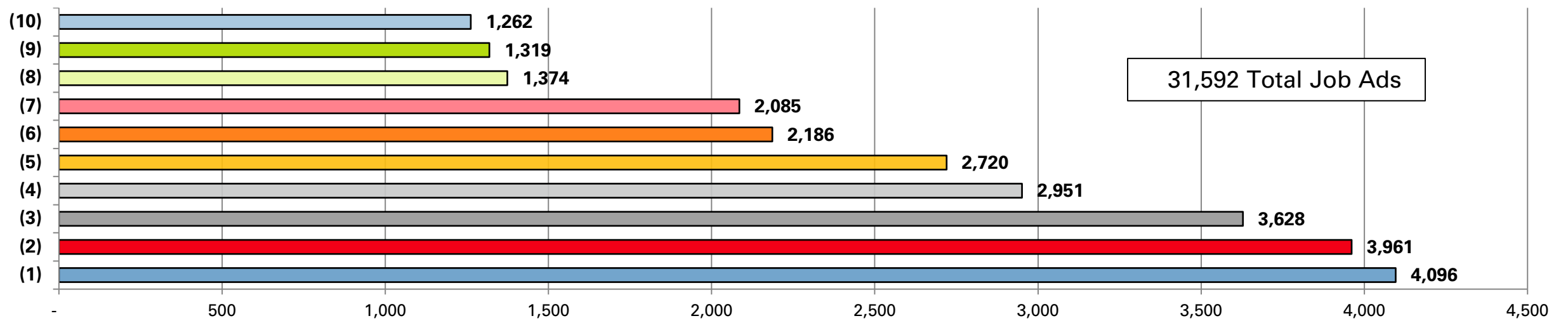


# Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the Southwest JobsOhio Network: September 2019



<b>(1) Sales and Related Occupations</b>		<b>13%</b>
First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	26%	
Retail Salespersons	26%	
Cashiers	9%	
Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	8%	
Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Except Technical & Scientific Products	5%	
Sales Agents, Financial Services	5%	
Sales Representatives, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Technical and Scientific Products	4%	
First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	4%	
<b>(3) Office and Administrative Support Occupations</b>		<b>11%</b>
Customer Service Representatives	22%	
First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	15%	
Stock Clerks- Stockroom, Warehouse, or Storage Yard	10%	
Stock Clerks, Sales Floor	10%	
Medical Secretaries	9%	
Patient Representatives	4%	
Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	4%	
Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	4%	
<b>(5) Management Occupations</b>		<b>9%</b>
Sales Managers	10%	
Medical and Health Services Managers	10%	
Marketing Managers	10%	
General and Operations Managers	9%	
Managers, All Other	9%	
Financial Managers, Branch or Department	8%	
Food Service Managers	7%	
Clinical Research Coordinators	6%	
<b>(7) Business and Financial Operations Occupations</b>		<b>7%</b>
Management Analysts	15%	
Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	13%	
Accountants	12%	
Business Operations Specialists, All Other	9%	
Auditors	8%	
Human Resources Specialists	6%	
Training and Development Specialists	5%	
Financial Analysts	5%	
<b>(9) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations</b>		<b>4%</b>
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	22%	
Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	21%	
1st-Line Supervisors of Transportation & Mat'l-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	14%	
Driver/Sales Workers	12%	
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	9%	
Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	5%	
Cleaners of Vehicles and Equipment	3%	
Bus Drivers, School or Special Client	2%	

<b>(2) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations</b>		<b>13%</b>
Registered Nurses	43%	
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	5%	
Pharmacy Technicians	5%	
Medical Records and Health Information Technicians	4%	
Physical Therapists	3%	
Radiologic Technologists	3%	
Pharmacists	3%	
Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technologists	2%	
<b>(4) Computer and Mathematical Occupations</b>		<b>9%</b>
Software Developers, Applications	24%	
Network and Computer Systems Administrators	10%	
Computer Systems Analysts	9%	
Information Technology Project Managers	8%	
Computer User Support Specialists	8%	
Computer Systems Engineers/Architects	7%	
Software Quality Assurance Engineers and Testers	7%	
Web Developers	6%	
<b>(6) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations</b>		<b>7%</b>
Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	24%	
First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	23%	
Cooks, Restaurant	10%	
Waiters and Waitresses	9%	
Dishwashers	6%	
Food Preparation Workers	6%	
Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee Shop	5%	
Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	4%	
<b>(8) Healthcare Support Occupations</b>		<b>4%</b>
Medical Assistants	38%	
Nursing Assistants	36%	
Healthcare Support Workers, All Other	6%	
Home Health Aides	6%	
Medical Equipment Preparers	4%	
Phlebotomists	3%	
Physical Therapist Assistants	2%	
Massage Therapists	2%	
<b>(10) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations</b>		<b>4%</b>
Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	29%	
Automotive Specialty Technicians	19%	
First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	14%	
Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	7%	
Automotive Master Mechanics	6%	
Industrial Machinery Mechanics	5%	
Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanics and Installers	4%	
Automotive Body and Related Repairers	3%	

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to July 2019.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/asp/omj/hw.htm>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.