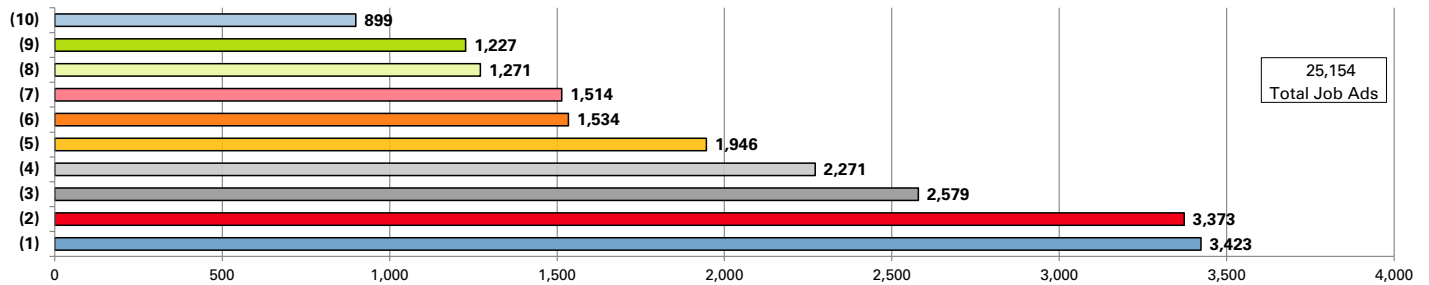


Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the Northwest JobsOhio Network: August 2021



Rank	Occupational Category	Percentage	Rank	Occupational Category	Percentage
(1)	Sales and Related Occupations	14%	(2)	Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	13%
	First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	33%		Registered Nurses	38%
	Retail Salespersons	26%		Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	10%
	Cashiers	10%		Physicians and Surgeons, All Other	5%
	Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Except Technical & Scientific Products	6%		Pharmacy Technicians	5%
	Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	5%		Physical Therapists	3%
	Demonstrators and Product Promoters	4%		Emergency Medical Technicians and Paramedics	2%
	Securities, Commodities, and Financial Services Sales Agents	3%		Health Technologists and Technicians, All Other	2%
	First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	3%		Speech-Language Pathologists	2%
(3)	Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	10%	(4)	Office and Administrative Support Occupations	9%
	Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	52%		Stock Clerks and Order Fillers	24%
	Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	10%		Customer Service Representatives	22%
	Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	10%		First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	12%
	Driver/Sales Workers	7%		Medical Secretaries	9%
	1st-Line Supervs of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	6%		Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	3%
	Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	4%		Office Clerks, General	3%
	Automotive and Watercraft Service Attendants	2%		Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	3%
	Cleaners of Vehicles and Equipment	2%		Tellers	3%
(5)	Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	8%	(6)	Management Occupations	6%
	First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	27%		Medical and Health Services Managers	14%
	Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	19%		General and Operations Managers	14%
	Cooks, Restaurant	11%		Food Service Managers	13%
	Food Preparation Workers	10%		Managers, All Other	7%
	Waiters and Waitresses	7%		Human Resources Managers	7%
	Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria	6%		Marketing Managers	6%
	Dishwashers	5%		Financial Managers	5%
	Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee Shop	4%		Sales Managers	4%
(7)	Healthcare Support Occupations	6%	(8)	Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	5%
	Nursing Assistants	48%		Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	31%
	Medical Assistants	24%		First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	16%
	Home Health Aides	8%		Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	13%
	Healthcare Support Workers, All Other	4%		Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics	11%
	Phlebotomists	3%		Industrial Machinery Mechanics	7%
	Physical Therapist Assistants	3%		Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers	4%
	Occupational Therapy Assistants	3%		Heating, Air Conditioning, and Refrigeration Mechanics and Installers	3%
	Medical Equipment Preparers	2%		Electronic Home Entertainment Equipment Installers and Repairers	3%
(9)	Production Occupations	5%	(10)	Business and Financial Operations Occupations	4%
	First-Line Supervisors of Production and Operating Workers	35%		Accountants and Auditors	22%
	Production Workers, All Other	23%		Management Analysts	11%
	Helpers--Production Workers	5%		Human Resources Specialists	11%
	Machinists	5%		Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	10%
	Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, and Weighers	5%		Business Operations Specialists, All Other	10%
	Welders, Cutters, Solderers, and Brazers	4%		Purchasing Agents, Except Wholesale, Retail, and Farm Products	7%
	Assemblers and Fabricators, All Other	3%		Logisticians	5%
	Computer-Controlled Machine Tool Operators, Metal and Plastic	2%		Training and Development Specialists	5%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to May 2020.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.