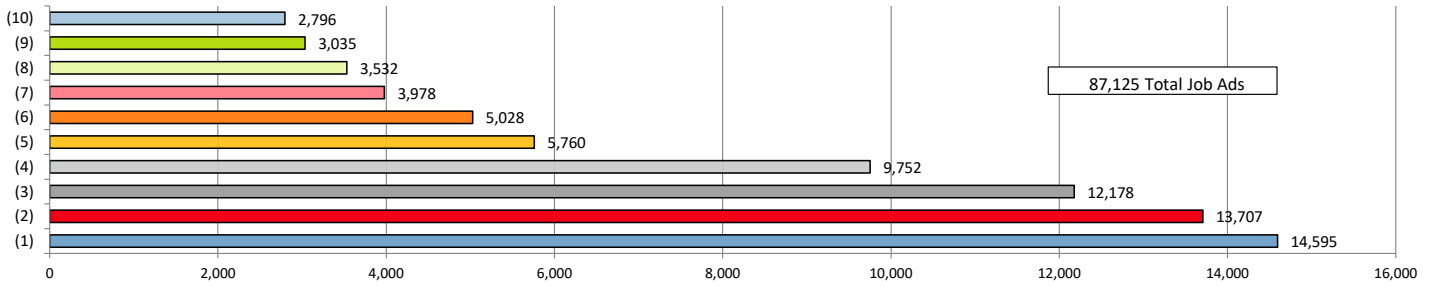


Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the Northeast JobsOhio Network: September 2020



(1) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	17%	(2) Sales and Related Occupations	16%
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	57%	First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	32%
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	14%	Retail Salespersons	25%
Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	8%	Cashiers	9%
Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	7%	Insurance Sales Agents	6%
Driver/Sales Workers	7%	Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	5%
1st-Line Supervs of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	3%	Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Except Technical & Scientific Products	4%
Packers and Packers, Hand	1%	Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Technical and Scientific Products	4%
Cleaners of Vehicles and Equipment	1%	First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	4%
(3) Office and Administrative Support Occupations	14%	(4) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	11%
Stock Clerks- Stockroom, Warehouse, or Storage Yard	42%	Registered Nurses	40%
Customer Service Representatives	15%	Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	7%
Stock Clerks, Sales Floor	8%	Physicians and Surgeons, All Other	5%
First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	7%	Pharmacy Technicians	5%
Medical Secretaries	5%	Family and General Practitioners	2%
Order Fillers, Wholesale and Retail Sales	3%	Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technologists	2%
Shipping, Receiving, and Traffic Clerks	2%	Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technicians	2%
Tellers	2%	Critical Care Nurses	2%
(5) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	7%	(6) Management Occupations	6%
First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	30%	Medical and Health Services Managers	13%
Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	24%	Food Service Managers	11%
Cooks, Restaurant	8%	Marketing Managers	11%
Dishwashers	7%	General and Operations Managers	11%
Food Preparation Workers	6%	Sales Managers	9%
Waiters and Waitresses	6%	Managers, All Other	7%
Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee Shop	4%	Financial Managers, Branch or Department	5%
Baristas	3%	Human Resources Managers	5%
(7) Computer and Mathematical Occupations	5%	(8) Business and Financial Operations Occupations	4%
Software Developers, Applications	27%	Accountants	13%
Computer User Support Specialists	10%	Management Analysts	13%
Computer Systems Analysts	9%	Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	12%
Computer Systems Engineers/Architects	8%	Loan Officers	7%
Network and Computer Systems Administrators	8%	Business Operations Specialists, All Other	7%
Information Security Analysts	8%	Human Resources Specialists	7%
Information Technology Project Managers	6%	Compensation, Benefits, and Job Analysis Specialists	6%
Web Developers	4%	Auditors	6%
(9) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	3%	(10) Healthcare Support Occupations	3%
Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	25%	Nursing Assistants	33%
Automotive Body and Related Repairers	16%	Medical Assistants	31%
Automotive Specialty Technicians	13%	Home Health Aides	8%
First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	9%	Healthcare Support Workers, All Other	8%
Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	7%	Phlebotomists	5%
Automotive Master Mechanics	7%	Medical Equipment Preparers	4%
Industrial Machinery Mechanics	5%	Massage Therapists	3%
Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers	4%	Dental Assistants	3%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to May 2020.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.