Assistants	4%
Human Resources Managers	7%	Industrial Engineering Technicians	4%	Bartenders	5%	Dental Assistants	4%
Sales Managers	6%	Civil Engineers	4%	Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	5%	Phlebotomists	1%
Managers, All Other	5%	Materials Engineers	3%	Food Preparation Workers	4%	Healthcare Support Workers, All Other	1%
Food Service Managers	5%	Petroleum Engineers	2%	Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria	3%	Occupational Therapy Assistants	1%

EDITOR'S NOTE: The information provided in this report is based on Help Wanted OnLine® (HWOL) data provided by The Conference Board. The series is compiled with Wanted Analytics software. Duplicate postings, third-party, staffing agency and anonymous employers are not included. Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/asp/omj/hw.htm>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.

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