



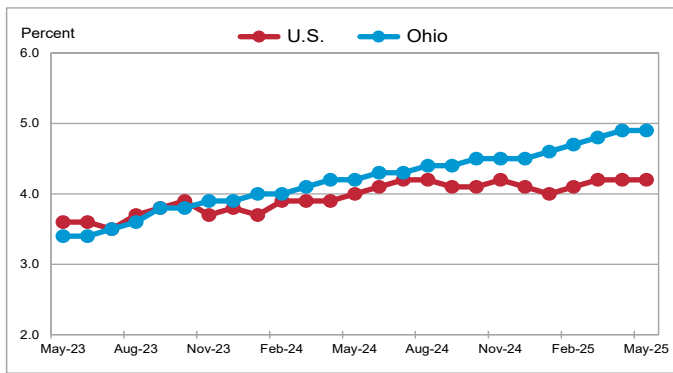
Employment Situation: Ohio and U.S. (Seasonally Adjusted)

Civilian Labor Force

Ohio's unemployment rate was 4.9% in May 2025, unchanged from April. The number of workers unemployed in May was 294,000, up from 291,000 in April 2025. The number of unemployed has increased by 45,000 in the past 12 months from 249,000. The May unemployment rate for Ohio increased 0.7 percentage points from 4.2% in May 2024.

The U.S. unemployment rate for May 2025 was 4.2%, unchanged from 4.2% in April 2025 and up from 4.0% in May 2024.

Ohio and U.S. Unemployment Rates
(Seasonally Adjusted)

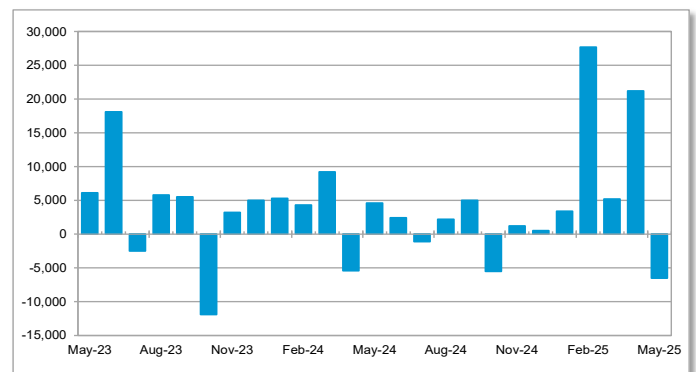


outpaced losses in durable goods (-2,400). Mining and logging lost 300 jobs over the year.

Employment in the private service-providing sector increased 35,700, as gains in private educational and health services (+25,500); financial activities (+4,500); leisure and hospitality (+3,600); other services (+2,700); information (+2,100); and professional and business services (+1,800) outweighed losses in trade, transportation, and utilities (-4,500).

Government employment increased 1,900, over the year, as gains in state government (+3,600) surpassed losses in federal (-1,200) and local (-500) government.

Ohio Nonfarm Employment Over-the-Month Change
(Seasonally Adjusted)



Payroll Survey

Over-the-Month Change: Ohio's nonagricultural wage and salary employment decreased 6,500 over the month, from a revised 5,712,100 in April to 5,705,600 in May, according to the latest business establishment survey conducted by the U.S. Department of Labor (Bureau of Labor Statistics) in cooperation with the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services (ODJFS).

Employment in goods-producing industries, at 958,000, decreased 1,100 over the month in manufacturing (-700) and construction (-400). Mining and logging did not change over the month.

The private service-providing sector, at 3,956,700, decreased 5,200 as losses in trade, transportation, and utilities (-5,200) and leisure and hospitality (-3,400) outweighed gains in private educational and health services (+1,400); financial activities (+1,300); information (+400); professional and business services (+200); and other services (+100).

Government employment, at 790,900, decreased 200, as losses in federal (-1,100) and local (-300) government surpassed gains in state government (+1,200).

Over-the-Year Change: From May 2024 to May 2025, nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 55,700. Employment in goods-producing industries increased 18,100, led by construction, which added 17,000 jobs. Manufacturing added 1,400 jobs, as gains in nondurable goods (+3,800)

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Ohio

Civilian Labor Force and Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment Estimates

Seasonally Adjusted^a

Civilian Labor Force^b

Total

Employment	5,669.7	5,669.9	5,648.4	-0.2	21.3	0.0	0.4
Unemployment	293.8	291.2	249.3	2.6	44.5	0.9	17.8
Unemployment Rate (%)	4.9	4.9	4.2	.....	.....	0.0	0.7

Payroll Survey^c

Total Nonagricultural

Total Private

Goods-Producing (Private)

Mining and Logging	8.7	8.7	9.0	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-3.3
Construction	263.0	263.4	246.0	-0.4	17.0	-0.2	6.9
Manufacturing	686.3	687.0	684.9	-0.7	1.4	-0.1	0.2
Durable Goods	449.8	449.6	452.2	0.2	-2.4	0.0	-0.5
Nondurable Goods	236.5	237.4	232.7	-0.9	3.8	-0.4	1.6

Service-Providing (Private)

Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	1,054.3	1,059.5	1,058.8	-5.2	-4.5	-0.5	-0.4
Wholesale Trade	244.3	243.0	240.0	1.3	4.3	0.5	1.8
Retail Trade	542.4	546.0	542.1	-3.6	0.3	-0.7	0.1
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	267.6	270.5	276.7	-2.9	-9.1	-1.1	-3.3
Information	68.2	67.8	66.1	0.4	2.1	0.6	3.2
Financial Activities	317.9	316.6	313.4	1.3	4.5	0.4	1.4
Finance and Insurance	246.0	245.6	244.0	0.4	2.0	0.2	0.8
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	71.9	71.0	69.4	0.9	2.5	1.3	3.6
Professional and Business Services	734.0	733.8	732.2	0.2	1.8	0.0	0.2
Professional and Technical Services	291.1	290.4	288.6	0.7	2.5	0.2	0.9
Management of Companies and Enterprises	149.9	149.3	148.9	0.6	1.0	0.4	0.7
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	293.0	294.1	294.7	-1.1	-1.7	-0.4	-0.6
Private Educational and Health Services	991.7	990.3	966.2	1.4	25.5	0.1	2.6
Private Educational Services	116.0	115.1	112.6	0.9	3.4	0.8	3.0
Health Care and Social Assistance	875.7	875.2	853.6	0.5	22.1	0.1	2.6
Leisure and Hospitality	574.4	577.8	570.8	-3.4	3.6	-0.6	0.6
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	93.4	90.4	87.5	3.0	5.9	3.3	6.7
Accommodation and Food Services	481.0	487.4	483.3	-6.4	-2.3	-1.3	-0.5
Other Services	216.2	216.1	213.5	0.1	2.7	0.0	1.3

Government

Federal Government	83.8	84.9	85.0	-1.1	-1.2	-1.3	-1.4
State Government	178.3	177.1	174.7	1.2	3.6	0.7	2.1
Local Government	528.8	529.1	529.3	-0.3	-0.5	-0.1	-0.1

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	May 2025	Apr 2025	May 2024	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Civilian Labor Force^b							
Total	5,963.5	5,961.2	5,897.7	2.3	65.8	0.0	1.1
Employment	5,669.7	5,669.9	5,648.4	-0.2	21.3	0.0	0.4
Unemployment	293.8	291.2	249.3	2.6	44.5	0.9	17.8
Unemployment Rate (%)	4.9	4.9	4.2	.....	.....	0.0	0.7
Payroll Survey^c							
Total Nonagricultural	5,705.6	5,712.1	5,649.9	-6.5	55.7	-0.1	1.0
Total Private	4,914.7	4,921.0	4,860.9	-6.3	53.8	-0.1	1.1
Goods-Producing (Private)	958.0	959.1	939.9	-1.1	18.1	-0.1	1.9
Mining and Logging	8.7	8.7	9.0	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-3.3
Construction	263.0	263.4	246.0	-0.4	17.0	-0.2	6.9
Manufacturing	686.3	687.0	684.9	-0.7	1.4	-0.1	0.2
Durable Goods	449.8	449.6	452.2	0.2	-2.4	0.0	-0.5
Nondurable Goods	236.5	237.4	232.7	-0.9	3.8	-0.4	1.6
Service-Providing (Private)	3,956.7	3,961.9	3,921.0	-5.2	35.7	-0.1	0.9
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	1,054.3	1,059.5	1,058.8	-5.2	-4.5	-0.5	-0.4
Wholesale Trade	244.3	243.0	240.0	1.3	4.3	0.5	1.8
Retail Trade	542.4	546.0	542.1	-3.6	0.3	-0.7	0.1
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	267.6	270.5	276.7	-2.9	-9.1	-1.1	-3.3
Information	68.2	67.8	66.1	0.4	2.1	0.6	3.2
Financial Activities	317.9	316.6	313.4	1.3	4.5	0.4	1.4
Finance and Insurance	246.0	245.6	244.0	0.4	2.0	0.2	0.8
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	71.9	71.0	69.4	0.9	2.5	1.3	3.6
Professional and Business Services	734.0	733.8	732.2	0.2	1.8	0.0	0.2
Professional and Technical Services	291.1	290.4	288.6	0.7	2.5	0.2	0.9
Management of Companies and Enterprises	149.9	149.3	148.9	0.6	1.0	0.4	0.7
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	293.0	294.1	294.7	-1.1	-1.7	-0.4	-0.6
Private Educational and Health Services	991.7	990.3	966.2	1.4	25.5	0.1	2.6
Private Educational Services	116.0	115.1	112.6	0.9	3.4	0.8	3.0
Health Care and Social Assistance	875.7	875.2	853.6	0.5	22.1	0.1	2.6
Leisure and Hospitality	574.4	577.8	570.8	-3.4	3.6	-0.6	0.6
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	93.4	90.4	87.5	3.0	5.9	3.3	6.7
Accommodation and Food Services	481.0	487.4	483.3	-6.4	-2.3	-1.3	-0.5
Other Services	216.2	216.1	213.5	0.1	2.7	0.0	1.3
Government	790.9	791.1	789.0	-0.2	1.9	0.0	0.2
Federal Government	83.8	84.9	85.0	-1.1	-1.2	-1.3	-1.4
State Government	178.3	177.1	174.7	1.2	3.6	0.7	2.1
Local Government	528.8	529.1	529.3	-0.3	-0.5	-0.1	-0.1

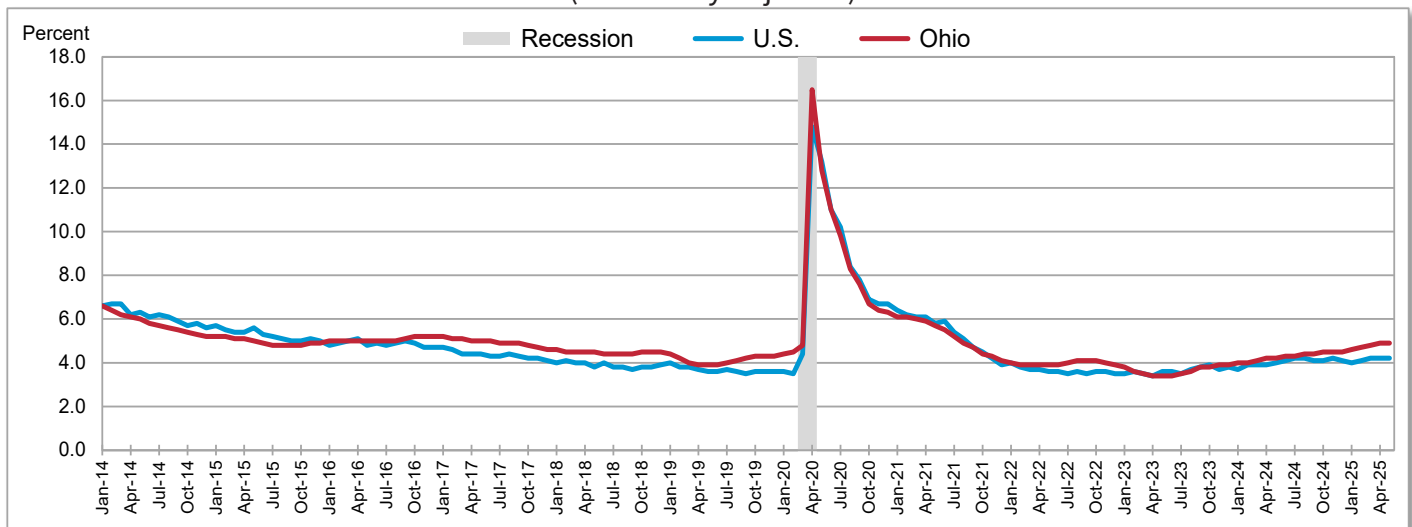
^aData for latest month are preliminary, although other months are subject to revision. Subtotals may not add to totals due to rounding. Unemployment rates are computed from unrounded figures. All data exclude military personnel. ^bData are Local Area Unemployment Statistics estimates based on place of residence. ^cFrom the Current Employment Statistics Survey, a monthly survey of approximately 23,970 employers conducted by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Estimates represent nonagricultural wage and salary jobs by place of work.

Seasonally adjusted nonfarm employment data for the Ohio Metropolitan Statistical Areas may be accessed at the Bureau of Labor Statistics website at <http://www.bls.gov/sae/>.

Ohio Historical Civilian Labor Force Estimates Seasonally Adjusted

	Civilian Labor Force (thousands)			Unemployment Rates	
	Total	Employed	Unemployed	Ohio	U.S.
2015 annual avg.	5,725.8	5,441.7	284.1	5.0%	5.3%
2016 annual avg.	5,771.5	5,480.5	291.0	5.0%	4.9%
2017 annual avg.	5,816.1	5,528.2	287.9	4.9%	4.4%
2018 annual avg.	5,813.6	5,553.7	259.9	4.5%	3.9%
2019 annual avg.	5,871.3	5,628.9	242.4	4.1%	3.7%
2020 annual avg.	5,732.7	5,264.2	468.5	8.2%	8.1%
2021 annual avg.	5,718.3	5,417.7	300.6	5.3%	5.3%
2022 annual avg.	5,744.7	5,515.2	229.5	4.0%	3.6%
2023 annual avg.	5,819.7	5,607.0	212.7	3.7%	3.6%
2024 annual avg.	5,898.6	5,646.1	252.5	4.3%	4.0%
2024					
April	5,885.9	5,641.1	244.8	4.2%	3.9%
May	5,897.7	5,648.4	249.3	4.2%	4.0%
June	5,907.0	5,654.7	252.3	4.3%	4.1%
July	5,913.1	5,658.1	255.0	4.3%	4.2%
August	5,916.5	5,658.8	257.7	4.4%	4.2%
September	5,917.6	5,656.9	260.7	4.4%	4.1%
October	5,918.4	5,654.7	263.7	4.5%	4.1%
November	5,917.8	5,653.1	264.8	4.5%	4.2%
December	5,917.5	5,652.7	264.8	4.5%	4.1%
2025					
January	5,922.2	5,651.2	271.1	4.6%	4.0%
February	5,930.0	5,652.8	277.1	4.7%	4.1%
March	5,947.4	5,664.1	283.3	4.8%	4.2%
April	5,961.2	5,669.9	291.2	4.9%	4.2%
May	5,963.5	5,669.7	293.8	4.9%	4.2%

Ohio and U.S. Unemployment Rates (Seasonally Adjusted)

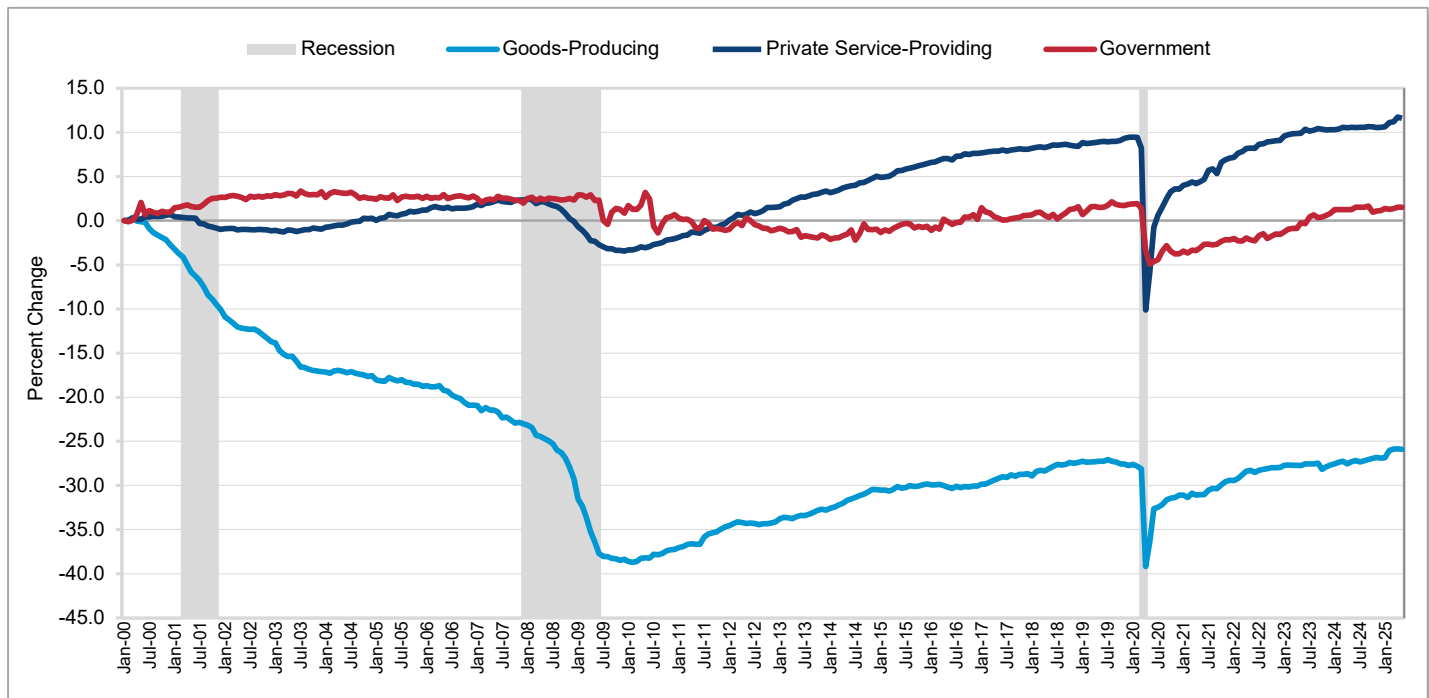


Recessionary periods as defined by the National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER).

Ohio Historical Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment Seasonally Adjusted

	Grand Total	Private Goods-Producing Employment (thousands)				Private Service-Producing Employment (thousands)								Government Employment (thousands)			
		Total	Mining and Logging	Const.	Mfg.	Total	Trade, Transport, and Utilities	Info.	Financial Activities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Leisure and Hospitality	Other Services	Total	Federal	State	Local
2024																	
April	5,645.3	937.2	9.0	243.4	684.8	3,919.2	1,059.1	66.3	313.8	732.5	964.1	570.2	213.2	788.9	84.8	175.4	528.7
May	5,649.9	939.9	9.0	246.0	684.9	3,921.0	1,058.8	66.1	313.4	732.2	966.2	570.8	213.5	789.0	85.0	174.7	529.3
June	5,652.3	941.7	9.1	247.4	685.2	3,919.7	1,057.6	66.0	313.2	731.6	969.6	568.3	213.4	790.9	85.1	176.2	529.6
July	5,651.2	939.5	9.0	249.3	681.2	3,920.8	1,057.6	66.5	312.9	729.7	971.6	569.1	213.4	790.9	84.8	175.7	530.4
August	5,653.4	941.5	9.0	250.3	682.2	3,920.8	1,057.0	65.8	312.6	731.0	972.8	567.9	213.7	791.1	85.1	176.5	529.5
September	5,658.4	943.1	8.9	251.2	683.0	3,923.3	1,055.9	65.8	312.6	731.6	975.7	567.7	214.0	792.0	85.4	176.5	530.1
October	5,652.9	944.8	8.9	251.4	684.5	3,921.7	1,054.3	65.3	315.0	729.1	974.6	568.8	214.6	786.4	85.4	175.7	525.3
November	5,654.1	946.2	8.8	252.7	684.7	3,920.3	1,049.4	65.4	316.8	730.2	975.3	568.7	214.5	787.6	85.0	176.8	525.8
December	5,654.6	945.4	9.0	252.0	684.4	3,921.0	1,049.7	66.1	316.0	729.0	976.6	570.2	213.4	788.2	85.1	177.7	525.4
2025																	
January	5,658.0	945.7	8.9	251.2	685.6	3,922.4	1,051.2	66.8	315.2	733.1	976.3	565.7	214.1	789.9	85.1	178.9	525.9
February	5,685.7	956.2	8.8	260.4	687.0	3,940.2	1,053.6	67.1	316.3	739.9	981.2	567.5	214.6	789.3	84.8	177.5	527.0
March	5,690.9	958.6	8.9	262.7	687.0	3,942.6	1,056.2	67.4	315.9	732.8	983.0	571.8	215.5	789.7	84.8	177.6	527.3
April	5,712.1	959.1	8.7	263.4	687.0	3,961.9	1,059.5	67.8	316.6	733.8	990.3	577.8	216.1	791.1	84.9	177.1	529.1
May	5,705.6	958.0	8.7	263.0	686.3	3,956.7	1,054.3	68.2	317.9	734.0	991.7	574.4	216.2	790.9	83.8	178.3	528.8

Percent Change in Ohio Nonfarm Employment by Month January 2000 - May 2025 (Seasonally Adjusted)



Recessionary periods as defined by the National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER).

Note: In June 2015 the seasonal model for state government employment was updated to account for improved data collection. To preserve the continuity of the time series, the updated seasonal factors were applied back to October 2014. The series affected are state government, total government, and total nonfarm employment. If you have any questions about the updates, please email ContactLMI@jfs.ohio.gov.

Ohio

Nonagricultural

Wage and Salary Employment^a

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	May 2025 ^b	Apr 2025 ^c	May 2024 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	5,734.5	5,697.4	5,682.3	37.1	52.2	0.7	0.9
Total Private	4,939.2	4,896.7	4,884.4	42.5	54.8	0.9	1.1
Goods-Producing (Private)	963.0	955.0	943.7	8.0	19.3	0.8	2.0
Mining and Logging	8.8	8.8	9.1	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-3.3
Mining, Logging, and Construction	274.7	268.0	259.9	6.7	14.8	2.5	5.7
Construction	265.9	259.2	250.8	6.7	15.1	2.6	6.0
Construction of Buildings	55.6	54.8	55.2	0.8	0.4	1.5	0.7
Nonresidential Building Construction	32.2	31.7	31.0	0.5	1.2	1.6	3.9
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	33.8	31.5	33.3	2.3	0.5	7.3	1.5
Specialty Trade Contractors	176.5	172.9	162.3	3.6	14.2	2.1	8.7
Manufacturing	688.3	687.0	683.8	1.3	4.5	0.2	0.7
Durable Goods ^d	452.2	451.0	451.3	1.2	0.9	0.3	0.2
Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing	25.9	25.8	25.7	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.8
Primary Metal Manufacturing	35.9	35.6	35.8	0.3	0.1	0.8	0.3
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	95.2	95.6	96.7	-0.4	-1.5	-0.4	-1.6
Machine Shops and Threaded Products	23.3	23.3	23.5	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-0.9
Machinery Manufacturing	76.2	76.0	77.3	0.2	-1.1	0.3	-1.4
Metalworking Machinery Manufacturing	19.6	19.5	19.8	0.1	-0.2	0.5	-1.0
Computer and Electronic Product Mfg.	21.9	21.7	21.5	0.2	0.4	0.9	1.9
Electrical Equipment, Appliance, and Component Mfg.	29.2	29.1	28.3	0.1	0.9	0.3	3.2
Household Appliance Manufacturing	8.0	7.9	8.0	0.1	0.0	1.3	0.0
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	113.9	113.9	116.4	0.0	-2.5	0.0	-2.1
Motor Vehicle Manufacturing	19.2	19.1	20.5	0.1	-1.3	0.5	-6.3
Motor Vehicle Parts Manufacturing	64.8	64.9	66.1	-0.1	-1.3	-0.2	-2.0
Aerospace Product and Parts Manufacturing	19.1	19.1	18.6	0.0	0.5	0.0	2.7
Furniture and Related Product Manufacturing	13.8	13.7	14.1	0.1	-0.3	0.7	-2.1
Nondurable Goods ^e	236.1	236.0	232.5	0.1	3.6	0.0	1.5
Food Manufacturing	66.9	67.2	64.6	-0.3	2.3	-0.4	3.6
Printing and Related Support Activities	18.2	18.3	18.0	-0.1	0.2	-0.5	1.1
Chemical Manufacturing	48.7	48.8	48.4	-0.1	0.3	-0.2	0.6
Plastics and Rubber Products Manufacturing	55.1	55.5	55.1	-0.4	0.0	-0.7	0.0
Plastics Product Manufacturing	43.7	44.0	43.6	-0.3	0.1	-0.7	0.2
Rubber Product Manufacturing	11.4	11.5	11.5	-0.1	-0.1	-0.9	-0.9
Service-Providing (Private)	3,976.2	3,941.7	3,940.7	34.5	35.5	0.9	0.9
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	1,054.7	1,049.5	1,053.4	5.2	1.3	0.5	0.1
Wholesale Trade	244.3	242.0	240.5	2.3	3.8	1.0	1.6
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	150.6	148.9	148.5	1.7	2.1	1.1	1.4
Professional and Commercial Equipment	30.3	30.2	30.8	0.1	-0.5	0.3	-1.6
Machinery, Equipment, and Supplies	36.5	36.5	37.1	0.0	-0.6	0.0	-1.6
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	75.1	74.9	75.5	0.2	-0.4	0.3	-0.5

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Ohio

Nonagricultural

Wage and Salary Employment^a

Not Seasonally Adjusted

- continued -

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	May 2025 ^b	Apr 2025 ^c	May 2024 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Retail Trade	542.6	542.0	541.2	0.6	1.4	0.1	0.3
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	77.8	77.6	77.4	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.5
Automobile Dealers	48.6	48.7	48.7	-0.1	-0.1	-0.2	-0.2
Bldg. Material, Garden Equip., and Supplies Dealers	57.0	56.4	59.6	0.6	-2.6	1.1	-4.4
Building Material and Supplies Dealers	48.0	47.5	49.7	0.5	-1.7	1.1	-3.4
Food and Beverage Retailers	101.3	101.7	101.3	-0.4	0.0	-0.4	0.0
Grocery and Convenience Retailers	88.9	89.1	89.7	-0.2	-0.8	-0.2	-0.9
Furn., Home Furnishings, Elec., and Appliance Retailers	24.2	24.3	24.4	-0.1	-0.2	-0.4	-0.8
General Merchandise Retailers	119.1	118.4	116.9	0.7	2.2	0.6	1.9
Health and Personal Care Retailers	33.5	33.6	35.6	-0.1	-2.1	-0.3	-5.9
Gasoline Stations and Fuel Dealers	37.8	37.8	37.5	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.8
Clothing, Accessories, Shoe, and Jewelry Retailers	36.1	36.2	35.7	-0.1	0.4	-0.3	1.1
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, and Misc. Retailers	55.8	56.0	52.8	-0.2	3.0	-0.4	5.7
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	267.8	265.5	271.7	2.3	-3.9	0.9	-1.4
Utilities	18.0	17.9	18.6	0.1	-0.6	0.6	-3.2
Transportation and Warehousing	249.8	247.6	253.1	2.2	-3.3	0.9	-1.3
Air Transportation	13.9	13.8	13.2	0.1	0.7	0.7	5.3
Truck Transportation	71.5	70.2	69.9	1.3	1.6	1.9	2.3
Information	67.6	67.2	66.3	0.4	1.3	0.6	2.0
Publishing Industries	21.5	21.5	21.3	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.9
Telecommunications	18.2	18.1	19.2	0.1	-1.0	0.6	-5.2
Financial Activities	316.7	315.6	313.5	1.1	3.2	0.3	1.0
Finance and Insurance	245.6	245.6	243.7	0.0	1.9	0.0	0.8
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	93.2	93.3	93.4	-0.1	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2
Depository Credit Intermediation	64.5	64.4	65.0	0.1	-0.5	0.2	-0.8
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	126.4	126.5	126.0	-0.1	0.4	-0.1	0.3
Insurance Carriers	77.4	77.5	78.3	-0.1	-0.9	-0.1	-1.1
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	71.1	70.0	69.8	1.1	1.3	1.6	1.9
Professional and Business Services	738.1	733.6	734.5	4.5	3.6	0.6	0.5
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	290.3	290.7	287.8	-0.4	2.5	-0.1	0.9
Legal Services	31.9	31.7	31.4	0.2	0.5	0.6	1.6
Accounting and Bookkeeping Services	29.6	31.4	30.2	-1.8	-0.6	-5.7	-2.0
Architectural and Engineering Services	49.1	48.1	48.0	1.0	1.1	2.1	2.3
Computer Systems Design and Related Services	68.4	69.2	70.0	-0.8	-1.6	-1.2	-2.3
Management and Technical Consulting Services	39.5	39.3	39.0	0.2	0.5	0.5	1.3
Advertising and Related Services	12.6	12.5	12.6	0.1	0.0	0.8	0.0
Management of Companies and Enterprises	150.0	148.9	148.9	1.1	1.1	0.7	0.7
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	297.8	294.0	297.8	3.8	0.0	1.3	0.0
Administrative and Support Services	276.4	273.9	278.2	2.5	-1.8	0.9	-0.6
Employment Services	110.3	110.3	111.6	0.0	-1.3	0.0	-1.2
Business Support Services	18.5	18.6	19.3	-0.1	-0.8	-0.5	-4.1
Services to Buildings and Dwellings	83.3	81.5	83.0	1.8	0.3	2.2	0.4

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Ohio

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a Not Seasonally Adjusted

- continued -

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	May 2025 ^b	Apr 2025 ^c	May 2024 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Private Educational and Health Services	989.7	991.7	967.8	-2.0	21.9	-0.2	2.3
Private Educational Services	117.0	119.6	114.1	-2.6	2.9	-2.2	2.5
Private Colleges, Universities, and Professional Schools	52.9	57.2	52.5	-4.3	0.4	-7.5	0.8
Health Care and Social Assistance	872.7	872.1	853.7	0.6	19.0	0.1	2.2
Hospitals	265.0	263.4	261.1	1.6	3.9	0.6	1.5
Nursing and Residential Care Facilities	169.2	171.0	162.5	-1.8	6.7	-1.1	4.1
Social Assistance	139.5	140.0	134.5	-0.5	5.0	-0.4	3.7
Leisure and Hospitality	592.1	568.5	590.4	23.6	1.7	4.2	0.3
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	102.0	86.0	95.8	16.0	6.2	18.6	6.5
Amusement, Gambling, and Recreation Industries	72.3	56.8	69.2	15.5	3.1	27.3	4.5
Accommodation and Food Services	490.1	482.5	494.6	7.6	-4.5	1.6	-0.9
Accommodation	35.5	34.1	35.2	1.4	0.3	4.1	0.9
Food Services and Drinking Places	454.6	448.4	459.4	6.2	-4.8	1.4	-1.0
Other Services	217.3	215.6	214.8	1.7	2.5	0.8	1.2
Repair and Maintenance	54.1	54.7	53.1	-0.6	1.0	-1.1	1.9
Personal and Laundry Services	56.3	55.2	55.2	1.1	1.1	2.0	2.0
Membership Associations and Organizations	106.9	105.7	106.5	1.2	0.4	1.1	0.4
Government	795.3	800.7	797.9	-5.4	-2.6	-0.7	-0.3
Federal Government	83.5	85.0	84.9	-1.5	-1.4	-1.8	-1.6
U.S. Postal Service	22.0	22.7	22.8	-0.7	-0.8	-3.1	-3.5
State Government	174.5	184.3	171.6	-9.8	2.9	-5.3	1.7
State Government Educational ^f Services	91.6	101.2	91.2	-9.6	0.4	-9.5	0.4
State Government, Excluding Education	82.9	83.1	80.4	-0.2	2.5	-0.2	3.1
State Government Hospitals	23.8	24.0	22.3	-0.2	1.5	-0.8	6.7
Local Government	537.3	531.4	541.4	5.9	-4.1	1.1	-0.8
Local Government Educational Services	291.2	290.6	298.1	0.6	-6.9	0.2	-2.3
Local Government, Excluding Education	246.1	240.8	243.3	5.3	2.8	2.2	1.2
Local Government Hospitals	12.6	12.6	12.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes textile mills; textile products mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; petroleum and coal products. ^fIncludes state universities, state schools for the deaf and blind, and the state library. Excludes the agricultural extension service and agricultural research centers.

