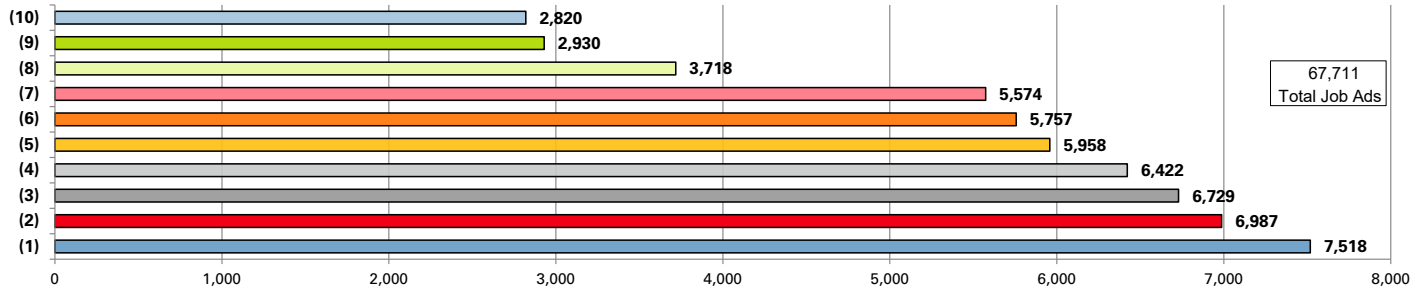


Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the Central JobsOhio Network: November 2022



Rank	Occupational Category	Percentage	Rank	Occupational Category	Percentage
(1)	Computer and Mathematical Occupations	11%	(2)	Sales and Related Occupations	10%
	Software Developers, Applications	28%		First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	30%
	Computer Occupations, All Other	23%		Retail Salespersons	22%
	Information Security Analysts	9%		Cashiers	9%
	Computer Systems Analysts	8%		Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	8%
	Network and Computer Systems Administrators	8%		Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Technical and Scientific Products	7%
	Computer User Support Specialists	7%		Securities, Commodities, and Financial Services Sales Agents	5%
	Operations Research Analysts	4%		First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	5%
	Web Developers	4%		Insurance Sales Agents	4%
(3)	Management Occupations	10%	(4)	Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	9%
	Managers, All Other	14%		Registered Nurses	43%
	Marketing Managers	13%		Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	8%
	Financial Managers	9%		Pharmacy Technicians	4%
	Sales Managers	7%		Physicians and Surgeons, All Other	3%
	Medical and Health Services Managers	7%		Pharmacists	3%
	General and Operations Managers	6%		Medical Records and Health Information Technicians	2%
	Computer and Information Systems Managers	6%		Radiologic Technologists	2%
	Food Service Managers	5%		Physical Therapists	2%
(5)	Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	9%	(6)	Office and Administrative Support Occupations	9%
	Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	45%		Stock Clerks and Order Fillers	30%
	Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	18%		Customer Service Representatives	21%
	Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	9%		First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	16%
	1st-Line Supervs of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	7%		Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	4%
	Driver/Sales Workers	7%		Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	4%
	Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	3%		Medical Secretaries	4%
	Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs	2%		Executive Secretaries and Executive Administrative Assistants	2%
	Packers and Packers, Hand	1%		Office Clerks, General	2%
(7)	Business and Financial Operations Occupations	8%	(8)	Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	5%
	Accountants and Auditors	21%		First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	27%
	Management Analysts	20%		Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	17%
	Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	13%		Cooks, Restaurant	13%
	Business Operations Specialists, All Other	11%		Waiters and Waitresses	9%
	Financial Analysts	5%		Food Preparation Workers	6%
	Human Resources Specialists	5%		Dishwashers	5%
	Training and Development Specialists	4%		Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	5%
	Purchasing Agents, Except Wholesale, Retail, and Farm Products	3%		Bartenders	4%
(9)	Architecture and Engineering Occupations	4%	(10)	Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	4%
	Industrial Engineers	26%		Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	31%
	Electrical Engineers	13%		First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	14%
	Civil Engineers	11%		Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics	13%
	Mechanical Engineers	10%		Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers	11%
	Industrial Engineering Technicians	5%		Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	9%
	Computer Hardware Engineers	5%		Industrial Machinery Mechanics	5%
	Electrical and Electronics Engineering Technicians	4%		Heating, Air Conditioning, and Refrigeration Mechanics and Installers	3%
	Environmental Engineers	4%		Automotive Body and Related Repairers	2%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to August 2022.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.