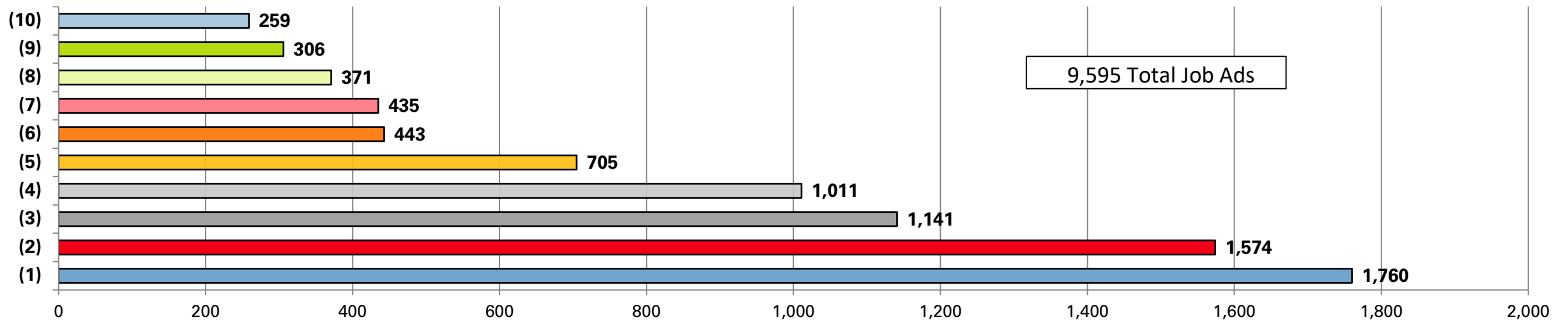


# Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the Southeast JobsOhio Network: August 2019



Rank	Occupational Category	Percentage
<b>(1)</b>	<b>Sales and Related Occupations</b>	<b>18%</b>
	First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	42%
	Retail Salespersons	24%
	Cashiers	11%
	Insurance Sales Agents	4%
	Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Except Technical and Scientific Products	4%
	Demonstrators and Product Promoters	3%
	First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	3%
	Parts Salespersons	3%
<b>(3)</b>	<b>Office and Administrative Support Occupations</b>	<b>12%</b>
	Customer Service Representatives	36%
	Stock Clerks, Sales Floor	13%
	First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	9%
	Stock Clerks- Stockroom, Warehouse, or Storage Yard	8%
	Tellers	4%
	Medical Secretaries	4%
	Patient Representatives	3%
	Interviewers, Except Eligibility and Loan	3%
<b>(5)</b>	<b>Transportation and Material Moving Occupations</b>	<b>7%</b>
	Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	35%
	Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	21%
	Driver/Sales Workers	18%
	Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	10%
	1st-Line Supervisors of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	8%
	Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	2%
	Bus Drivers, School or Special Client	2%
	Cleaners of Vehicles and Equipment	1%
<b>(7)</b>	<b>Management Occupations</b>	<b>5%</b>
	General and Operations Managers	17%
	Medical and Health Services Managers	16%
	Food Service Managers	16%
	Marketing Managers	6%
	Sales Managers	6%
	Education Administrators, Postsecondary	4%
	Managers, All Other	4%
	Financial Managers, Branch or Department	4%
<b>(9)</b>	<b>Production Occupations</b>	<b>3%</b>
	First-Line Supervisors of Production and Operating Workers	26%
	Production Workers, All Other	23%
	Assemblers and Fabricators, All Other	9%
	Helpers--Production Workers	9%
	Machinists	5%
	Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, and Weighers	3%
	Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters	3%
	Laundry and Dry-Cleaning Workers	2%

Rank	Occupational Category	Percentage
<b>(2)</b>	<b>Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations</b>	<b>16%</b>
	Registered Nurses	29%
	Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	14%
	Pharmacy Technicians	5%
	Physicians and Surgeons, All Other	4%
	Family and General Practitioners	4%
	Internists, General	3%
	Speech-Language Pathologists	3%
	Physical Therapists	3%
<b>(4)</b>	<b>Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations</b>	<b>11%</b>
	First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	31%
	Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	25%
	Cooks, Restaurant	9%
	Food Preparation Workers	8%
	Waiters and Waitresses	7%
	Dishwashers	5%
	Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	5%
	Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria	3%
<b>(6)</b>	<b>Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations</b>	<b>5%</b>
	Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	27%
	First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	11%
	Electronic Home Entertainment Equipment Installers and Repairers	10%
	Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	9%
	Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanics and Installers	9%
	Industrial Machinery Mechanics	6%
	Farm Equipment Mechanics and Service Technicians	5%
	Tire Repairers and Changers	5%
<b>(8)</b>	<b>Healthcare Support Occupations</b>	<b>4%</b>
	Nursing Assistants	39%
	Medical Assistants	26%
	Home Health Aides	13%
	Occupational Therapy Assistants	6%
	Phlebotomists	5%
	Physical Therapist Assistants	4%
	Medical Equipment Preparers	2%
	Dental Assistants	2%
<b>(10)</b>	<b>Education, Training, and Library Occupations</b>	<b>3%</b>
	Secondary School Teachers, Except Special and Career/Technical Education	13%
	Teachers and Instructors, All Other	10%
	Vocational Education Teachers, Postsecondary	7%
	Elementary School Teachers, Except Special Education	6%
	Health Specialties Teachers, Postsecondary	6%
	Teacher Assistants	5%
	Preschool Teachers, Except Special Education	5%
	Nursing Instructors and Teachers, Postsecondary	4%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to July 2019.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/asp/omj/hw.htm>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.