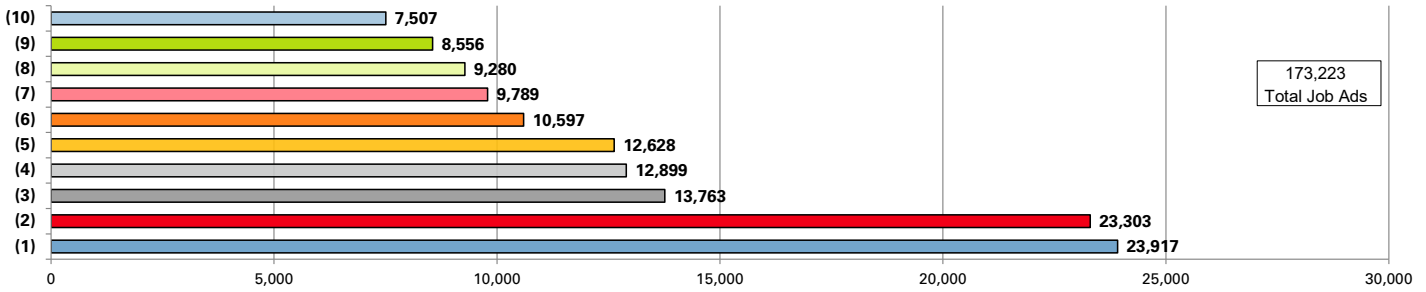


Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in Ohio: April 2023



| Rank | Occupational Category | Percentage | Rank | Occupational Category | Percentage |
|------------|--|------------|-------------|---|------------|
| (1) | Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations | 14% | (2) | Sales and Related Occupations | 13% |
| | Registered Nurses | 36% | | First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers | 33% |
| | Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses | 8% | | Retail Salespersons | 25% |
| | Physicians and Surgeons, All Other | 7% | | Cashiers | 10% |
| | Pharmacy Technicians | 5% | | Sales Representatives, Services, All Other | 7% |
| | Pharmacists | 4% | | Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Except Technical & Scientific Products | 6% |
| | Radiologic Technologists | 3% | | First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers | 4% |
| | Family and General Practitioners | 2% | | Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Technical and Scientific Products | 4% |
| | Nurse Practitioners | 2% | | Securities, Commodities, and Financial Services Sales Agents | 3% |
| (3) | Office and Administrative Support Occupations | 8% | (4) | Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations | 7% |
| | Stock Clerks and Order Fillers | 22% | | First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers | 27% |
| | Customer Service Representatives | 19% | | Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food | 20% |
| | First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers | 14% | | Cooks, Restaurant | 12% |
| | Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive | 5% | | Waiters and Waitresses | 9% |
| | Medical Secretaries | 5% | | Food Preparation Workers | 8% |
| | Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks | 4% | | Dishwashers | 5% |
| | Office Clerks, General | 3% | | Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers | 4% |
| | Tellers | 3% | | Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee Shop | 4% |
| (5) | Management Occupations | 7% | (6) | Computer and Mathematical Occupations | 6% |
| | Managers, All Other | 11% | | Software Developers, Applications | 21% |
| | General and Operations Managers | 10% | | Computer Occupations, All Other | 19% |
| | Medical and Health Services Managers | 9% | | Computer User Support Specialists | 13% |
| | Food Service Managers | 8% | | Information Security Analysts | 11% |
| | Financial Managers | 8% | | Network and Computer Systems Administrators | 9% |
| | Marketing Managers | 7% | | Computer Systems Analysts | 8% |
| | Sales Managers | 7% | | Operations Research Analysts | 4% |
| | Human Resources Managers | 4% | | Software Developers, Systems Software | 4% |
| (7) | Transportation and Material Moving Occupations | 6% | (8) | Business and Financial Operations Occupations | 5% |
| | Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers | 35% | | Accountants and Auditors | 20% |
| | Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers | 18% | | Management Analysts | 13% |
| | Driver/Sales Workers | 11% | | Business Operations Specialists, All Other | 12% |
| | 1st-Line Supervs of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators | 10% | | Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists | 10% |
| | Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand | 6% | | Purchasing Agents, Except Wholesale, Retail, and Farm Products | 5% |
| | Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators | 5% | | Financial Analysts | 4% |
| | Bus Drivers, School or Special Client | 4% | | Training and Development Specialists | 4% |
| | Cleaners of Vehicles and Equipment | 3% | | Human Resources Specialists | 4% |
| (9) | Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations | 5% | (10) | Education, Training, and Library Occupations | 4% |
| | Maintenance and Repair Workers, General | 34% | | Secondary School Teachers, Except Special and Career/Technical Education | 10% |
| | Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists | 14% | | Health Specialties Teachers, Postsecondary | 10% |
| | Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics | 13% | | Teacher Assistants | 10% |
| | First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers | 12% | | Teachers and Instructors, All Other | 10% |
| | Industrial Machinery Mechanics | 7% | | Elementary School Teachers, Except Special Education | 8% |
| | Heating, Air Conditioning, and Refrigeration Mechanics and Installers | 4% | | Preschool Teachers, Except Special Education | 8% |
| | Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers | 3% | | Middle School Teachers, Except Special and Career/Technical Education | 7% |
| | Tire Repairers and Changers | 2% | | Vocational Education Teachers, Postsecondary | 5% |

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to August 2022.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.



Department of
Job and Family Services