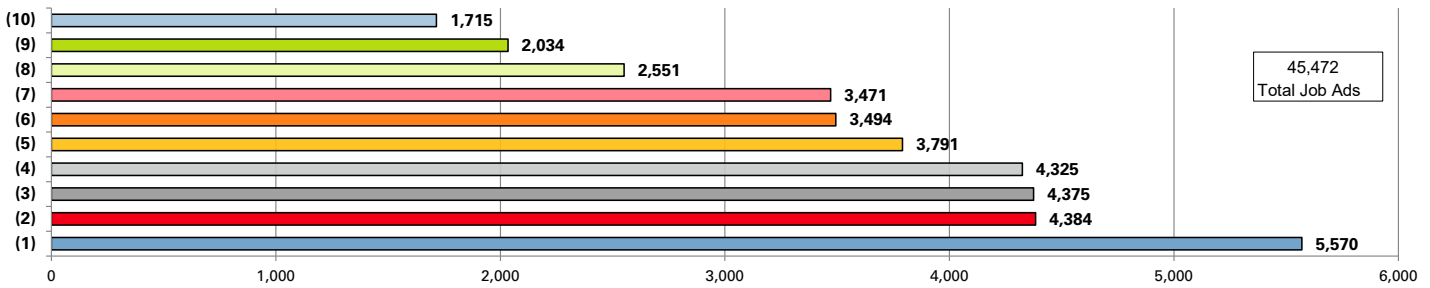


Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the Southwest JobsOhio Network: September 2022



(1) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	12%	(2) Management Occupations	10%
Registered Nurses	47%	Managers, All Other	12%
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	7%	Marketing Managers	12%
Pharmacy Technicians	3%	Financial Managers	8%
Pharmacists	3%	Sales Managers	8%
Physicians and Surgeons, All Other	3%	General and Operations Managers	8%
Physical Therapists	2%	Medical and Health Services Managers	7%
Radiologic Technologists	2%	Computer and Information Systems Managers	6%
Medical Records and Health Information Technicians	2%	Food Service Managers	5%
(3) Sales and Related Occupations	10%	(4) Computer and Mathematical Occupations	10%
First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	32%	Computer Occupations, All Other	27%
Retail Salespersons	21%	Software Developers, Applications	26%
Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	9%	Network and Computer Systems Administrators	8%
Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Technical and Scientific Products	6%	Information Security Analysts	8%
Cashiers	6%	Computer Systems Analysts	8%
Securities, Commodities, and Financial Services Sales Agents	5%	Computer User Support Specialists	7%
Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Except Technical & Scientific Products	5%	Operations Research Analysts	3%
First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	4%	Web Developers	3%
(5) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	8%	(6) Office and Administrative Support Occupations	8%
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	51%	Stock Clerks and Order Fillers	23%
Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	17%	Customer Service Representatives	19%
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	12%	First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	16%
1st-Line Supervs of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	6%	Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	7%
Driver/Sales Workers	6%	Medical Secretaries	7%
Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs	2%	Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	5%
Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	2%	Executive Secretaries and Executive Administrative Assistants	3%
Bus Drivers, School or Special Client	2%	Office Clerks, General	3%
(7) Business and Financial Operations Occupations	8%	(8) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	6%
Accountants and Auditors	22%	First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	29%
Management Analysts	18%	Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	15%
Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	14%	Cooks, Restaurant	10%
Business Operations Specialists, All Other	10%	Waiters and Waitresses	9%
Financial Analysts	5%	Food Preparation Workers	7%
Human Resources Specialists	4%	Dishwashers	6%
Purchasing Agents, Except Wholesale, Retail, and Farm Products	4%	Bartenders	5%
Training and Development Specialists	3%	Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	5%
(9) Architecture and Engineering Occupations	4%	(10) Healthcare Support Occupations	4%
Industrial Engineers	32%	Nursing Assistants	36%
Mechanical Engineers	15%	Medical Assistants	25%
Electrical Engineers	9%	Home Health Aides	11%
Civil Engineers	8%	Massage Therapists	6%
Environmental Engineers	5%	Medical Equipment Preparers	5%
Industrial Engineering Technicians	5%	Healthcare Support Workers, All Other	5%
Electronics Engineers, Except Computer	4%	Phlebotomists	3%
Health and Safety Engineers, Except Mining Safety Engineers and Inspectors	3%	Physical Therapist Assistants	3%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to August 2022.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.



Department of
Job and Family Services