

Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

10)	705				
(9)	787				
(8)	898				15,919 Total Job Ads
(7)	933 942				Total JOD Aus
(5)	947				
(4)	987				
3)				1,744	
2) (1)				2,0	2,199
0	500 1,000		1,500	2,000	2,50
(1) Hoo	Ithcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	14%	(2) Sales and Related	Decupations	1:
	ed Nurses	33%	First-Line Supervisors of		33
Physicians, All Other		9%	Retail Salespersons		24
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses		7%			
Pharmacy Technicians		5%	Securities, Commodities, and Financial Services Sales Agents		
Pharmac		4%		Manufacturing, Technical and Scien	
	ic Technologists and Technicians	3%		ot Advertising, Insurance, Financial S	
	ory Therapists	3%		Manufacturing, Except Technical &	
Physical Therapists		3%	Demonstrators and Product Promoters		
· ·	nsportation and Material Moving Occupations	11%		cial Operations Occupations	3
	nd Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	53%	Accountants and Auditor	3	1
Stockers	and Order Fillers	20%	Human Resources Specia	lists	14
Light Truck Drivers		7%	Management Analysts		
Driver/Sales Workers		5%	Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists		
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand		4%	Project Management Specialists		
First-Line Supervisors of Material-Moving Machine and Vehicle Operators		4%	Insurance Appraisers, Auto Damage		
Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators		3%	Logisticians		
Bus Drivers, School		1%	Compliance Officers		
(5) Foo	d Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	6%	(6) Computer and Mat	hematical Occupations	6
First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers		32%	Software Developers		
Fast Food and Counter Workers		20%	Information Security Analysts		
Food Preparation Workers		12%	Computer Occupations, All Other		
Cooks, Restaurant		11%	Computer Network Architects		
Waiters and Waitresses		9%	Web Developers		
Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria		5%	Computer User Support Specialists		
Dishwashers		3%	Network and Computer Systems Administrators		
Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee Shop		2%	Computer Systems Analysts		
	allation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	6%	(8) Management Occu	•	6
	ance and Repair Workers, General	32%	Medical and Health Servi	ces Managers	1
	Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	31%	Construction Managers		1
	tive Service Technicians and Mechanics	7%	Architectural and Enginee	ering Managers	5
First-Line	e Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	7%	Sales Managers		
	I Machinery Mechanics	5%	Financial Managers		6
	munications Line Installers and Repairers	2%	Food Service Managers	-	6
-	airers and Changers	1%	General and Operations Managers		6
	I and Electronics Repairers, Commercial and Industrial Equipment	1%	Human Resources Manag		
	hitecture and Engineering Occupations Il Engineers	5% 28%		g, and Library Occupations	1
	-	28%	Health Specialties Teacher		nical Education 1
Civil Engi				nical Education 1	
Mechanical Engineers		13%	Special Education Teachers, Secondary School Middle School Teachers, Execut Special and Career/Technical Education		
Electrical Engineers		5%	Middle School Teachers, Except Special and Career/Technical Education		I Education
			Elementary School Teachers, Except Special Education		
Aerospac					
Aerospac Electrical	I and Electronic Engineering Technologists and Technicians ring Technologists and Technicians, Except Drafters, All Other	4%	Preschool Teachers, Exce		1

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner[™], a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to October 2023.

Reports for other areas or months are located at http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.