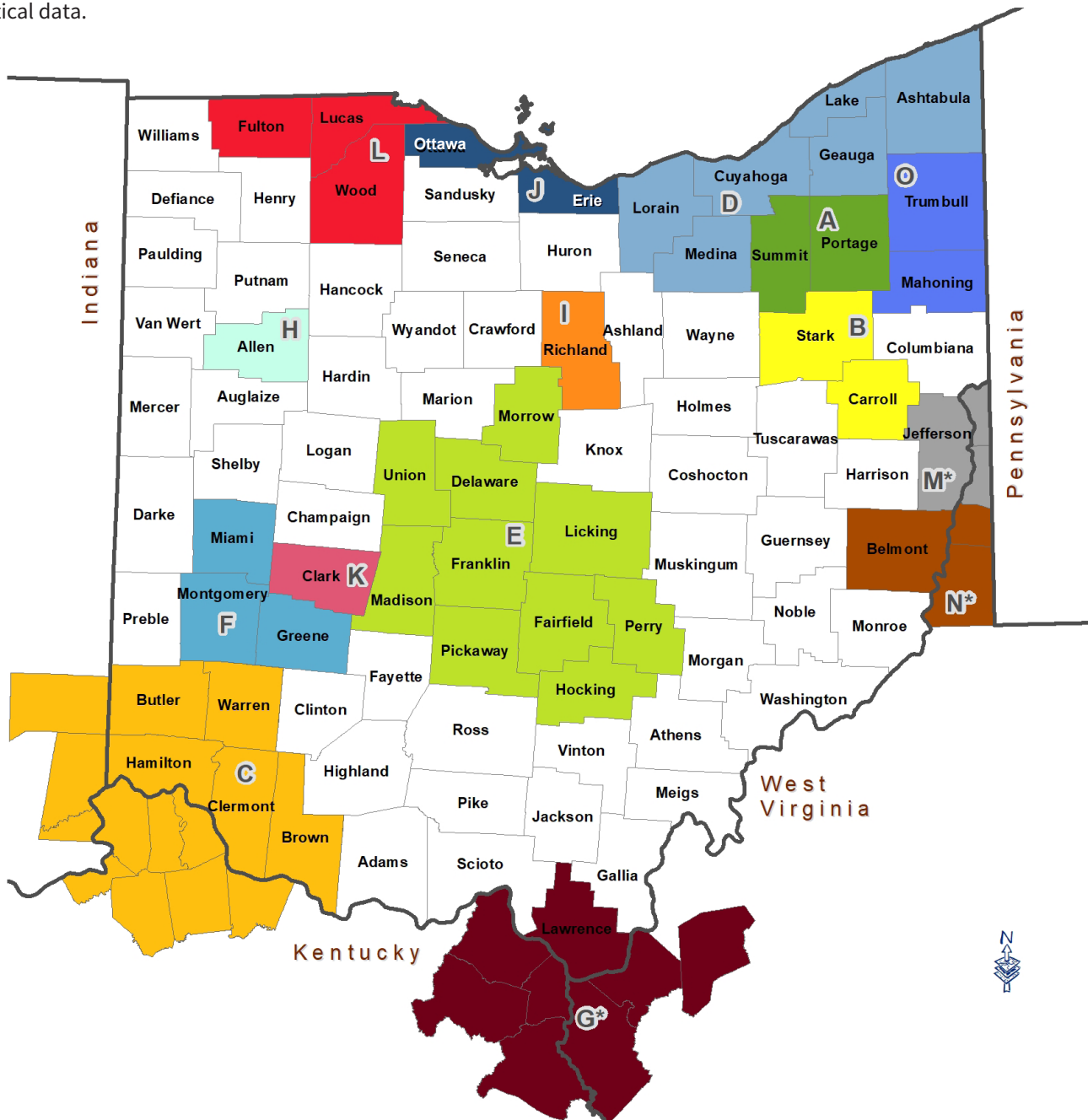
Ohio

Historical Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Grand Total	Private Goods-Producing Employment (thousands)				Private Service-Producing Employment (thousands)								Government Employment (thousands)			
		Total	Mining and Logging	Const.	Mfg.	Total	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Info.	Financial Activities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Leisure and Hospitality	Other Services	Total	Federal	State	Local
2015 annual avg.	5,423.6	902.3	14.1	200.5	687.7	3,748.2	1,008.6	72.1	293.5	720.4	901.3	539.6	212.6	773.2	76.4	178.1	518.7
2016 annual avg.	5,481.1	903.6	11.3	206.2	686.1	3,799.9	1,017.1	72.7	300.7	727.7	915.5	552.1	214.2	777.6	77.5	179.7	520.4
2017 annual avg.	5,525.9	915.8	11.4	217.2	687.1	3,827.1	1,019.4	73.3	306.2	727.1	925.2	560.9	215.1	783.0	78.3	179.9	524.8
2018 annual avg.	5,562.6	932.0	12.2	220.8	698.9	3,844.8	1,022.3	72.2	308.2	731.1	930.6	566.9	213.5	785.8	78.6	178.8	528.4
2019 annual avg.	5,595.0	939.4	11.8	226.8	700.9	3,864.3	1,026.6	71.3	308.5	734.7	939.4	570.6	213.3	791.3	79.6	179.9	531.8
2020 annual avg.	5,263.2	881.5	9.4	218.8	653.3	3,621.7	1,000.9	66.1	304.4	696.0	897.8	466.4	190.1	760.0	81.8	168.7	509.5
2021 annual avg.	5,387.4	898.0	8.6	224.0	665.3	3,732.8	1,031.9	66.3	310.7	720.0	897.7	506.4	199.7	756.7	79.9	167.9	508.9
2022 annual avg.	5,532.5	925.5	8.9	233.5	683.1	3,843.0	1,058.0	69.2	319.2	744.7	904.6	541.9	205.3	764.0	79.7	168.6	515.8
2023 annual avg.	5,616.1	935.0	9.4	238.2	687.5	3,902.9	1,060.0	68.2	319.3	742.8	936.3	565.5	210.8	778.2	82.6	171.8	523.8
2024 annual avg.	5,650.4	941.3	9.0	248.5	683.8	3,919.5	1,055.3	66.2	314.3	731.3	969.5	569.4	213.5	789.6	84.9	176.3	528.4
2023																	
January	5,502.5	915.4	9.0	220.0	686.4	3,824.0	1,057.5	69.1	317.9	732.6	916.7	523.9	206.3	763.1	80.3	166.6	516.2
February	5,528.1	916.7	9.2	220.1	687.4	3,829.7	1,048.0	68.6	317.8	734.5	925.2	528.6	207.0	781.7	81.0	177.7	523.0
March	5,547.3	921.7	9.3	225.0	687.4	3,846.2	1,046.5	67.8	317.9	738.0	925.9	541.3	208.8	779.4	81.2	177.8	520.4
April	5,594.3	931.3	9.5	234.6	687.2	3,877.0	1,046.0	68.2	318.8	745.2	929.5	559.5	209.8	786.0	81.8	179.0	525.2
May	5,638.2	938.3	9.5	241.4	687.4	3,913.7	1,052.2	68.5	319.8	747.2	932.0	582.6	211.4	786.2	82.4	171.1	532.7
June	5,663.6	950.0	9.6	247.5	692.9	3,949.0	1,056.9	68.9	322.5	752.8	931.3	601.9	214.7	764.6	82.8	159.8	522.0
July	5,646.8	948.9	9.6	248.1	691.2	3,940.9	1,054.6	68.5	322.7	751.0	930.4	599.5	214.2	757.0	83.1	159.5	514.4
August	5,646.1	947.9	9.5	248.0	690.4	3,941.8	1,054.4	68.3	321.6	749.4	936.1	599.2	212.8	756.4	83.3	159.0	514.1
September	5,637.3	944.1	9.3	247.5	687.3	3,913.2	1,052.8	67.5	319.2	742.8	945.2	575.2	210.5	780.0	83.5	176.3	520.2
October	5,662.3	934.8	9.4	246.7	678.7	3,930.9	1,068.0	67.7	318.7	745.2	952.2	568.0	211.1	796.6	83.8	179.4	533.4
November	5,672.2	936.7	9.3	243.1	684.3	3,936.9	1,090.0	67.5	317.8	741.9	955.3	553.3	211.1	798.6	84.0	178.4	536.2
December	5,654.7	934.5	9.1	236.3	689.1	3,931.8	1,093.6	67.5	317.1	733.5	955.7	552.6	211.8	788.4	84.4	176.6	527.4
2024																	
January	5,549.7	917.5	8.8	224.7	684.0	3,849.3	1,058.2	66.8	313.8	718.1	950.7	532.1	209.6	782.9	83.8	175.1	524.0
February	5,572.0	920.7	8.9	227.3	684.5	3,852.0	1,046.0	66.7	312.9	719.9	959.5	536.8	210.2	799.3	84.5	182.0	532.8
March	5,597.9	927.5	9.1	234.2	684.2	3,873.9	1,045.8	66.4	311.7	723.9	962.7	551.9	211.5	796.5	84.6	182.4	529.5
April	5,637.2	933.3	9.1	241.2	683.0	3,900.9	1,046.8	66.1	312.1	730.5	965.6	567.0	212.8	803.0	84.7	184.0	534.3
May	5,682.3	943.7	9.1	250.8	683.8	3,940.7	1,053.4	66.3	313.5	734.5	967.8	590.4	214.8	797.9	84.9	171.6	541.4
June	5,691.0	954.4	9.2	257.5	687.7	3,957.0	1,054.8	66.7	315.2	736.0	964.4	603.0	216.9	779.6	85.1	163.9	530.6
July	5,673.1	951.2	9.2	259.9	682.1	3,956.5	1,053.5	67.0	315.9	737.2	964.8	601.7	216.4	765.4	84.9	162.9	517.6
August	5,669.7	952.4	9.2	260.2	683.0	3,954.3	1,053.7	65.6	315.0	738.9	969.7	596.2	215.2	763.0	85.1	164.0	513.9
September	5,659.8	949.5	9.0	259.6	680.9	3,919.9	1,047.7	65.1	312.4	731.9	975.2	574.5	213.1	790.4	85.3	181.0	524.1
October	5,695.4	953.2	9.0	261.1	683.1	3,943.9	1,056.9	65.4	315.0	738.1	984.3	570.1	214.1	798.3	85.3	183.0	530.0
November	5,699.1	949.5	8.8	257.9	682.8	3,945.8	1,069.3	65.6	317.1	739.1	985.9	554.3	214.5	803.8	85.2	183.7	534.9
December	5,677.4	942.5	8.8	247.5	686.2	3,939.9	1,077.7	66.1	317.2	727.8	982.8	555.1	213.2	795.0	85.5	181.7	527.8
2025																	
January	5,556.1	924.1	8.6	232.4	683.1	3,848.9	1,042.7	66.6	313.5	712.2	970.4	531.6	211.9	783.1	85.3	178.8	519.0
February	5,611.9	933.3	8.5	239.7	685.1	3,882.0	1,043.0	67.1	315.1	726.0	985.2	533.4	212.2	796.6	84.6	184.3	527.7
March	5,637.2	943.2	8.7	247.3	687.2	3,893.2	1,043.2	66.6	314.8	721.3	985.6	548.4	213.3	800.8	84.6	184.8	531.4
April	5,697.4	955.0	8.8	259.2	687.0	3,941.7	1,049.5	67.2	315.6	733.6	991.7	568.5	215.6	800.7	85.0	184.3	531.4
May	5,734.5	963.0	8.8	265.9	688.3	3,976.2	1,054.7	67.6	316.7	738.1	989.7	592.1	217.3	795.3	83.5	174.5	537.3

Ohio Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs)

Developed by the United States Office of Management and Budget, Metropolitan Statistical Areas are integrated geographic regions comprised of at least one city or urban area (with a population of at least 50,000) and adjacent communities. Metropolitan Statistical Areas make it possible for federal statistical agencies to utilize the same boundaries when publishing statistical data.



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|--|--|--|
| A. Akron MSA | F. Dayton-Kettering-Beavercreek MSA | L. Toledo MSA |
| B. Canton-Massillon MSA | G. *Huntington-Ashland MSA, including Boyd, Carter, and Lawrence counties in Kentucky; Cabell, Putnam, and Wayne counties in West Virginia | M. *Weirton-Steubenville MSA, including Brooke and Hancock counties in West Virginia |
| C. Cincinnati MSA, including Dearborn, Franklin, and Ohio counties in Indiana; Boone, Bracken, Campbell, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton, and Pendleton counties in Kentucky | H. Lima MSA | N. *Wheeling MSA, including Marshall and Ohio Counties in West Virginia |
| D. Cleveland MSA | I. Mansfield MSA | O. Youngstown-Warren MSA |
| E. Columbus MSA | J. Sandusky MSA | |
| | K. Springfield MSA | |

*Data on West Virginia MSAs may be viewed at <http://lmi.workforcewv.org>.

Akron Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Portage and Summit Counties



Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Akron metropolitan area totaled 340,300 in May 2025, a decrease of 1,300 from April. Employment in the goods-producing sector, at 54,300, increased 900 in mining, logging, and construction (+800) and manufacturing (+100). Employment in the private service-providing sector, at 243,700, increased 500 as gains in leisure and hospitality (+1,000) and other services (+100) surpassed losses in trade, transportation, and utilities (-300) and professional and business services (-300). Government employment, at 42,300, decreased 2,700, as losses in state (-2,800) and federal (-100) government exceeded gains in local government (+200). .

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment decreased 800 from May 2024 to May 2025. Goods-producing industries gained 1,300 jobs in mining, logging, and construction. Private service-providing industries decreased 1,200 as losses in professional and business services (-1,300), trade, transportation, and utilities (-1,000), leisure and hospitality (-800), and financial activities (-200) outweighed gains in private educational and health services (+1,900) and other services (+200). Government employment decreased 900 in state (-700), federal (-100), and local (-100) government.

Civilian Labor Force (thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
360.0	341.9	18.0	5.0%
363.5	345.0	18.4	5.1%
364.6	346.4	18.2	5.0%
361.7	345.3	16.5	4.6%
364.5	349.1	15.4	4.2%
355.5	327.3	28.3	7.9%
352.0	333.3	18.8	5.3%
353.4	339.5	13.9	3.9%
357.7	344.3	13.4	3.7%
360.2	344.3	15.9	4.4%
360.2	345.2	14.9	4.1%
360.5	345.7	14.9	4.1%
362.6	345.7	17.0	4.7%
364.2	347.1	17.0	4.7%
359.8	343.9	15.9	4.4%
359.8	344.3	15.5	4.3%
360.9	346.5	14.4	4.0%
359.5	343.9	15.6	4.3%
359.9	343.3	16.6	4.6%
359.9	339.9	20.0	5.6%
364.3	343.8	20.5	5.6%
369.6	349.2	20.4	5.5%
366.8	347.6	19.1	5.2%
361.8	344.4	17.4	4.8%

2015 annual avg.
2016 annual avg.
2017 annual avg.
2018 annual avg.
2019 annual avg.
2020 annual avg.
2021 annual avg.
2022 annual avg.
2023 annual avg.
2024 annual avg.

2024
April
May
June
July
August
September
October
November
December

2025
January
February
March
April
May

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
336.9	40.4	66.4	52.6	54.5	46.4
339.4	39.6	66.6	53.6	55.3	46.1
340.3	39.3	66.9	53.2	55.3	45.7
339.4	39.4	67.2	51.1	55.2	44.7
340.0	39.7	67.3	50.0	56.2	44.4
318.4	36.9	66.5	46.7	53.9	41.8
324.1	37.2	68.0	48.1	54.4	41.0
334.1	37.8	71.0	49.3	54.4	41.7
339.1	37.8	70.7	49.7	55.8	42.8
338.6	37.2	69.6	48.5	58.0	43.0
339.6	37.4	69.5	48.5	57.6	45.3
341.1	37.3	69.7	48.8	58.0	43.2
338.4	37.5	69.9	49.0	57.5	39.6
338.2	37.3	69.8	49.2	57.8	38.9
337.5	37.1	69.5	49.1	58.3	39.0
338.8	36.7	69.0	48.5	58.6	43.3
341.4	36.9	69.5	49.0	58.9	44.1
340.6	36.9	70.2	48.7	58.6	44.7
341.1	37.1	70.8	48.1	59.1	44.5
333.7	37.0	68.9	46.9	59.2	43.2
336.6	37.2	69.0	47.3	59.6	44.4
338.0	37.3	68.9	46.9	59.8	44.6
341.6	37.2	69.0	47.8	59.9	45.0
340.3	37.3	68.7	47.5	59.9	42.3

Akron MSA

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a

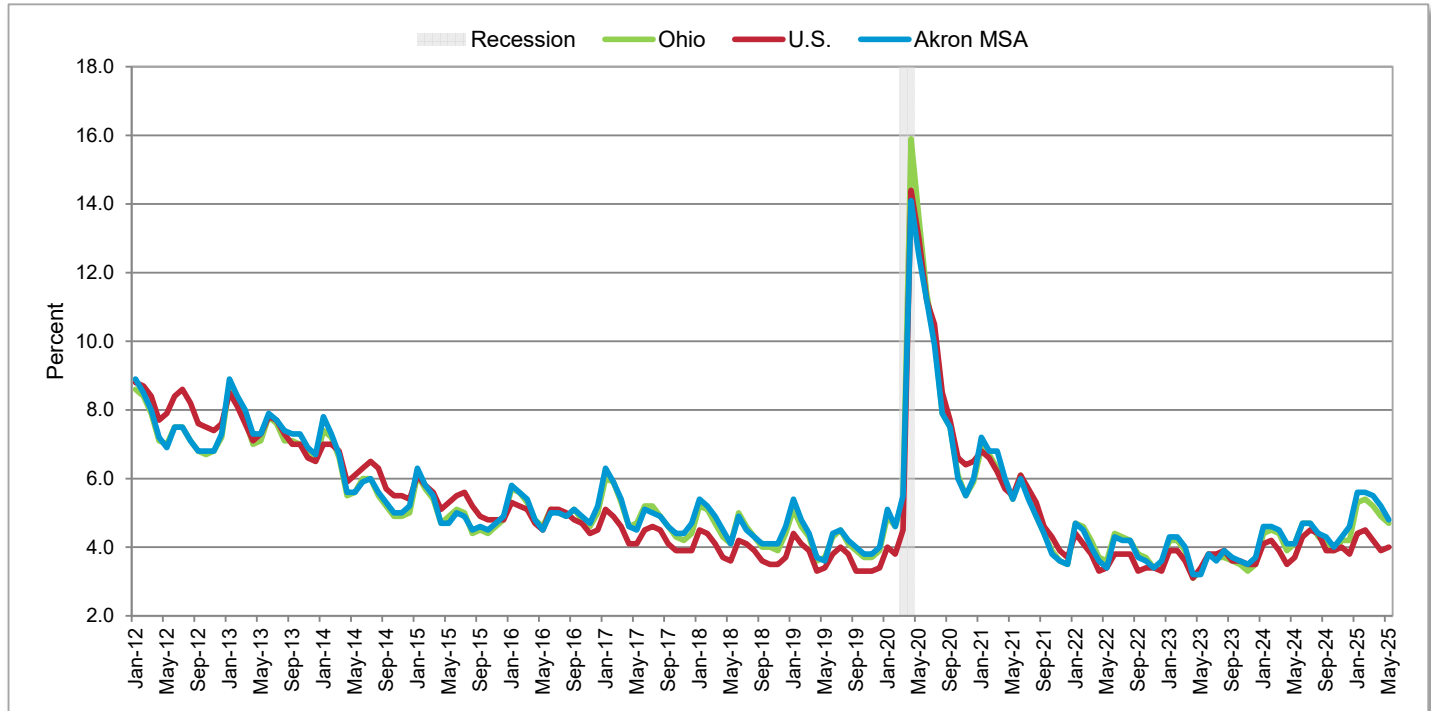
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	May 2025 ^b	Apr 2025 ^c	May 2024 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	340.3	341.6	341.1	-1.3	-0.8	-0.4	-0.2
Total Private	298.0	296.6	297.9	1.4	0.1	0.5	0.0
Goods-Producing (Private)	54.3	53.4	53.0	0.9	1.3	1.7	2.5
Mining, Logging, and Construction	17.0	16.2	15.7	0.8	1.3	4.9	8.3
Manufacturing	37.3	37.2	37.3	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0
Durable Goods ^d	21.1	21.0	21.1	0.1	0.0	0.5	0.0
Nondurable Goods ^e	16.2	16.2	16.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Service-Providing (Private)	243.7	243.2	244.9	0.5	-1.2	0.2	-0.5
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	68.7	69.0	69.7	-0.3	-1.0	-0.4	-1.4
Wholesale Trade	17.8	17.9	18.3	-0.1	-0.5	-0.6	-2.7
Retail Trade	34.4	34.4	34.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.6
Food and Beverage Retailers	6.6	6.6	6.5	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.5
General Merchandise Retailers	6.9	7.0	6.9	-0.1	0.0	-1.4	0.0
Health and Personal Care Retailers	2.2	2.2	2.3	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-4.3
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	16.5	16.7	17.2	-0.2	-0.7	-1.2	-4.1
Truck Transportation	3.9	3.9	4.1	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-4.9
Information	3.5	3.5	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Financial Activities	17.5	17.5	17.7	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-1.1
Finance and Insurance	13.6	13.6	13.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Professional and Business Services	47.5	47.8	48.8	-0.3	-1.3	-0.6	-2.7
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	16.5	16.4	17.1	0.1	-0.6	0.6	-3.5
Private Educational and Health Services	59.9	59.9	58.0	0.0	1.9	0.0	3.3
Health Care and Social Assistance	55.0	55.0	52.9	0.0	2.1	0.0	4.0
Leisure and Hospitality	33.4	32.4	34.2	1.0	-0.8	3.1	-2.3
Accommodation and Food Services	28.2	27.5	28.8	0.7	-0.6	2.5	-2.1
Other Services	13.2	13.1	13.0	0.1	0.2	0.8	1.5
Government	42.3	45.0	43.2	-2.7	-0.9	-6.0	-2.1
Federal Government	2.2	2.3	2.3	-0.1	-0.1	-4.3	-4.3
State Government	11.3	14.1	12.0	-2.8	-0.7	-19.9	-5.8
State Government Educational ^f Services	9.2	12.0	10.2	-2.8	-1.0	-23.3	-9.8
Local Government	28.8	28.6	28.9	0.2	-0.1	0.7	-0.3
Local Government Educational Services	15.0	15.0	15.1	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-0.7

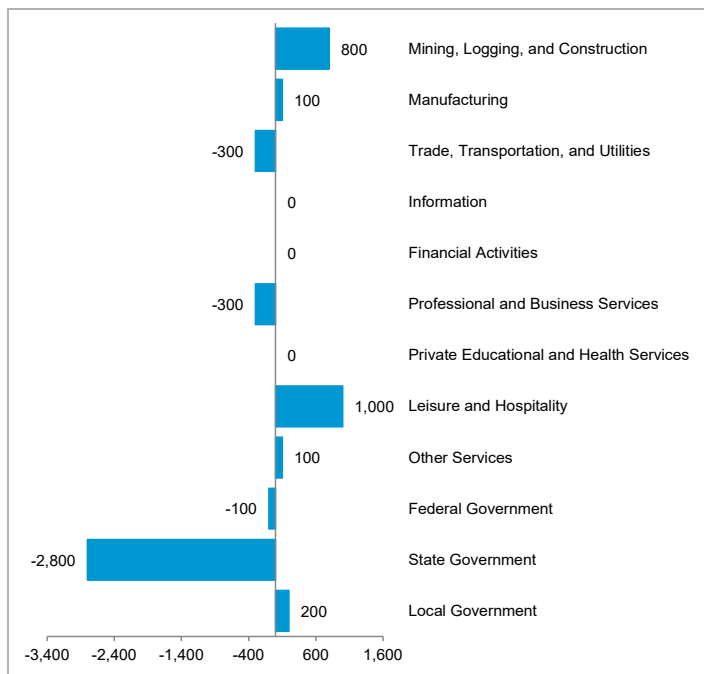
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing. ^fIncludes state universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service.

Akron Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

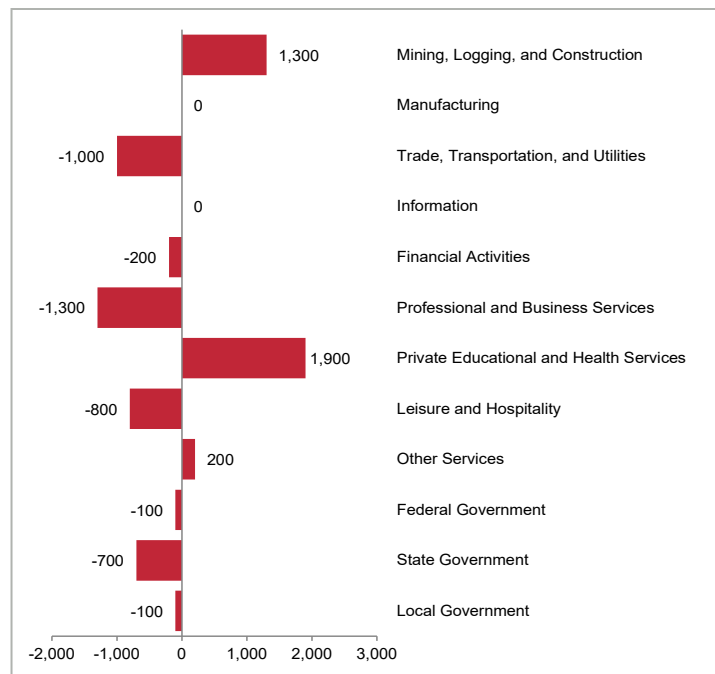
Unemployment Rates



Akron MSA Over-the-Month Change



Akron MSA Over-the-Year Change



Canton-Massillon Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Carroll and Stark Counties



Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Canton-Massillon metropolitan area totaled 174,900 in May 2025, an increase of 1,100 jobs from April. Employment in the goods-producing sector, at 35,400, increased 500 in mining, logging, and construction (+400) and manufacturing (+100). Employment in private service-providing industries, at 120,700, increased 500 as gains in leisure and hospitality (+700), trade, transportation, and utilities (+100), and other services (+100) outpaced losses in private educational and health services (-400). Government employment, at 18,800, increased 100 as gains in local government (+200) exceeded losses in federal government (-100). Employment in state government did not change over the month.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 700 from May 2024 to May 2025. Employment in the goods-producing sector increased 1,000, as gains in mining, logging, and construction (+1,200) exceeded losses in manufacturing (-200). Private service-providing employment increased 600 as gains in private educational and health services (+700), professional and business services (+500), financial activities (+100), and leisure and hospitality (+100) outpaced losses in trade, transportation, and utilities (-800). Government employment decreased 900 in local (-800) and federal (-100) government. Employment in state government did not change over the year.

