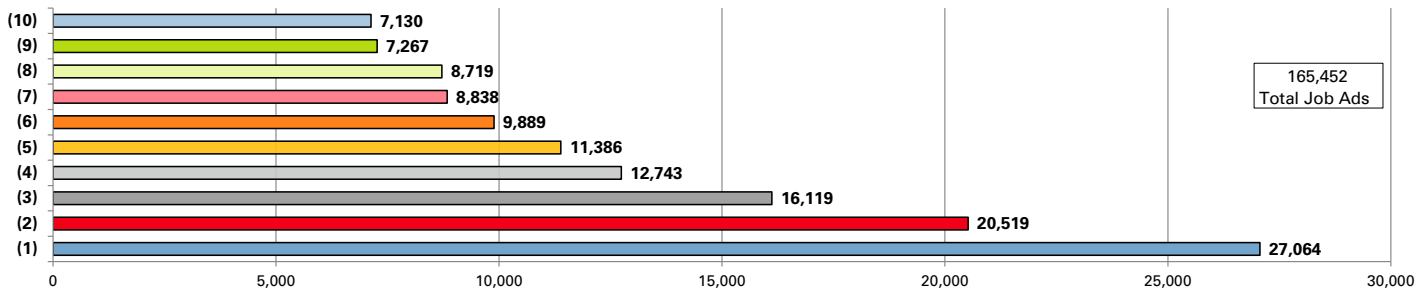




Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in Ohio: June 2025

OhioMeansJobs.com



(1) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	16%	(2) Sales and Related Occupations	12%
Registered Nurses	37%	First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	30%
Radiologic Technologists and Technicians	5%	Retail Salespersons	24%
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	5%	Cashiers	10%
Physicians, All Other	5%	Securities, Commodities, and Financial Services Sales Agents	6%
Pharmacy Technicians	4%	Sales Reps of Svcs, Except Advertising, Insurance, Financial Svcs, & Travel	6%
Pharmacists	4%	Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Technical and Scientific Products	6%
Respiratory Therapists	4%	Insurance Sales Agents	3%
Nurse Practitioners	3%	Sales Engineers	3%
(3) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	10%	(4) Business and Financial Operations Occupations	8%
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	48%	Accountants and Auditors	16%
Stockers and Order Fillers	18%	Project Management Specialists	12%
Driver/Sales Workers	8%	Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	11%
Light Truck Drivers	8%	Management Analysts	10%
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	6%	Financial and Investment Analysts	5%
First-Line Supervisors of Material-Moving Machine and Vehicle Operators	3%	Logisticians	5%
Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	3%	Compliance Officers	5%
Bus Drivers, School	2%	Training and Development Specialists	4%
(5) Management Occupations	7%	(6) Computer and Mathematical Occupations	6%
Sales Managers	11%	Software Developers	25%
Medical and Health Services Managers	11%	Computer Occupations, All Other	16%
General and Operations Managers	9%	Information Security Analysts	9%
Architectural and Engineering Managers	8%	Network and Computer Systems Administrators	8%
Financial Managers	8%	Computer Network Architects	7%
Construction Managers	7%	Data Scientists	6%
Human Resources Managers	5%	Database Architects	5%
Food Service Managers	5%	Computer User Support Specialists	5%
(7) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	5%	(8) Office and Administrative Support Occupations	5%
First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	29%	Customer Service Representatives	28%
Fast Food and Counter Workers	23%	Medical Secretaries and Administrative Assistants	11%
Waiters and Waitresses	13%	Shipping, Receiving, and Inventory Clerks	9%
Food Preparation Workers	9%	First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	6%
Cooks, Restaurant	8%	Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	6%
Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria	5%	Tellers	5%
Dishwashers	4%	Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	5%
Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	2%	Office Clerks, General	5%
(9) Education, Training, and Library Occupations	4%	(10) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	4%
Health Specialties Teachers, Postsecondary	17%	Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	36%
Elementary School Teachers, Except Special Education	11%	Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	13%
Secondary School Teachers, Except Special and Career/Technical Education	10%	Industrial Machinery Mechanics	8%
Middle School Teachers, Except Special and Career/Technical Education	7%	First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	8%
Preschool Teachers, Except Special Education	7%	Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics	8%
Teaching Assts., Pre, Elem., Middle, & Secondary School, Except Special Ed.	7%	Electrical and Electronics Repairers, Powerhouse, Substation, and Relay	4%
Special Education Teachers, Secondary School	4%	Heating, Air Conditioning, and Refrigeration Mechanics and Installers	3%
Special Education Teachers, All Other	3%	Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers	3%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to October 2023.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.