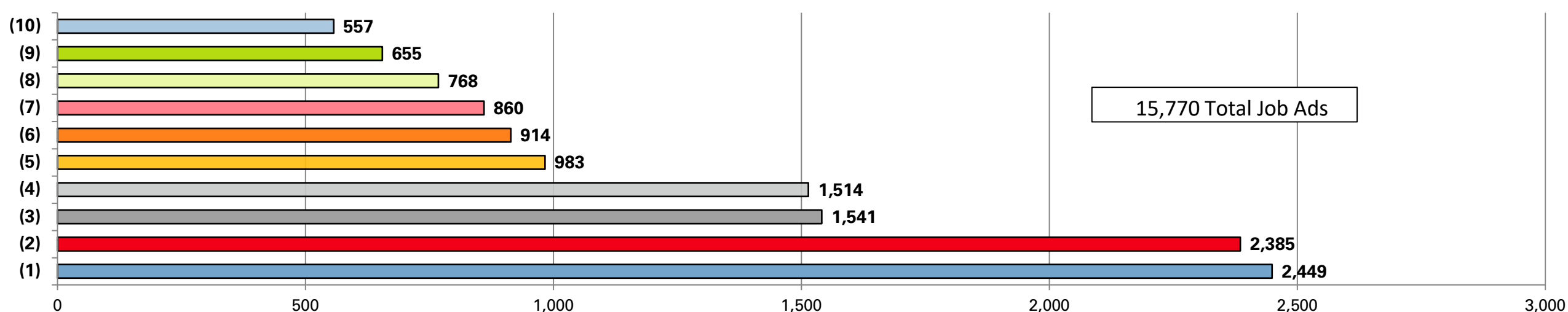


Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the Northwest JobsOhio Network: January 2020



Rank	Occupational Category	Percentage
(1)	Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	16%
	Registered Nurses	36%
	Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	7%
	Pharmacy Technicians	5%
	Physicians and Surgeons, All Other	5%
	Family and General Practitioners	4%
	Physical Therapists	3%
	Critical Care Nurses	2%
	Emergency Medical Technicians and Paramedics	2%
(3)	Office and Administrative Support Occupations	10%
	Customer Service Representatives	23%
	Stock Clerks, Sales Floor	12%
	First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	11%
	Stock Clerks- Stockroom, Warehouse, or Storage Yard	8%
	Medical Secretaries	8%
	Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	5%
	Tellers	4%
	Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	3%
(5)	Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	6%
	Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	37%
	Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	17%
	Driver/Sales Workers	11%
	1st-Line Supervisors of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	10%
	Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	8%
	Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	5%
	Material Moving Workers, All Other	3%
	Cleaners of Vehicles and Equipment	2%
(7)	Healthcare Support Occupations	5%
	Nursing Assistants	42%
	Medical Assistants	26%
	Home Health Aides	9%
	Healthcare Support Workers, All Other	6%
	Phlebotomists	5%
	Medical Equipment Preparers	3%
	Occupational Therapy Assistants	2%
	Physical Therapist Assistants	2%
(9)	Production Occupations	4%
	First-Line Supervisors of Production and Operating Workers	37%
	Production Workers, All Other	18%
	Helpers--Production Workers	7%
	Machinists	5%
	Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters	4%
	Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, and Weighers	4%
	Packaging and Filling Machine Operators and Tenders	3%
	Team Assemblers	2%
(2)	Sales and Related Occupations	15%
	First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	27%
	Retail Salespersons	24%
	Cashiers	12%
	Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Except Technical and Scientific Products	6%
	Sales Agents, Financial Services	5%
	Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	5%
	Insurance Sales Agents	5%
	First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	4%
(4)	Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	10%
	Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	26%
	First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	26%
	Food Preparation Workers	11%
	Cooks, Restaurant	9%
	Waiters and Waitresses	6%
	Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria	5%
	Dishwashers	4%
	Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	4%
(6)	Management Occupations	6%
	Medical and Health Services Managers	21%
	Food Service Managers	16%
	General and Operations Managers	11%
	Managers, All Other	6%
	Human Resources Managers	5%
	Sales Managers	5%
	Financial Managers, Branch or Department	4%
	Architectural and Engineering Managers	3%
(8)	Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	5%
	Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	29%
	Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	14%
	Automotive Specialty Technicians	12%
	First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	11%
	Industrial Machinery Mechanics	8%
	Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers	4%
	Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanics and Installers	3%
	Electronic Home Entertainment Equipment Installers and Repairers	3%
(10)	Education, Training, and Library Occupations	4%
	Vocational Education Teachers, Postsecondary	11%
	Teacher Assistants	10%
	Health Specialties Teachers, Postsecondary	7%
	Teachers and Instructors, All Other	7%
	Nursing Instructors and Teachers, Postsecondary	5%
	Business Teachers, Postsecondary	5%
	Preschool Teachers, Except Special Education	5%
	Tutors	4%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to July 2019.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.