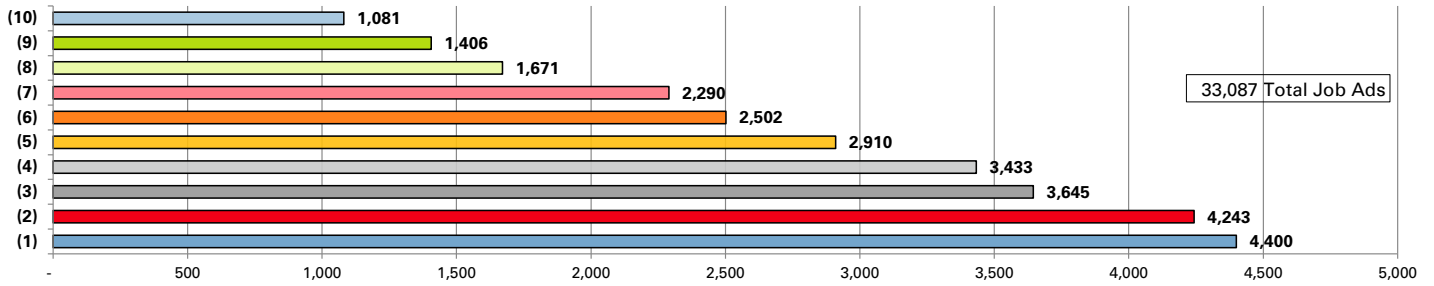


Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the Southwest JobsOhio Network: January 2021



Occupational Category	Percentage
(1) Sales and Related Occupations	13%
First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	22%
Retail Salespersons	22%
Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	9%
Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Technical and Scientific Products	8%
Cashiers	8%
Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Except Technical & Scientific Products	7%
First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	5%
Insurance Sales Agents	5%
(3) Management Occupations	11%
Marketing Managers	18%
Medical and Health Services Managers	14%
Sales Managers	11%
Managers, All Other	9%
General and Operations Managers	7%
Computer and Information Systems Managers	6%
Clinical Research Coordinators	5%
Human Resources Managers	4%
(5) Office and Administrative Support Occupations	9%
Customer Service Representatives	26%
Stock Clerks- Stockroom, Warehouse, or Storage Yard	18%
First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	13%
Stock Clerks, Sales Floor	6%
Medical Secretaries	6%
Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	3%
Patient Representatives	3%
Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	3%
(7) Business and Financial Operations Occupations	7%
Management Analysts	23%
Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	14%
Business Operations Specialists, All Other	10%
Accountants	9%
Training and Development Specialists	6%
Human Resources Specialists	6%
Auditors	5%
Loan Officers	4%
(9) Healthcare Support Occupations	4%
Nursing Assistants	50%
Medical Assistants	25%
Home Health Aides	6%
Healthcare Support Workers, All Other	6%
Phlebotomists	4%
Medical Equipment Preparers	3%
Massage Therapists	2%
Veterinary Assistants and Laboratory Animal Caretakers	1%

Occupational Category	Percentage
(2) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	13%
Registered Nurses	44%
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	8%
Pharmacy Technicians	7%
Pharmacists	3%
Medical Records and Health Information Technicians	2%
Critical Care Nurses	2%
Respiratory Therapists	2%
Family and General Practitioners	2%
(4) Computer and Mathematical Occupations	10%
Software Developers, Applications	34%
Information Technology Project Managers	10%
Computer Systems Engineers/Architects	10%
Computer Systems Analysts	8%
Computer User Support Specialists	7%
Network and Computer Systems Administrators	7%
Information Security Analysts	6%
Web Developers	4%
(6) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	8%
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	51%
Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	19%
Driver/Sales Workers	7%
Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	6%
1st-Line Supervisors of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	5%
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	5%
Bus Drivers, School or Special Client	1%
Packers and Packagers, Hand	1%
(8) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	5%
First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	28%
Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	17%
Cooks, Restaurant	10%
Waiters and Waitresses	10%
Food Preparation Workers	8%
Dishwashers	7%
Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee Shop	4%
Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria	3%
(10) Architecture and Engineering Occupations	3%
Industrial Engineers	30%
Electrical Engineers	13%
Mechanical Engineers	12%
Civil Engineers	8%
Electronics Engineers, Except Computer	5%
Electronics Engineering Technicians	5%
Industrial Engineering Technicians	3%
Industrial Safety and Health Engineers	3%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to May 2020.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.