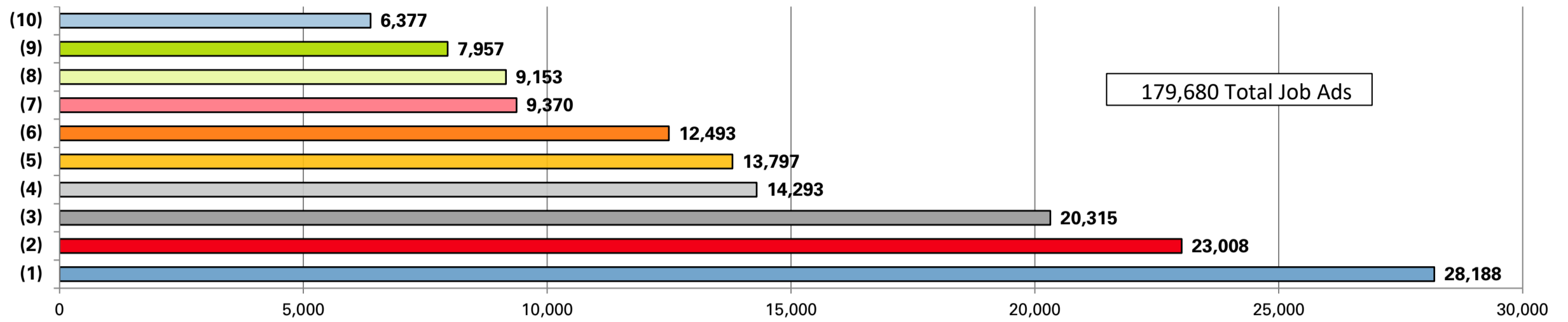


Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in Ohio: October 2019



(1) Sales and Related Occupations 16%	
First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	28%
Retail Salespersons	27%
Cashiers	11%
Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	6%
Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Except Technical and Scientific Products	4%
First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	4%
Sales Agents, Financial Services	4%
Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Technical and Scientific Products	4%
(3) Office and Administrative Support Occupations 11%	
Customer Service Representatives	25%
First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	14%
Stock Clerks, Sales Floor	11%
Stock Clerks- Stockroom, Warehouse, or Storage Yard	10%
Medical Secretaries	5%
Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	4%
Patient Representatives	3%
Office Clerks, General	3%
(5) Computer and Mathematical Occupations 8%	
Software Developers, Applications	23%
Computer User Support Specialists	11%
Computer Systems Analysts	10%
Network and Computer Systems Administrators	10%
Information Technology Project Managers	8%
Information Security Analysts	7%
Computer Systems Engineers/Architects	6%
Web Developers	6%
(7) Business and Financial Operations Occupations 5%	
Management Analysts	14%
Accountants	12%
Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	11%
Business Operations Specialists, All Other	8%
Auditors	7%
Human Resources Specialists	6%
Training and Development Specialists	6%
Financial Analysts	5%
(9) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations 4%	
Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	29%
Automotive Specialty Technicians	17%
First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	13%
Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	9%
Industrial Machinery Mechanics	6%
Automotive Master Mechanics	4%
Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers	3%
Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanics and Installers	3%

(2) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations 13%	
Registered Nurses	35%
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	6%
Pharmacy Technicians	5%
Physicians and Surgeons, All Other	4%
Family and General Practitioners	3%
Physical Therapists	3%
Internists, General	2%
Medical Records and Health Information Technicians	2%
(4) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations 8%	
First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	26%
Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	23%
Cooks, Restaurant	10%
Food Preparation Workers	8%
Waiters and Waitresses	8%
Dishwashers	6%
Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	4%
Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee Shop	4%
(6) Management Occupations 7%	
General and Operations Managers	11%
Medical and Health Services Managers	11%
Sales Managers	9%
Food Service Managers	9%
Managers, All Other	8%
Marketing Managers	8%
Financial Managers, Branch or Department	6%
Human Resources Managers	4%
(8) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations 5%	
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	27%
Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	21%
1st-Line Supervisors of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	12%
Driver/Sales Workers	11%
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	10%
Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	4%
Cleaners of Vehicles and Equipment	3%
Material Moving Workers, All Other	2%
(10) Healthcare Support Occupations 4%	
Nursing Assistants	39%
Medical Assistants	27%
Home Health Aides	9%
Healthcare Support Workers, All Other	6%
Phlebotomists	4%
Medical Equipment Preparers	4%
Dental Assistants	3%
Physical Therapist Assistants	3%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to July 2019.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/asp/omj/hw.htm>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.