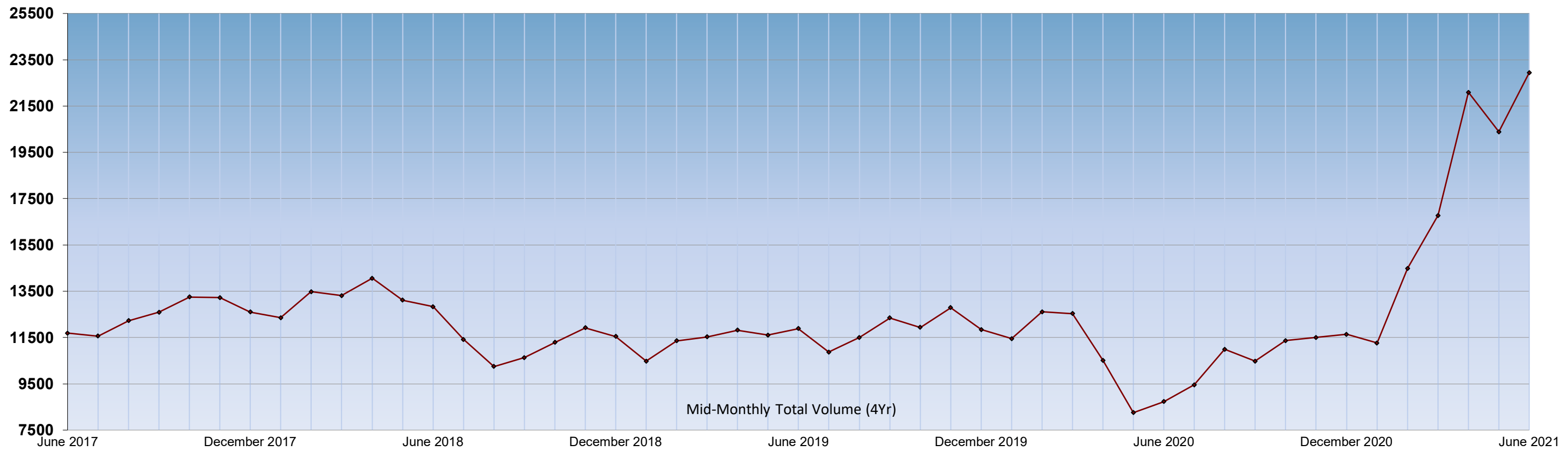


A total of 20,385 job openings were posted online from May 14, 2021, through June 13, 2021, in the professional, science, and technical industries sector. The graph below shows historical trends for ads posted in this industry sector over the last several years.

This report, and reports for other industry sectors in Ohio, can be found at www.ohiomeansjobs.com.



Salary for Job Ads

Salary Range	Ads
Entry Level Jobs (less than \$30K)	9.5%
Middle Income Jobs (\$30K-\$49K)	9.0%
Upper Middle Income Jobs (\$50K-\$79K)	15.3%
High Income Jobs (\$80K-\$99K)	15.1%
Six Figure Jobs (\$100K+)	51.1%

Education for Job Ads

Education Range	Ads
GED/High School	17.6%
Associate Level	3.9%
Bachelor's Degree	73.2%
Master's Degree	3.5%
Doctoral Degree	1.8%

Top Certifications for Job Ads

Certifications	Ads
Secret security clearance	1,705
Security clearance	1,630
Driver's License	1,130
Certified Public Accountant	1,084
Certified Information Systems Security Professional	528
Top Secret Sensitive Compartmented Information	480
Top secret security clearance	377
Federal legislation	364
DoD 8570 Certification	348
Certified Information Systems Auditor	344

Top Skills for Job Ads

Skills	Ads
Analysis	6,865
Implementing	4,167
Testing	4,079
Operations	3,636
Configuring	3,291
Agile	2,647
Databases	2,500
Innovation	2,458
Analytics	2,395
Microsoft Office	2,383

Top Employers with the Most Job Ads

Employer	Ads
Deloitte	4,168
General Dynamics Information Technology	2,711
ACCENTURE	1,461
FedEx	1,049
Ernst & Young	784
Charles River Laboratories	396
KPMG	361
PricewaterhouseCoopers	343
Alion Science	313
DELL	278
Scioto Services	232
Leidos	223
Oasis Systems, Inc.	210
Cappgemini	206
Battelle Memorial Institute	202
Fiserv	202
Unitedhealth Group	201
CDM Smith	190
Salesforce.com	186
Black & Veatch	150
Trimble Navigation, LTD	149
Walmart	140
Booz Allen Hamilton	136
RSM US LLP	131
Great Lakes Service	127
Stantec	121
Compass Group	115
CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL MEDICAL CENTER	115
CBTS	113
Peraton	107

Top Occupations with the Most Job Ads

Occupation	Ads
Software Developers, Applications	2,066
Management Analysts	1,435
Information Technology Project Managers	1,142
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	1,074
Computer Systems Engineers/Architects	1,037
Information Security Analysts	807
Computer Systems Analysts	800
Accountants	630
Network and Computer Systems Administrators	587
Business Operations Specialists, All Other	561
Auditors	483
Marketing Managers	482
Software Quality Assurance Engineers and Testers	455
Web Developers	367
Computer and Information Systems Managers	353
Managers, All Other	341
Computer User Support Specialists	335
Civil Engineers	331
Financial Managers, Branch or Department	301
Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	242
Human Resources Specialists	229
Janitors and Cleaners, Except Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners	227
Operations Research Analysts	213
Merchandise Displayers and Window Trimmers	213
Sales Managers	204
Database Administrators	189
Industrial Engineers	183
Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	179
Training and Development Specialists	177
Customer Service Representatives	172

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to May 2020.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may appear in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.