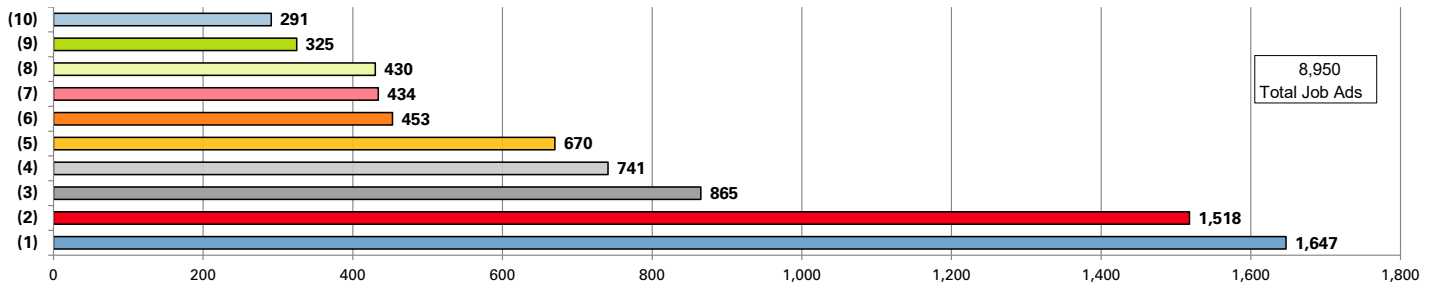


# Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the Southeast JobsOhio Network: April 2023



Occupational Category	Percentage	Occupational Category	Percentage
<b>(1) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations</b>	<b>18%</b>	<b>(2) Sales and Related Occupations</b>	<b>17%</b>
Registered Nurses	33%	First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	43%
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	11%	Retail Salespersons	26%
Physicians and Surgeons, All Other	9%	Cashiers	14%
Pharmacists	4%	Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Except Technical & Scientific Products	4%
Pharmacy Technicians	4%	First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	3%
Occupational Therapists	3%	Parts Salespersons	2%
Family and General Practitioners	3%	Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	2%
Physical Therapists	3%	Securities, Commodities, and Financial Services Sales Agents	1%
<b>(3) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>(4) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations</b>	<b>8%</b>
First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	32%	Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	43%
Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	27%	Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	20%
Waiters and Waitresses	9%	Driver/Sales Workers	15%
Cooks, Restaurant	9%	1st-Line Supervisors of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	7%
Food Preparation Workers	8%	Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	5%
Dishwashers	4%	Automotive and Watercraft Service Attendants	2%
Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	3%	Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	1%
Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee Shop	2%	Bus Drivers, School or Special Client	1%
<b>(5) Office and Administrative Support Occupations</b>	<b>7%</b>	<b>(6) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations</b>	<b>5%</b>
Stock Clerks and Order Fillers	23%	Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	29%
Customer Service Representatives	18%	Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	27%
First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	12%	First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	12%
Medical Secretaries	6%	Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics	10%
Tellers	6%	Industrial Machinery Mechanics	4%
New Accounts Clerks	4%	Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers	3%
Office Clerks, General	4%	Tire Repairers and Changers	2%
Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	3%	Automotive Body and Related Repairers	2%
<b>(7) Management Occupations</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>(8) Healthcare Support Occupations</b>	<b>5%</b>
General and Operations Managers	23%	Nursing Assistants	38%
Food Service Managers	13%	Medical Assistants	23%
Medical and Health Services Managers	12%	Home Health Aides	12%
Education Administrators, Postsecondary	7%	Occupational Therapy Assistants	8%
Managers, All Other	6%	Physical Therapist Assistants	5%
Financial Managers	5%	Healthcare Support Workers, All Other	5%
Sales Managers	4%	Medical Equipment Preparers	3%
Human Resources Managers	4%	Phlebotomists	3%
<b>(9) Education, Training, and Library Occupations</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>(10) Production Occupations</b>	<b>3%</b>
Teacher Assistants	9%	First-Line Supervisors of Production and Operating Workers	28%
Vocational Education Teachers, Postsecondary	8%	Production Workers, All Other	17%
Elementary School Teachers, Except Special Education	8%	Machinists	7%
Secondary School Teachers, Except Special and Career/Technical Education	8%	Helpers--Production Workers	7%
Teachers and Instructors, All Other	7%	Assemblers and Fabricators, All Other	5%
Preschool Teachers, Except Special Education	6%	Welders, Cutters, Solderers, and Brazers	5%
Special Education Teachers, Kindergarten and Elementary School	5%	Water and Wastewater Treatment Plant and System Operators	3%
Business Teachers, Postsecondary	5%	Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, and Weighers	3%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to August 2022.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.