Civilian Labor Force (thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
200.7	189.9	10.8	5.4%
197.6	186.4	11.2	5.7%
198.1	187.6	10.5	5.3%
196.7	186.9	9.8	5.0%
197.0	187.9	9.1	4.6%
192.9	177.0	15.9	8.2%
191.4	180.9	10.5	5.5%
189.2	181.4	7.8	4.1%
191.3	183.9	7.5	3.9%
195.3	186.4	8.8	4.5%
194.8	186.5	8.2	4.2%
195.2	186.9	8.2	4.2%
197.8	188.5	9.3	4.7%
198.0	188.7	9.3	4.7%
195.9	187.2	8.7	4.5%
195.5	187.0	8.5	4.4%
195.6	187.7	7.9	4.0%
195.0	186.4	8.6	4.4%
195.3	186.2	9.1	4.6%
195.2	184.1	11.2	5.7%
197.0	185.6	11.4	5.8%
199.3	188.1	11.2	5.6%
197.7	187.4	10.3	5.2%
196.4	187.0	9.4	4.8%

2015 annual avg.
2016 annual avg.
2017 annual avg.
2018 annual avg.
2019 annual avg.
2020 annual avg.
2021 annual avg.
2022 annual avg.
2023 annual avg.
2024 annual avg.

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Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
172.1	28.6	31.5	14.2	32.7	19.9
172.6	27.4	31.8	15.0	32.9	20.0
173.7	26.7	31.3	15.9	33.4	20.4
173.8	26.9	31.1	15.8	33.7	20.2
173.3	26.7	31.1	16.3	33.5	20.1
163.1	25.1	30.3	15.4	31.8	19.6
166.7	25.1	31.1	16.5	31.8	19.4
168.2	25.3	32.1	16.5	31.2	19.3
170.3	25.5	33.7	16.0	31.2	19.2
173.3	25.0	35.6	15.9	32.2	19.1
173.2	24.9	35.7	15.6	32.5	19.6
174.2	24.9	35.9	15.7	31.8	19.7
175.0	25.1	35.9	15.9	31.5	19.4
174.5	25.1	35.8	16.3	31.6	18.3
174.0	25.1	35.5	16.5	31.9	18.2
174.0	25.1	35.3	16.3	32.4	19.1
174.7	25.0	35.7	16.4	32.6	19.0
174.6	24.9	36.0	16.4	32.7	18.9
174.7	25.0	36.4	16.2	32.7	18.8
170.4	24.7	34.9	15.8	32.5	18.4
171.6	24.7	34.9	16.0	32.8	18.7
171.9	24.7	34.8	16.0	32.8	18.5
173.8	24.6	35.0	16.2	32.9	18.7
174.9	24.7	35.1	16.2	32.5	18.8

Canton-Massillon MSA

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a

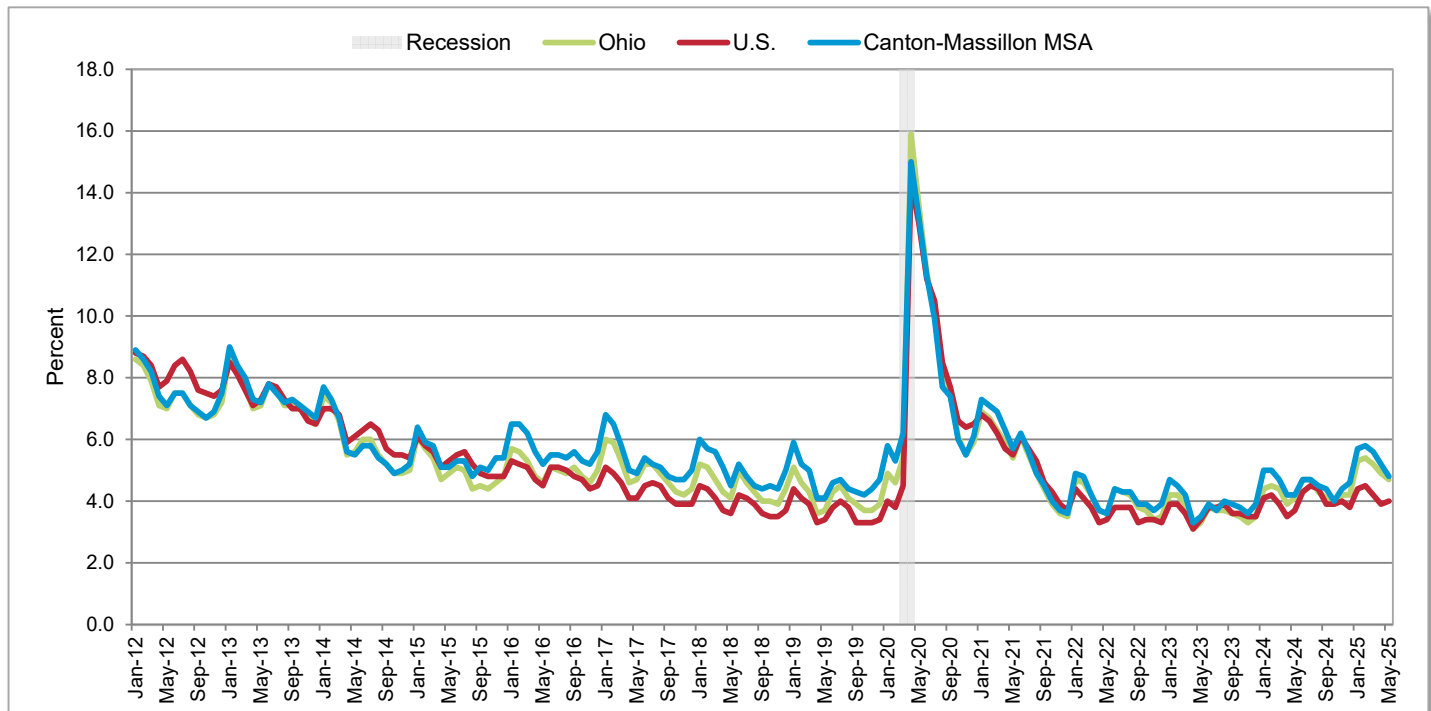
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	May 2025 ^b	Apr 2025 ^c	May 2024 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	174.9	173.8	174.2	1.1	0.7	0.6	0.4
Total Private	156.1	155.1	154.5	1.0	1.6	0.6	1.0
Goods-Producing (Private)	35.4	34.9	34.4	0.5	1.0	1.4	2.9
Mining, Logging, and Construction	10.7	10.3	9.5	0.4	1.2	3.9	12.6
Manufacturing	24.7	24.6	24.9	0.1	-0.2	0.4	-0.8
Food Manufacturing	5.5	5.5	5.3	0.0	0.2	0.0	3.8
Service-Providing (Private)	120.7	120.2	120.1	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.5
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	35.1	35.0	35.9	0.1	-0.8	0.3	-2.2
Wholesale Trade	7.2	7.2	7.3	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-1.4
Retail Trade	19.9	19.9	20.5	0.0	-0.6	0.0	-2.9
General Merchandise Retailers	5.1	5.1	5.2	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-1.9
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	8.0	7.9	8.1	0.1	-0.1	1.3	-1.2
Information	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Financial Activities	7.5	7.5	7.4	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.4
Professional and Business Services	16.2	16.2	15.7	0.0	0.5	0.0	3.2
Private Educational and Health Services	32.5	32.9	31.8	-0.4	0.7	-1.2	2.2
Health Care and Social Assistance	28.6	28.7	28.1	-0.1	0.5	-0.3	1.8
Leisure and Hospitality	19.6	18.9	19.5	0.7	0.1	3.7	0.5
Accommodation and Food Services	17.1	16.5	17.2	0.6	-0.1	3.6	-0.6
Other Services	8.2	8.1	8.2	0.1	0.0	1.2	0.0
Government	18.8	18.7	19.7	0.1	-0.9	0.5	-4.6
Federal Government	0.9	1.0	1.0	-0.1	-0.1	-10.0	-10.0
State Government	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Local Government	16.7	16.5	17.5	0.2	-0.8	1.2	-4.6
Local Government Educational Services	10.3	10.1	10.9	0.2	-0.6	2.0	-5.5

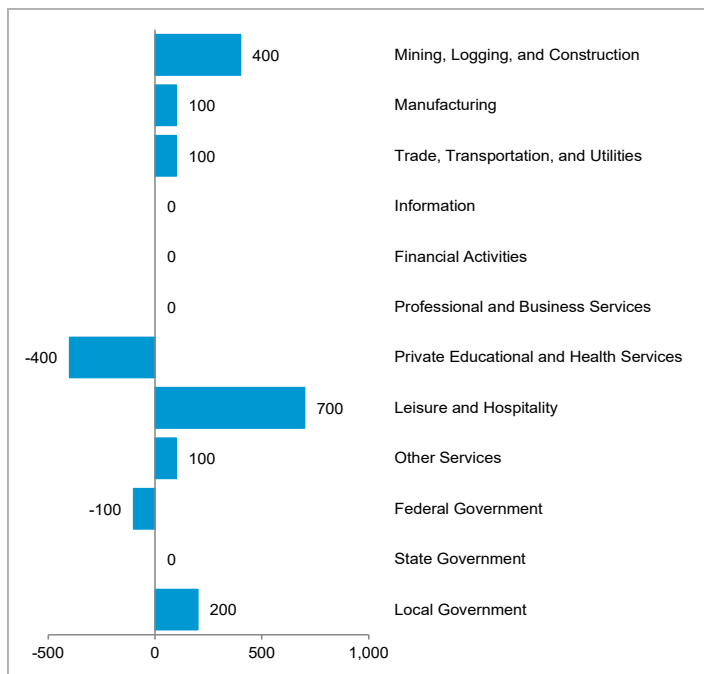
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised.

Canton-Massillon Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

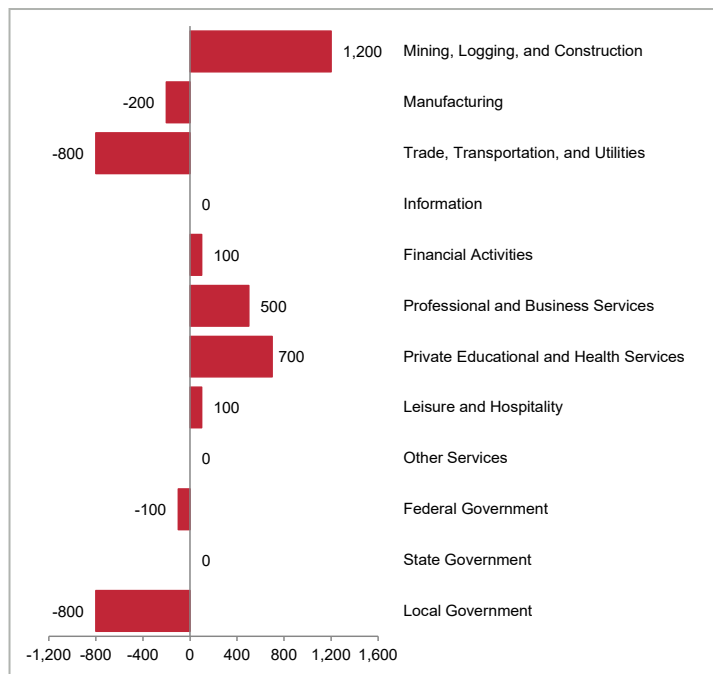
Unemployment Rates



Canton-Massillon MSA Over-the-Month Change



Canton-Massillon MSA Over-the-Year Change



Cincinnati Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

In Ohio: Brown, Butler, Clermont, Hamilton, and Warren Counties

In Indiana: Dearborn, Franklin, and Ohio Counties

In Kentucky: Boone, Bracken, Campbell, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton, and Pendleton Counties



Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Cincinnati metropolitan area totaled 1,178,000 in May 2025, a gain of 8,000 jobs from April. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 182,000, increased 2,000 in mining, logging, and construction (+1,900) and manufacturing (+100). Employment in the private service-providing sector, at 861,700, increased 9,700 as gains in leisure and hospitality (+9,000), trade, transportation, and utilities (+700), other services (+400), financial activities (+200), and information (+100) surpassed losses in professional and business services (-700). Employment in private educational and health services did not change over the month. Government employment, at 134,300, decreased 3,700 as losses in state (-4,100) and federal (-300) government exceeded gains in local government (+700).

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 14,400 from May 2024 to May 2025. The goods-producing sector gained 7,500 jobs in mining, logging, and construction (+5,400) and manufacturing (+2,100). Private service-providing employment increased 7,300 as gains in private educational and health services (+4,600), financial activities (+1,400), other services (+1,200), leisure and hospitality (+1,000), and professional and business services (+800) surpassed losses in trade, transportation, and utilities (-1,500) and information (-200). Government employment decreased 400 as losses in local (-400) and federal (-100) government outweighed gains in state government (+100).

Civilian Labor Force (thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
1,088.7	1,039.2	49.5	4.5%
1,106.3	1,057.9	48.4	4.4%
1,123.2	1,075.5	47.7	4.2%
1,130.6	1,086.3	44.3	3.9%
1,146.4	1,104.1	42.3	3.7%
1,122.7	1,044.5	78.2	7.0%
1,130.7	1,079.8	50.9	4.5%
1,146.7	1,106.5	40.2	3.5%
1,162.0	1,121.8	40.2	3.5%
1,174.3	1,125.0	49.3	4.2%
1,165.0	1,120.9	44.2	3.8%
1,168.9	1,121.6	47.3	4.0%
1,184.2	1,129.0	55.2	4.7%
1,188.6	1,133.1	55.5	4.7%
1,180.7	1,129.0	51.6	4.4%
1,178.2	1,129.2	49.0	4.2%
1,176.9	1,130.7	46.2	3.9%
1,173.7	1,124.6	49.1	4.2%
1,168.9	1,120.9	47.9	4.1%
1,167.7	1,109.9	57.8	4.9%
1,180.4	1,122.4	58.0	4.9%
1,195.8	1,137.7	58.2	4.9%
1,191.6	1,139.5	52.1	4.4%
1,190.3	1,139.5	50.8	4.3%

2015 annual avg.
2016 annual avg.
2017 annual avg.
2018 annual avg.
2019 annual avg.
2020 annual avg.
2021 annual avg.
2022 annual avg.
2023 annual avg.
2024 annual avg.

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Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
1,064.9	113.7	207.3	168.3	162.1	130.9
1,083.7	115.2	211.0	168.7	163.7	131.5
1,098.3	117.1	214.1	168.8	165.3	131.7
1,110.8	119.1	220.1	170.3	167.1	130.9
1,121.8	120.8	221.2	172.3	170.4	131.6
1,059.8	114.5	213.3	166.7	164.0	126.9
1,096.5	115.3	222.5	175.5	167.0	126.1
1,136.3	118.3	228.9	186.9	169.5	128.4
1,156.8	120.5	228.8	183.2	176.6	131.6
1,160.3	121.1	226.7	178.5	182.8	134.1
1,156.3	120.4	224.2	178.3	181.8	136.4
1,163.6	120.9	225.6	177.8	182.5	134.7
1,164.1	121.6	224.8	178.7	182.2	129.2
1,162.1	121.7	224.9	179.4	181.8	126.4
1,166.8	121.4	225.9	180.1	181.9	131.1
1,167.1	120.8	225.9	180.1	183.6	136.6
1,170.2	121.4	226.9	179.2	185.7	138.0
1,172.1	121.3	231.2	179.4	187.7	138.2
1,168.2	121.9	233.8	178.3	186.1	135.4
1,138.2	121.7	225.4	172.6	184.2	132.7
1,148.6	122.5	223.1	175.7	186.3	136.8
1,155.7	123.1	222.4	174.3	186.8	138.0
1,170.0	122.9	223.4	179.3	187.1	138.0
1,178.0	123.0	224.1	178.6	187.1	134.3

Cincinnati MSA

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a

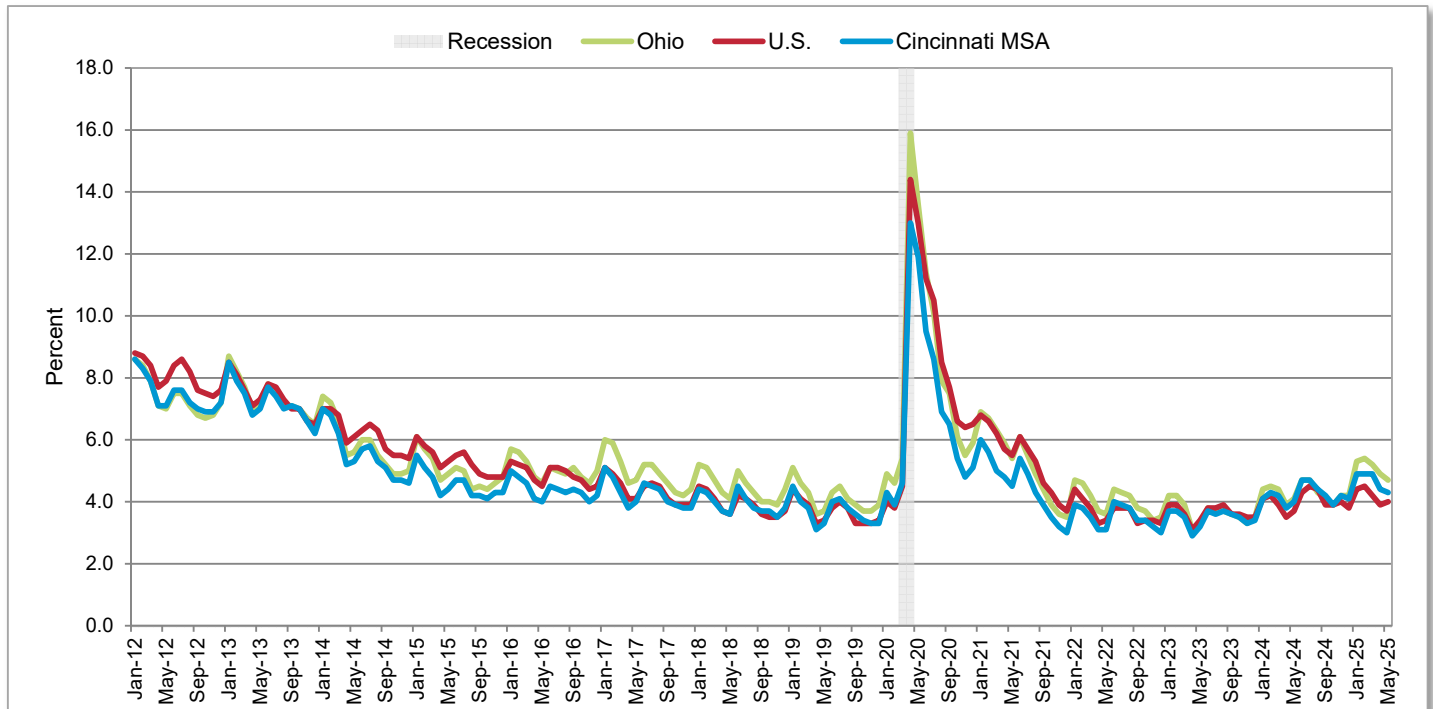
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	May 2025 ^b	Apr 2025 ^c	May 2024 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	1,178.0	1,170.0	1,163.6	8.0	14.4	0.7	1.2
Total Private	1,043.7	1,032.0	1,028.9	11.7	14.8	1.1	1.4
Goods-Producing (Private)	182.0	180.0	174.5	2.0	7.5	1.1	4.3
Mining, Logging, and Construction	59.0	57.1	53.6	1.9	5.4	3.3	10.1
Construction of Buildings	11.8	11.6	11.1	0.2	0.7	1.7	6.3
Specialty Trade Contractors	38.8	38.0	36.0	0.8	2.8	2.1	7.8
Manufacturing	123.0	122.9	120.9	0.1	2.1	0.1	1.7
Durable Goods ^d	69.0	68.6	67.6	0.4	1.4	0.6	2.1
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	22.3	22.3	22.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.5
Motor Vehicle Parts Manufacturing	9.4	9.4	9.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nondurable Goods ^e	54.0	54.3	53.3	-0.3	0.7	-0.6	1.3
Chemical Manufacturing	13.4	13.5	13.3	-0.1	0.1	-0.7	0.8
Service-Providing (Private)	861.7	852.0	854.4	9.7	7.3	1.1	0.9
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	224.1	223.4	225.6	0.7	-1.5	0.3	-0.7
Wholesale Trade	61.0	60.5	60.7	0.5	0.3	0.8	0.5
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	35.8	35.6	35.4	0.2	0.4	0.6	1.1
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	20.9	20.8	21.1	0.1	-0.2	0.5	-0.9
Retail Trade	101.5	101.9	100.4	-0.4	1.1	-0.4	1.1
Food and Beverage Retailers	19.1	19.2	19.2	-0.1	-0.1	-0.5	-0.5
Grocery and Convenience Retailers	16.6	16.6	16.8	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-1.2
General Merchandise Retailers	20.8	21.0	20.8	-0.2	0.0	-1.0	0.0
Health and Personal Care Retailers	6.3	6.3	6.4	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-1.6
Clothing, Accessories, Shoe, and Jewelry Retailers	8.3	8.2	7.6	0.1	0.7	1.2	9.2
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	61.6	61.0	64.5	0.6	-2.9	1.0	-4.5
Transportation and Warehousing	60.2	59.6	61.9	0.6	-1.7	1.0	-2.7
Air Transportation	4.6	4.6	4.7	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-2.1
Information	13.4	13.3	13.6	0.1	-0.2	0.8	-1.5
Financial Activities	79.8	79.6	78.4	0.2	1.4	0.3	1.8
Finance and Insurance	63.4	63.2	62.7	0.2	0.7	0.3	1.1
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	24.9	24.8	24.1	0.1	0.8	0.4	3.3
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	31.0	31.0	31.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Professional and Business Services	178.6	179.3	177.8	-0.7	0.8	-0.4	0.4
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	66.6	66.6	67.4	0.0	-0.8	0.0	-1.2
Management of Companies and Enterprises	43.3	43.2	42.2	0.1	1.1	0.2	2.6
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	68.7	69.5	68.2	-0.8	0.5	-1.2	0.7
Employment Services	28.0	28.3	27.4	-0.3	0.6	-1.1	2.2
Services to Buildings and Dwellings	17.8	17.6	18.0	0.2	-0.2	1.1	-1.1
Private Educational and Health Services	187.1	187.1	182.5	0.0	4.6	0.0	2.5
Private Educational Services	19.9	20.5	20.1	-0.6	-0.2	-2.9	-1.0
Health Care and Social Assistance	167.2	166.6	162.4	0.6	4.8	0.4	3.0
Hospitals	57.2	56.9	55.1	0.3	2.1	0.5	3.8
Leisure and Hospitality	135.8	126.8	134.8	9.0	1.0	7.1	0.7
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	26.7	23.2	27.3	3.5	-0.6	15.1	-2.2
Accommodation and Food Services	109.1	103.6	107.5	5.5	1.6	5.3	1.5
Other Services	42.9	42.5	41.7	0.4	1.2	0.9	2.9
Government	134.3	138.0	134.7	-3.7	-0.4	-2.7	-0.3
Federal Government	15.5	15.8	15.6	-0.3	-0.1	-1.9	-0.6
State Government	30.0	34.1	29.9	-4.1	0.1	-12.0	0.3
State Government Educational ^f Services	24.9	28.8	24.8	-3.9	0.1	-13.5	0.4
Local Government	88.8	88.1	89.2	0.7	-0.4	0.8	-0.4
Local Government Educational Services	50.5	50.6	51.4	-0.1	-0.9	-0.2	-1.8

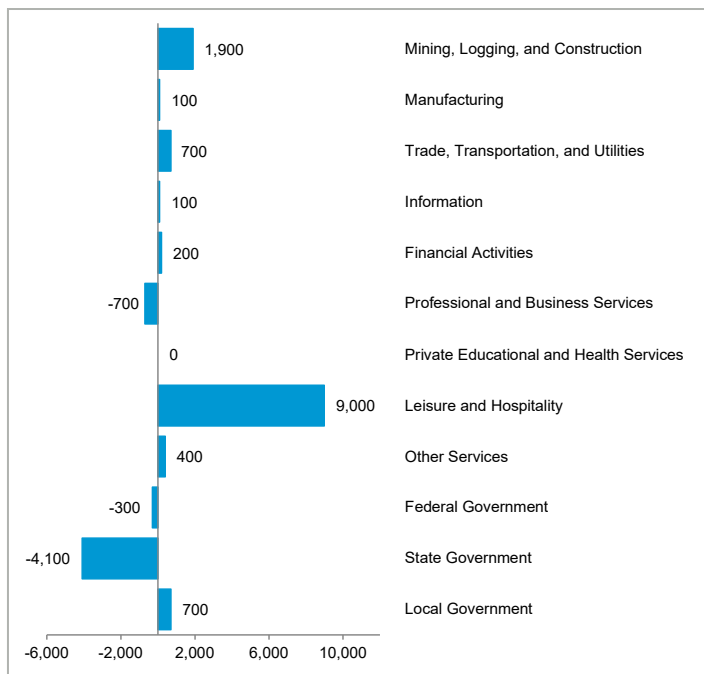
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing. ^fIncludes state universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service.

Cincinnati Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

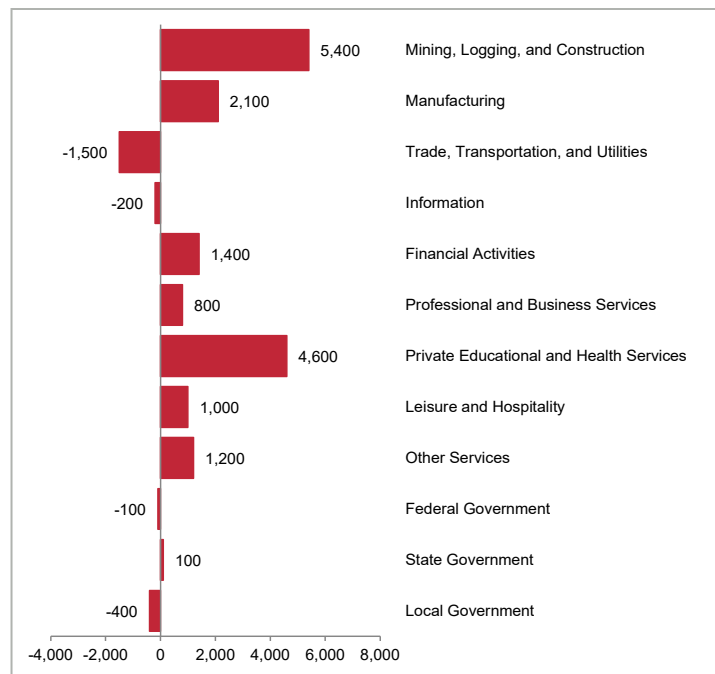
Unemployment Rates



Cincinnati MSA Over-the-Month Change

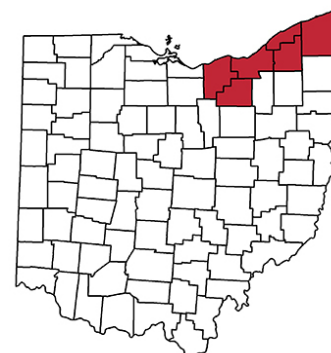


Cincinnati MSA Over-the-Year Change



Cleveland Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Ashtabula, Cuyahoga, Geauga, Lake, Lorain, and Medina Counties



Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Cleveland metropolitan area totaled 1,106,300 in May 2025, an increase of 7,800 jobs from April. Goods-producing industries, at 170,000, increased 1,200 in mining, logging, and construction (+1,000) and manufacturing (+200). Private service-providing industries, at 794,800, increased 4,100 as gains in leisure and hospitality (+2,400), trade, transportation, and utilities (+1,700), professional and business services (+500), financial activities (+400), and other services (+300) exceeded losses in private educational and health services (-1,200). Employment in information did not change over the month. Government employment, at 141,500, increased 2,500 as gains in local (+2,700) and state (+100) government surpassed losses in federal government (-300).

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 3,800 from May 2024 to May 2025. Goods-producing industries gained 200 jobs in mining, logging, and construction (+100) and manufacturing (+100). Employment in private service-providing industries increased 3,300 as gains in private educational and health services (+2,900), professional and business services (+2,200), financial activities (+1,100), and other services (+100) outpaced losses in leisure and hospitality (-1,600), trade, transportation, and utilities (-1,100), and information (-300). Government employment increased 300 as gains in local government (+1,000) exceeded losses in state (-400) and federal (-300) government.

