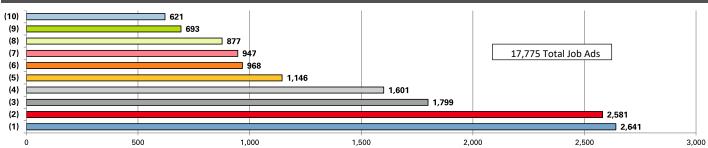


Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the Northwest JobsOhio Network: February 2020



(1) Sales and Related Occupations	15%
First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	25%
Retail Salespersons	24%
Cashiers	129
Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Except Technical and Scientific Products	7%
Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	5%
Sales Agents, Financial Services	5%
Insurance Sales Agents	5%
Sales Representatives, Wholesale and Manutacturing, Technical and Scientific Products	4%
(3) Office and Administrative Support Occupations	109
Customer Service Representatives	239
First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	119
Stock Clerks, Sales Floor	119
Stock Clerks- Stockroom, Warehouse, or Storage Yard	8%
Medical Secretaries	8%
Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	5%
Tellers	4%
Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	4%
(5) Management Occupations	6%
Medical and Health Services Managers	189
Food Service Managers	189
General and Operations Managers	129
Sales Managers	7%
Human Resources Managers	6%
Managers, All Other	5%
Financial Managers, Branch or Department	5%
Marketing Managers	3%
(7) Healthcare Support Occupations	5%
Nursing Assistants	429
Medical Assistants	279
Home Health Aides	109
Healthcare Support Workers, All Other	6%
Phlebotomists	4%
Medical Equipment Preparers	3%
Occupational Therapy Assistants	2%
Massage Therapists	1%
(9) Production Occupations	4%
First-Line Supervisors of Production and Operating Workers	389
Production Workers, All Other	169
HelpersProduction Workers	6%
Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, and Weighers	5%
Machinists	5%
Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters	4%
Packaging and Filling Machine Operators and Tenders	3%
	1

00	2,000 2,500	3,000
(2 Re) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations egistered Nurses	15%
	censed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	7%
	narmacy Technicians	5%
	nysicians and Surgeons, All Other	4%
	amily and General Practitioners	4%
	nysical Therapists	2%
	espiratory Therapists	2%
	mergency Medical Technicians and Paramedics	2%
(4		9%
Fir	rst-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	27%
Co	ombined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	26%
Fc	ood Preparation Workers	10%
Co	poks, Restaurant	8%
W	aiters and Waitresses	6%
Co	poks, Institution and Cafeteria	5%
Di	ishwashers	4%
Di	ning Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	4%
(6	Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	5%
Не	eavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	40%
Lig	ght Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	15%
Dr	river/Sales Workers	11%
La	aborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	10%
1s	st-Line Supervs of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	10%
In	dustrial Truck and Tractor Operators	3%
CI	eaners of Vehicles and Equipment	2%
Ta	axi Drivers and Chauffeurs	2%
(8	Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	5%
М	aintenance and Repair Workers, General	29%
Вι	us and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	13%
Fi	rst-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	12%
Αι	utomotive Specialty Technicians	10%
In	dustrial Machinery Mechanics	7%
Ele	ectronic Home Entertainment Equipment Installers and Repairers	4%
Τe	elecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers	4%
	eating and Air Conditioning Mechanics and Installers	3%
	0) Education, Training, and Library Occupations	4%
	ocational Education Teachers, Postsecondary	17%
	eacher Assistants	8%
	ealth Specialties Teachers, Postsecondary	8%
	eachers and Instructors, All Other	6%
	ursing Instructors and Teachers, Postsecondary	5%
	usiness Teachers, Postsecondary	5%
	ngineering Teachers, Postsecondary	5%
Pr	reschool Teachers, Except Special Education	4%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to July 2019.

Reports for other areas or months are located at http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.

