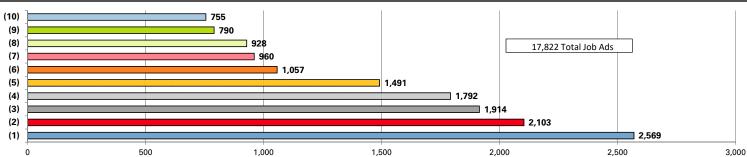


Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the West JobsOhio Network: July 2019



0 500 1,000	
(1) Sales and Related Occupations	14%
First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	31%
Retail Salespersons	27%
Cashiers	11%
Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	6%
Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Except Technical and Scientific Products	5%
Insurance Sales Agents	5%
First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	4%
Demonstrators and Product Promoters	3%
(3) Computer and Mathematical Occupations	11%
Software Developers, Applications	21%
Information Security Analysts	12%
Software Developers, Systems Software	11%
Computer User Support Specialists	10%
Network and Computer Systems Administrators	9%
Computer Systems Analysts	8%
Software Quality Assurance Engineers and Testers	5%
Computer Systems Engineers/Architects	5%
(5) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	8%
First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	25%
Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	23%
Cooks, Restaurant	12%
Waiters and Waitresses	9%
Food Preparation Workers	7%
Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	6%
Dishwashers	6%
Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria	4%
(7) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	5%
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	28%
Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	17%
Driver/Sales Workers	15%
1st-Line Supervs of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	14%
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	12%
Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	4%
Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs	2%
Material Moving Workers, All Other	1%
(9) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	4%
Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	29%
First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	16%
Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	10%
Automotive Specialty Technicians	9%
Industrial Machinery Mechanics	8%
Automotive Master Mechanics	4%
Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers	4%
Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanics and Installers	4%

500	2,000	2,500	3,000
(2) Health	care Practitioners and Technica	al Occupations	12%
Registered N			29%
Licensed Pra	actical and Licensed Vocational Nu	rses	7%
Pharmacy To	echnicians		4%
Family and (General Practitioners		4%
Physical The	erapists		4%
Internists, General			
Physicians a	nd Surgeons, All Other		3%
Occupationa	Il Therapists		2%
(4) Office	and Administrative Support Od	ccupations	10%
Customer Se	ervice Representatives		26%
Stock Clerks	, Sales Floor		12%
First-Line Su	pervisors of Office and Administra	ative Support Workers	11%
Stock Clerks	- Stockroom, Warehouse, or Stora	ge Yard	9%
Medical Sec	retaries		6%
Secretaries a	and Administrative Assistants, Exc	ept Legal, Medical, and Executive	5%
Bookkeeping	g, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	:	3%
Office Clerks	, General		3%
(6) Manag	ement Occupations		6%
General and	Operations Managers		12%
Food Service	e Managers		12%
Managers, A	III Other		10%
Medical and	Health Services Managers		8%
Marketing M	lanagers		6%
Sales Manag	jers		5%
Computer a	nd Information Systems Managers	3	5%
Human Resources Managers			5%
(8) Archite	ecture and Engineering Occupa	tions	5%
Industrial En	igineers		33%
Aerospace E	ngineers		12%
Mechanical	Engineers		12%
Electronics E	Engineers, Except Computer		10%
Electrical En	gineers		9%
Industrial En	gineering Technicians		5%
Electronics E	Engineering Technicians		4%
Civil Engine	ers		2%
(10) Busine	ess and Financial Operations O	ccupations	4%
Managemen	t Analysts		12%
Accountants	<u> </u>		11%
Business Op	perations Specialists, All Other		11%
Logisticians			10%
Market Rese	earch Analysts and Marketing Spec	cialists	10%
Purchasing /	Agents, Except Wholesale, Retail,	and Farm Products	9%
Training and	Development Specialists		9%
Human Reso	ources Specialists		7%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to July 2019.

Reports for other areas or months are located at http://ohiolmi.com/asp/omj/hw.htm.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.