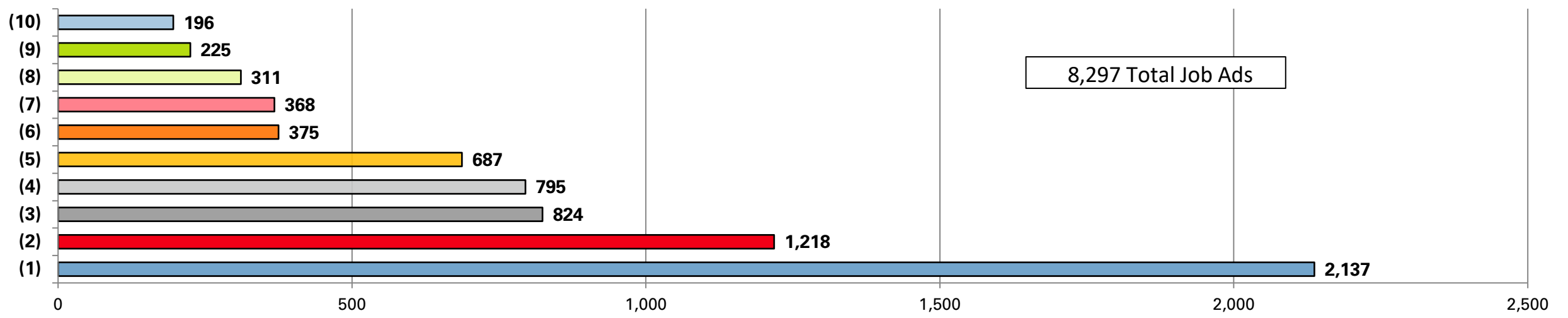


Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the Southeast JobsOhio Network: May 2020



Occupational Category	Percentage	Occupational Category	Percentage
(1) Sales and Related Occupations	26%	(2) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	15%
First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	45%	Registered Nurses	27%
Retail Salespersons	27%	Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	12%
Cashiers	11%	Physicians and Surgeons, All Other	7%
Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Except Technical & Scientific Products	5%	Pharmacy Technicians	5%
First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	2%	Speech-Language Pathologists	4%
Parts Salespersons	2%	Family and General Practitioners	4%
Advertising Sales Agents	1%	Internists, General	4%
Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	1%	Pharmacists	3%
(3) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	10%	(4) Office and Administrative Support Occupations	10%
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	47%	Customer Service Representatives	25%
Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	20%	Stock Clerks, Sales Floor	21%
Driver/Sales Workers	13%	Stock Clerks- Stockroom, Warehouse, or Storage Yard	12%
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	9%	First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	9%
1st-Line Supervisors of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	6%	Tellers	5%
Packers and Packagers, Hand	1%	Medical Secretaries	3%
Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	1%	Interviewers, Except Eligibility and Loan	3%
Commercial Pilots	1%	New Accounts Clerks	2%
(5) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	8%	(6) Management Occupations	5%
First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	31%	General and Operations Managers	27%
Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	23%	Food Service Managers	18%
Food Preparation Workers	13%	Medical and Health Services Managers	15%
Cooks, Restaurant	8%	Sales Managers	10%
Waiters and Waitresses	8%	Human Resources Managers	3%
Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria	6%	Education Administrators, Postsecondary	3%
Dishwashers	3%	Managers, All Other	3%
Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	2%	Financial Managers, Branch or Department	3%
(7) Healthcare Support Occupations	4%	(8) Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations	4%
Nursing Assistants	59%	Interpreters and Translators	40%
Home Health Aides	21%	Merchandise Displayers and Window Trimmers	36%
Medical Assistants	9%	Public Relations Specialists	18%
Healthcare Support Workers, All Other	4%	Reporters and Correspondents	1%
Medical Equipment Preparers	3%	Technical Writers	1%
Dental Assistants	2%	Graphic Designers	1%
Phlebotomists	1%	Broadcast Technicians	1%
Physical Therapist Assistants	1%	Radio and Television Announcers	1%
(9) Production Occupations	3%	(10) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	2%
First-Line Supervisors of Production and Operating Workers	28%	Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	31%
Production Workers, All Other	28%	Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	14%
Helpers--Production Workers	9%	First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	10%
Machinists	7%	Automotive Specialty Technicians	7%
Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, and Weighers	5%	Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanics and Installers	5%
Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters	5%	Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers	5%
Assemblers and Fabricators, All Other	4%	Medical Equipment Repairers	4%
Packaging and Filling Machine Operators and Tenders	2%	Industrial Machinery Mechanics	4%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to May 2020.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.