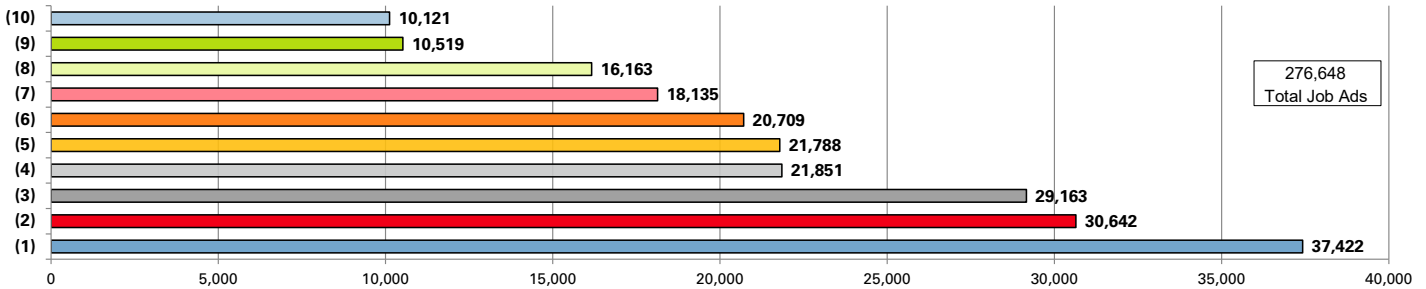


# Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in Ohio: September 2022



<b>(1) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations</b>	<b>14%</b>	<b>(2) Sales and Related Occupations</b>	<b>11%</b>
Registered Nurses	42%	First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	36%
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	8%	Retail Salespersons	23%
Physicians and Surgeons, All Other	5%	Cashiers	8%
Pharmacy Technicians	4%	Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	6%
Pharmacists	4%	Securities, Commodities, and Financial Services Sales Agents	4%
Physical Therapists	3%	Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Technical and Scientific Products	4%
Radiologic Technologists	2%	First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	4%
Health Technologists and Technicians, All Other	2%	Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Except Technical & Scientific Products	4%
<b>(3) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations</b>	<b>11%</b>	<b>(4) Computer and Mathematical Occupations</b>	<b>8%</b>
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	61%	Software Developers, Applications	27%
Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	12%	Computer Occupations, All Other	21%
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	7%	Information Security Analysts	9%
Driver/Sales Workers	6%	Computer User Support Specialists	9%
1st-Line Supervs of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	4%	Network and Computer Systems Administrators	8%
Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	2%	Computer Systems Analysts	8%
Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs	2%	Software Developers, Systems Software	3%
Bus Drivers, School or Special Client	1%	Operations Research Analysts	3%
<b>(5) Office and Administrative Support Occupations</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>(6) Management Occupations</b>	<b>7%</b>
Stock Clerks and Order Fillers	29%	Managers, All Other	12%
Customer Service Representatives	17%	Marketing Managers	11%
First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	15%	General and Operations Managers	9%
Medical Secretaries	6%	Medical and Health Services Managers	8%
Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	5%	Financial Managers	8%
Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	4%	Sales Managers	7%
Office Clerks, General	3%	Food Service Managers	7%
Executive Secretaries and Executive Administrative Assistants	2%	Human Resources Managers	5%
<b>(7) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations</b>	<b>7%</b>	<b>(8) Business and Financial Operations Occupations</b>	<b>6%</b>
First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	28%	Accountants and Auditors	20%
Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	18%	Management Analysts	16%
Cooks, Restaurant	11%	Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	12%
Waiters and Waitresses	9%	Business Operations Specialists, All Other	10%
Food Preparation Workers	8%	Human Resources Specialists	5%
Dishwashers	6%	Financial Analysts	5%
Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	4%	Purchasing Agents, Except Wholesale, Retail, and Farm Products	4%
Bartenders	4%	Training and Development Specialists	4%
<b>(9) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>(10) Healthcare Support Occupations</b>	<b>4%</b>
Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	31%	Nursing Assistants	33%
Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics	14%	Medical Assistants	26%
First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	12%	Home Health Aides	12%
Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	11%	Healthcare Support Workers, All Other	6%
Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers	8%	Massage Therapists	5%
Industrial Machinery Mechanics	7%	Physical Therapist Assistants	5%
Heating, Air Conditioning, and Refrigeration Mechanics and Installers	3%	Phlebotomists	3%
Automotive Body and Related Repairers	3%	Medical Equipment Preparers	3%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to August 2022.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.



Department of  
Job and Family Services