Civilian Labor Force (thousands)					Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Total	Employed	Unemployed	Unemployment Rate		Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
1,082.4	1,027.5	54.9	5.1%	2015 annual avg.	1,076.5	131.7	188.9	152.8	203.1	139.2
1,092.6	1,033.6	59.0	5.4%	2016 annual avg.	1,086.4	128.5	189.5	154.9	207.5	141.0
1,102.7	1,041.7	61.0	5.5%	2017 annual avg.	1,089.8	128.4	187.0	157.2	208.1	141.3
1,105.9	1,054.3	51.6	4.7%	2018 annual avg.	1,101.4	131.3	187.0	161.0	209.7	142.3
1,116.4	1,071.0	45.4	4.1%	2019 annual avg.	1,112.3	131.2	190.3	164.2	212.2	143.3
1,061.4	958.9	102.5	9.7%	2020 annual avg.	1,037.2	122.1	183.4	155.6	202.2	136.1
1,061.2	999.7	61.5	5.8%	2021 annual avg.	1,057.1	121.9	188.5	160.3	199.7	133.9
1,073.8	1,024.6	49.2	4.6%	2022 annual avg.	1,079.3	125.6	192.6	157.2	202.1	135.1
1,085.0	1,045.1	39.9	3.7%	2023 annual avg.	1,089.6	127.1	192.6	155.0	207.2	136.8
1,100.0	1,058.0	42.0	3.8%	2024 annual avg.	1,093.8	126.4	191.2	153.1	213.7	138.3
				2024						
1,098.9	1,058.9	40.0	3.6%	April	1,089.7	126.5	189.7	151.6	213.2	139.7
1,096.9	1,054.3	42.6	3.9%	May	1,102.5	126.8	191.2	153.3	213.4	141.2
1,119.0	1,069.9	49.1	4.4%	June	1,107.0	127.6	191.8	154.5	212.3	139.6
1,133.9	1,084.1	49.8	4.4%	July	1,103.2	126.6	191.6	155.9	211.9	136.1
1,118.8	1,077.0	41.8	3.7%	August	1,100.9	126.0	190.8	155.6	212.7	136.8
1,107.6	1,070.6	37.0	3.3%	September	1,091.3	125.2	189.0	153.8	214.8	136.8
1,103.0	1,070.0	33.0	3.0%	October	1,099.7	125.8	190.5	156.1	216.8	138.6
1,099.2	1,064.4	34.7	3.2%	November	1,101.6	126.1	192.8	155.9	217.6	140.2
1,088.2	1,051.8	36.4	3.3%	December	1,094.1	126.4	194.7	151.8	215.9	137.1
				2025						
1,086.2	1,036.6	49.6	4.6%	January	1,071.6	125.4	188.0	148.4	214.0	135.6
1,095.3	1,040.5	54.8	5.0%	February	1,084.0	126.0	188.4	153.1	216.9	138.4
1,101.5	1,054.8	46.7	4.2%	March	1,086.9	126.3	188.3	152.0	216.9	138.8
1,102.2	1,054.0	48.1	4.4%	April	1,098.5	126.7	188.4	155.0	217.5	139.0
1,091.2	1,039.0	52.2	4.8%	May	1,106.3	126.9	190.1	155.5	216.3	141.5

Cleveland MSA

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a

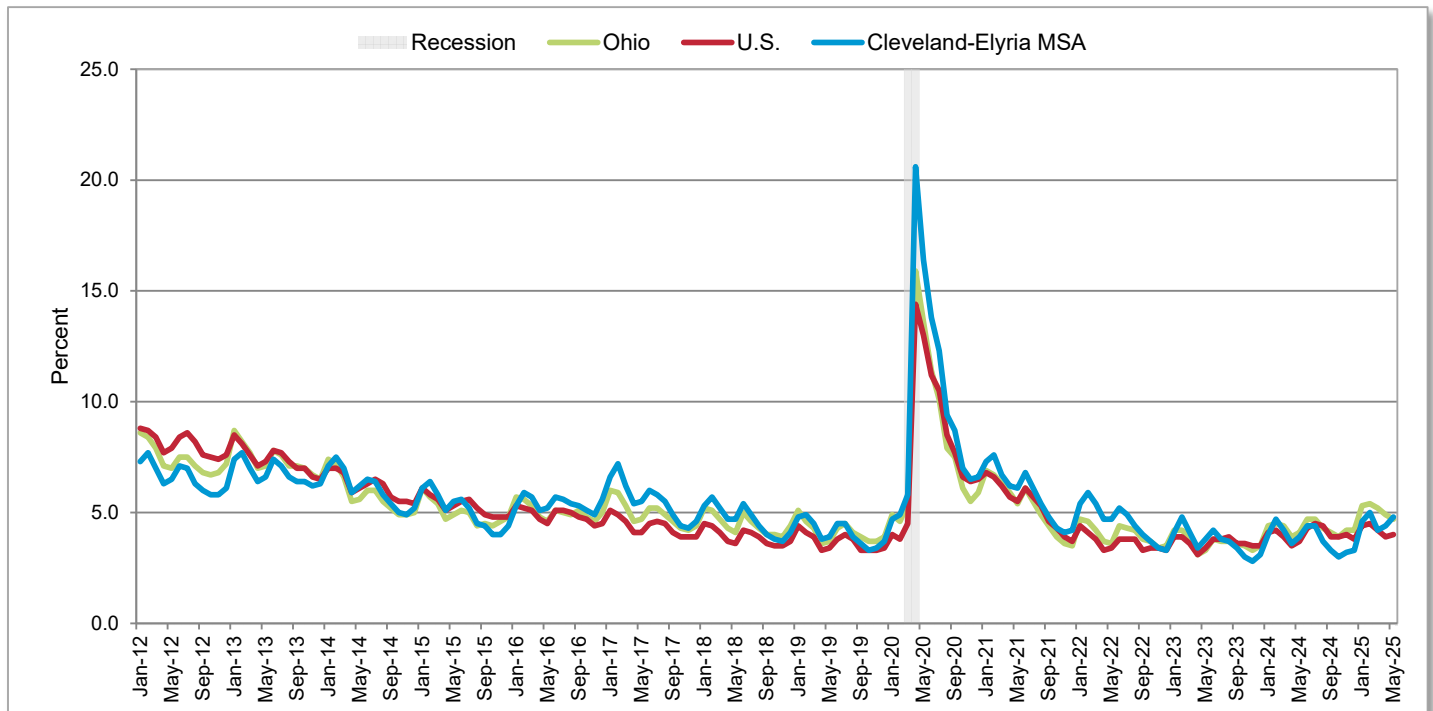
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	May 2025 ^b	Apr 2025 ^c	May 2024 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	1,106.3	1,098.5	1,102.5	7.8	3.8	0.7	0.3
Total Private	964.8	959.5	961.3	5.3	3.5	0.6	0.4
Goods-Producing (Private)	170.0	168.8	169.8	1.2	0.2	0.7	0.1
Mining, Logging, and Construction	43.1	42.1	43.0	1.0	0.1	2.4	0.2
Specialty Trade Contractors	29.1	28.2	28.0	0.9	1.1	3.2	3.9
Manufacturing	126.9	126.7	126.8	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1
Durable Goods ^d	88.7	88.2	88.4	0.5	0.3	0.6	0.3
Primary Metal Manufacturing	6.8	6.8	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	25.7	25.7	26.2	0.0	-0.5	0.0	-1.9
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	14.5	14.5	14.9	0.0	-0.4	0.0	-2.7
Motor Vehicle Parts Manufacturing	8.9	8.9	8.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nondurable Goods ^e	38.2	38.5	38.4	-0.3	-0.2	-0.8	-0.5
Service-Providing (Private)	794.8	790.7	791.5	4.1	3.3	0.5	0.4
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	190.1	188.4	191.2	1.7	-1.1	0.9	-0.6
Wholesale Trade	53.1	52.8	53.7	0.3	-0.6	0.6	-1.1
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	32.1	32.0	32.3	0.1	-0.2	0.3	-0.6
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	16.7	16.9	17.3	-0.2	-0.6	-1.2	-3.5
Retail Trade	97.4	96.3	97.4	1.1	0.0	1.1	0.0
Food and Beverage Retailers	20.7	20.8	20.8	-0.1	-0.1	-0.5	-0.5
General Merchandise Retailers	20.1	19.4	19.3	0.7	0.8	3.6	4.1
Health and Personal Care Retailers	8.3	8.3	8.6	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-3.5
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	39.6	39.3	40.1	0.3	-0.5	0.8	-1.2
Transportation and Warehousing	37.9	37.5	37.5	0.4	0.4	1.1	1.1
Information	14.0	14.0	14.3	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-2.1
Financial Activities	72.4	72.0	71.3	0.4	1.1	0.6	1.5
Finance and Insurance	56.1	55.9	56.0	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.2
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	17.6	17.5	17.7	0.1	-0.1	0.6	-0.6
Depository Credit Intermediation	12.5	12.5	12.6	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-0.8
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	32.0	32.0	32.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Insurance Carriers	20.8	20.8	20.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Professional and Business Services	155.5	155.0	153.3	0.5	2.2	0.3	1.4
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	63.7	63.6	62.7	0.1	1.0	0.2	1.6
Management of Companies and Enterprises	29.1	29.0	29.3	0.1	-0.2	0.3	-0.7
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	62.7	62.4	61.3	0.3	1.4	0.5	2.3
Administrative and Support Services	57.6	57.3	58.0	0.3	-0.4	0.5	-0.7
Employment Services	23.1	23.3	22.9	-0.2	0.2	-0.9	0.9
Private Educational and Health Services	216.3	217.5	213.4	-1.2	2.9	-0.6	1.4
Private Educational Services	32.1	33.2	31.1	-1.1	1.0	-3.3	3.2
Health Care and Social Assistance	184.2	184.3	182.3	-0.1	1.9	-0.1	1.0
Hospitals	74.9	74.8	73.6	0.1	1.3	0.1	1.8
Nursing and Residential Care Facilities	33.1	33.0	32.6	0.1	0.5	0.3	1.5
Leisure and Hospitality	106.7	104.3	108.3	2.4	-1.6	2.3	-1.5
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	19.3	17.5	19.1	1.8	0.2	10.3	1.0
Accommodation and Food Services	87.4	86.8	89.2	0.6	-1.8	0.7	-2.0
Other Services	39.8	39.5	39.7	0.3	0.1	0.8	0.3
Government	141.5	139.0	141.2	2.5	0.3	1.8	0.2
Federal Government	20.9	21.2	21.2	-0.3	-0.3	-1.4	-1.4
State Government	7.2	7.1	7.6	0.1	-0.4	1.4	-5.3
State Government Educational ^f Services	3.0	3.0	3.4	0.0	-0.4	0.0	-11.8
Local Government	113.4	110.7	112.4	2.7	1.0	2.4	0.9
Local Government Educational Services	50.0	49.4	50.8	0.6	-0.8	1.2	-1.6

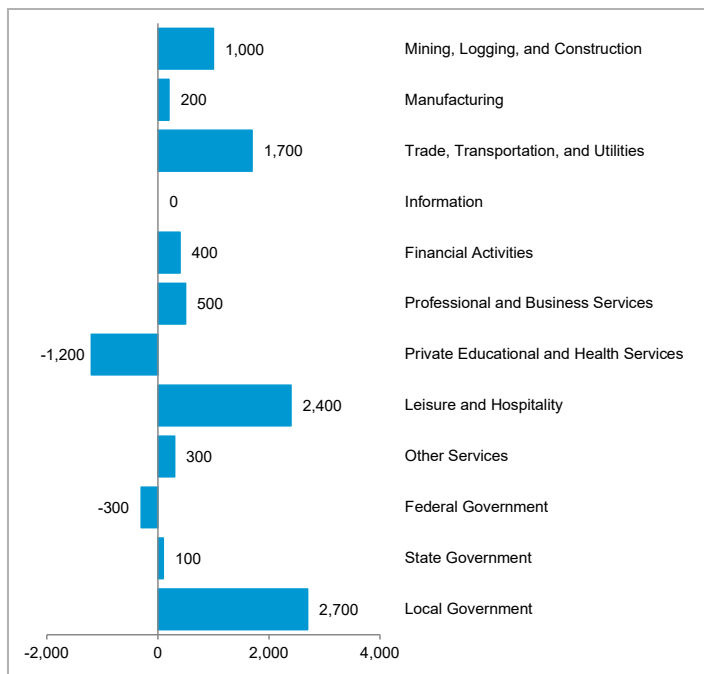
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Cleveland Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

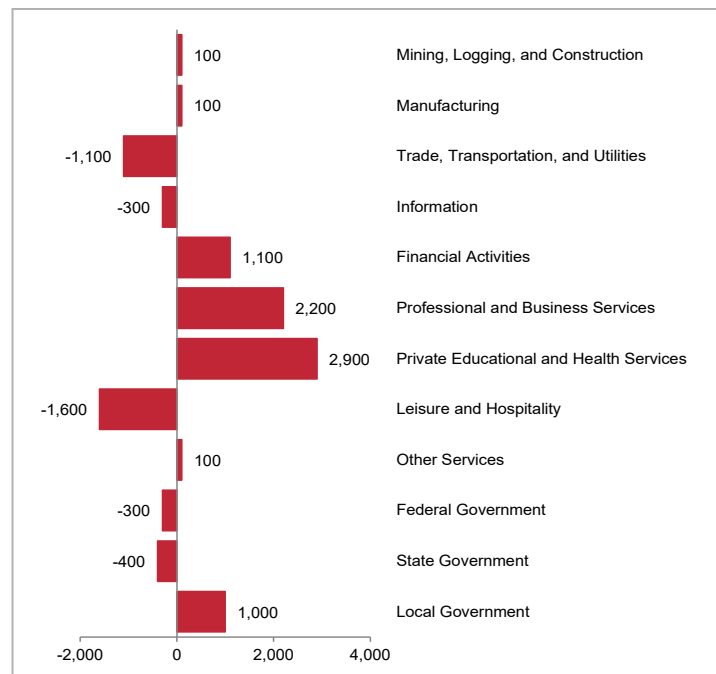
Unemployment Rates



Cleveland MSA Over-the-Month Change



Cleveland MSA Over-the-Year Change



Columbus Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Delaware, Fairfield, Franklin, Hocking, Licking, Madison, Morrow, Perry, Pickaway, and Union Counties



Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Columbus metropolitan area totaled 1,191,200 in May 2025, an increase of 12,900 jobs from April. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 134,000 increased 2,700 in mining, logging, and construction. Manufacturing employment did not change over the month Private service-providing employment, at 859,300, increased 10,100 as gains in leisure and hospitality (+6,000), professional and business services (+2,000), trade, transportation, and utilities (+1,500), other services (+700), information (+100), and financial activities (+100) outweighed losses in private educational and health services (-300). Government employment, at 197,900, increased 100 as gains in local government (+1,400) surpassed losses in state (-900) and federal (-400) government.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 18,400 from May 2024 to May 2025. Goods-producing industries increased 3,300 in mining, logging, and construction (+2,200) and manufacturing (+1,100). Employment in the private service-providing sector increased 10,500 as gains in professional and business services (+6,500), private educational and health services (+3,200), financial activities (+2,000), and other services (+1,300) surpassed losses in trade, transportation, and utilities (-2,400) and leisure and hospitality (-100). Employment in information did not change over the year. Government employment increased 4,600 over the year, as gains in state (+4,700) and local (+100) government surpassed losses in federal government (-200).

Civilian Labor Force (thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
1,042.8	998.8	44.0	4.2%
1,060.7	1,016.0	44.6	4.2%
1,081.2	1,037.2	44.0	4.1%
1,089.4	1,047.8	41.7	3.8%
1,108.6	1,068.9	39.7	3.6%
1,099.9	1,022.2	77.7	7.1%
1,111.6	1,058.5	53.1	4.8%
1,118.7	1,080.4	38.3	3.4%
1,137.0	1,099.8	37.2	3.3%
1,159.1	1,113.0	46.1	4.0%
1,148.6	1,106.7	42.0	3.7%
1,157.5	1,112.9	44.7	3.9%
1,173.7	1,122.6	51.0	4.3%
1,178.6	1,127.4	51.2	4.3%
1,168.8	1,120.6	48.1	4.1%
1,165.7	1,119.2	46.5	4.0%
1,164.5	1,121.6	42.9	3.7%
1,163.7	1,117.5	46.2	4.0%
1,156.2	1,110.7	45.4	3.9%
1,152.4	1,097.5	54.9	4.8%
1,164.6	1,108.3	56.3	4.8%
1,183.6	1,126.7	56.9	4.8%
1,177.7	1,123.6	54.2	4.6%
1,177.7	1,126.6	51.1	4.3%

2015 annual avg.
2016 annual avg.
2017 annual avg.
2018 annual avg.
2019 annual avg.
2020 annual avg.
2021 annual avg.
2022 annual avg.
2023 annual avg.
2024 annual avg.

2024
April
May
June
July
August
September
October
November
December

2025
January
February
March
April
May

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
1,040.6	71.7	197.2	176.9	148.9	170.5
1,064.3	71.6	201.9	180.5	153.2	174.0
1,085.4	72.3	207.0	180.0	158.6	177.7
1,100.3	73.3	208.6	181.4	161.8	180.0
1,113.8	73.6	213.2	182.1	163.1	183.1
1,063.8	70.2	215.6	174.7	155.2	177.0
1,101.5	72.5	226.6	181.3	158.0	178.5
1,135.4	74.3	230.6	190.1	161.1	180.3
1,155.2	74.8	226.7	191.6	170.4	185.4
1,169.1	76.1	224.0	189.7	179.1	191.9
1,160.7	75.6	221.2	188.2	178.3	192.1
1,172.8	75.9	222.2	190.0	179.4	193.3
1,176.3	76.2	222.8	189.8	178.9	191.3
1,175.3	76.2	223.3	190.4	179.1	189.1
1,176.7	76.4	223.9	191.3	180.0	188.7
1,175.9	76.6	224.0	189.6	180.8	192.8
1,179.4	76.9	225.0	190.8	181.4	194.0
1,183.1	76.9	226.9	194.2	182.1	195.4
1,177.3	77.1	228.1	191.7	181.9	195.0
1,149.4	76.5	219.5	187.7	178.5	194.1
1,158.1	76.8	218.8	190.0	181.7	196.0
1,164.5	77.0	218.5	189.8	182.1	197.1
1,178.3	77.0	218.3	194.5	182.9	197.8
1,191.2	77.0	219.8	196.5	182.6	197.9

Columbus MSA

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a

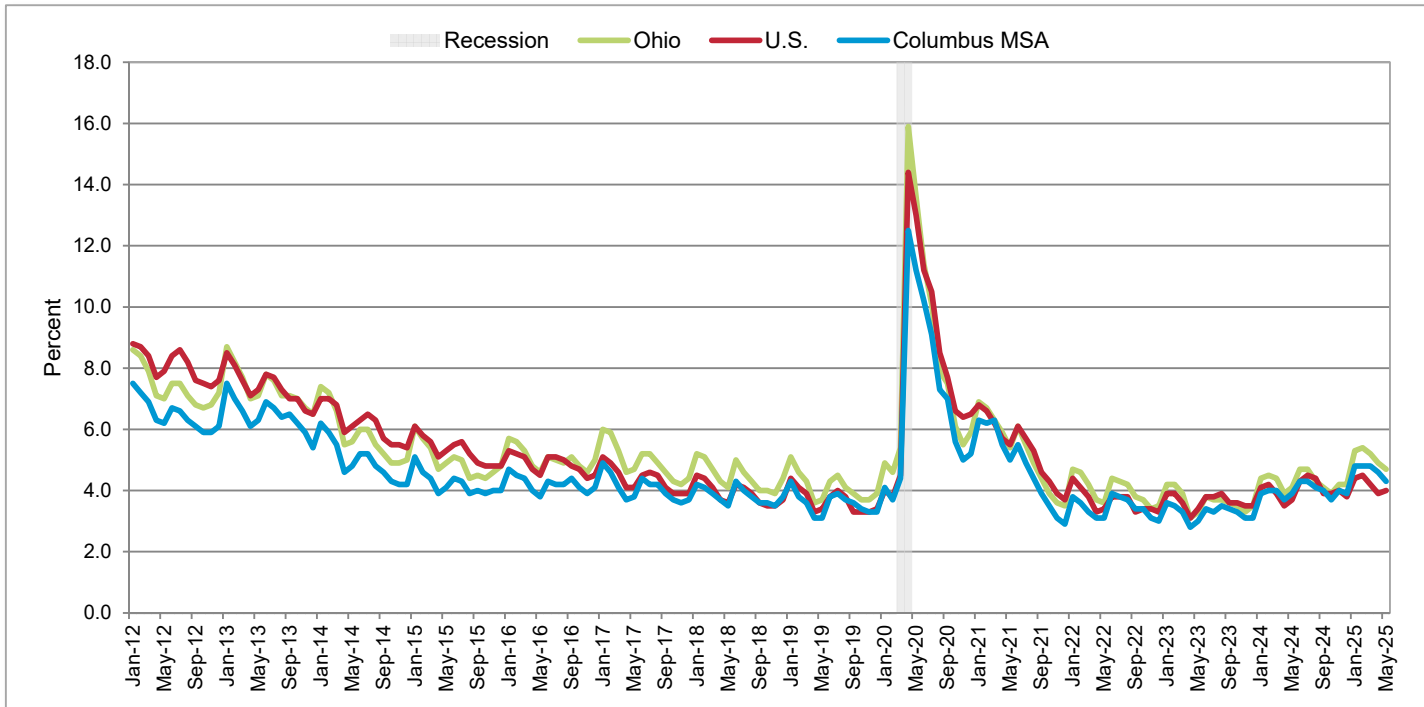
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	May 2025 ^b	Apr 2025 ^c	May 2024 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	1,191.2	1,178.3	1,172.8	12.9	18.4	1.1	1.6
Total Private	993.3	980.5	979.5	12.8	13.8	1.3	1.4
Goods-Producing (Private)	134.0	131.3	130.7	2.7	3.3	2.1	2.5
Mining, Logging, and Construction	57.0	54.3	54.8	2.7	2.2	5.0	4.0
Specialty Trade Contractors	36.6	35.8	33.0	0.8	3.6	2.2	10.9
Manufacturing	77.0	77.0	75.9	0.0	1.1	0.0	1.4
Durable Goods ^d	45.4	45.4	44.9	0.0	0.5	0.0	1.1
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	13.6	13.6	13.8	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-1.4
Nondurable Goods ^e	31.6	31.6	31.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	1.9
Food Manufacturing	8.4	8.4	8.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	2.4
Service-Providing (Private)	859.3	849.2	848.8	10.1	10.5	1.2	1.2
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	219.8	218.3	222.2	1.5	-2.4	0.7	-1.1
Wholesale Trade	42.2	41.7	42.5	0.5	-0.3	1.2	-0.7
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	25.8	25.6	26.3	0.2	-0.5	0.8	-1.9
Retail Trade	104.4	104.5	103.1	-0.1	1.3	-0.1	1.3
General Merchandise Retailers	20.1	20.1	20.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.5
Health and Personal Care Retailers	6.6	6.7	6.5	-0.1	0.1	-1.5	1.5
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	73.2	72.1	76.6	1.1	-3.4	1.5	-4.4
Transportation and Warehousing	68.7	67.8	72.2	0.9	-3.5	1.3	-4.8
Information	18.0	17.9	18.0	0.1	0.0	0.6	0.0
Financial Activities	81.6	81.5	79.6	0.1	2.0	0.1	2.5
Finance and Insurance	62.9	63.0	61.4	-0.1	1.5	-0.2	2.4
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	26.7	26.6	26.8	0.1	-0.1	0.4	-0.4
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	28.2	28.2	28.7	0.0	-0.5	0.0	-1.7
Insurance Carriers	15.5	15.5	16.1	0.0	-0.6	0.0	-3.7
Professional and Business Services	196.5	194.5	190.0	2.0	6.5	1.0	3.4
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	77.1	75.9	74.9	1.2	2.2	1.6	2.9
Computer Systems Design and Related Services	17.9	17.7	18.4	0.2	-0.5	1.1	-2.7
Management of Companies and Enterprises	43.1	42.8	43.0	0.3	0.1	0.7	0.2
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	76.3	75.8	72.1	0.5	4.2	0.7	5.8
Employment Services	30.9	30.7	30.1	0.2	0.8	0.7	2.7
Private Educational and Health Services	182.6	182.9	179.4	-0.3	3.2	-0.2	1.8
Health Care and Social Assistance	161.6	161.6	160.3	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.8
Hospitals	35.4	35.3	35.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.9
Leisure and Hospitality	114.7	108.7	114.8	6.0	-0.1	5.5	-0.1
Accommodation and Food Services	96.3	93.2	96.9	3.1	-0.6	3.3	-0.6
Food Services and Drinking Places	88.6	85.8	88.9	2.8	-0.3	3.3	-0.3
Other Services	46.1	45.4	44.8	0.7	1.3	1.5	2.9
Government	197.9	197.8	193.3	0.1	4.6	0.1	2.4
Federal Government	15.1	15.5	15.3	-0.4	-0.2	-2.6	-1.3
State Government	86.4	87.3	81.7	-0.9	4.7	-1.0	5.8
State Government Educational ^f Services	33.7	34.6	32.0	-0.9	1.7	-2.6	5.3
Local Government	96.4	95.0	96.3	1.4	0.1	1.5	0.1
Local Government Educational Services	54.9	54.8	55.6	0.1	-0.7	0.2	-1.3

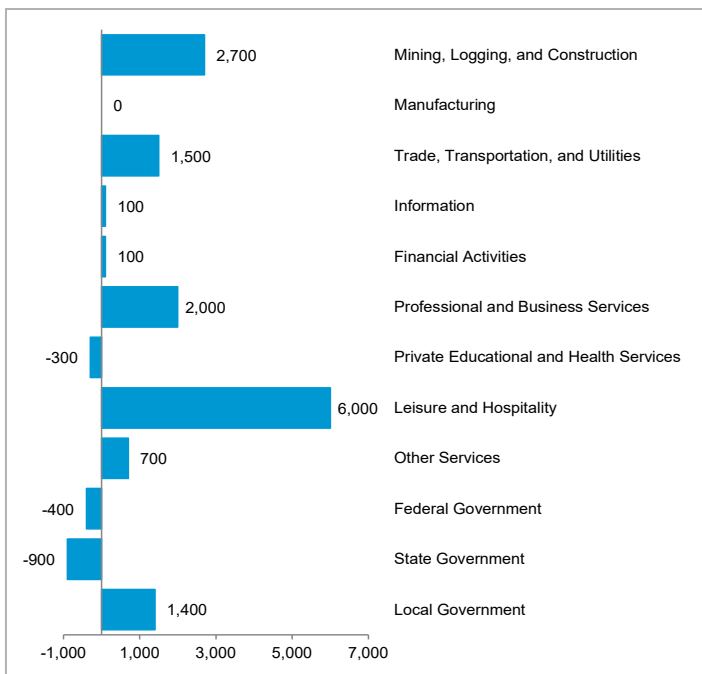
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing. ^fIncludes state universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service.

Columbus Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

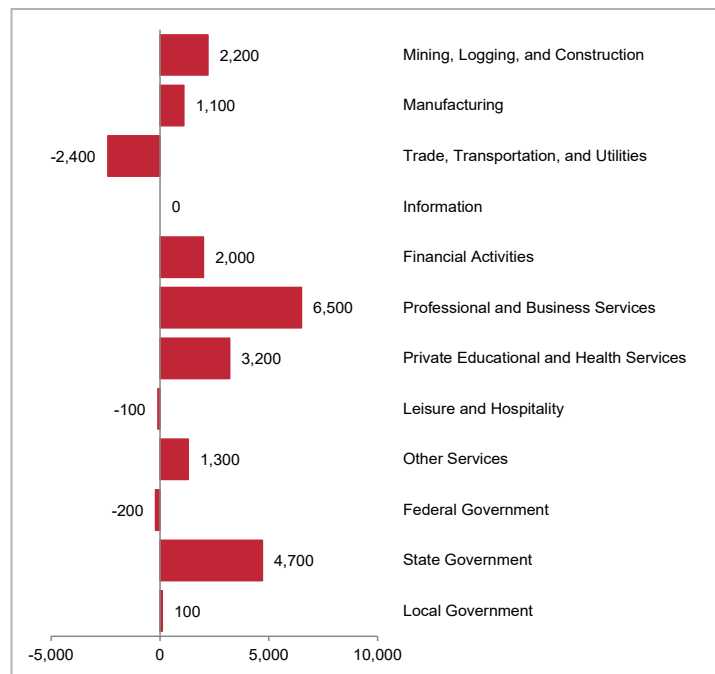
Unemployment Rates



Columbus MSA Over-the-Month Change



Columbus MSA Over-the-Year Change



Dayton-Kettering-Beavercreek Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Greene, Miami, and Montgomery Counties



Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Dayton-Kettering-Beavercreek metropolitan area totaled 397,000 in May 2025, an increase of 2,000 jobs from April. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 56,000, did not change over the month, as gains in mining, logging, and construction (+300) were offset by losses in manufacturing (-300). Private service-providing employment, at 278,600, increased 2,000 as gains in leisure and hospitality (+1,900), information (+100), private educational and health services (+100), and other services (+100) exceeded losses in professional and business services (-200). Government employment, at 62,400, did not change over the month, as gains in local government (+500) were offset by losses in state (-300) and federal (-200) government.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 800 from May 2024 to May 2025. Employment in goods-producing industries decreased 300 as losses in manufacturing (-1,000) outweighed gains in mining, logging, and construction (+700). Private service-providing sector employment increased 1,500 over the year, as gains in private educational and health services (+1,800), leisure and hospitality (+800), information (+300), and other services (+100) exceeded losses in professional and business services (-1,300) and trade, transportation, and utilities (-200). Government employment decreased 400 as losses in local (-300) and federal (-200) government exceeded gains in state government (+100).

