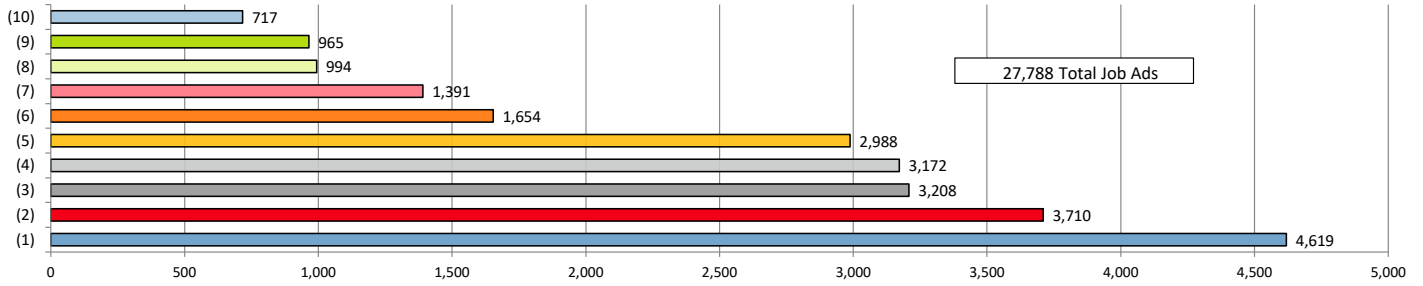


Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the West JobsOhio Network: July 2020



(1) Sales and Related Occupations	17%	(2) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	13%
First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	28%	Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	66%
Retail Salespersons	23%	Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	8%
Insurance Sales Agents	11%	Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	7%
Cashiers	10%	Driver/Sales Workers	5%
Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Technical and Scientific Products	7%	Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	5%
Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	4%	1st-Line Supervs of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	4%
Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Except Technical & Scientific Products	4%	Packers and Packagers, Hand	1%
First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	3%	Cleaners of Vehicles and Equipment	0%
(3) Computer and Mathematical Occupations	12%	(4) Office and Administrative Support Occupations	11%
Software Developers, Applications	25%	Stock Clerks- Stockroom, Warehouse, or Storage Yard	22%
Information Security Analysts	15%	Order Fillers, Wholesale and Retail Sales	20%
Network and Computer Systems Administrators	9%	Customer Service Representatives	19%
Computer User Support Specialists	9%	Stock Clerks, Sales Floor	8%
Computer Systems Engineers/Architects	8%	First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	6%
Software Developers, Systems Software	6%	Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	3%
Information Technology Project Managers	5%	Shipping, Receiving, and Traffic Clerks	3%
Computer and Information Research Scientists	5%	Medical Secretaries	2%
(5) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	11%	(6) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	6%
Registered Nurses	40%	First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	32%
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	7%	Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	23%
Pharmacy Technicians	4%	Cooks, Restaurant	9%
Family and General Practitioners	3%	Food Preparation Workers	8%
Physicians and Surgeons, All Other	3%	Waiters and Waitresses	7%
Nurse Practitioners	3%	Dishwashers	5%
Surgeons	2%	Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee Shop	4%
Critical Care Nurses	2%	Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria	3%
(7) Management Occupations	5%	(8) Business and Financial Operations Occupations	4%
General and Operations Managers	14%	Management Analysts	18%
Sales Managers	11%	Business Operations Specialists, All Other	14%
Managers, All Other	10%	Logisticians	13%
Marketing Managers	10%	Accountants	10%
Food Service Managers	10%	Human Resources Specialists	8%
Medical and Health Services Managers	7%	Training and Development Specialists	6%
Computer and Information Systems Managers	7%	Purchasing Agents, Except Wholesale, Retail, and Farm Products	5%
Financial Managers, Branch or Department	4%	Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	5%
(9) Architecture and Engineering Occupations	3%	(10) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	3%
Aerospace Engineers	19%	Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	32%
Industrial Engineers	17%	First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	14%
Electronics Engineers, Except Computer	14%	Automotive Specialty Technicians	10%
Mechanical Engineers	10%	Industrial Machinery Mechanics	10%
Electrical Engineers	8%	Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	9%
Civil Engineers	5%	Automotive Body and Related Repairers	4%
Industrial Engineering Technicians	5%	Medical Equipment Repairers	3%
Computer Hardware Engineers	4%	Mobile Heavy Equipment Mechanics, Except Engines	2%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to May 2020.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.



Department of
Job and Family Services