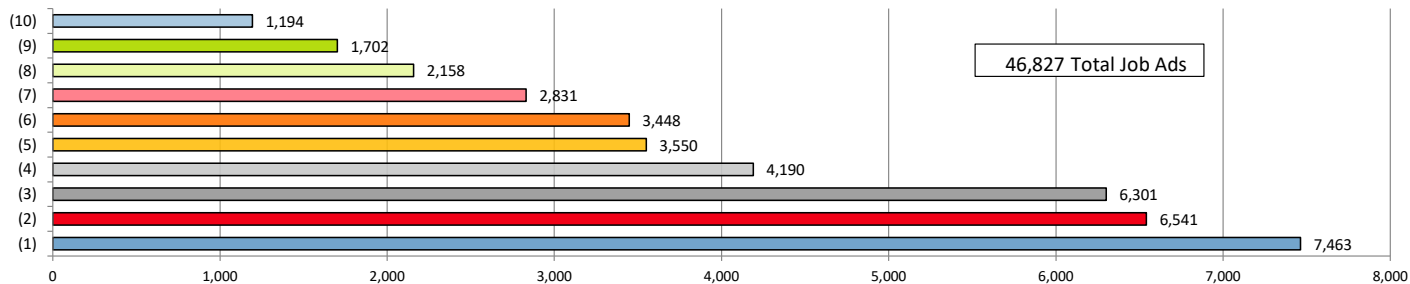


## Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the Central JobsOhio Network: July 2020



<b>(1) Sales and Related Occupations</b>	<b>16%</b>	<b>(2) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations</b>	<b>14%</b>
First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	26%	Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	42%
Retail Salespersons	20%	Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	24%
Insurance Sales Agents	10%	Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	10%
Cashiers	10%	1st-Line Supervs of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	6%
Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Technical and Scientific Products	7%	Driver/Sales Workers	6%
Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	7%	Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	5%
First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	4%	Packers and Packagers, Hand	3%
Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Except Technical & Scientific Products	4%	Parking Lot Attendants	1%
<b>(3) Office and Administrative Support Occupations</b>	<b>13%</b>	<b>(4) Computer and Mathematical Occupations</b>	<b>9%</b>
Order Fillers, Wholesale and Retail Sales	23%	Software Developers, Applications	32%
Stock Clerks- Stockroom, Warehouse, or Storage Yard	23%	Computer Systems Analysts	11%
Customer Service Representatives	18%	Network and Computer Systems Administrators	9%
First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	8%	Information Security Analysts	8%
Stock Clerks, Sales Floor	7%	Computer User Support Specialists	8%
Shipping, Receiving, and Traffic Clerks	4%	Computer Systems Engineers/Architects	6%
Office Clerks, General	2%	Information Technology Project Managers	6%
Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	2%	Web Developers	5%
<b>(5) Management Occupations</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>(6) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations</b>	<b>7%</b>
General and Operations Managers	11%	Registered Nurses	35%
Sales Managers	11%	Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	10%
Marketing Managers	11%	Pharmacy Technicians	6%
Food Service Managers	9%	Physicians and Surgeons, All Other	4%
Managers, All Other	8%	Nurse Practitioners	3%
Medical and Health Services Managers	7%	Family and General Practitioners	3%
Financial Managers, Branch or Department	6%	Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technologists	2%
Human Resources Managers	4%	Surgeons	2%
<b>(7) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations</b>	<b>6%</b>	<b>(8) Business and Financial Operations Occupations</b>	<b>5%</b>
First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	31%	Management Analysts	18%
Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	19%	Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	11%
Cooks, Restaurant	9%	Accountants	11%
Waiters and Waitresses	8%	Business Operations Specialists, All Other	9%
Food Preparation Workers	5%	Loan Officers	7%
Dishwashers	5%	Auditors	6%
Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee Shop	4%	Human Resources Specialists	6%
Baristas	4%	Training and Development Specialists	6%
<b>(9) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>(10) Architecture and Engineering Occupations</b>	<b>3%</b>
Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	32%	Industrial Engineers	28%
First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	13%	Civil Engineers	12%
Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	11%	Electrical Engineers	10%
Automotive Specialty Technicians	10%	Mechanical Engineers	10%
Industrial Machinery Mechanics	7%	Industrial Engineering Technicians	5%
Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanics and Installers	5%	Electronics Engineers, Except Computer	5%
Automotive Body and Related Repairers	3%	Industrial Safety and Health Engineers	5%
Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers	3%	Electronics Engineering Technicians	4%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to May 2020.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.



Department of  
Job and Family Services