Civilian Labor Force (thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
383.3	364.8	18.6	4.9%
386.5	368.1	18.4	4.7%
389.8	371.8	18.0	4.6%
389.2	372.5	16.7	4.3%
392.9	377.1	15.9	4.0%
387.3	356.6	30.7	7.9%
382.3	362.1	20.2	5.3%
382.2	367.4	14.8	3.9%
388.3	373.9	14.4	3.7%
395.5	378.3	17.2	4.3%
394.0	378.6	15.4	3.9%
394.3	377.9	16.4	4.1%
399.3	380.3	19.0	4.8%
399.9	380.9	19.0	4.7%
397.1	379.2	17.8	4.5%
395.9	378.6	17.3	4.4%
396.0	380.0	16.0	4.0%
395.9	378.8	17.1	4.3%
394.3	377.0	17.3	4.4%
395.5	374.4	21.2	5.3%
399.0	377.6	21.4	5.4%
404.0	382.6	21.5	5.3%
399.3	378.8	20.5	5.1%
396.9	377.6	19.3	4.9%

2015 annual avg.
2016 annual avg.
2017 annual avg.
2018 annual avg.
2019 annual avg.
2020 annual avg.
2021 annual avg.
2022 annual avg.
2023 annual avg.
2024 annual avg.

2024
April
May
June
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November
December

2025
January
February
March
April
May

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
379.4	40.0	65.6	50.4	71.2	62.7
384.2	41.2	65.3	51.0	72.8	63.0
387.6	42.0	65.6	51.4	73.7	62.6
389.4	43.0	66.2	52.7	74.0	62.0
391.2	43.7	65.6	52.8	74.8	62.3
369.4	40.5	63.8	51.1	71.3	60.8
374.7	40.7	65.3	52.2	71.1	60.6
384.0	41.7	67.6	53.4	71.9	61.1
390.9	41.4	69.3	53.2	75.1	61.8
395.4	41.2	70.1	52.9	78.0	62.8
395.1	41.2	69.5	53.5	77.7	63.5
396.2	41.2	69.9	53.5	77.5	62.8
396.5	41.5	69.5	53.4	77.2	62.3
395.1	41.1	69.9	53.7	77.2	60.4
396.2	41.2	69.8	53.3	77.8	61.7
395.6	41.1	69.4	52.8	78.7	63.3
397.5	41.0	70.0	53.1	79.2	63.8
399.2	41.1	71.3	53.1	79.5	64.1
397.6	41.1	72.0	52.2	79.0	63.5
390.3	40.6	69.6	51.6	78.8	62.1
392.7	40.7	69.5	52.0	79.3	63.0
393.2	40.5	69.3	51.7	79.1	63.2
395.0	40.5	69.7	52.4	79.2	62.4
397.0	40.2	69.7	52.2	79.3	62.4

Dayton-Kettering-Beavercreek MSA

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a

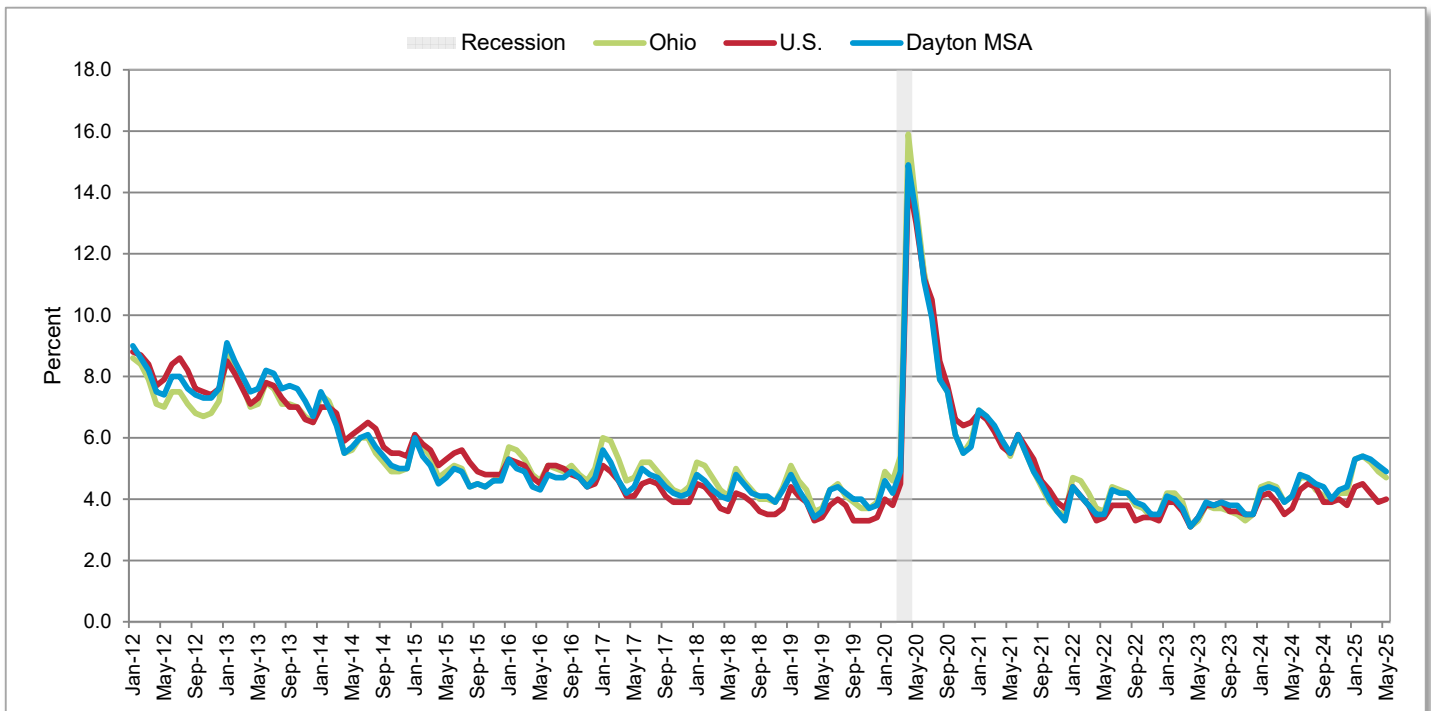
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	May 2025 ^b	Apr 2025 ^c	May 2024 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	397.0	395.0	396.2	2.0	0.8	0.5	0.2
Total Private	334.6	332.6	333.4	2.0	1.2	0.6	0.4
Goods-Producing (Private)	56.0	56.0	56.3	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-0.5
Mining, Logging, and Construction	15.8	15.5	15.1	0.3	0.7	1.9	4.6
Manufacturing	40.2	40.5	41.2	-0.3	-1.0	-0.7	-2.4
Durable Goods ^d	30.1	30.0	30.0	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	5.5	5.5	5.6	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-1.8
Service-Providing (Private)	278.6	276.6	277.1	2.0	1.5	0.7	0.5
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	69.7	69.7	69.9	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-0.3
Wholesale Trade	14.6	14.5	14.6	0.1	0.0	0.7	0.0
Retail Trade	37.6	37.9	37.9	-0.3	-0.3	-0.8	-0.8
General Merchandise Retailers	8.2	8.3	8.2	-0.1	0.0	-1.2	0.0
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	17.5	17.3	17.4	0.2	0.1	1.2	0.6
Transportation and Warehousing	16.8	16.6	16.4	0.2	0.4	1.2	2.4
Information	5.8	5.7	5.5	0.1	0.3	1.8	5.5
Financial Activities	16.3	16.3	16.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Finance and Insurance	12.3	12.3	12.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Professional and Business Services	52.2	52.4	53.5	-0.2	-1.3	-0.4	-2.4
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	30.6	30.7	30.6	-0.1	0.0	-0.3	0.0
Management of Companies and Enterprises	5.4	5.4	5.7	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-5.3
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	16.2	16.3	17.2	-0.1	-1.0	-0.6	-5.8
Private Educational and Health Services	79.3	79.2	77.5	0.1	1.8	0.1	2.3
Health Care and Social Assistance	67.1	67.0	65.9	0.1	1.2	0.1	1.8
Hospitals	18.9	18.8	18.7	0.1	0.2	0.5	1.1
Leisure and Hospitality	41.0	39.1	40.2	1.9	0.8	4.9	2.0
Other Services	14.3	14.2	14.2	0.1	0.1	0.7	0.7
Government	62.4	62.4	62.8	0.0	-0.4	0.0	-0.6
Federal Government	21.0	21.2	21.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.9	-0.9
State Government	4.4	4.7	4.3	-0.3	0.1	-6.4	2.3
State Government Educational ^e Services	3.1	3.4	3.2	-0.3	-0.1	-8.8	-3.1
Local Government	37.0	36.5	37.3	0.5	-0.3	1.4	-0.8
Local Government Educational Services	21.6	21.5	21.4	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.9

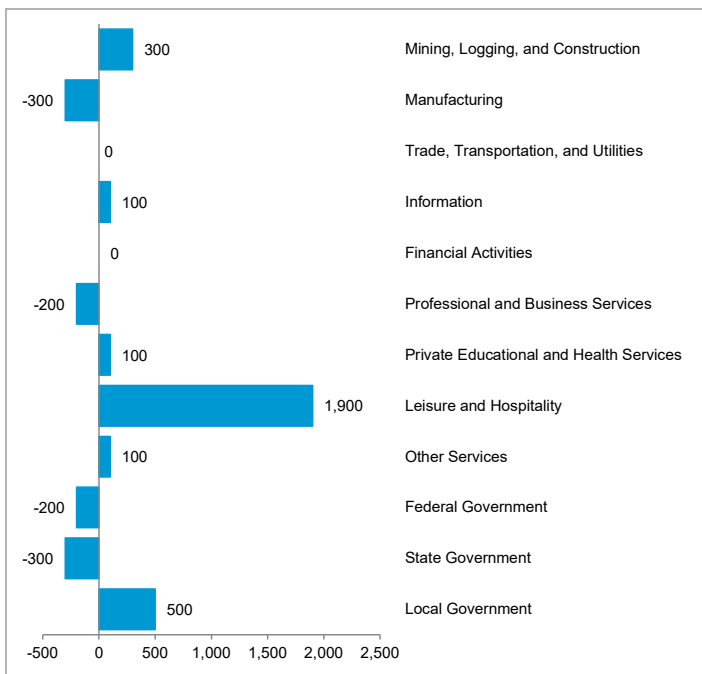
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes state universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service.

Dayton-Kettering-Beavercreek Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

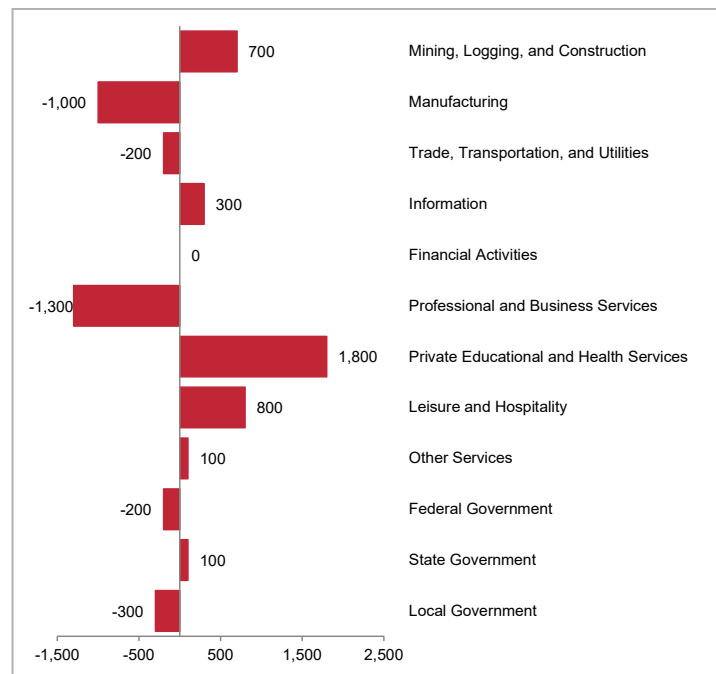
Unemployment Rates



Dayton-Kettering-Beavercreek MSA Over-the-Month Change



Dayton-Kettering-Beavercreek MSA Over-the-Year Change



Lima Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Allen County



Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Lima metropolitan area totaled 52,400 in May 2025, an increase of 300 from April. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 11,200, did not change over the month, as gains in mining, logging, and construction (+100) were offset by losses in manufacturing (-100). Private service-providing employment, at 35,300, increased 300 in scattered industries (+200) and leisure and hospitality (+100). Government employment, at 5,900, did not change over the month.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 500 from May 2024 to May 2025. Employment in goods-producing industries increased 300 in manufacturing (+200) and mining, logging, and construction (+100). Employment in private service-providing industries increased 200, as gains in private educational and health services (+400) and scattered industries (+200) outpaced losses in professional and business services (-200), trade, transportation, and utilities (-100), and leisure and hospitality (-100). Government employment did not change over the year.

Civilian Labor Force (thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
48.0	45.7	2.4	4.9%
49.0	46.5	2.4	5.0%
49.3	46.9	2.4	4.9%
48.5	46.4	2.1	4.4%
48.7	46.7	2.0	4.0%
48.2	44.1	4.1	8.5%
47.7	44.9	2.8	5.9%
47.2	45.2	2.0	4.2%
47.4	45.5	1.8	3.8%
47.6	45.5	2.1	4.4%
47.2	45.3	1.9	4.0%
47.5	45.6	1.9	4.1%
48.7	46.3	2.4	5.0%
48.2	45.9	2.3	4.7%
47.8	45.7	2.1	4.4%
47.4	45.3	2.1	4.4%
47.5	45.6	1.9	4.0%
47.6	45.5	2.1	4.5%
47.5	45.5	2.1	4.4%
47.8	45.3	2.5	5.3%
48.1	45.5	2.6	5.4%
48.6	46.0	2.6	5.3%
48.1	45.7	2.4	4.9%
48.0	45.7	2.3	4.7%

2015 annual avg.
2016 annual avg.
2017 annual avg.
2018 annual avg.
2019 annual avg.
2020 annual avg.
2021 annual avg.
2022 annual avg.
2023 annual avg.
2024 annual avg.

2024
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2025
 January
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 April
 May

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
52.3	8.8	9.8	4.9	11.0	6.1
52.9	8.9	9.9	4.7	11.8	6.1
53.3	9.0	9.8	4.5	12.1	6.1
53.0	9.2	9.8	4.6	11.9	6.0
53.0	9.1	9.7	5.2	11.5	6.1
49.9	8.4	9.3	5.3	10.7	5.9
50.8	8.2	9.6	5.8	10.8	5.9
51.6	8.4	9.7	5.8	10.8	6.0
52.0	8.6	9.5	6.0	10.8	6.0
51.9	8.8	9.3	5.5	10.9	5.9
51.6	8.7	9.2	5.5	10.7	6.0
51.9	8.7	9.4	5.5	10.7	5.9
52.5	8.8	9.3	5.8	10.8	5.9
52.0	8.9	9.3	5.6	10.7	5.8
51.9	8.9	9.3	5.6	10.8	5.7
51.6	9.0	9.2	5.3	10.9	5.8
52.0	8.9	9.3	5.3	11.0	5.8
52.1	8.9	9.5	5.3	11.0	5.8
52.4	9.0	9.7	5.3	11.1	5.8
51.4	8.9	9.5	5.1	11.0	5.8
51.7	9.0	9.4	5.2	11.0	5.8
51.7	9.0	9.3	5.2	11.1	5.8
52.1	9.0	9.3	5.3	11.1	5.9
52.4	8.9	9.3	5.3	11.1	5.9

Lima MSA

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a

Not Seasonally Adjusted

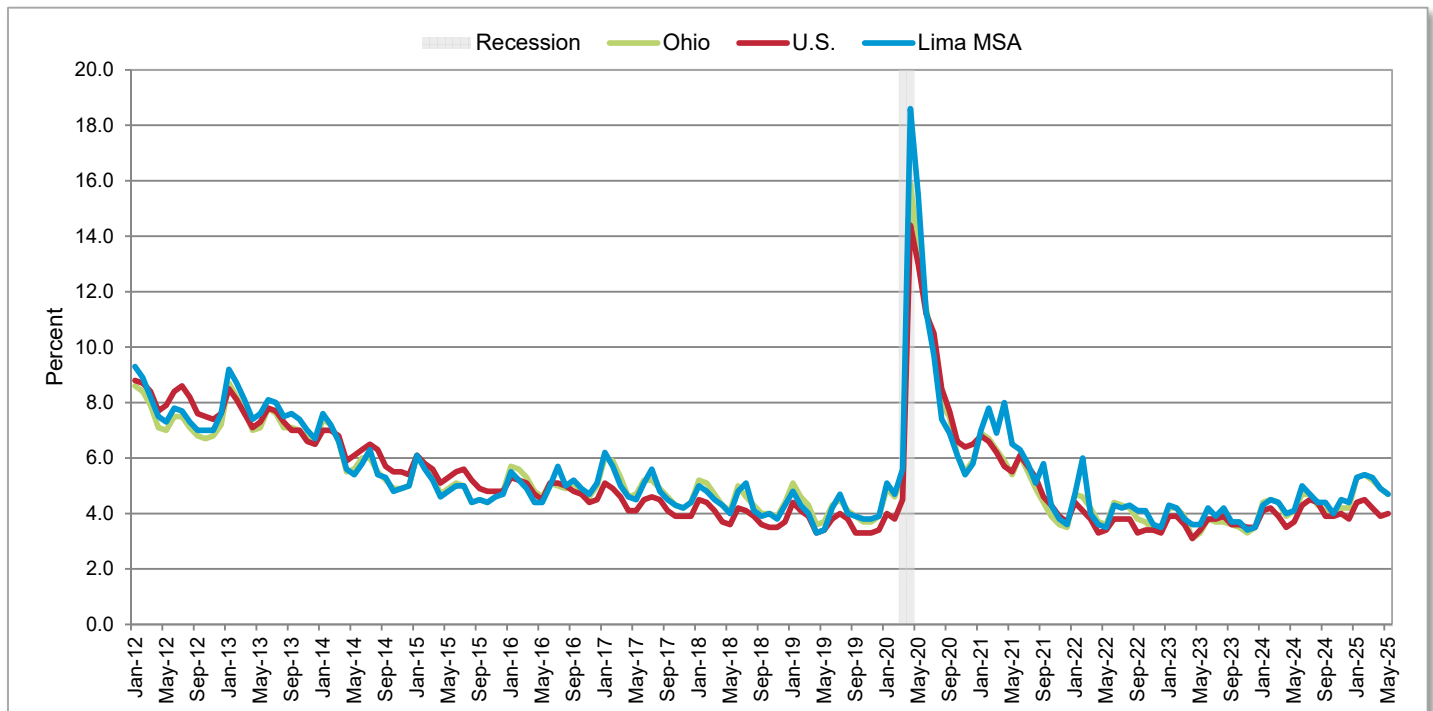
Total Nonagricultural
Total Private
Goods-Producing (Private)
Mining, Logging, and Construction
Manufacturing^d
Service-Providing (Private)
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities
Wholesale Trade
Retail Trade
Professional and Business Services
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services
Private Educational and Health Services
Leisure and Hospitality
Government
Federal Government
State Government
Local Government
Local Government Educational Services

Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
May 2025 ^b	Apr 2025 ^c	May 2024 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
52.4	52.1	51.9	0.3	0.5	0.6	1.0
46.5	46.2	46.0	0.3	0.5	0.6	1.1
11.2	11.2	10.9	0.0	0.3	0.0	2.8
2.3	2.2	2.2	0.1	0.1	4.5	4.5
8.9	9.0	8.7	-0.1	0.2	-1.1	2.3
35.3	35.0	35.1	0.3	0.2	0.9	0.6
9.3	9.3	9.4	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-1.1
2.6	2.6	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5.2	5.2	5.4	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-3.7
5.3	5.3	5.5	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-3.6
3.2	3.2	3.5	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-8.6
11.1	11.1	10.7	0.0	0.4	0.0	3.7
5.4	5.3	5.5	0.1	-0.1	1.9	-1.8
5.9	5.9	5.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.3	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4.7	4.7	4.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.9	3.0	3.0	-0.1	-0.1	-3.3	-3.3

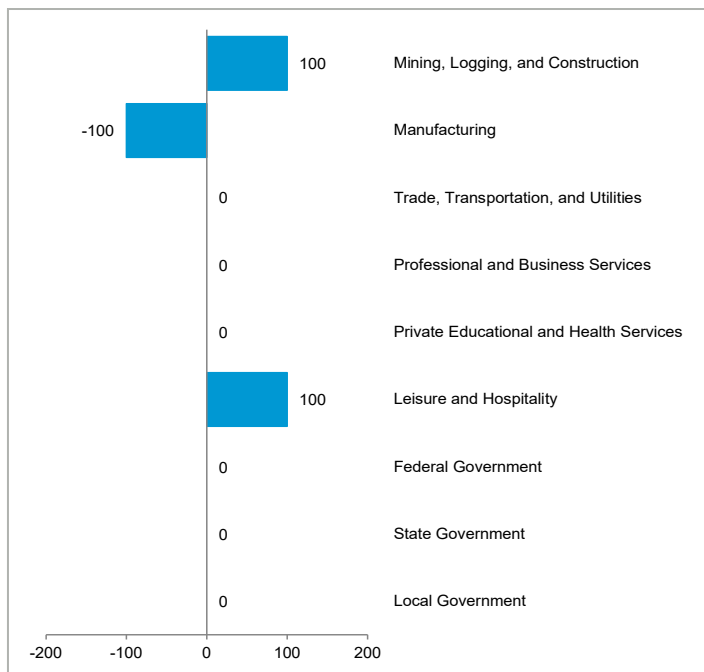
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products.

Lima Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

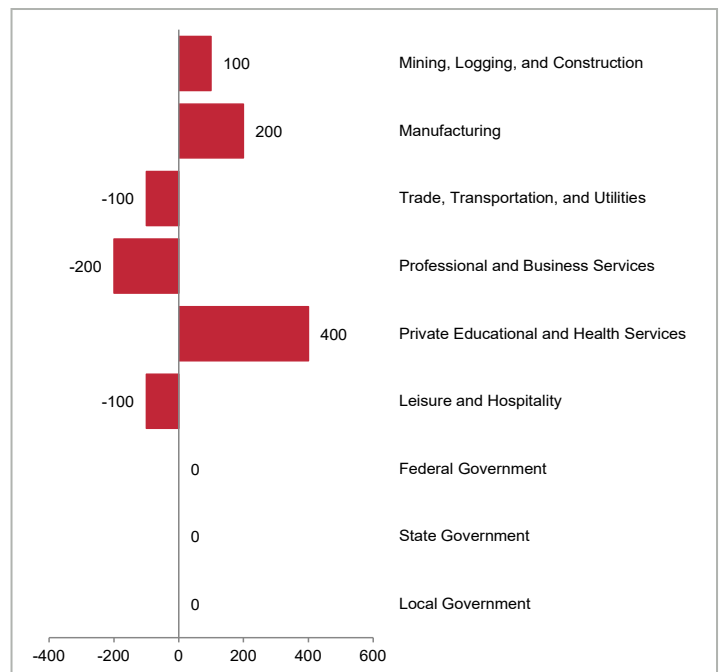
Unemployment Rates



Lima MSA Over-the-Month Change



Lima MSA Over-the-Year Change



Mansfield Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Richland County



Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Mansfield metropolitan area totaled 51,700 in May 2025, an increase of 400 from April. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 11,900, increased 100 in mining, logging, and construction. Private service-providing employment, at 32,700, increased 300 in leisure and hospitality (+200) and trade, transportation, and utilities (+100). Government employment, at 7,100, did not change over the month.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 300 from May 2024 to May 2025. Employment in goods-producing industries increased 200 in mining, logging, and construction. Employment in the private service-providing sector increased 500 over the year, as gains in private educational and health services (+300), trade, transportation, and utilities (+200), and financial activities (+100) surpassed losses in leisure and hospitality (-100). Government employment decreased 400 in local government. Employment in federal and state government did not change over the year.

Civilian Labor Force (thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
53.8	50.7	3.0	5.7%
55.5	52.4	3.0	5.4%
55.2	52.3	2.9	5.3%
54.7	52.1	2.6	4.8%
54.5	52.0	2.4	4.5%
53.2	48.6	4.7	8.8%
52.8	49.8	3.0	5.7%
52.2	49.9	2.3	4.5%
52.7	50.4	2.2	4.3%
53.6	51.0	2.7	5.0%
53.4	50.8	2.6	4.8%
53.4	51.0	2.4	4.5%
54.3	51.6	2.8	5.1%
54.5	51.7	2.8	5.2%
53.7	51.1	2.6	4.8%
53.2	50.7	2.5	4.7%
53.3	50.9	2.4	4.5%
53.6	50.9	2.6	4.9%
53.7	50.9	2.7	5.1%
54.0	50.6	3.3	6.1%
54.3	51.0	3.4	6.2%
54.9	51.5	3.3	6.1%
53.9	50.8	3.1	5.7%
53.7	50.9	2.8	5.1%

2015 annual avg.
2016 annual avg.
2017 annual avg.
2018 annual avg.
2019 annual avg.
2020 annual avg.
2021 annual avg.
2022 annual avg.
2023 annual avg.
2024 annual avg.
2024
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2025
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 May

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
52.5	9.7	10.1	5.3	8.1	7.7
52.7	9.7	10.0	5.5	8.1	7.7
52.5	9.9	10.0	5.1	8.1	7.6
52.7	10.1	10.2	4.9	8.3	7.7
52.1	9.9	10.0	4.8	8.1	7.7
48.5	9.0	9.6	4.2	7.8	7.4
49.7	9.3	9.9	4.1	7.9	7.3
50.1	9.4	10.0	4.0	7.9	7.3
50.7	9.5	9.9	4.0	8.3	7.3
51.2	9.5	9.9	3.9	8.8	7.3
51.1	9.4	9.8	4.0	8.7	7.5
51.4	9.5	9.9	3.9	8.8	7.5
51.6	9.5	9.9	4.0	8.8	7.6
51.5	9.6	9.8	4.1	8.9	7.2
51.3	9.5	9.8	4.0	8.9	7.1
50.8	9.5	9.7	3.9	8.9	7.2
51.3	9.5	9.9	3.9	9.0	7.2
51.6	9.5	10.3	3.9	9.0	7.2
51.6	9.5	10.5	3.8	9.1	7.1
50.7	9.5	10.2	3.8	9.0	6.9
51.0	9.5	10.1	3.8	9.1	7.1
51.1	9.5	10.1	3.8	9.1	7.1
51.3	9.5	10.0	3.9	9.1	7.1
51.7	9.5	10.1	3.9	9.1	7.1

Mansfield MSA

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a

Not Seasonally Adjusted

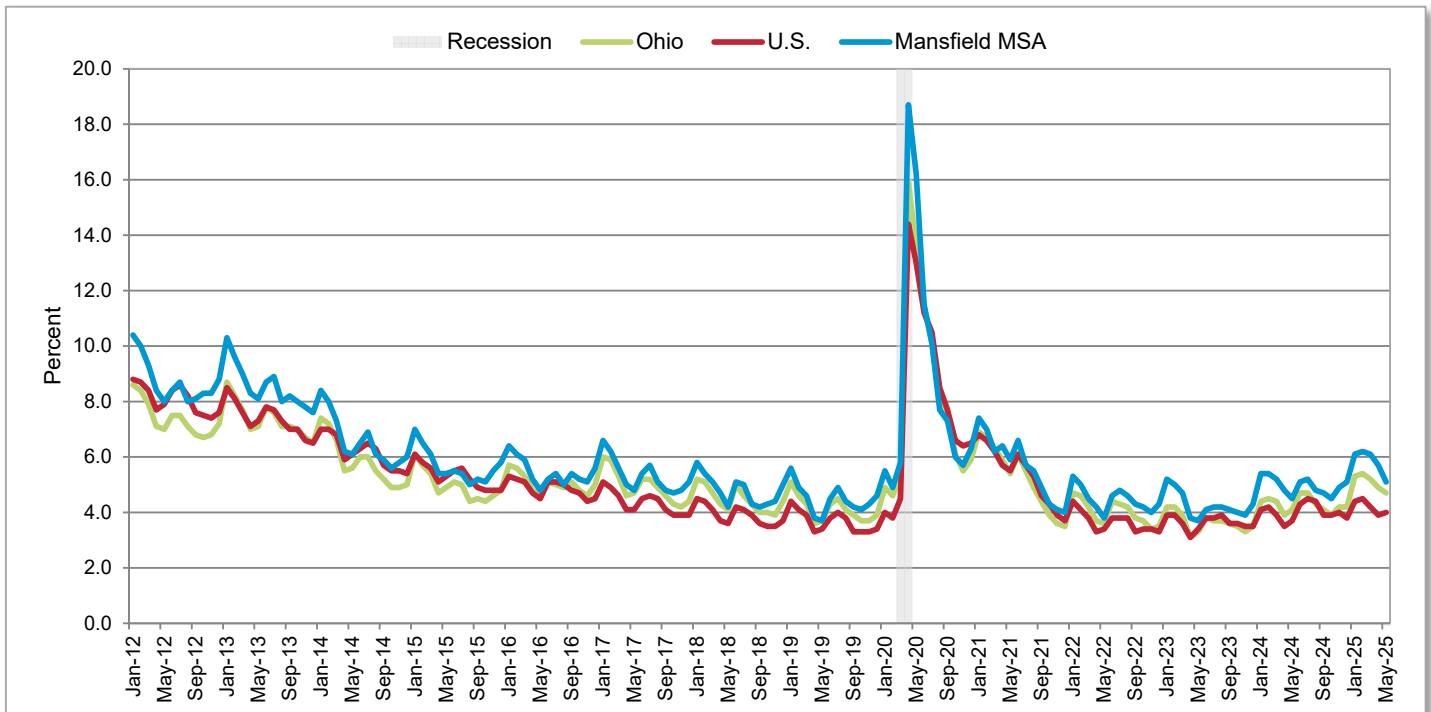
Total Nonagricultural
Total Private
Goods-Producing (Private)
Mining, Logging, and Construction
Manufacturing^d
Service-Providing (Private)
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities
Retail Trade
Financial Activities
Professional and Business Services
Private Educational and Health Services
Leisure and Hospitality
Other Services
Government
Federal Government
State Government
Local Government
Local Government Educational Services

Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
May 2025 ^b	Apr 2025 ^c	May 2024 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
51.7	51.3	51.4	0.4	0.3	0.8	0.6
44.6	44.2	43.9	0.4	0.7	0.9	1.6
11.9	11.8	11.7	0.1	0.2	0.8	1.7
2.4	2.3	2.2	0.1	0.2	4.3	9.1
9.5	9.5	9.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
32.7	32.4	32.2	0.3	0.5	0.9	1.6
10.1	10.0	9.9	0.1	0.2	1.0	2.0
6.2	6.2	6.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.6
1.6	1.6	1.5	0.0	0.1	0.0	6.7
3.9	3.9	3.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9.1	9.1	8.8	0.0	0.3	0.0	3.4
5.6	5.4	5.7	0.2	-0.1	3.7	-1.8
2.1	2.1	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7.1	7.1	7.5	0.0	-0.4	0.0	-5.3
0.5	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.4	1.4	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5.2	5.2	5.6	0.0	-0.4	0.0	-7.1
3.1	3.1	3.4	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-8.8

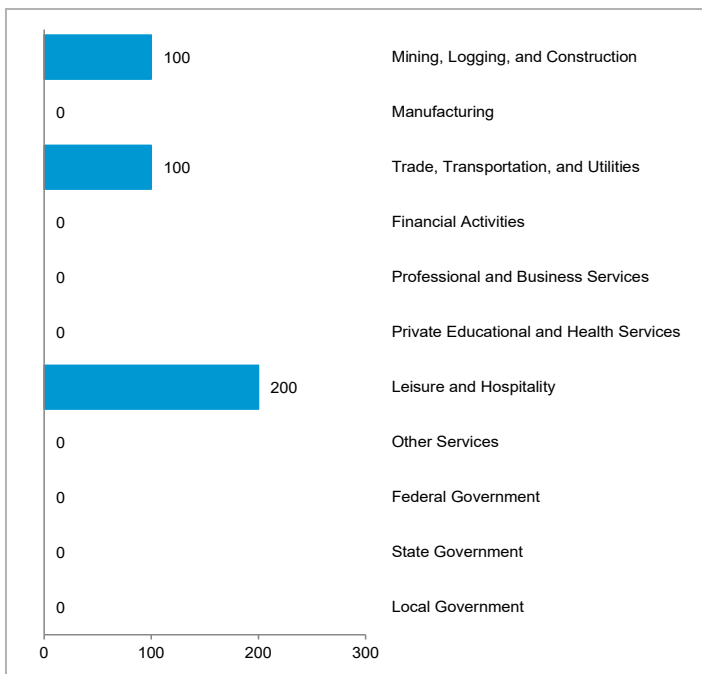
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products.

