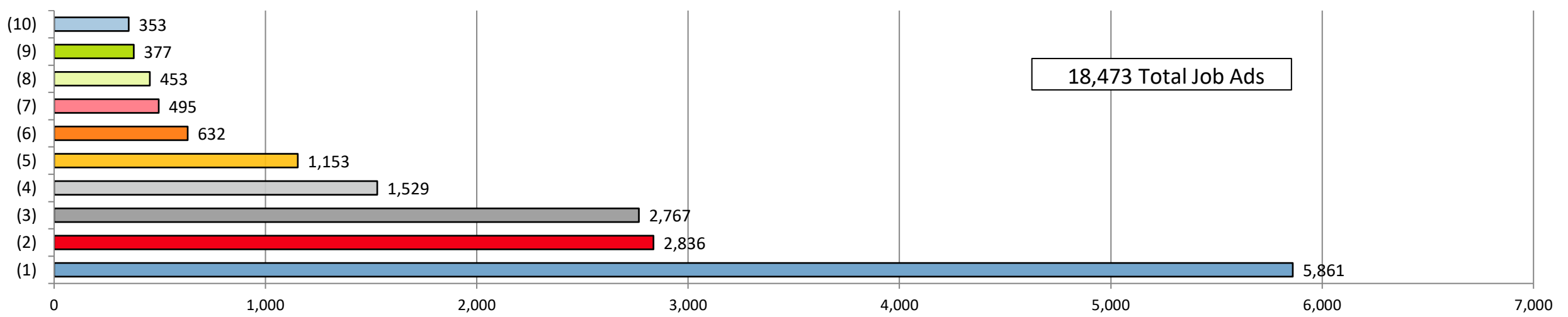


Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the Southeast JobsOhio Network: August 2020



Rank	Occupational Category	Percentage
(1)	Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	32%
	Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	69%
	Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	8%
	Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	7%
	Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	7%
	Driver/Sales Workers	5%
	1st-Line Supervisors of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	2%
	Packers and Packagers, Hand	1%
	First-Line Supervisors of Helpers, Laborers, and Material Movers, Hand	1%
(3)	Office and Administrative Support Occupations	15%
	Stock Clerks- Stockroom, Warehouse, or Storage Yard	45%
	Customer Service Representatives	13%
	Order Fillers, Wholesale and Retail Sales	12%
	Stock Clerks, Sales Floor	7%
	First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	5%
	Shipping, Receiving, and Traffic Clerks	3%
	Medical Secretaries	3%
	Tellers	2%
(5)	Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	6%
	First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	44%
	Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	19%
	Food Preparation Workers	9%
	Cooks, Restaurant	7%
	Waiters and Waitresses	6%
	Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria	3%
	Dishwashers	3%
	Bartenders	2%
(7)	Healthcare Support Occupations	3%
	Nursing Assistants	42%
	Medical Assistants	21%
	Home Health Aides	19%
	Phlebotomists	5%
	Healthcare Support Workers, All Other	5%
	Medical Equipment Preparers	3%
	Dental Assistants	2%
	Occupational Therapy Assistants	2%
(9)	Business and Financial Operations Occupations	2%
	Accountants	24%
	Personal Financial Advisors	18%
	Human Resources Specialists	15%
	Loan Officers	8%
	Management Analysts	6%
	Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	5%
	Business Operations Specialists, All Other	5%
	Tax Preparers	4%
(2)	Sales and Related Occupations	15%
	First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	37%
	Retail Salespersons	24%
	Cashiers	11%
	Insurance Sales Agents	8%
	Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	5%
	Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Except Technical & Scientific Products	3%
	Parts Salespersons	3%
	First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	3%
(4)	Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	8%
	Registered Nurses	29%
	Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	13%
	Pharmacy Technicians	7%
	Physicians and Surgeons, All Other	5%
	Speech-Language Pathologists	4%
	Family and General Practitioners	3%
	Internists, General	3%
	Physical Therapists	2%
(6)	Management Occupations	3%
	Food Service Managers	19%
	General and Operations Managers	17%
	Medical and Health Services Managers	14%
	Marketing Managers	8%
	Sales Managers	6%
	Human Resources Managers	5%
	Managers, All Other	3%
	Storage and Distribution Managers	3%
(8)	Personal Care and Service Occupations	2%
	Personal Care Aides	78%
	Hairdressers, Hairstylists, and Cosmetologists	10%
	Recreation Workers	3%
	First-Line Supervisors of Personal Service Workers	2%
	Nonfarm Animal Caretakers	2%
	Childcare Workers	2%
	Tour Guides and Escorts	1%
	Animal Trainers	0%
(10)	Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	2%
	Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	30%
	First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	11%
	Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	10%
	Electronic Home Entertainment Equipment Installers and Repairers	8%
	Automotive Specialty Technicians	6%
	Industrial Machinery Mechanics	6%
	Mobile Heavy Equipment Mechanics, Except Engines	5%
	Automotive Body and Related Repairers	3%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to May 2020.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.