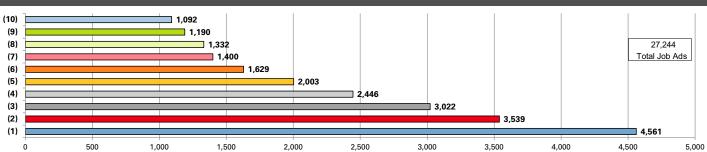


Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the Northwest JobsOhio Network: November 2021



0 500 1,000 1,500 2,000	
(1) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	17%
Registered Nurses	48%
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	7%
Physicians and Surgeons, All Other	4%
Respiratory Therapists	4%
Pharmacy Technicians	3%
Physical Therapists	2%
Health Technologists and Technicians, All Other	2%
Emergency Medical Technicians and Paramedics	2%
(3) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	11%
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	56%
Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	12%
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	10%
Driver/Sales Workers	6%
1st-Line Supervs of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	5%
Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	3%
Automotive and Watercraft Service Attendants	2%
Cleaners of Vehicles and Equipment	1%
(5) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	7%
First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	26%
Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	19%
Cooks, Restaurant	11%
Food Preparation Workers	10%
Waiters and Waitresses	7%
Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria	7%
Dishwashers	4%
Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee Shop	4%
(7) Healthcare Support Occupations	5%
Nursing Assistants	38%
Medical Assistants	30%
Home Health Aides	7%
Phlebotomists	5%
Healthcare Support Workers, All Other	4%
Physical Therapist Assistants	3%
Dental Assistants	3%
Medical Equipment Preparers	3%
(9) Production Occupations	4%
First-Line Supervisors of Production and Operating Workers	39%
Production Workers, All Other	22%
HelpersProduction Workers	6%
Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, and Weighers	4%
Machinists	4%
Assemblers and Fabricators, All Other	3%
Welders, Cutters, Solderers, and Brazers	3%
Packaging and Filling Machine Operators and Tenders	2%

500	3,000 3,500 4,000 4,500	5,000
	(2) Sales and Related Occupations	13%
	First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	37%
	Retail Salespersons	27%
	Cashiers	12%
	Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Except Technical & Scientific Products	4%
	Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	4%
	First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	3%
	Insurance Sales Agents	2%
	Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Technical and Scientific Products	2%
	(4) Office and Administrative Support Occupations	9%
	Stock Clerks and Order Fillers	28%
	Customer Service Representatives	20%
	First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	13%
	Medical Secretaries	11%
	Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	3%
	Office Clerks, General	3%
	Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	2%
	Hotel, Motel, and Resort Desk Clerks	2%
	(6) Management Occupations	6%
	Medical and Health Services Managers	15%
	General and Operations Managers	14%
	Food Service Managers	13%
	Managers, All Other	9%
	Human Resources Managers	8%
	Financial Managers	5%
	Industrial Production Managers	4%
	Computer and Information Systems Managers	4%
	(8) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	5%
	Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	28%
	Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	17%
	First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	16%
	Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics	12%
	Industrial Machinery Mechanics	7%
	Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers	4%
	Tire Repairers and Changers	2%
	Telecommunications Line Installers and Repairers	1%
	(10) Business and Financial Operations Occupations	4%
	Accountants and Auditors	27%
	Management Analysts	10%
	Business Operations Specialists, All Other	10%
	Human Resources Specialists	9%
	Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	6%
	Purchasing Agents, Except Wholesale, Retail, and Farm Products	6%
	Financial Analysts	5%
	Training and Development Specialists	5%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to May 2020.

Reports for other areas or months are located at http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.

