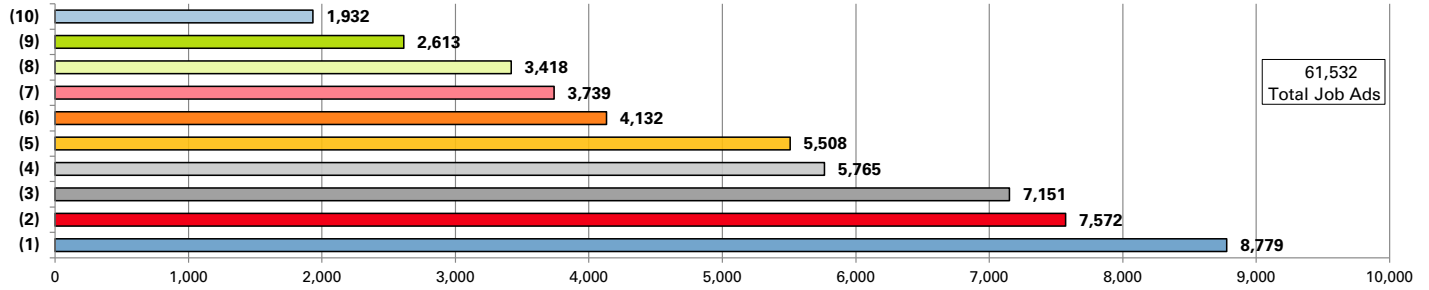


# Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the Central JobsOhio Network: August 2021



| Rank       | Occupational Category   | Percentage | Rank        | Occupational Category  | Percentage |
|------------|---|------------|-------------|--|------------|
| <b>(1)</b> | <b>Computer and Mathematical Occupations</b>                                    | <b>14%</b> | <b>(2)</b>  | <b>Sales and Related Occupations</b>   | <b>12%</b> |
|            | Software Developers, Applications   | 31%        |             | First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers                                     | 26%        |
|            | Computer Occupations, All Other   | 26%        |             | Retail Salespersons  | 21%        |
|            | Computer Systems Analysts   | 9%         |             | Sales Representatives, Services, All Other   | 9%         |
|            | Network and Computer Systems Administrators                                     | 7%         |             | Cashiers   | 9%         |
|            | Information Security Analysts   | 7%         |             | Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Technical and Scientific Products         | 7%         |
|            | Computer User Support Specialists   | 6%         |             | Securities, Commodities, and Financial Services Sales Agents                       | 5%         |
|            | Web Developers  | 4%         |             | Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Except Technical & Scientific Products      | 5%         |
|            | Operations Research Analysts  | 2%         |             | First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers                                 | 4%         |
| <b>(3)</b> | <b>Management Occupations</b>   | <b>12%</b> | <b>(4)</b>  | <b>Business and Financial Operations Occupations</b>                               | <b>9%</b>  |
|            | Marketing Managers  | 17%        |             | Management Analysts  | 24%        |
|            | Managers, All Other   | 12%        |             | Accountants and Auditors   | 16%        |
|            | Financial Managers  | 10%        |             | Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists                                 | 13%        |
|            | General and Operations Managers   | 9%         |             | Business Operations Specialists, All Other   | 11%        |
|            | Medical and Health Services Managers  | 8%         |             | Human Resources Specialists  | 9%         |
|            | Sales Managers  | 8%         |             | Training and Development Specialists   | 4%         |
|            | Computer and Information Systems Managers                                       | 6%         |             | Financial Analysts   | 4%         |
|            | Human Resources Managers  | 5%         |             | Logisticians   | 3%         |
| <b>(5)</b> | <b>Office and Administrative Support Occupations</b>                            | <b>9%</b>  | <b>(6)</b>  | <b>Transportation and Material Moving Occupations</b>                              | <b>7%</b>  |
|            | Stock Clerks and Order Fillers  | 26%        |             | Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers  | 43%        |
|            | Customer Service Representatives  | 22%        |             | Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand                             | 14%        |
|            | First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers             | 16%        |             | Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers   | 11%        |
|            | Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive | 4%         |             | 1st-Line Supervers of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators | 9%         |
|            | Office Clerks, General  | 4%         |             | Driver/Sales Workers   | 7%         |
|            | Medical Secretaries   | 4%         |             | Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators   | 6%         |
|            | Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks                                    | 4%         |             | Cleaners of Vehicles and Equipment   | 2%         |
|            | Hotel, Motel, and Resort Desk Clerks  | 3%         |             | Automotive and Watercraft Service Attendants                                       | 2%         |
| <b>(7)</b> | <b>Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations</b>                       | <b>6%</b>  | <b>(8)</b>  | <b>Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations</b>                            | <b>6%</b>  |
|            | Registered Nurses   | 35%        |             | First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers                     | 27%        |
|            | Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses                               | 8%         |             | Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food                 | 20%        |
|            | Pharmacy Technicians  | 7%         |             | Cooks, Restaurant  | 12%        |
|            | Physicians and Surgeons, All Other  | 6%         |             | Waiters and Waitresses   | 9%         |
|            | Pharmacists   | 3%         |             | Dishwashers  | 6%         |
|            | Medical Records and Health Information Technicians                              | 3%         |             | Food Preparation Workers   | 5%         |
|            | Family and General Practitioners  | 3%         |             | Chefs and Head Cooks   | 4%         |
|            | Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technicians                                     | 3%         |             | Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers                         | 3%         |
| <b>(9)</b> | <b>Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations</b>                        | <b>4%</b>  | <b>(10)</b> | <b>Architecture and Engineering Occupations</b>                                    | <b>3%</b>  |
|            | Maintenance and Repair Workers, General   | 34%        |             | Industrial Engineers   | 30%        |
|            | First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers                  | 14%        |             | Electrical Engineers   | 12%        |
|            | Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics                                    | 14%        |             | Mechanical Engineers   | 12%        |
|            | Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists                           | 9%         |             | Civil Engineers  | 12%        |
|            | Industrial Machinery Mechanics  | 5%         |             | Industrial Engineering Technicians   | 5%         |
|            | Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers   | 4%         |             | Electrical and Electronics Engineering Technicians                                 | 4%         |
|            | Heating, Air Conditioning, and Refrigeration Mechanics and Installers           | 3%         |             | Health and Safety Engineers, Except Mining Safety Engineers and Inspectors         | 4%         |
|            | Electronic Home Entertainment Equipment Installers and Repairers                | 3%         |             | Environmental Engineers  | 3%         |

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to May 2020.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.



Department of  
Job and Family Services