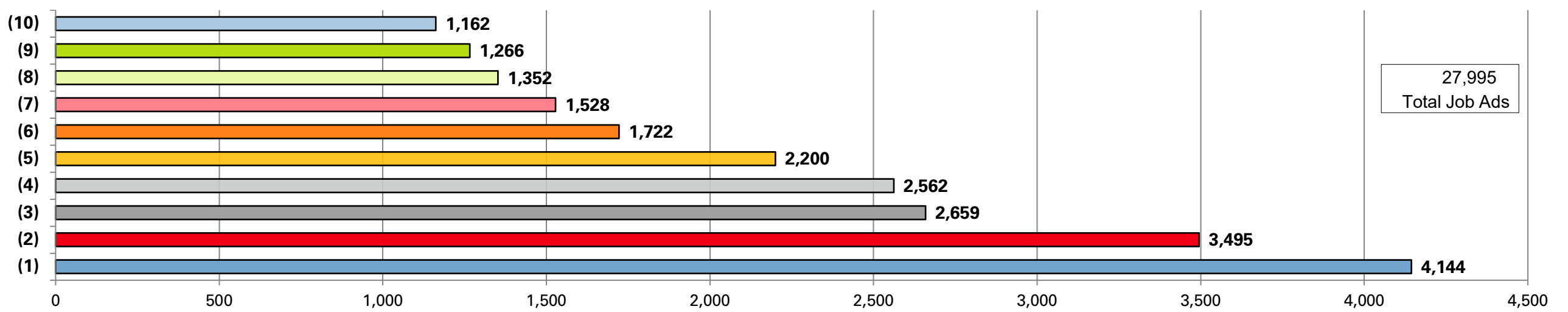


Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the Northwest JobsOhio Network: February 2022



(1) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations		15%
Registered Nurses		41%
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses		9%
Pharmacy Technicians		6%
Physicians and Surgeons, All Other		4%
Health Technologists and Technicians, All Other		3%
Physical Therapists		3%
Respiratory Therapists		2%
Medical Records and Health Information Technicians		2%
(3) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations		9%
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers		54%
Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers		11%
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand		9%
Driver/Sales Workers		7%
1st-Line Supervisors of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators		6%
Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators		4%
Automotive and Watercraft Service Attendants		2%
Cleaners of Vehicles and Equipment		2%
(5) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations		8%
First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers		26%
Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food		18%
Cooks, Restaurant		10%
Food Preparation Workers		10%
Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee Shop		8%
Waiters and Waitresses		8%
Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria		7%
Dishwashers		4%
(7) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations		5%
Maintenance and Repair Workers, General		29%
Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists		17%
First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers		15%
Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics		9%
Industrial Machinery Mechanics		7%
Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers		4%
Musical Instrument Repairers and Tuners		3%
Automotive Body and Related Repairers		3%
(9) Production Occupations		5%
First-Line Supervisors of Production and Operating Workers		36%
Production Workers, All Other		25%
Helpers--Production Workers		6%
Machinists		5%
Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, and Weighers		4%
Assemblers and Fabricators, All Other		4%
Computer-Controlled Machine Tool Operators, Metal and Plastic		2%
Welders, Cutters, Solderers, and Brazers		2%

(2) Sales and Related Occupations		12%
First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers		37%
Retail Salespersons		24%
Cashiers		12%
Sales Representatives, Services, All Other		6%
Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Except Technical & Scientific Products		5%
First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers		3%
Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Technical and Scientific Products		3%
Securities, Commodities, and Financial Services Sales Agents		2%
(4) Office and Administrative Support Occupations		9%
Stock Clerks and Order Fillers		27%
Customer Service Representatives		20%
First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers		14%
Medical Secretaries		10%
Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive		4%
Office Clerks, General		3%
Hotel, Motel, and Resort Desk Clerks		3%
Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks		2%
(6) Management Occupations		6%
Medical and Health Services Managers		16%
Food Service Managers		14%
General and Operations Managers		11%
Managers, All Other		9%
Human Resources Managers		8%
Financial Managers		5%
Sales Managers		5%
Marketing Managers		5%
(8) Healthcare Support Occupations		5%
Nursing Assistants		38%
Medical Assistants		28%
Home Health Aides		8%
Healthcare Support Workers, All Other		5%
Phlebotomists		5%
Occupational Therapy Assistants		3%
Dental Assistants		3%
Physical Therapist Assistants		3%
(10) Business and Financial Operations Occupations		4%
Accountants and Auditors		20%
Management Analysts		12%
Business Operations Specialists, All Other		11%
Human Resources Specialists		8%
Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists		7%
Financial Analysts		6%
Purchasing Agents, Except Wholesale, Retail, and Farm Products		6%
Training and Development Specialists		5%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to May 2020.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.