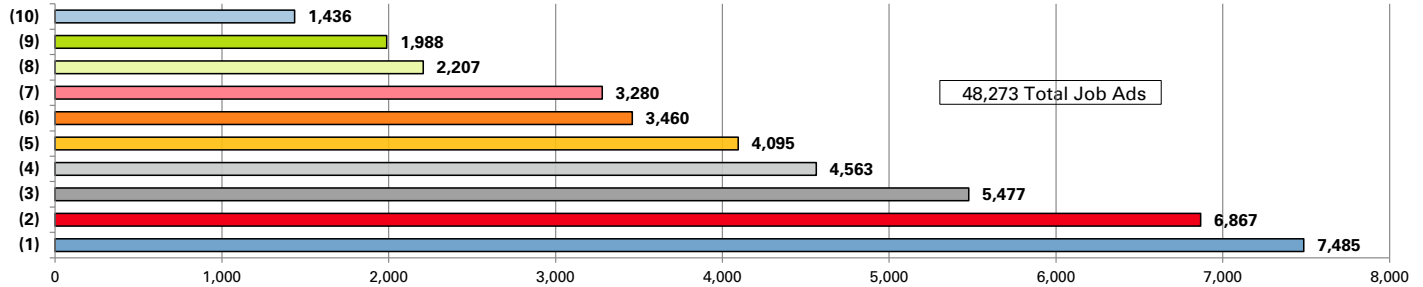


# Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the Central JobsOhio Network: February 2021



<b>(1) Computer and Mathematical Occupations</b>		<b>16%</b>
Software Developers, Applications	35%	
Information Technology Project Managers	10%	
Computer Systems Engineers/Architects	10%	
Network and Computer Systems Administrators	8%	
Computer Systems Analysts	8%	
Computer User Support Specialists	6%	
Information Security Analysts	6%	
Web Developers	4%	
<b>(3) Management Occupations</b>		<b>11%</b>
Marketing Managers	19%	
Sales Managers	12%	
Managers, All Other	10%	
Computer and Information Systems Managers	8%	
General and Operations Managers	8%	
Medical and Health Services Managers	7%	
Financial Managers, Branch or Department	7%	
Human Resources Managers	4%	
<b>(5) Business and Financial Operations Occupations</b>		<b>8%</b>
Management Analysts	22%	
Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	15%	
Accountants	10%	
Business Operations Specialists, All Other	9%	
Auditors	6%	
Human Resources Specialists	6%	
Loan Officers	5%	
Training and Development Specialists	4%	
<b>(7) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations</b>		<b>7%</b>
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	44%	
Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	13%	
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	12%	
1st-Line Supervs of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	9%	
Driver/Sales Workers	9%	
Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	5%	
Packers and Packagers, Hand	2%	
Automotive and Watercraft Service Attendants	1%	
<b>(9) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations</b>		<b>4%</b>
Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	34%	
First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	14%	
Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	13%	
Automotive Specialty Technicians	11%	
Industrial Machinery Mechanics	5%	
Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanics and Installers	4%	
Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers	4%	
Automotive Body and Related Repairers	2%	

<b>(2) Sales and Related Occupations</b>		<b>14%</b>
First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	22%	
Retail Salespersons	18%	
Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Technical and Scientific Products	10%	
Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	10%	
Cashiers	6%	
Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Except Technical & Scientific Products	6%	
Insurance Sales Agents	6%	
First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	5%	
<b>(4) Office and Administrative Support Occupations</b>		<b>9%</b>
Customer Service Representatives	22%	
Stock Clerks- Stockroom, Warehouse, or Storage Yard	18%	
First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	15%	
Stock Clerks, Sales Floor	7%	
Office Clerks, General	4%	
Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	3%	
Medical Secretaries	3%	
Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	3%	
<b>(6) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations</b>		<b>7%</b>
Registered Nurses	34%	
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	7%	
Pharmacy Technicians	7%	
Pharmacists	4%	
Physicians and Surgeons, All Other	4%	
Medical Records and Health Information Technicians	3%	
Family and General Practitioners	3%	
Surgeons	3%	
<b>(8) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations</b>		<b>5%</b>
First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	32%	
Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	20%	
Cooks, Restaurant	11%	
Waiters and Waitresses	6%	
Dishwashers	6%	
Food Preparation Workers	5%	
Chefs and Head Cooks	4%	
Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria	3%	
<b>(10) Architecture and Engineering Occupations</b>		<b>3%</b>
Industrial Engineers	23%	
Civil Engineers	12%	
Electrical Engineers	10%	
Mechanical Engineers	7%	
Electronics Engineering Technicians	6%	
Human Factors Engineers and Ergonomists	6%	
Civil Engineering Technicians	5%	
Industrial Engineering Technicians	5%	

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to May 2020.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.