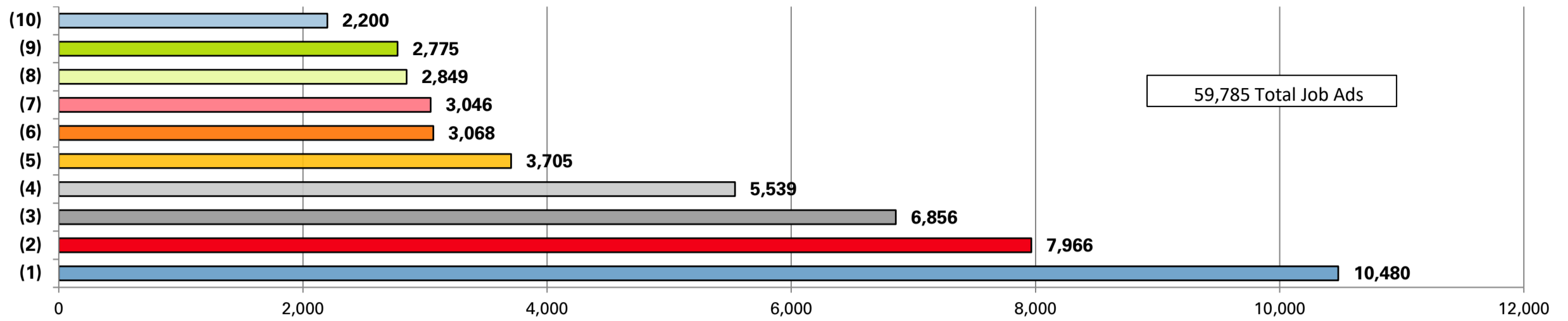


# Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the Northeast JobsOhio Network: September 2019



<b>(1) Sales and Related Occupations</b>	<b>18%</b>	<b>(2) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations</b>	<b>13%</b>
First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	30%	Registered Nurses	39%
Retail Salespersons	26%	Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	6%
Cashiers	11%	Pharmacy Technicians	6%
Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	6%	Physicians and Surgeons, All Other	4%
Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Except Technical & Scientific Products	4%	Family and General Practitioners	2%
Sales Agents, Financial Services	4%	Medical Records and Health Information Technicians	2%
First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	4%	Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technicians	2%
Insurance Sales Agents	3%	Physical Therapists	2%
<b>(3) Office and Administrative Support Occupations</b>	<b>11%</b>	<b>(4) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations</b>	<b>9%</b>
Customer Service Representatives	24%	First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	25%
First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	13%	Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	25%
Stock Clerks, Sales Floor	13%	Cooks, Restaurant	10%
Stock Clerks- Stockroom, Warehouse, or Storage Yard	9%	Food Preparation Workers	8%
Medical Secretaries	6%	Waiters and Waitresses	7%
Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	4%	Dishwashers	6%
Tellers	4%	Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	5%
Patient Representatives	3%	Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee Shop	4%
<b>(5) Management Occupations</b>	<b>6%</b>	<b>(6) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations</b>	<b>5%</b>
General and Operations Managers	11%	Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	29%
Food Service Managers	11%	Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	22%
Medical and Health Services Managers	10%	Driver/Sales Workers	11%
Sales Managers	9%	1st-Line Supervisors of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	11%
Managers, All Other	8%	Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	10%
Marketing Managers	8%	Cleaners of Vehicles and Equipment	4%
Financial Managers, Branch or Department	6%	Parking Lot Attendants	3%
Human Resources Managers	5%	Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs	3%
<b>(7) Computer and Mathematical Occupations</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>(8) Business and Financial Operations Occupations</b>	<b>5%</b>
Software Developers, Applications	21%	Accountants	15%
Computer User Support Specialists	14%	Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	12%
Computer Systems Analysts	12%	Management Analysts	11%
Network and Computer Systems Administrators	9%	Auditors	6%
Information Technology Project Managers	8%	Financial Analysts	6%
Web Developers	6%	Business Operations Specialists, All Other	6%
Information Security Analysts	6%	Human Resources Specialists	6%
Computer Systems Engineers/Architects	6%	Training and Development Specialists	5%
<b>(9) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>(10) Production Occupations</b>	<b>4%</b>
Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	31%	First-Line Supervisors of Production and Operating Workers	27%
Automotive Specialty Technicians	20%	Production Workers, All Other	16%
First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	11%	Machinists	9%
Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	8%	Helpers--Production Workers	7%
Industrial Machinery Mechanics	5%	Assemblers and Fabricators, All Other	4%
Automotive Master Mechanics	4%	Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, and Weighers	4%
Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanics and Installers	3%	Computer-Controlled Machine Tool Operators, Metal and Plastic	4%
Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers	3%	Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters	3%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to July 2019.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/asp/omj/hw.htm>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.