Mansfield Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

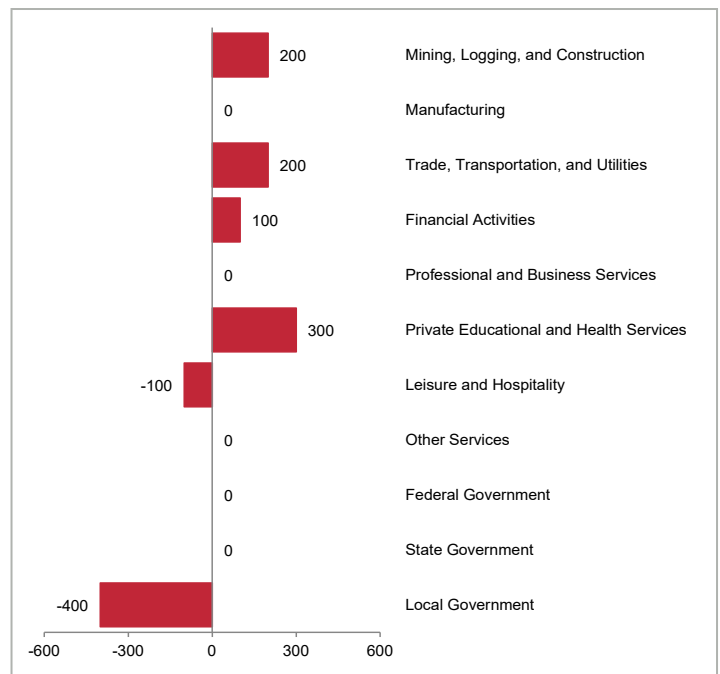
Unemployment Rates



Mansfield MSA Over-the-Month Change



Mansfield MSA Over-the-Year Change



Sandusky Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Erie and Ottawa Counties

Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Sandusky metropolitan area totaled 54,900 in May 2025, an increase of 2,400 from April. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 9,600, increased 100 in mining, logging, and construction. The private service-providing sector, at 37,200, increased 2,300, as gains in leisure and hospitality (+2,200) and trade, transportation, and utilities (+200) surpassed losses in private educational and health services (-100). Government employment, at 8,100, did not change over the month.



Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 300 from May 2024 to May 2025. Employment in goods-producing industries did not change, as gains in mining, logging, and construction (+200) were offset by losses in manufacturing (-200). Employment in the private service-providing sector increased 300, as gains in leisure and hospitality (+700) exceeded losses in trade, transportation, and utilities (-200), professional and business services (-100), and other services (-100). Government employment did not change over the year.

Civilian Labor Force (thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
58.6	55.1	3.5	6.0%
57.7	54.3	3.5	6.0%
58.6	54.8	3.8	6.4%
58.3	54.9	3.4	5.9%
58.0	54.9	3.1	5.3%
56.0	50.4	5.7	10.1%
56.7	53.0	3.7	6.5%
56.4	53.6	2.8	5.0%
56.7	54.0	2.7	4.8%
57.7	54.7	3.0	5.2%
56.0	53.1	2.8	5.0%
58.7	56.2	2.5	4.2%
61.4	58.7	2.8	4.5%
62.3	59.1	3.2	5.2%
60.6	58.0	2.6	4.3%
58.9	56.3	2.6	4.3%
58.3	55.7	2.6	4.4%
56.5	53.5	3.0	5.3%
56.8	53.3	3.5	6.1%
57.1	52.6	4.5	7.9%
57.4	52.9	4.5	7.8%
58.5	54.2	4.3	7.3%
58.5	54.6	3.9	6.6%
59.5	56.6	2.9	4.9%

2015 annual avg.

2016 annual avg.

2017 annual avg.

2018 annual avg.

2019 annual avg.

2020 annual avg.

2021 annual avg.

2022 annual avg.

2023 annual avg.

2024 annual avg.

2024

April

May

June

July

August

September

October

November

December

2025

January

February

March

April

May

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
51.5	8.2	9.5	2.2	7.1	7.8
51.6	8.0	9.7	2.2	7.2	7.9
52.1	8.1	9.5	2.2	7.5	7.9
52.5	8.1	9.5	2.2	7.7	7.9
52.1	8.0	9.4	2.2	7.5	8.0
47.3	7.2	9.0	2.2	6.8	7.8
50.2	7.6	9.1	2.4	6.6	7.7
51.3	7.7	9.4	2.3	6.5	7.7
51.6	7.4	9.7	2.2	6.3	7.8
52.3	7.5	9.8	2.3	6.5	8.0
50.4	7.5	9.5	2.3	6.4	7.9
54.6	7.5	10.1	2.4	6.5	8.1
56.6	7.5	10.2	2.4	6.6	7.9
56.8	7.5	10.2	2.4	6.5	7.9
56.1	7.5	10.2	2.4	6.6	7.8
54.3	7.5	9.9	2.3	6.5	8.0
53.7	7.5	10.0	2.3	6.5	8.1
51.4	7.5	9.9	2.3	6.5	8.2
51.5	7.5	10.1	2.3	6.6	8.1
50.2	7.5	9.7	1.7	2.2	1.7
50.2	7.5	9.6	1.7	2.2	1.7
51.0	7.4	9.7	1.7	2.2	1.7
52.5	7.3	9.7	1.7	2.3	1.7
54.9	7.3	9.9	1.7	2.3	1.7

Sandusky MSA

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a

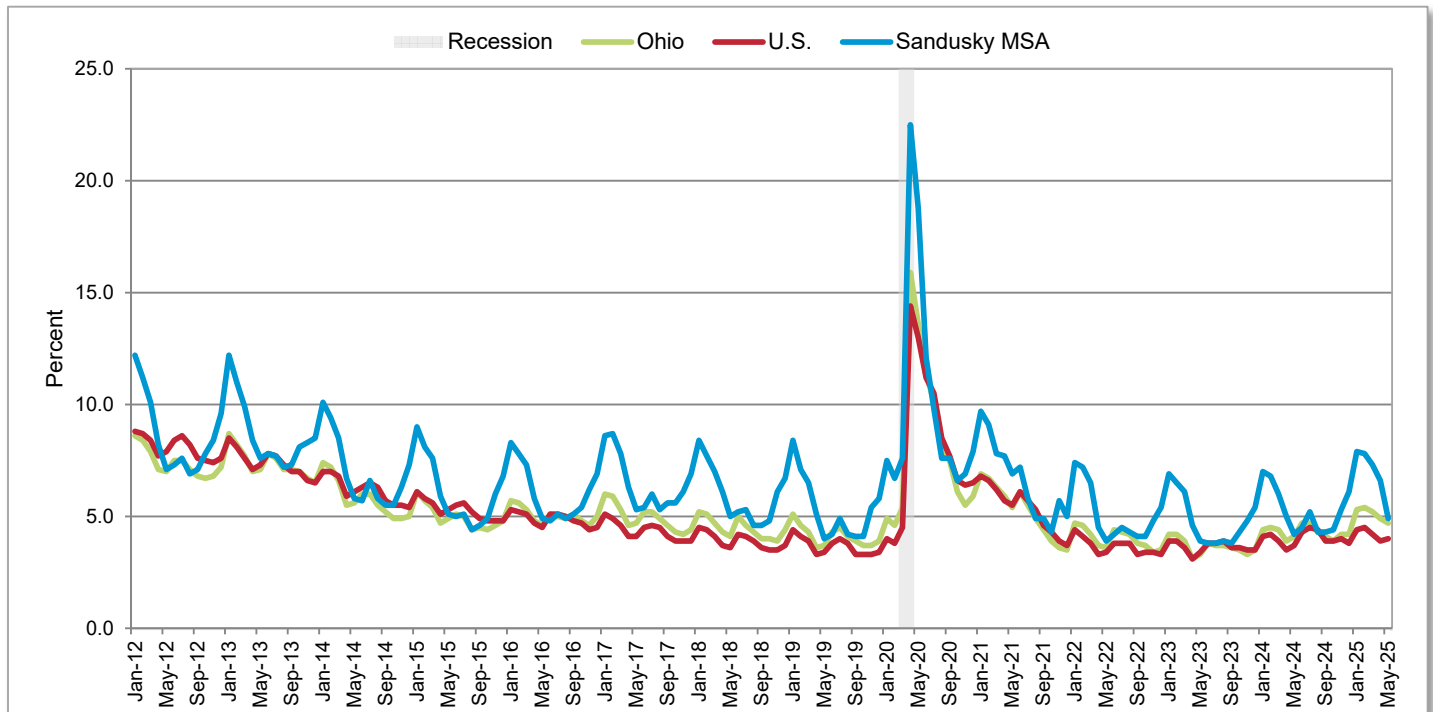
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	May 2025 ^b	Apr 2025 ^c	May 2024 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	54.9	52.5	54.6	2.4	0.3	4.6	0.5
Total Private	46.8	44.4	46.5	2.4	0.3	5.4	0.6
Goods-Producing (Private)	9.6	9.5	9.6	0.1	0.0	1.1	0.0
Mining, Logging, and Construction	2.3	2.2	2.1	0.1	0.2	4.5	9.5
Manufacturing ^d	7.3	7.3	7.5	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-2.7
Service-Providing (Private)	37.2	34.9	36.9	2.3	0.3	6.6	0.8
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	9.9	9.7	10.1	0.2	-0.2	2.1	-2.0
Wholesale Trade	1.3	1.3	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Retail Trade	6.9	6.8	6.8	0.1	0.1	1.5	1.5
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	1.7	1.6	2.0	0.1	-0.3	6.2	-15.0
Information	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Financial Activities	1.7	1.7	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Professional and Business Services	2.3	2.3	2.4	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-4.2
Private Educational and Health Services	6.5	6.6	6.5	-0.1	0.0	-1.5	0.0
Leisure and Hospitality	14.7	12.5	14.0	2.2	0.7	17.6	5.0
Other Services	1.7	1.7	1.8	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-5.6
Government	8.1	8.1	8.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Federal Government	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
State Government	1.4	1.4	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Local Government	6.2	6.2	6.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

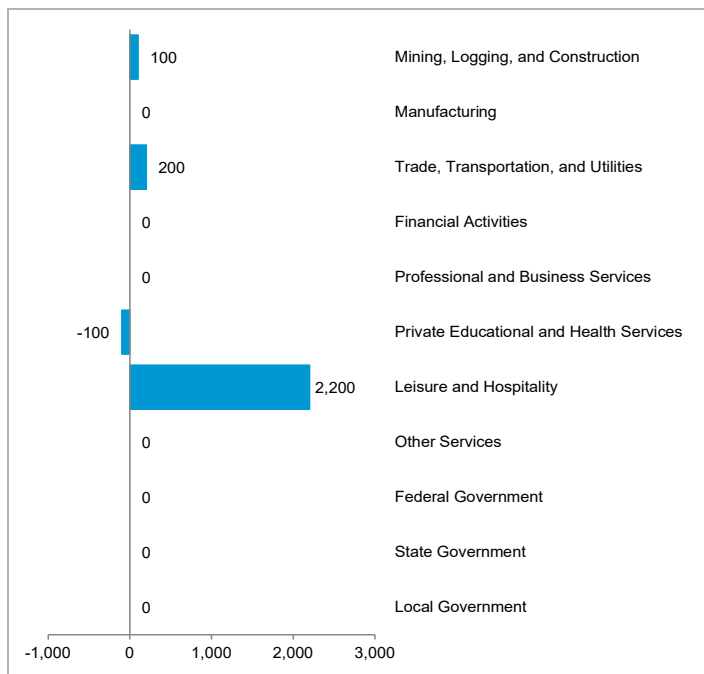
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products.

Sandusky Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

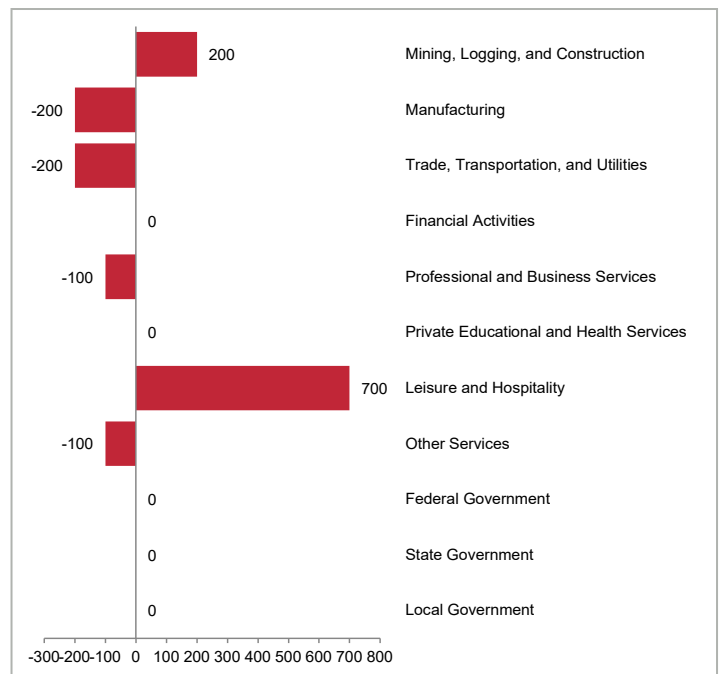
Unemployment Rates



Sandusky MSA Over-the-Month Change



Sandusky MSA Over-the-Year Change



Springfield Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Clark County



Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Springfield metropolitan area totaled 48,500 in May 2025, an increase of 300 from April. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 7,200, increased 100 in mining, logging, and construction. The private service-providing sector, at 34,200, increased 300 in leisure and hospitality (+200) and other services (+100). Government employment, at 7,100, decreased 100 in federal government. Employment in state and local government did not change over the month.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment decreased 1,200 from May 2024 to May 2025. Employment in goods-producing industries decreased 1,000 as losses in manufacturing (-1,100) outweighed gains in mining, logging, and construction (+100). Employment in the private service-providing sector decreased 100 over the year, as losses in trade, transportation, and utilities (-100), financial activities (-100), and professional and business services (-100) outweighed gains in private educational and health services (+100) and other services (+100). Government employment decreased 100 over the year in federal government. State and local government employment did not change over the year.

Civilian Labor Force (thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
64.3	61.1	3.3	5.1%
63.0	59.6	3.4	5.3%
63.0	59.9	3.1	4.9%
62.2	59.3	2.9	4.6%
62.6	59.8	2.8	4.4%
61.3	56.3	5.1	8.3%
61.1	57.7	3.4	5.6%
61.3	58.8	2.6	4.2%
61.9	59.5	2.4	3.8%
62.3	59.4	2.9	4.7%
62.2	59.7	2.5	4.0%
62.3	59.6	2.7	4.3%
63.3	60.2	3.1	4.9%
63.2	60.1	3.1	4.9%
62.2	59.3	2.9	4.7%
62.0	59.1	2.9	4.6%
62.2	59.5	2.7	4.3%
62.1	59.3	2.9	4.6%
62.0	59.1	2.9	4.7%
62.3	57.9	4.4	7.1%
62.0	58.3	3.6	5.9%
62.7	59.1	3.6	5.8%
61.9	58.5	3.3	5.4%
61.5	58.4	3.1	5.0%

2015 annual avg.
2016 annual avg.
2017 annual avg.
2018 annual avg.
2019 annual avg.
2020 annual avg.
2021 annual avg.
2022 annual avg.
2023 annual avg.
2024 annual avg.

2024
April
May
June
July
August
September
October
November
December

2025
January
February
March
April
May

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
50.2	6.9	9.9	4.8	8.9	7.2
49.4	6.7	9.9	4.7	8.8	7.2
49.7	6.9	9.8	4.7	8.9	7.2
49.2	7.0	9.6	4.8	8.9	7.2
49.1	7.1	9.4	5.3	8.9	7.1
46.0	6.2	9.2	5.3	8.2	6.8
47.4	6.2	9.2	6.4	8.2	6.8
48.8	6.5	9.7	7.1	8.0	6.8
49.4	6.9	9.7	7.1	7.8	6.9
49.2	6.8	9.6	6.9	7.7	7.1
49.7	6.9	9.6	7.0	7.8	7.2
49.7	6.9	9.7	6.9	7.7	7.2
49.8	6.9	9.6	6.9	7.7	7.2
49.4	6.9	9.6	6.8	7.6	7.0
48.8	6.7	9.6	6.7	7.7	6.8
49.0	6.7	9.6	6.8	7.7	7.0
49.1	6.6	9.6	6.8	7.8	7.2
49.2	6.7	9.7	6.8	7.8	7.3
49.2	6.7	9.8	6.7	7.8	7.3
47.3	5.9	9.5	6.6	7.7	7.0
47.8	5.8	9.6	6.7	7.8	7.2
48.0	5.8	9.6	6.7	7.8	7.2
48.2	5.8	9.6	6.8	7.8	7.2
48.5	5.8	9.6	6.8	7.8	7.1

Springfield MSA

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a

Not Seasonally Adjusted

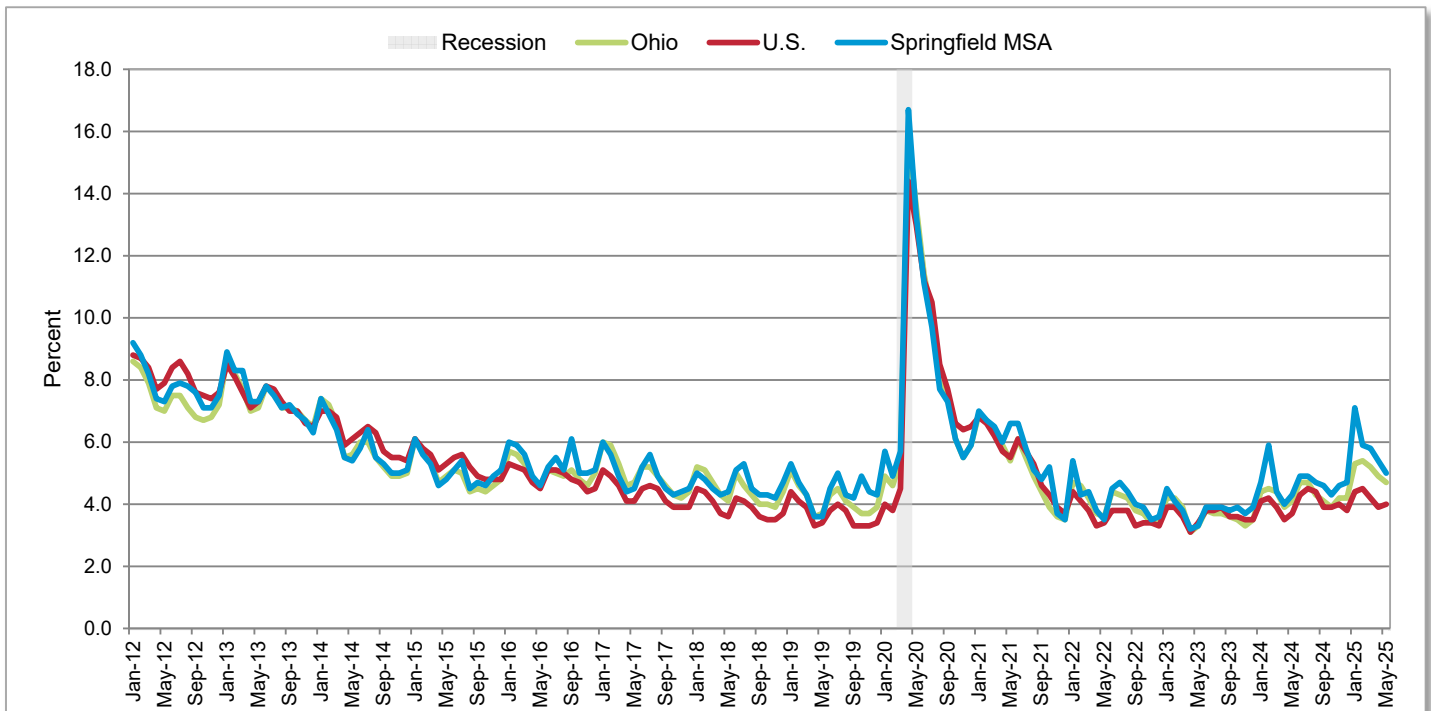
Total Nonagricultural
Total Private
Goods-Producing (Private)
Mining, Logging, and Construction
Manufacturing^d
Service-Providing (Private)
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities
Wholesale Trade
Retail Trade
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities
Financial Activities
Professional and Business Services
Private Educational and Health Services
Leisure and Hospitality
Other Services
Government
Federal Government
State Government
Local Government
Local Government Educational Services

Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
May 2025 ^b	Apr 2025 ^c	May 2024 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
48.5	48.2	49.7	0.3	-1.2	0.6	-2.4
41.4	41.0	42.5	0.4	-1.1	1.0	-2.6
7.2	7.1	8.2	0.1	-1.0	1.4	-12.2
1.4	1.3	1.3	0.1	0.1	7.7	7.7
5.8	5.8	6.9	0.0	-1.1	0.0	-15.9
34.2	33.9	34.3	0.3	-0.1	0.9	-0.3
9.6	9.6	9.7	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-1.0
1.7	1.7	1.8	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-5.6
4.8	4.9	4.8	-0.1	0.0	-2.0	0.0
3.1	3.0	3.1	0.1	0.0	3.3	0.0
2.5	2.5	2.6	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-3.8
6.8	6.8	6.9	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-1.4
7.8	7.8	7.7	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.3
5.3	5.1	5.3	0.2	0.0	3.9	0.0
2.1	2.0	2.0	0.1	0.1	5.0	5.0
7.1	7.2	7.2	-0.1	-0.1	-1.4	-1.4
0.4	0.5	0.5	-0.1	-0.1	-20.0	-20.0
0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
6.5	6.5	6.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4.0	4.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

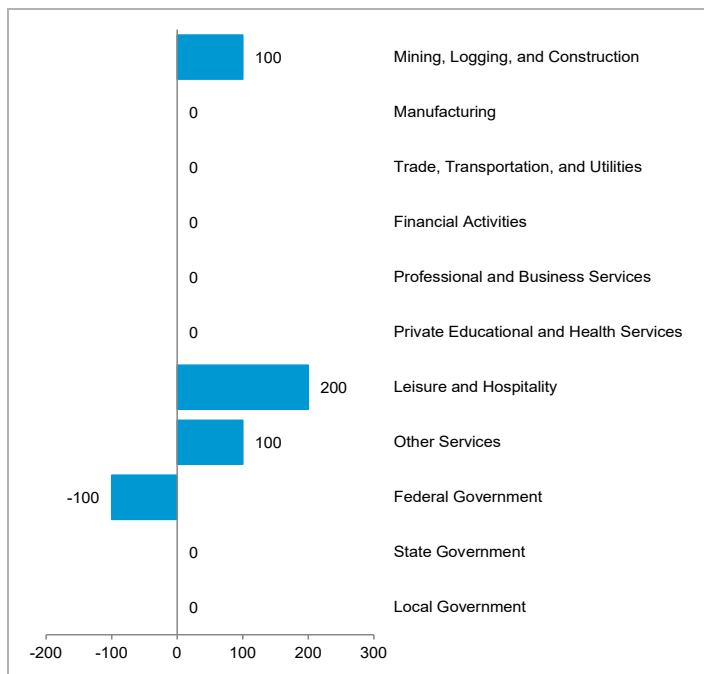
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products.

Springfield Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

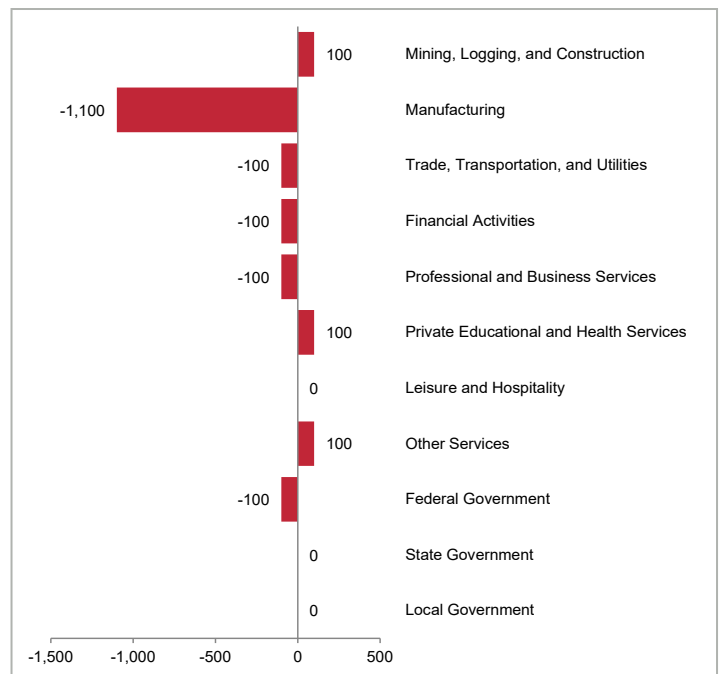
Unemployment Rates



Springfield MSA Over-the-Month Change



Springfield MSA Over-the-Year Change



Toledo Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Fulton, Lucas, and Wood Counties



Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Toledo metropolitan area totaled 309,000 in May 2025, an increase of 1,400 jobs from April. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 60,000, increased 700 in mining, logging, and construction. Private service-providing employment, at 204,300, increased 1,500, as gains in leisure and hospitality (+1,400), trade, transportation, and utilities (+100), professional and business services (+100), and other services (+100) surpassed losses in private educational and health services (-200). Government employment, at 44,700, decreased 800 as losses in state (-1,000) and federal (-100) government outweighed gains in local government (+300).

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 2,300 from May 2024 to May 2025. Employment in goods-producing industries increased 1,100 over the year, as gains in mining, logging, and construction (+1,400) surpassed losses in manufacturing (-300). The private service-providing sector increased 1,200 as gains in private educational and health services (+1,200), leisure and hospitality (+500), other services (+400), and financial activities (+100) outpaced losses in professional and business services (-700) and trade, transportation, and utilities (-300). Government employment did not change over the year, as gains in local government (+200) were offset by losses in federal (-100) and state (-100) government.

