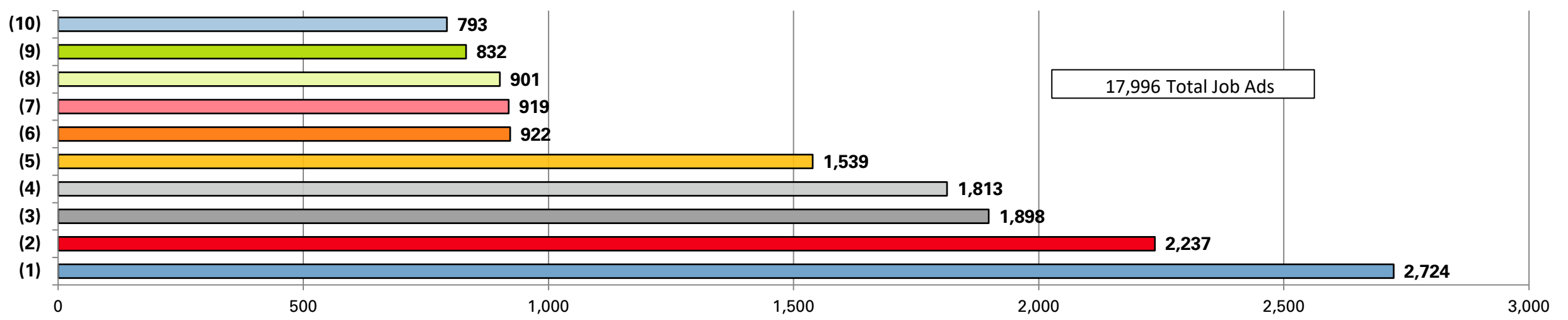


Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the West JobsOhio Network: December 2019



(1) Sales and Related Occupations		(2) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	
First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	29%	Registered Nurses	30%
Retail Salespersons	29%	Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	8%
Cashiers	10%	Pharmacy Technicians	5%
Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	5%	Family and General Practitioners	4%
Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Except Technical and Scientific Products	4%	Physical Therapists	3%
Insurance Sales Agents	4%	Physicians and Surgeons, All Other	3%
Sales Agents, Financial Services	4%	Nurse Practitioners	3%
First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	3%	Speech-Language Pathologists	3%
(3) Computer and Mathematical Occupations		(4) Office and Administrative Support Occupations	
Software Developers, Applications	20%	Customer Service Representatives	25%
Information Security Analysts	13%	First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	12%
Computer User Support Specialists	11%	Stock Clerks, Sales Floor	11%
Network and Computer Systems Administrators	11%	Stock Clerks- Stockroom, Warehouse, or Storage Yard	10%
Software Developers, Systems Software	11%	Medical Secretaries	6%
Computer Systems Analysts	6%	Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	5%
Computer Systems Engineers/Architects	6%	Tellers	3%
Computer and Information Research Scientists	5%	Patient Representatives	3%
(5) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations		(6) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	
First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	28%	Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	24%
Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	22%	Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	22%
Cooks, Restaurant	9%	1st-Line Supervisors of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	13%
Waiters and Waitresses	8%	Driver/Sales Workers	12%
Food Preparation Workers	8%	Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	12%
Dishwashers	5%	Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	5%
Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria	5%	Material Moving Workers, All Other	4%
Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	4%	Cleaners of Vehicles and Equipment	2%
(7) Management Occupations		(8) Architecture and Engineering Occupations	
Food Service Managers	14%	Industrial Engineers	26%
General and Operations Managers	13%	Aerospace Engineers	16%
Medical and Health Services Managers	11%	Electronics Engineers, Except Computer	14%
Managers, All Other	10%	Mechanical Engineers	9%
Sales Managers	7%	Electrical Engineers	9%
Marketing Managers	5%	Electronics Engineering Technicians	5%
Financial Managers, Branch or Department	4%	Industrial Engineering Technicians	4%
Computer and Information Systems Managers	4%	Computer Hardware Engineers	4%
(9) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations		(10) Business and Financial Operations Occupations	
Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	28%	Accountants	12%
First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	15%	Logisticians	12%
Automotive Specialty Technicians	10%	Management Analysts	10%
Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	10%	Business Operations Specialists, All Other	9%
Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers	7%	Purchasing Agents, Except Wholesale, Retail, and Farm Products	9%
Industrial Machinery Mechanics	6%	Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	8%
Aircraft Mechanics and Service Technicians	3%	Training and Development Specialists	6%
Automotive Master Mechanics	3%	Human Resources Specialists	6%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to July 2019.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/asp/omj/hw.htm>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.



Department of
Job and Family Services