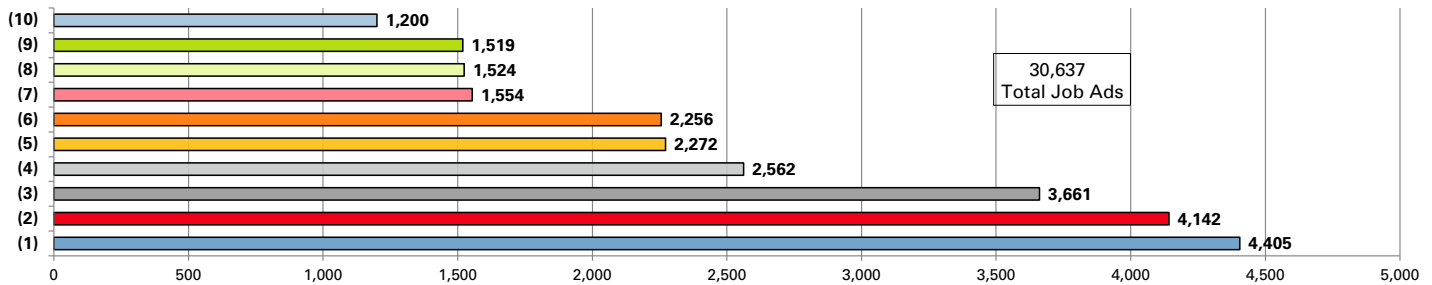


Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the West JobsOhio Network: April 2021



(1) Computer and Mathematical Occupations	14%	(2) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	14%
Software Developers, Applications	29%	Registered Nurses	45%
Information Security Analysts	13%	Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	7%
Computer User Support Specialists	9%	Pharmacy Technicians	4%
Computer Systems Engineers/Architects	9%	Respiratory Therapists	3%
Network and Computer Systems Administrators	8%	Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technologists	2%
Information Technology Project Managers	7%	Pharmacists	2%
Software Developers, Systems Software	6%	Physicians and Surgeons, All Other	2%
Computer Systems Analysts	5%	Family and General Practitioners	2%
(3) Sales and Related Occupations	12%	(4) Office and Administrative Support Occupations	8%
First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	31%	Customer Service Representatives	18%
Retail Salespersons	25%	First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	13%
Cashiers	10%	Stock Clerks- Stockroom, Warehouse, or Storage Yard	12%
Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Technical and Scientific Products	6%	Stock Clerks, Sales Floor	10%
Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	5%	Medical Secretaries	8%
Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Except Technical & Scientific Products	4%	Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	5%
Insurance Sales Agents	4%	Office Clerks, General	3%
Sales Agents, Financial Services	4%	Patient Representatives	3%
(5) Management Occupations	7%	(6) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	7%
Marketing Managers	17%	Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	45%
Computer and Information Systems Managers	10%	Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	20%
Managers, All Other	10%	Driver/Sales Workers	10%
Medical and Health Services Managers	9%	Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	7%
Sales Managers	8%	1st-Line Supervs of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	7%
General and Operations Managers	8%	Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	3%
Food Service Managers	5%	Material Moving Workers, All Other	1%
Human Resources Managers	4%	Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs	1%
(7) Architecture and Engineering Occupations	5%	(8) Business and Financial Operations Occupations	5%
Industrial Engineers	27%	Management Analysts	16%
Aerospace Engineers	18%	Logisticians	12%
Electronics Engineers, Except Computer	8%	Business Operations Specialists, All Other	11%
Electrical Engineers	8%	Accountants	11%
Mechanical Engineers	8%	Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	10%
Industrial Engineering Technicians	5%	Human Resources Specialists	9%
Civil Engineers	4%	Purchasing Agents, Except Wholesale, Retail, and Farm Products	6%
Electronics Engineering Technicians	4%	Training and Development Specialists	5%
(9) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	5%	(10) Healthcare Support Occupations	4%
First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	29%	Medical Assistants	32%
Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	21%	Nursing Assistants	30%
Cooks, Restaurant	10%	Healthcare Support Workers, All Other	14%
Food Preparation Workers	9%	Home Health Aides	7%
Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria	9%	Medical Equipment Preparers	4%
Waiters and Waitresses	6%	Phlebotomists	3%
Dishwashers	5%	Occupational Therapy Assistants	3%
Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	3%	Dental Assistants	2%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to May 2020.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.



Department of
Job and Family Services