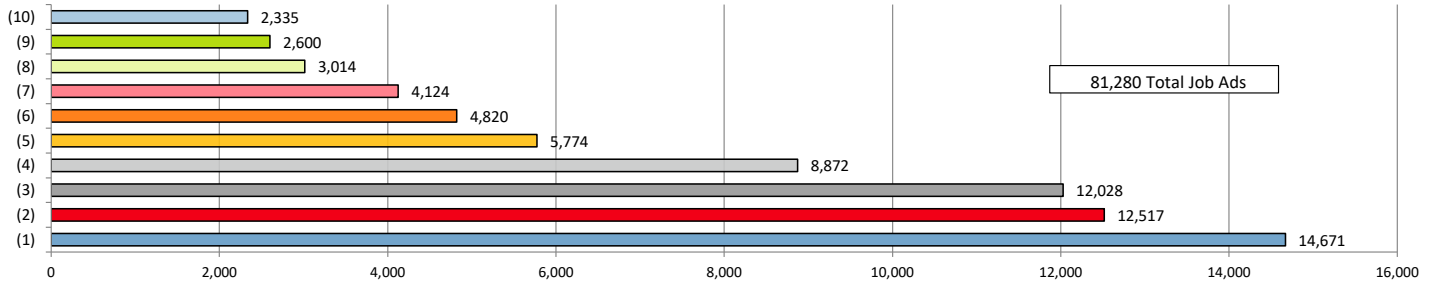


# Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the Northeast JobsOhio Network: July 2020



<b>(1) Sales and Related Occupations</b>	<b>18%</b>	<b>(2) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations</b>	<b>15%</b>
First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	30%	Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	47%
Retail Salespersons	23%	Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	19%
Insurance Sales Agents	12%	Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	13%
Cashiers	9%	Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	8%
Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	5%	Driver/Sales Workers	7%
Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Technical and Scientific Products	4%	1st-Line Supervs of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	3%
First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	4%	Cleaners of Vehicles and Equipment	1%
Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Except Technical & Scientific Products	3%	Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs	1%
<b>(3) Office and Administrative Support Occupations</b>	<b>15%</b>	<b>(4) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations</b>	<b>11%</b>
Stock Clerks- Stockroom, Warehouse, or Storage Yard	46%	Registered Nurses	39%
Customer Service Representatives	18%	Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	8%
Stock Clerks, Sales Floor	8%	Pharmacy Technicians	7%
First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	6%	Physicians and Surgeons, All Other	5%
Medical Secretaries	4%	Family and General Practitioners	3%
Tellers	2%	Nurse Practitioners	3%
Shipping, Receiving, and Traffic Clerks	2%	Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technologists	2%
Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	2%	Respiratory Therapists	2%
<b>(5) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations</b>	<b>7%</b>	<b>(6) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations</b>	<b>6%</b>
First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	34%	Automotive Body and Related Repairers	34%
Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	22%	Automotive Master Mechanics	20%
Cooks, Restaurant	9%	Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	15%
Waiters and Waitresses	6%	Automotive Specialty Technicians	6%
Food Preparation Workers	6%	First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	6%
Dishwashers	5%	Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	5%
Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee Shop	3%	Industrial Machinery Mechanics	3%
Baristas	3%	Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanics and Installers	3%
<b>(7) Management Occupations</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>(8) Computer and Mathematical Occupations</b>	<b>4%</b>
General and Operations Managers	13%	Software Developers, Applications	23%
Food Service Managers	11%	Computer User Support Specialists	14%
Sales Managers	11%	Computer Systems Analysts	10%
Medical and Health Services Managers	10%	Network and Computer Systems Administrators	9%
Marketing Managers	10%	Information Security Analysts	9%
Financial Managers, Branch or Department	7%	Computer Systems Engineers/Architects	6%
Managers, All Other	6%	Information Technology Project Managers	5%
Human Resources Managers	5%	Web Developers	4%
<b>(9) Business and Financial Operations Occupations</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>(10) Healthcare Support Occupations</b>	<b>3%</b>
Management Analysts	13%	Nursing Assistants	36%
Accountants	12%	Medical Assistants	25%
Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	12%	Home Health Aides	10%
Loan Officers	9%	Healthcare Support Workers, All Other	9%
Business Operations Specialists, All Other	8%	Phlebotomists	6%
Human Resources Specialists	6%	Medical Equipment Preparers	4%
Auditors	5%	Dental Assistants	3%
Financial Analysts	5%	Massage Therapists	3%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to May 2020.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.



Department of  
Job and Family Services