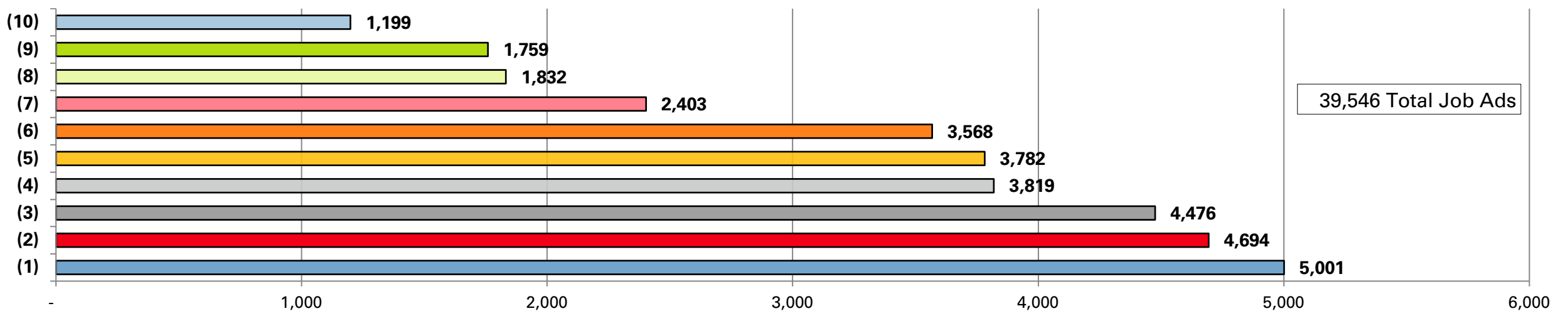


Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the Southwest JobsOhio Network: December 2020



(1) Sales and Related Occupations		(2) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	
First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	22%	Registered Nurses	44%
Retail Salespersons	22%	Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	8%
Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	9%	Pharmacy Technicians	7%
Cashiers	9%	Pharmacists	3%
Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Technical and Scientific Products	8%	Critical Care Nurses	2%
Insurance Sales Agents	6%	Medical Records and Health Information Technicians	2%
Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Except Technical & Scientific Products	6%	Radiologic Technologists	2%
Sales Agents, Financial Services	5%	Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technologists	2%
(3) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations		(4) Computer and Mathematical Occupations	
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	40%	Software Developers, Applications	36%
Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	22%	Computer Systems Engineers/Architects	11%
Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	8%	Information Technology Project Managers	9%
Driver/Sales Workers	8%	Computer User Support Specialists	7%
Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs	7%	Information Security Analysts	7%
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	5%	Computer Systems Analysts	6%
1st-Line Supervs of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	4%	Network and Computer Systems Administrators	6%
Packers and Packagers, Hand	1%	Web Developers	4%
(5) Management Occupations		(6) Office and Administrative Support Occupations	
Marketing Managers	16%	Customer Service Representatives	26%
Medical and Health Services Managers	13%	Stock Clerks- Stockroom, Warehouse, or Storage Yard	18%
Sales Managers	10%	First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	12%
Managers, All Other	9%	Medical Secretaries	6%
General and Operations Managers	8%	Stock Clerks, Sales Floor	6%
Computer and Information Systems Managers	7%	Patient Representatives	4%
Financial Managers, Branch or Department	5%	Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	3%
Human Resources Managers	4%	Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	3%
(7) Business and Financial Operations Occupations		(8) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	
Management Analysts	22%	First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	30%
Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	13%	Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	17%
Business Operations Specialists, All Other	10%	Waiters and Waitresses	10%
Accountants	10%	Cooks, Restaurant	9%
Training and Development Specialists	6%	Dishwashers	7%
Human Resources Specialists	5%	Food Preparation Workers	7%
Auditors	5%	Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee Shop	4%
Loan Officers	5%	Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	4%
(9) Healthcare Support Occupations		(10) Architecture and Engineering Occupations	
Nursing Assistants	47%	Industrial Engineers	28%
Medical Assistants	24%	Electrical Engineers	12%
Home Health Aides	11%	Mechanical Engineers	11%
Healthcare Support Workers, All Other	5%	Civil Engineers	8%
Phlebotomists	4%	Electronics Engineers, Except Computer	6%
Medical Equipment Preparers	3%	Industrial Engineering Technicians	5%
Massage Therapists	3%	Electronics Engineering Technicians	5%
Veterinary Assistants and Laboratory Animal Caretakers	1%	Human Factors Engineers and Ergonomists	4%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to May 2020.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.



Department of
Job and Family Services