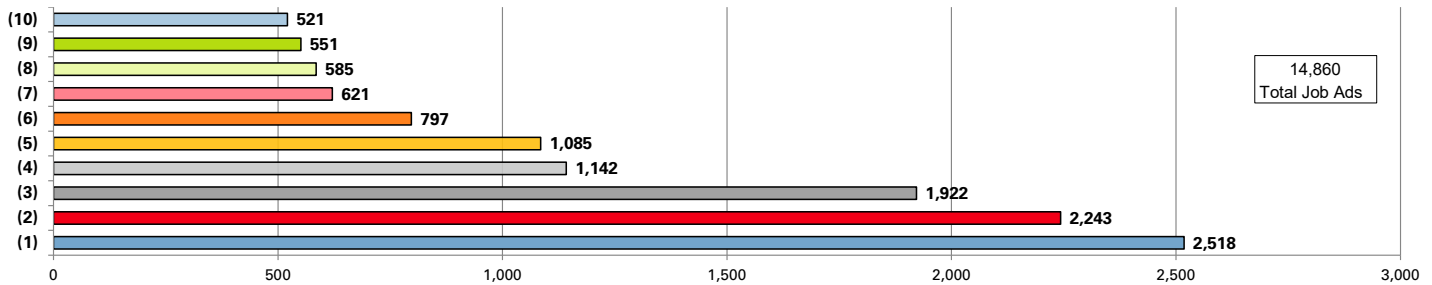


Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the Southeast JobsOhio Network: June 2022



(1) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	17%	(2) Sales and Related Occupations	15%
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	67%	First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	47%
Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	14%	Retail Salespersons	26%
Driver/Sales Workers	6%	Cashiers	10%
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	3%	Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Except Technical & Scientific Products	4%
1st-Line Supervs of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	3%	Securities, Commodities, and Financial Services Sales Agents	3%
Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs	2%	First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	2%
Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	1%	Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	2%
Automotive and Watercraft Service Attendants	1%	Parts Salespersons	2%
(3) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	13%	(4) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	8%
Registered Nurses	30%	First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	40%
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	14%	Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	26%
Physicians and Surgeons, All Other	8%	Cooks, Restaurant	7%
Physical Therapists	4%	Food Preparation Workers	7%
Family and General Practitioners	3%	Waiters and Waitresses	6%
Pharmacy Technicians	3%	Dishwashers	3%
Speech-Language Pathologists	3%	Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria	3%
Pharmacists	3%	Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee Shop	2%
(5) Office and Administrative Support Occupations	7%	(6) Management Occupations	5%
Stock Clerks and Order Fillers	30%	General and Operations Managers	17%
Customer Service Representatives	18%	Food Service Managers	16%
First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	10%	Medical and Health Services Managers	12%
Medical Secretaries	7%	Managers, All Other	8%
Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	4%	Marketing Managers	8%
Tellers	4%	Education Administrators, Postsecondary	5%
Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	4%	Industrial Production Managers	4%
Office Clerks, General	3%	Social and Community Service Managers	4%
(7) Personal Care and Service Occupations	4%	(8) Education, Training, and Library Occupations	4%
Personal Care Aides	54%	Secondary School Teachers, Except Special and Career/Technical Education	13%
Hairdressers, Hairstylists, and Cosmetologists	23%	Vocational Education Teachers, Postsecondary	10%
First-Line Supervisors of Personal Service Workers	11%	Teachers and Instructors, All Other	8%
Nonfarm Animal Caretakers	4%	Elementary School Teachers, Except Special Education	7%
Recreation Workers	4%	Middle School Teachers, Except Special and Career/Technical Education	6%
Childcare Workers	3%	Teacher Assistants	6%
Tour Guides and Escorts	0%	Nursing Instructors and Teachers, Postsecondary	5%
Fitness Trainers and Aerobics Instructors	0%	Health Specialties Teachers, Postsecondary	4%
(9) Healthcare Support Occupations	4%	(10) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	4%
Nursing Assistants	34%	Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	31%
Home Health Aides	23%	First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	17%
Medical Assistants	20%	Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	14%
Physical Therapist Assistants	6%	Industrial Machinery Mechanics	6%
Occupational Therapy Assistants	6%	Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics	6%
Healthcare Support Workers, All Other	3%	Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers	5%
Dental Assistants	3%	Electronic Home Entertainment Equipment Installers and Repairers	4%
Phlebotomists	2%	Mobile Heavy Equipment Mechanics, Except Engines	3%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to May 2020.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.