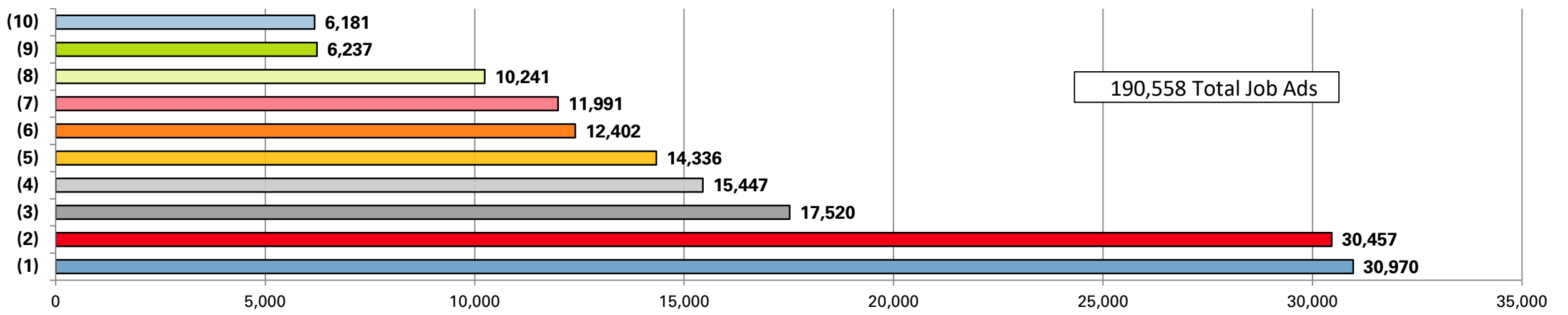


Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in Ohio: April 2020 revised 07/2020



Rank	Occupational Category	Percentage
(1)	Sales and Related Occupations	16%
	First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	28%
	Retail Salespersons	23%
	Cashiers	9%
	Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	7%
	Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Technical and Scientific Products	6%
	Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Except Technical & Scientific Products	5%
	First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	4%
	Sales Agents, Financial Services	4%
(3)	Office and Administrative Support Occupations	9%
	Customer Service Representatives	28%
	Stock Clerks- Stockroom, Warehouse, or Storage Yard	14%
	First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	11%
	Stock Clerks, Sales Floor	10%
	Medical Secretaries	4%
	Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	3%
	Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	3%
	Tellers	3%
(5)	Management Occupations	8%
	Marketing Managers	12%
	Sales Managers	11%
	Medical and Health Services Managers	11%
	General and Operations Managers	10%
	Managers, All Other	8%
	Food Service Managers	8%
	Financial Managers, Branch or Department	6%
	Computer and Information Systems Managers	5%
(7)	Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	6%
	Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	46%
	Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	13%
	Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	12%
	Driver/Sales Workers	9%
	1st-Line Supervisors of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	8%
	Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	3%
	Packers and Packagers, Hand	2%
	Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs	1%
(9)	Healthcare Support Occupations	3%
	Nursing Assistants	42%
	Medical Assistants	23%
	Home Health Aides	11%
	Healthcare Support Workers, All Other	7%
	Medical Equipment Preparers	4%
	Phlebotomists	4%
	Dental Assistants	3%
	Massage Therapists	2%

Rank	Occupational Category	Percentage
(2)	Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	16%
	Registered Nurses	50%
	Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	5%
	Pharmacy Technicians	4%
	Physicians and Surgeons, All Other	3%
	Nurse Practitioners	2%
	Critical Care Nurses	2%
	Family and General Practitioners	2%
	Respiratory Therapists	2%
(4)	Computer and Mathematical Occupations	8%
	Software Developers, Applications	25%
	Computer Systems Analysts	10%
	Computer User Support Specialists	9%
	Information Technology Project Managers	9%
	Information Security Analysts	9%
	Computer Systems Engineers/Architects	8%
	Network and Computer Systems Administrators	8%
	Web Developers	5%
(6)	Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	7%
	First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	29%
	Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	22%
	Cooks, Restaurant	9%
	Waiters and Waitresses	7%
	Food Preparation Workers	6%
	Dishwashers	6%
	Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	5%
	Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria	4%
(8)	Business and Financial Operations Occupations	5%
	Management Analysts	18%
	Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	13%
	Accountants	12%
	Business Operations Specialists, All Other	8%
	Auditors	6%
	Training and Development Specialists	5%
	Human Resources Specialists	5%
	Logisticians	4%
(10)	Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	3%
	Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	34%
	First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	12%
	Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	11%
	Automotive Specialty Technicians	9%
	Industrial Machinery Mechanics	6%
	Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanics and Installers	4%
	Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers	4%
	Medical Equipment Repairers	3%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to May 2020.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.