Civilian Labor Force (thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
302.0	286.6	15.4	5.1%
301.8	286.7	15.1	5.0%
301.5	284.9	16.6	5.5%
300.5	285.8	14.8	4.9%
302.9	289.4	13.5	4.5%
295.5	267.4	28.1	9.5%
290.7	273.5	17.2	5.9%
289.6	277.3	12.2	4.2%
293.7	281.5	12.2	4.1%
298.1	281.7	16.4	5.5%
296.2	283.1	13.1	4.4%
296.3	282.5	13.7	4.6%
298.2	282.6	15.6	5.2%
300.1	280.3	19.8	6.6%
297.1	280.9	16.2	5.4%
296.6	281.9	14.7	4.9%
304.9	283.3	21.6	7.1%
303.3	283.1	20.3	6.7%
298.0	281.8	16.2	5.4%
299.8	279.6	20.2	6.7%
302.4	282.3	20.0	6.6%
306.1	287.3	18.8	6.1%
302.6	284.7	18.0	5.9%
299.9	283.8	16.2	5.4%

2015 annual avg.

2016 annual avg.

2017 annual avg.

2018 annual avg.

2019 annual avg.

2020 annual avg.

2021 annual avg.

2022 annual avg.

2023 annual avg.

2024 annual avg.

2024

April

May

June

July

August

September

October

November

December

2025

January

February

March

April

May

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment
(thousands)

Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
304.6	43.8	58.1	37.0	50.0	45.7
309.9	44.6	59.2	37.4	50.6	45.7
307.5	43.0	58.5	36.9	51.0	45.2
309.7	45.2	57.6	37.1	51.1	45.1
311.0	46.8	56.6	36.6	50.9	45.3
286.7	43.9	54.6	32.2	48.5	42.8
293.3	45.5	56.8	32.5	48.4	42.7
300.3	45.6	59.6	33.4	48.2	42.7
304.7	45.4	60.7	32.7	50.1	43.9
304.8	43.8	60.4	31.6	51.3	44.4
305.8	44.2	59.9	32.3	50.8	45.7
306.7	44.1	60.1	32.5	51.0	44.7
304.6	44.3	60.2	31.1	51.1	42.6
300.6	40.7	60.2	31.0	50.9	42.6
303.7	43.1	60.2	31.6	51.4	42.3
304.9	43.6	59.8	31.1	51.6	44.5
307.0	43.6	60.5	31.6	52.0	45.0
308.6	43.7	61.5	32.0	52.2	45.6
307.8	43.9	62.3	31.1	52.2	45.1
301.8	44.0	60.1	30.5	51.7	44.8
304.0	44.0	59.9	31.1	52.1	45.3
305.9	44.1	59.8	31.4	52.3	45.5
307.6	43.8	59.7	31.7	52.4	45.5
309.0	43.8	59.8	31.8	52.2	44.7

Toledo MSA

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a

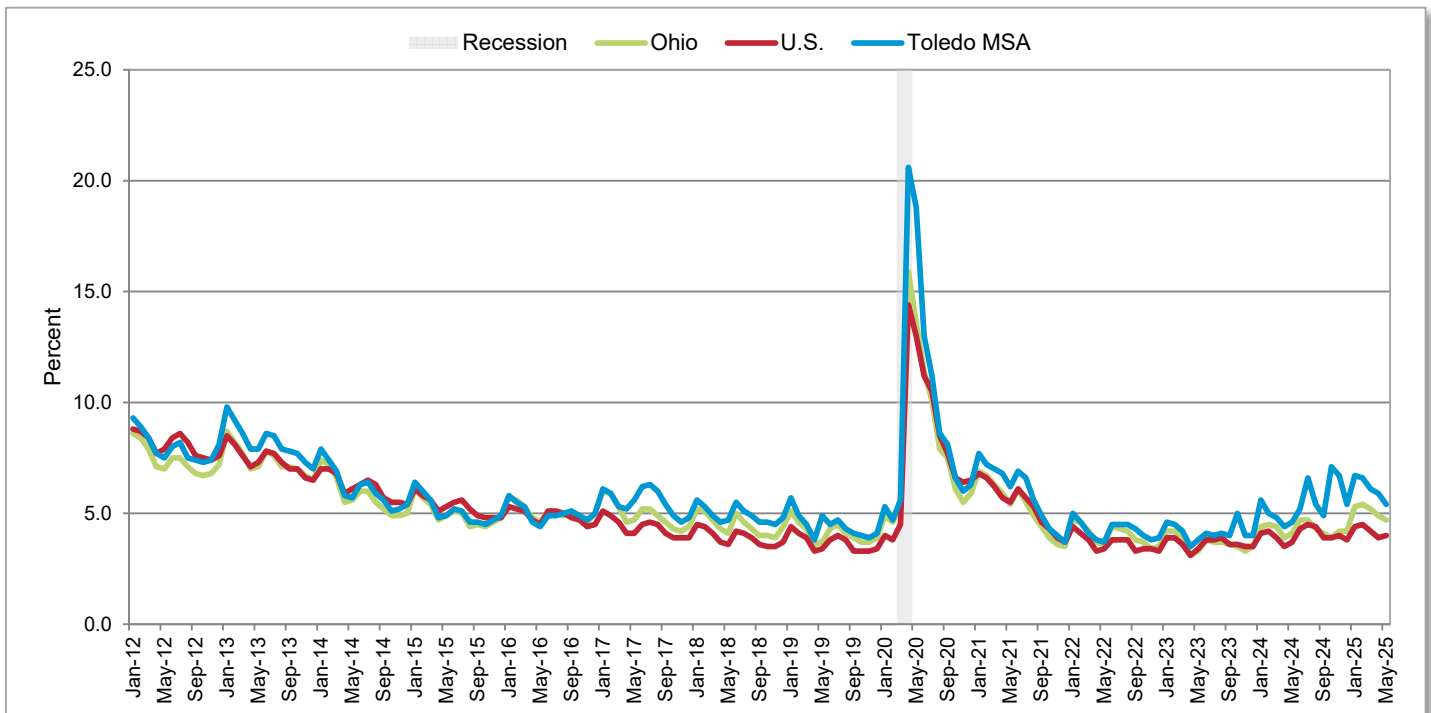
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	May 2025 ^b	Apr 2025 ^c	May 2024 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	309.0	307.6	306.7	1.4	2.3	0.5	0.7
Total Private	264.3	262.1	262.0	2.2	2.3	0.8	0.9
Goods-Producing (Private)	60.0	59.3	58.9	0.7	1.1	1.2	1.9
Mining, Logging, and Construction	16.2	15.5	14.8	0.7	1.4	4.5	9.5
Manufacturing	43.8	43.8	44.1	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-0.7
Durable Goods ^d	33.1	33.0	33.3	0.1	-0.2	0.3	-0.6
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	14.3	14.2	14.6	0.1	-0.3	0.7	-2.1
Service-Providing (Private)	204.3	202.8	203.1	1.5	1.2	0.7	0.6
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	59.8	59.7	60.1	0.1	-0.3	0.2	-0.5
Wholesale Trade	11.8	11.8	12.0	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-1.7
Retail Trade	29.4	29.5	29.1	-0.1	0.3	-0.3	1.0
General Merchandise Retailers	7.5	7.5	7.1	0.0	0.4	0.0	5.6
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	18.6	18.4	19.0	0.2	-0.4	1.1	-2.1
Transportation and Warehousing	18.3	18.1	18.3	0.2	0.0	1.1	0.0
Information	3.2	3.2	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Financial Activities	10.9	10.9	10.8	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.9
Professional and Business Services	31.8	31.7	32.5	0.1	-0.7	0.3	-2.2
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	10.5	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	15.6	15.6	16.6	0.0	-1.0	0.0	-6.0
Private Educational and Health Services	52.2	52.4	51.0	-0.2	1.2	-0.4	2.4
Health Care and Social Assistance	47.1	47.1	46.2	0.0	0.9	0.0	1.9
Hospitals	13.2	13.2	13.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.8
Leisure and Hospitality	34.5	33.1	34.0	1.4	0.5	4.2	1.5
Accommodation and Food Services	28.3	27.8	28.3	0.5	0.0	1.8	0.0
Other Services	11.9	11.8	11.5	0.1	0.4	0.8	3.5
Government	44.7	45.5	44.7	-0.8	0.0	-1.8	0.0
Federal Government	2.0	2.1	2.1	-0.1	-0.1	-4.8	-4.8
State Government	13.2	14.2	13.3	-1.0	-0.1	-7.0	-0.8
State Government Educational ^e Services	9.1	9.8	9.0	-0.7	0.1	-7.1	1.1
Local Government	29.5	29.2	29.3	0.3	0.2	1.0	0.7
Local Government Educational Services	16.8	16.7	17.1	0.1	-0.3	0.6	-1.8

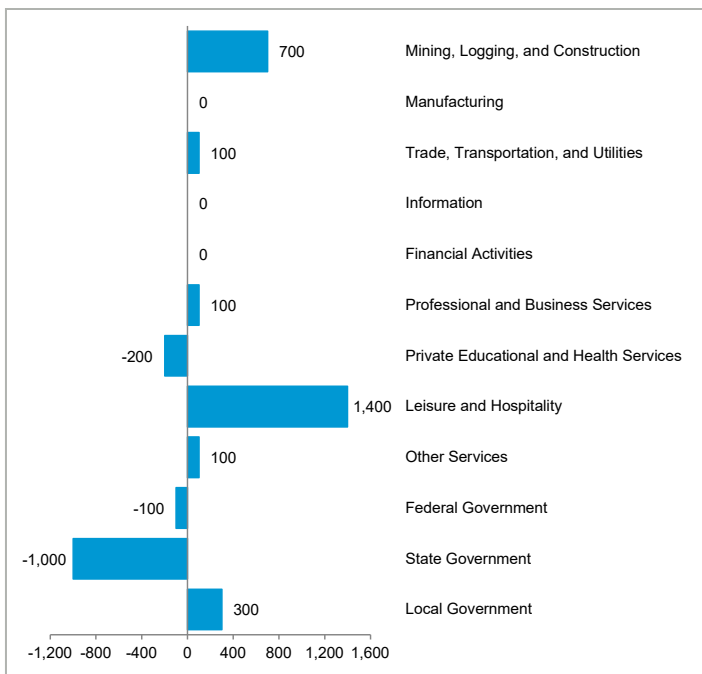
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes state universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service.

Toledo Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

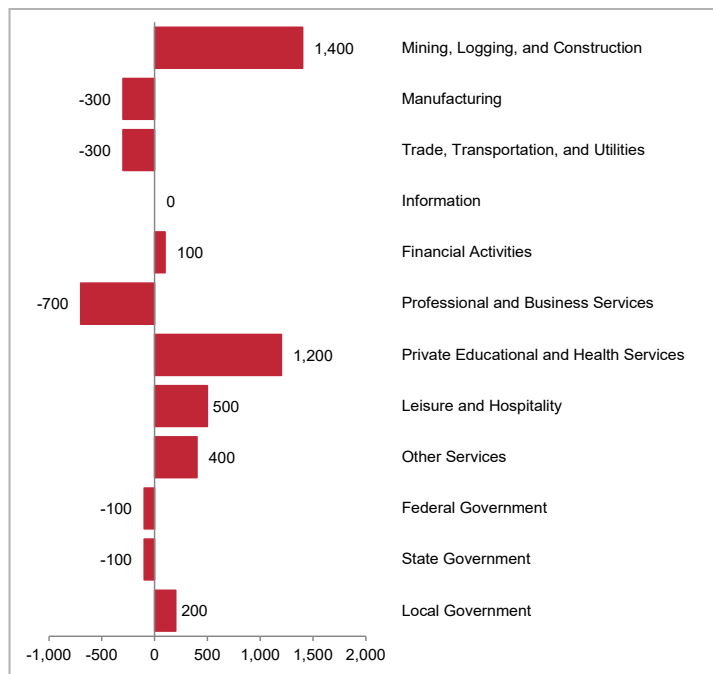
Unemployment Rates



Toledo MSA Over-the-Month Change



Toledo MSA Over-the-Year Change



Weirton-Steubenville Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

In Ohio: Jefferson County

In West Virginia: Brooke and Hancock Counties



Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Weirton-Steubenville metropolitan area totaled 37,800 in May 2025, an increase of 300 from April. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 5,900, did not change over the month. Private service-providing employment, at 26,100, increased 200, as gains in trade, transportation, and utilities (+100), leisure and hospitality (+100), and scattered industries (+100) exceeded losses in private educational and health services (-100). Government employment, at 5,800, increased 100 in local government.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment decreased 1,200 from May 2024 to May 2025. Employment in goods-producing industries decreased 300 in manufacturing. Private service-providing industries decreased 200 in trade, transportation, and utilities (-100) and private educational and health services (-100). Government employment decreased 700 over the year.

Civilian Labor Force (thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
52.9	48.9	3.9	7.5%
54.5	50.5	4.0	7.4%
53.7	50.3	3.4	6.4%
53.7	50.7	3.1	5.7%
54.2	51.3	2.8	5.2%
53.2	48.3	4.9	9.2%
52.8	49.6	3.2	6.1%
52.6	50.1	2.5	4.8%
52.2	49.6	2.6	5.0%
51.4	48.5	2.9	5.7%
51.7	49.2	2.5	4.8%
52.0	49.2	2.9	5.5%
52.4	49.3	3.2	6.0%
52.3	48.9	3.4	6.5%
51.8	48.5	3.3	6.4%
51.0	48.1	2.9	5.7%
50.9	48.1	2.7	5.4%
50.1	47.5	2.7	5.3%
50.0	47.4	2.6	5.2%
50.0	46.9	3.1	6.3%
50.0	47.0	3.0	6.0%
50.4	47.5	2.9	5.8%
50.6	47.7	2.8	5.6%
50.4	47.8	2.7	5.3%

2015 annual avg.

2016 annual avg.

2017 annual avg.

2018 annual avg.

2019 annual avg.

2020 annual avg.

2021 annual avg.

2022 annual avg.

2023 annual avg.

2024 annual avg.

2024

April

May

June

July

August

September

October

November

December

2025

January

February

March

April

May

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment (thousands)					
Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
42.3	5.5	8.9	1.9	8.9	6.0
40.9	5.4	8.8	1.8	9.0	6.0
40.1	5.2	8.4	2.0	9.0	6.1
40.4	5.3	8.4	2.1	9.0	6.3
40.7	5.5	8.3	2.2	8.9	6.5
38.2	4.7	7.9	1.9	8.7	6.8
39.1	4.8	8.0	1.9	8.4	7.2
39.8	5.0	8.1	2.1	8.5	7.1
39.1	4.7	8.1	2.2	8.5	6.9
38.2	4.2	7.8	2.3	8.9	6.1
38.9	4.5	7.9	2.3	9.0	6.4
39.0	4.3	7.9	2.3	9.0	6.5
38.4	3.9	7.9	2.3	9.0	6.2
37.9	3.9	7.8	2.3	8.9	6.0
38.0	4.0	7.7	2.4	8.9	6.0
37.7	4.1	7.7	2.3	8.9	5.8
37.9	4.1	7.8	2.3	9.0	5.8
37.7	4.1	7.8	2.3	9.0	5.9
37.8	4.1	7.9	2.2	9.0	5.8
36.8	4.1	7.7	2.2	8.9	5.6
37.1	4.1	7.7	2.2	9.0	5.7
37.3	4.1	7.7	2.2	9.0	5.7
37.5	4.0	7.7	2.3	9.0	5.7
37.8	4.0	7.8	2.3	8.9	5.8

Weirton-Steubenville MSA

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a

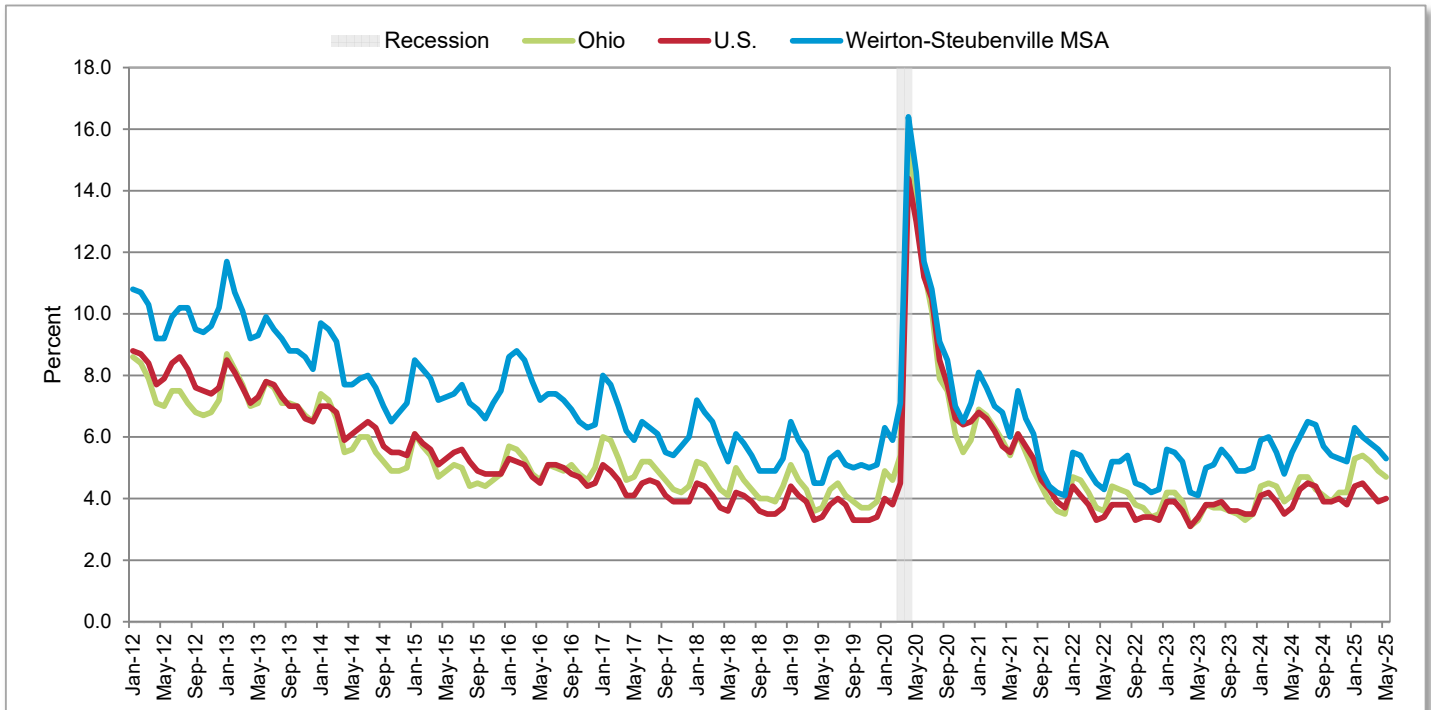
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	May 2025 ^b	Apr 2025 ^c	May 2024 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	37.8	37.5	39.0	0.3	-1.2	0.8	-3.1
Total Private	32.0	31.8	32.5	0.2	-0.5	0.6	-1.5
Goods-Producing (Private)	5.9	5.9	6.2	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-4.8
Mining, Logging, and Construction	1.9	1.9	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Manufacturing ^d	4.0	4.0	4.3	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-7.0
Service-Providing (Private)	26.1	25.9	26.3	0.2	-0.2	0.8	-0.8
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	7.8	7.7	7.9	0.1	-0.1	1.3	-1.3
Retail Trade	4.3	4.3	4.4	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-2.3
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	2.4	2.4	2.5	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-4.0
Professional and Business Services	2.3	2.3	2.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Private Educational and Health Services	8.9	9.0	9.0	-0.1	-0.1	-1.1	-1.1
Leisure and Hospitality	4.3	4.2	4.3	0.1	0.0	2.4	0.0
Government	5.8	5.7	6.5	0.1	-0.7	1.8	-10.8
Local Government	5.3	5.2	5.9	0.1	-0.6	1.9	-10.2
Local Government Educational Services	2.7	2.6	3.0	0.1	-0.3	3.8	-10.0

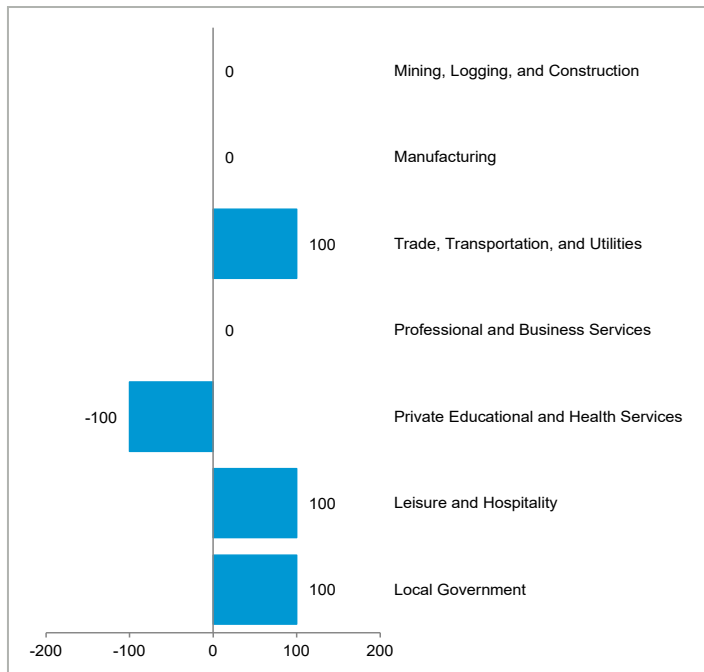
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products.

Weirton-Steubenville Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

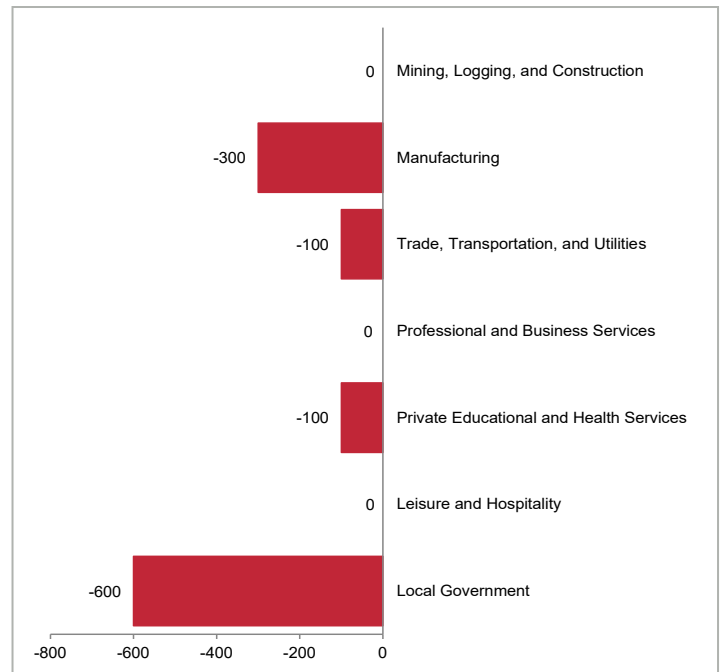
Unemployment Rates



Weirton-Steubenville MSA Over-the-Month Change



Weirton-Steubenville MSA Over-the-Year Change



Youngstown-Warren Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

Mahoning and Trumbull Counties



Over-the-Month Change: Nonfarm payroll employment in the Youngstown-Warren metropolitan area totaled 169,800 in May 2025, an increase of 1,000 from April. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 28,300, increased 200 as gains in mining, logging, and construction (+300) surpassed losses in manufacturing (-100). Private service-providing industries, at 118,100, increased 1,100 as gains in leisure and hospitality (+700), trade, transportation, and utilities (+500), and other services (+100) outpaced losses in private educational and health services (-200). Government employment, at 23,400, decreased 300 in federal (-100), state (-100), and local (-100) government.

Over-the-Year Change: Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 1,800 from May 2024 to May 2025. Goods-producing industries increased 200 over the year as gains in mining, logging, and construction (+600) outweighed losses in manufacturing (-400). Private service-providing employment increased 900 as gains in private educational and health services (+800), trade, transportation, and utilities (+300), leisure and hospitality (+100), and other services (+100) surpassed losses in professional and business services (-300) and financial activities (-100). Government employment increased 700 over the year as gains in state government (+800) exceeded losses in federal government (-100). Employment in local government did not change over the year.

Civilian Labor Force <i>(thousands)</i>			Unemployment Rate		Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment <i>(thousands)</i>					
Total	Employed	Unemployed			Total	Mfg.	Trade, Transport., and Utilities	Prof. and Business Services	Private Educational and Health Services	Government
199.2	186.5	12.6	6.3%	2015 annual avg.	176.8	21.7	37.8	19.3	32.1	24.7
205.9	192.8	13.1	6.3%	2016 annual avg.	175.8	20.9	37.2	19.0	32.4	24.6
202.7	189.1	13.6	6.7%	2017 annual avg.	172.0	19.1	36.4	17.7	32.6	24.6
200.3	188.7	11.6	5.8%	2018 annual avg.	172.2	19.1	36.2	17.6	32.9	24.5
198.8	187.4	11.4	5.7%	2019 annual avg.	169.6	17.3	35.9	17.2	33.0	24.3
191.0	172.0	19.0	9.9%	2020 annual avg.	155.2	15.4	33.8	15.8	30.6	22.7
188.3	176.4	11.9	6.3%	2021 annual avg.	159.0	16.2	35.2	15.3	30.5	22.6
188.9	180.2	8.8	4.7%	2022 annual avg.	164.3	18.0	35.9	15.5	30.6	22.6
190.3	182.2	8.2	4.3%	2023 annual avg.	166.0	18.7	35.7	15.5	31.1	22.6
193.2	183.4	9.8	5.0%	2024 annual avg.	167.2	19.6	35.4	15.1	31.8	22.8
				2024						
192.4	183.2	9.2	4.8%	April	166.7	19.5	35.1	15.0	31.6	23.2
192.4	183.3	9.1	4.7%	May	168.0	19.6	35.2	15.3	31.6	22.7
194.9	184.5	10.3	5.3%	June	168.0	19.7	35.3	15.2	31.6	22.0
195.8	185.2	10.6	5.4%	July	167.4	19.7	35.1	15.4	31.8	21.6
193.9	184.2	9.7	5.0%	August	167.9	19.7	35.3	15.4	32.0	21.9
193.3	183.9	9.4	4.9%	September	167.7	19.6	34.9	15.1	32.0	22.8
193.6	184.9	8.6	4.5%	October	168.7	19.6	35.4	15.2	32.2	23.3
193.0	183.8	9.2	4.8%	November	169.0	19.6	35.9	15.2	32.2	23.4
193.4	183.4	9.9	5.1%	December	168.7	19.7	36.2	14.9	32.4	23.1
				2025						
193.7	181.3	12.5	6.4%	January	164.7	19.6	34.7	14.5	32.2	22.6
195.7	183.0	12.7	6.5%	February	166.0	19.3	34.7	14.8	32.4	23.5
198.4	186.1	12.3	6.2%	March	166.9	19.3	34.7	14.7	32.5	23.5
197.8	185.6	12.2	6.2%	April	168.8	19.3	35.0	15.0	32.6	23.7
196.0	185.1	10.8	5.5%	May	169.8	19.2	35.5	15.0	32.4	23.4

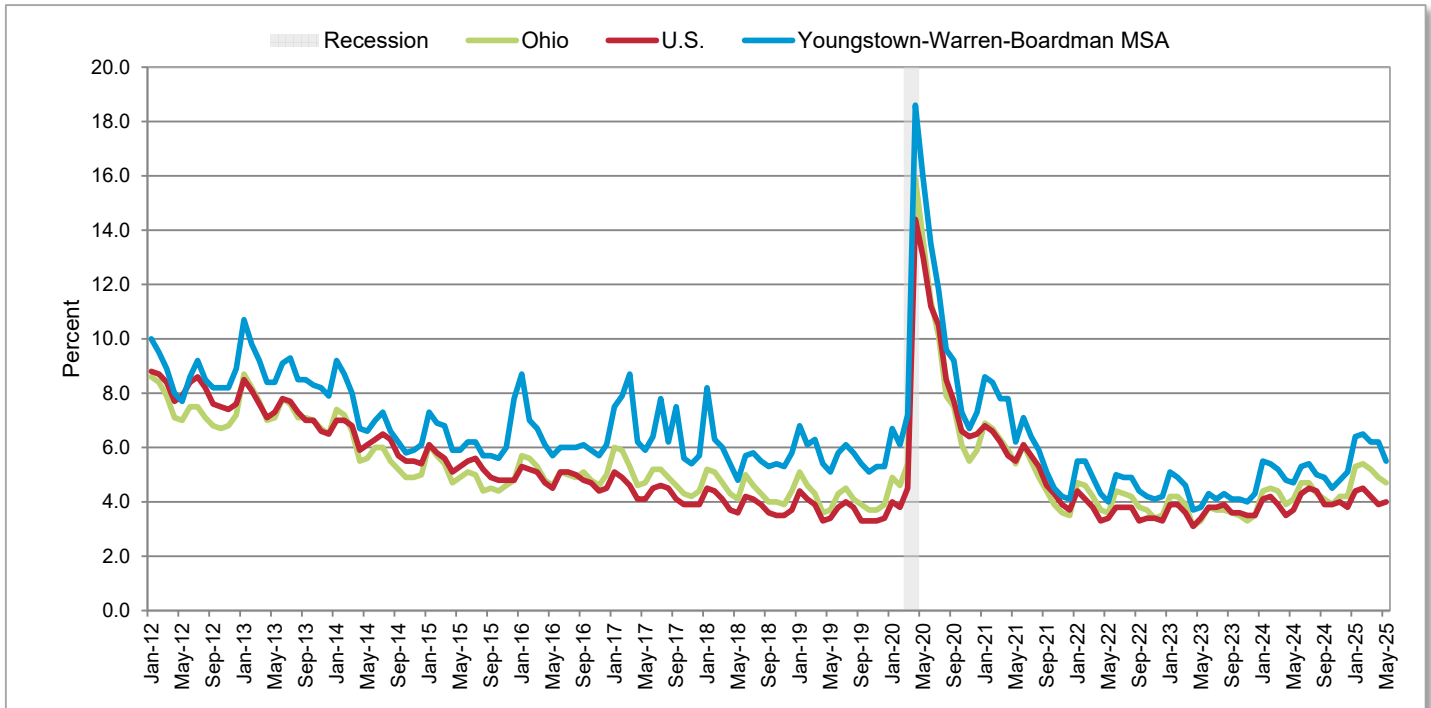
Youngstown-Warren MSA Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment^a Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (thousands)			Change (thousands)		Percent Change	
	May 2025 ^b	Apr 2025 ^c	May 2024 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	169.8	168.8	168.0	1.0	1.8	0.6	1.1
Total Private	146.4	145.1	145.3	1.3	1.1	0.9	0.8
Goods-Producing (Private)	28.3	28.1	28.1	0.2	0.2	0.7	0.7
Mining, Logging, and Construction	9.1	8.8	8.5	0.3	0.6	3.4	7.1
Manufacturing ^d	19.2	19.3	19.6	-0.1	-0.4	-0.5	-2.0
Durable Goods	16.8	16.8	16.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Service-Providing (Private)	118.1	117.0	117.2	1.1	0.9	0.9	0.8
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	35.5	35.0	35.2	0.5	0.3	1.4	0.9
Wholesale Trade	6.9	6.8	7.0	0.1	-0.1	1.5	-1.4
Retail Trade	21.9	21.5	21.4	0.4	0.5	1.9	2.3
General Merchandise Retailers	5.5	5.1	5.0	0.4	0.5	7.8	10.0
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	6.7	6.7	6.8	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-1.5
Information	1.3	1.3	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Financial Activities	5.4	5.4	5.5	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-1.8
Financial and Insurance	3.5	3.5	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Professional and Business Services	15.0	15.0	15.3	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-2.0
Private Educational and Health Services	32.4	32.6	31.6	-0.2	0.8	-0.6	2.5
Health Care and Social Assistance	31.1	31.1	30.4	0.0	0.7	0.0	2.3
Hospitals	6.9	6.9	6.8	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.5
Leisure and Hospitality	21.0	20.3	20.9	0.7	0.1	3.4	0.5
Other Services	7.5	7.4	7.4	0.1	0.1	1.4	1.4
Government	23.4	23.7	22.7	-0.3	0.7	-1.3	3.1
Federal Government	1.6	1.7	1.7	-0.1	-0.1	-5.9	-5.9
State Government	4.5	4.6	3.7	-0.1	0.8	-2.2	21.6
State Government Educational ^e Services	2.9	3.0	2.2	-0.1	0.7	-3.3	31.8
Local Government	17.3	17.4	17.3	-0.1	0.0	-0.6	0.0
Local Government Educational Services	9.6	9.6	9.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

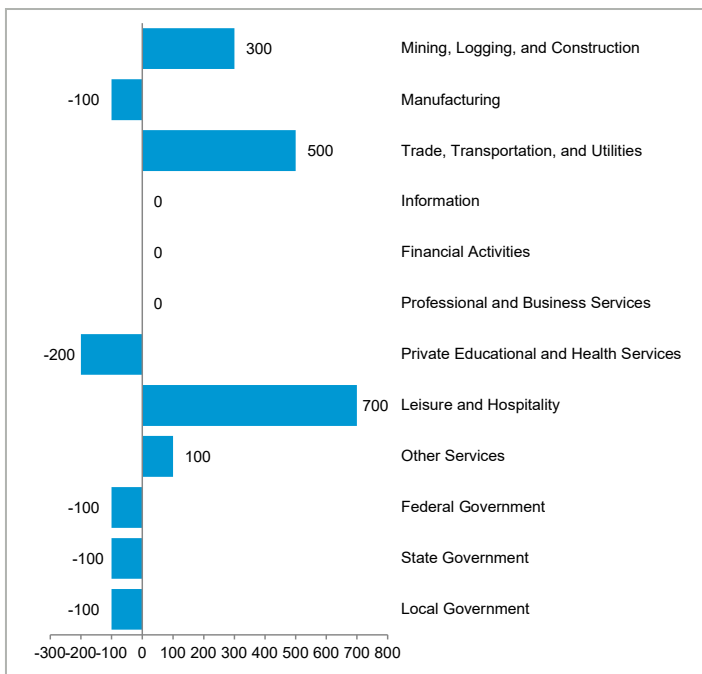
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^eIncludes state universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service and agricultural research centers.

Youngstown-Warren Metropolitan Statistical Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

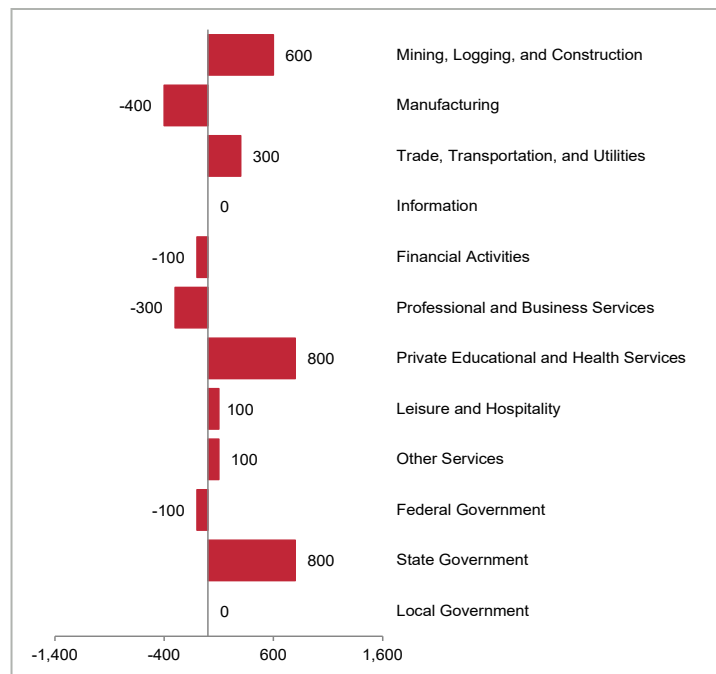
Unemployment Rates



Youngstown-Warren MSA Over-the-Month Change



Youngstown-Warren MSA Over-the-Year Change



Ohio and Metropolitan Statistical Areas

Hours and Earnings of All Employees^a

Not Seasonally Adjusted

In May, Ohio's total private employees' average weekly earnings were \$1,126.21, a decrease of \$14.61 from April and an increase of \$55.31 from May 2024. The average workweek of 34.2 hours in May was down 0.1 hours from April and up 0.3 hours from May 2024. Average hourly earnings decreased 33 cents from April to \$32.93. Over the year, average hourly earnings have risen by 4.2%.

Ohio

Total Private

Goods-Producing (Private)

Construction

Manufacturing

Service-Providing (Private)

Trade, Transportation, and Utilities

Financial Activities

Professional and Business Services

Private Educational and Health Services

Leisure and Hospitality

Other Services

Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
May 2025 ^b	Apr 2025 ^c	May 2024 ^c	May 2025 ^b	Apr 2025 ^c	May 2024 ^c	May 2025 ^b	Apr 2025 ^c	May 2024 ^c
\$1,126.21	\$1,140.82	\$1,070.90	34.2	34.3	33.9	\$32.93	\$33.26	\$31.59
\$1,445.92	\$1,459.50	\$1,326.99	40.4	40.7	39.4	\$35.79	\$35.86	\$33.68
\$1,561.22	\$1,591.56	\$1,391.04	40.3	41.2	37.8	\$38.74	\$38.63	\$36.80
\$1,363.18	\$1,365.59	\$1,319.02	40.2	40.2	40.3	\$33.91	\$33.97	\$32.73
\$1,049.02	\$1,061.77	\$1,009.95	32.7	32.7	32.6	\$32.08	\$32.47	\$30.98
\$966.92	\$974.79	\$955.35	32.6	32.7	33.0	\$29.66	\$29.81	\$28.95
\$1,538.64	\$1,539.57	\$1,522.97	37.4	37.0	37.2	\$41.14	\$41.61	\$40.94
\$1,382.26	\$1,407.44	\$1,296.64	36.5	36.5	36.3	\$37.87	\$38.56	\$35.72
\$1,083.81	\$1,080.03	\$1,030.86	35.2	35.1	34.5	\$30.79	\$30.77	\$29.88
\$474.70	\$473.74	\$448.99	23.5	23.2	23.3	\$20.20	\$20.42	\$19.27
\$951.28	\$960.45	\$864.20	29.1	29.3	29.0	\$32.69	\$32.78	\$29.80

Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)

Total Private

Akron

Canton-Massillon

Cincinnati

Cleveland

Columbus

Dayton-Kettering-Beavercreek

Lima

Mansfield

Sandusky

Springfield

Toledo

Weirton-Steubenville

Youngstown-Warren

\$1,125.63	\$1,103.51	\$1,117.31	33.0	32.6	34.2	\$34.11	\$33.85	\$32.67
\$1,103.45	\$1,120.06	\$970.83	33.9	34.4	34.1	\$32.55	\$32.56	\$28.47
\$1,093.29	\$1,119.91	\$1,090.65	33.0	33.5	33.0	\$33.13	\$33.43	\$33.05
\$1,179.72	\$1,179.45	\$1,160.72	34.8	34.7	34.7	\$33.90	\$33.99	\$33.45
\$1,115.20	\$1,127.01	\$1,046.76	34.0	34.1	33.4	\$32.80	\$33.05	\$31.34
\$1,109.42	\$1,144.72	\$1,083.60	34.8	34.9	36.0	\$31.88	\$32.80	\$30.10
\$1,099.58	\$1,126.94	\$1,045.30	33.2	33.5	33.6	\$33.12	\$33.64	\$31.11
\$741.31	\$733.88	\$702.69	31.2	30.9	31.3	\$23.76	\$23.75	\$22.45
\$837.54	\$827.50	\$861.29	32.3	30.9	31.7	\$25.93	\$26.78	\$27.17
\$775.22	\$817.71	\$846.52	29.6	30.5	31.8	\$26.19	\$26.81	\$26.62
\$1,155.70	\$1,127.92	\$1,065.71	35.0	34.2	33.8	\$33.02	\$32.98	\$31.53
\$678.93	\$691.08	\$638.12	30.5	31.2	30.3	\$22.26	\$22.15	\$21.06
\$874.82	\$876.12	\$864.09	33.2	33.3	34.1	\$26.35	\$26.31	\$25.34

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised.

Ohio and Metropolitan Statistical Areas

Hours and Earnings of Production or Nonsupervisory Employees^a

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Ohio's production employees in manufacturing industries earned an average of \$1,110.28 per week in May 2025, an increase of \$3.52 from April and an increase of \$30.11 from May 2024. The average workweek of 41.0 hours in May increased 0.4 hours over the month and 0.1 hours over the year. Average weekly earnings in durable goods, at \$1,191.42, increased \$5.36 over the month and increased \$66.62 over the year. Average weekly earnings in nondurable goods, at \$961.88, increased \$1.13 over the month but decreased \$38.09 over the year.

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	May 2025 ^b	Apr 2025 ^c	May 2024 ^c	May 2025 ^b	Apr 2025 ^c	May 2024 ^c	May 2025 ^b	Apr 2025 ^c	May 2024 ^c
Ohio									
Goods-Producing (Private)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Construction	\$1,533.43	\$1,513.68	\$1,293.43	41.5	42.0	38.9	\$36.95	\$36.04	\$33.25
Manufacturing	\$1,110.28	\$1,106.76	\$1,080.17	41.0	40.6	40.9	\$27.08	\$27.26	\$26.41
Durable Goods^d	\$1,191.42	\$1,186.06	\$1,124.80	40.9	40.8	40.2	\$29.13	\$29.07	\$27.98
Fabricated Metal Products	\$1,075.65	\$1,056.51	\$1,016.50	39.2	39.0	38.2	\$27.44	\$27.09	\$26.61
Transportation Equipment	\$1,416.44	\$1,370.78	\$1,190.88	44.5	42.1	40.7	\$31.83	\$32.56	\$29.26
Nondurable Goods^e	\$961.88	\$960.75	\$999.97	41.3	40.3	42.3	\$23.29	\$23.84	\$23.64
Service-Providing (Private)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wholesale Trade	\$1,207.53	\$1,212.09	\$1,276.13	37.7	38.2	38.8	\$32.03	\$31.73	\$32.89
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	\$1,257.36	\$1,261.92	\$1,372.00	38.7	39.3	40.7	\$32.49	\$32.11	\$33.71
Retail Trade^f	\$614.18	\$620.71	\$602.49	29.8	29.6	29.9	\$20.61	\$20.97	\$20.15
Financial Activities	\$1,146.11	\$1,142.93	\$1,113.40	36.9	37.0	38.0	\$31.06	\$30.89	\$29.30
Health Care and Social Assistance	\$908.08	\$911.66	\$903.70	32.7	32.9	33.2	\$27.77	\$27.71	\$27.22
Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)									
Cincinnati	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Manufacturing	\$1,185.24	\$1,202.98	\$991.67	40.8	40.6	33.3	\$29.05	\$29.63	\$29.78
Cleveland	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Manufacturing	\$1,196.67	\$1,219.73	\$1,155.86	42.3	43.1	40.8	\$28.29	\$28.30	\$28.33
Durable Goods	\$1,198.53	\$1,233.05	\$1,145.82	41.4	42.3	39.2	\$28.95	\$29.15	\$29.23
Columbus	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Manufacturing	\$753.43	\$725.56	\$546.12	34.2	34.0	29.6	\$22.03	\$21.34	\$18.45

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes textile mills; textile products mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; petroleum and coal products. ^fMoney payments only; tips not included.

Ohio

Selected Unemployment Insurance Activities

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Initial claims filed under the Ohio Unemployment Compensation Law numbered 24,202 in May 2025, up 1.7% from April and up 8.2% from May 2024. The average weekly number of benefit recipients, at 33,576, decreased 20.3% from April but increased 26.3% from May 2024. Total benefits paid, at \$72.3 million, decreased 20.6% from April. The average weekly benefit payment of \$493.77 in May 2025 increased \$26.75 from May 2024. At the end of May 2025, there were 265,088 active employer accounts, up 1,202 from April and down 252 from May 2024.

				Change From		Percent Change From	
	May 2025	Apr 2025	May 2024	Last Month	Last Year	Last Month	Last Year
Initial Claims	24,202	23,804	22,372	398	1,830	1.7	8.2
Continued Claims	189,224	214,182	153,026	-24,958	36,198	-11.7	23.7
First Payments	9,287	10,930	8,358	-1,643	929	-15.0	11.1
Last Payments	3,314	3,294	2,594	20	720	0.6	27.8
Average Weekly Claimants	43,005	48,678	33,267	-5,672	9,739	-11.7	29.3
Average Weekly Benefit Recipients	33,576	42,108	26,589	-8,532	6,987	-20.3	26.28
Paid Weeks of Claims	147,733	185,274	122,308	-37,541	25,425	-20.3	20.8
Benefits Paid	\$72,277,441	\$91,017,689	\$58,187,525	-\$18,740,248	\$14,089,916	-20.6	24.2
Average Weekly Payment	\$493.77	\$495.65	\$467.02	-\$1.88	\$26.75	-0.4	5.7
Continued Claims for Survey Week	46,393	54,419	37,415	-8,026	8,978	-14.7	24.0
Insured Unemployment Rate	TBD	0.9%	0.6%				
Active Employer Accounts	265,088	263,886	265,340	1,202	-252	0.5	-0.1

Source: ODJFS, Office of Unemployment Compensation.

Ohio

Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey Data Seasonally Adjusted

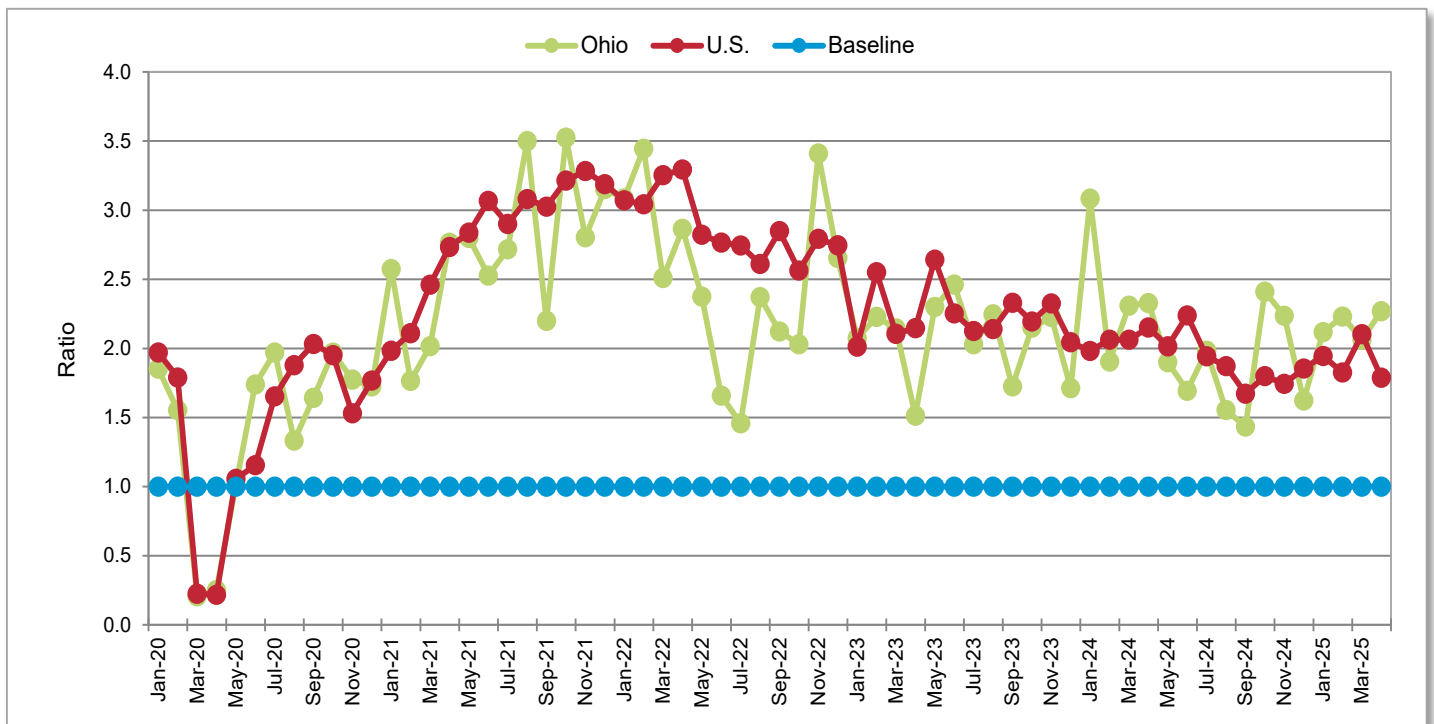
The Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey (JOLTS), conducted by the U.S. Department of Labor (Bureau of Labor Statistics), produces data series showing the number of job openings, hires, and total separations by state. Total separations include quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations. Individually, these series provide insightful information on demand in the labor market. They also can be combined to provide additional information, such as the statewide Quits-to-Layoffs-and-Discharges Ratio and the Unemployed-Persons-to-Job-Opening Ratio.

Quits-to-Layoffs-and-Discharges Ratio (Q/LD)

The ratio of quits to layoffs and discharges can help with analyses of business cycles and differences among industries. Quits move in a direction opposite that of layoffs and discharges, and the Q/LD ratio clearly reflects business cycle trends and turning points. The ratio rises during expansions and falls during contractions. It can be an indicator of confidence in the economy.

If the Q/LD ratio is greater than 1.0, the number of quits exceeds the number of layoffs and discharges. If the ratio is less than 1.0, layoffs and discharges exceed quits. A value greater than 1.0 indicates that employee confidence in the labor market is strong. A value less than 1.0 indicates that employees are not confident in the labor market.

The Q/LD ratio for Ohio was 2.3 in April 2025, up from 2.1 in March but unchanged from April 2024.



The blue horizontal line represents the baseline of 1.0 to which current Q/LD ratios are compared during analysis.

Ohio

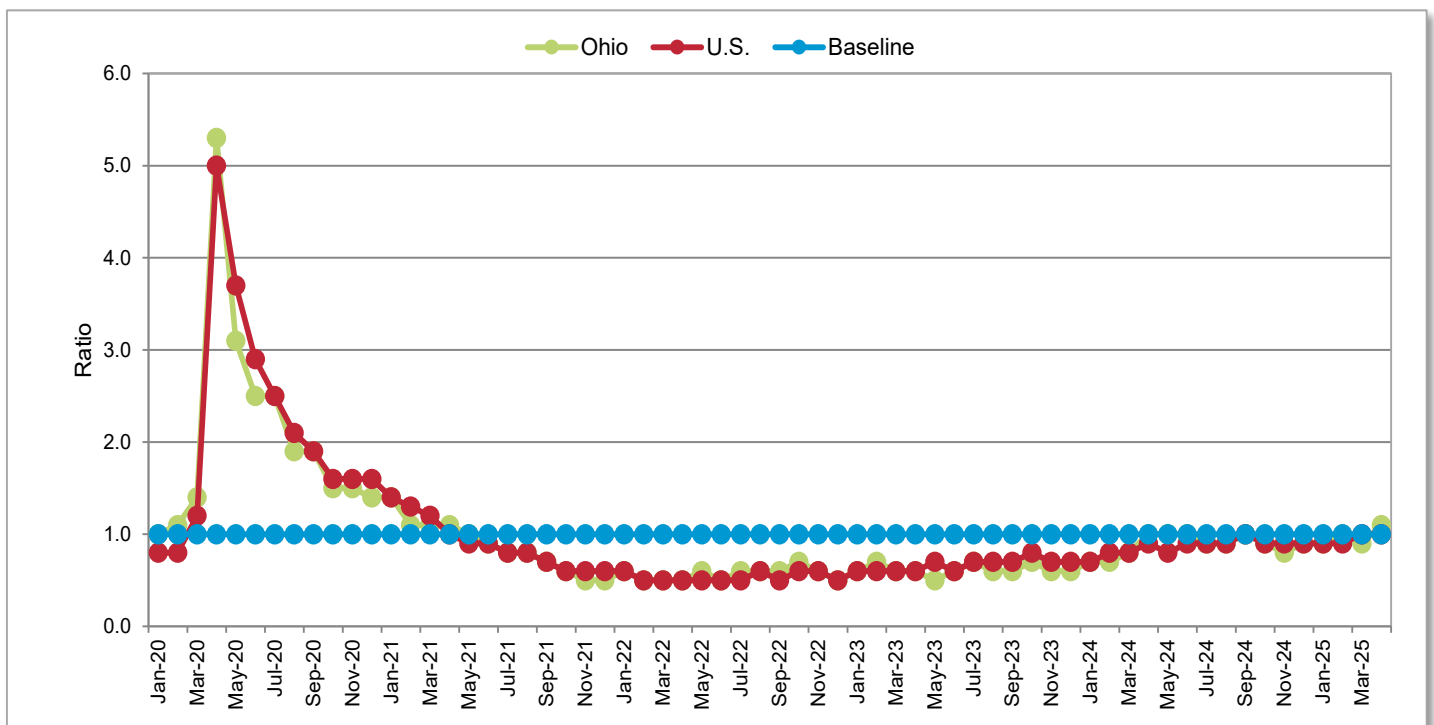
Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey Data Seasonally Adjusted

Unemployed-Persons-Per-Job-Opening Ratio

This ratio is derived by taking the number of estimated unemployed people and dividing it by the number of job openings each month. These two components come from two different surveys. The number of unemployed people comes from the Current Population Survey. The number of job openings comes from JOLTS.

Ratios less than 1.0 signal tighter labor markets, in which organizations have more job openings than there are people looking for work. In contrast, ratios greater than 1.0 indicate slack in the labor supply, as more unemployed people compete for each job opening.

The unemployed-persons-per-job-opening ratio in Ohio was 1.1 in April 2025, up from 0.9 in March and up from 1.0 in April 2024.



The blue horizontal line represents the baseline of 1.0 to which current Unemployed Persons to Job Opening Ratio are compared during analysis.

Technical Notes

Except as noted, all data cited are produced by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services.

Civilian Labor Force Estimates (CLFE)

Based on the Current Population Survey (household survey) and Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program.

Civilian Noninstitutional Population

Persons 16 years of age and older who are not inmates of institutions (for example, penal and mental facilities, homes for the aged), and who are not on active duty in the armed forces.

Civilian Labor Force

Persons in the civilian noninstitutional population, employed or unemployed during the reference week (usually the week including the 12th of the month) distributed by place of residence.

Employed

Persons in the civilian noninstitutional population who, during the reference week, (a) worked at least one hour as paid employees; worked in their own business, profession, or on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family; and (b) all those who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of vacation, illness, bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave, labor-management dispute, job training, or other family or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs. Each employed person is counted only once, even if he or she holds more than one job. Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around their own house (painting, repairing, or own home housework) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and other organizations.

Unemployed

Persons in the civilian noninstitutional population who had no employment during the reference week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and had made specific efforts to find employment sometime during the four-week period ending with the reference week. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off need not have been looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

Data Revisions

Figures for the current month are preliminary; revised figures are released when preliminary data for the next month are released. For example, revised March figures are released at the same time as preliminary April figures are released.

Revisions at the end of the year are called 'annual processing' and typically, adjustments are made to the previous two years for not seasonally adjusted data and five years for seasonally adjusted data. Adjustments are made because more information becomes available throughout the year on nonfarm jobs and unemployment claims. Also, during annual processing, new population controls are incorporated into the estimates. Population controls refer to population data such as vital statistics on births, deaths, migration, school enrollment, persons living in group quarters, inmates in institutions, etc. These are updated annually by the Census Bureau and provided to the BLS.

Payroll Survey

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, including hours and earnings estimates, are based on monthly reports from the Payroll Survey of employers under the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program. The CES survey is based on approximately 121,000 businesses and government agencies representing approximately 631,000 worksites throughout the United States.

Industrial Classification

Employer establishments are classified by industry based on their principal product or service. The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) is used for industrial classification. (See page 53.)

Coverage

Monthly reports on employment, payroll, and hours are obtained from approximately 23,970 Ohio employers.

Estimating Method

Total employment is estimated from the employment of establishments reporting for two consecutive months, as follows:

$$\frac{\text{Sample Employment (Current Month)}}{\text{Sample Employment (Previous Month)}} \times \text{Total Employment (Previous Month)} = \text{Total Employment (Current Month)}$$

Nonagricultural or Payroll Employment

The total number of persons on establishment payrolls employed full or part time who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th day of the month. Temporary and intermittent employees are included, as are any workers who are on paid leave, or who work during only part of the specified pay period. A striking worker who only works a small portion of the survey period, and is paid, would be included as employed under the CES definitions. Persons on the payroll of more than one establishment are counted in each establishment. Data excludes proprietors, self-employed, unpaid family or volunteer workers, farm workers, and domestic workers. Persons on layoff the entire pay period, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period or who have not yet reported for work are not counted as employed. Government employment covers only civilian workers.

Technical Notes

Hours and Earnings

Average hours are computed by dividing total production employee hours worked during one week (the seven-day period which includes the 12th of the month) by number of production employees reported for such week. Average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total production employee payroll for one week by total production employee hours for that week. Average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average hourly earnings by average weekly hours.

Production employees include working supervisors and all nonsupervisory employees (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, maintenance, repair, janitorial, guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (such as power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with production operations.

Nonsupervisory employees include employees such as office and clerical workers, repairers, salespersons, operators, drivers, attendants, service employees, line installers, laborers, accountants, janitors, guards, and other employees whose services are closely associated with those of occupations listed.

Payroll refers to dollars paid for full- and part-time production, construction, and nonsupervisory employees who received pay for any part of pay periods that include the 12th of the month. Payroll is reported before deductions for Social Security, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, and union dues; also includes pay for overtime, holidays, vacations, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period), tips, pay not earned in pay period reported (such as retroactive pay), and value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payments in kind, excluded.

Hours represent hours worked or paid for, during pay periods which include the 12th of the month, for production, construction, or nonsupervisory employees. Hours include time paid for holidays and vacations, and for sick leave when pay received directly from firm.

Employment Error Measures

Error measures for state and area employment estimates are available on the following website: <http://www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm>.

Seasonal Adjustment

Seasonal adjustment removes the effects of events that follow a more or less regular pattern each year. These adjustments make it easier to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in a data series.

Data Revisions

Additional sample receipts are the primary source of the monthly CES employment revisions. CES begins collecting sample reports for a reference month as soon as the reference period, the establishment's pay period that includes the 12th of the month, is complete. Collection time available for first preliminary estimates ranges from two to three weeks, depending on the scheduled date for the Employment Situation news release.

Given this short collection cycle for the first preliminary estimates, many establishments are not able to provide their payroll information in time to be included in preliminary estimates. CES sample responses for the reference month continue to be collected, are incorporated into the series, and are released the following month.

Benchmarks

Sample-based estimates remain final until employment levels are reset to universe employment counts, or benchmarks; the benchmarks are primarily derived from Unemployment Insurance (UI) tax records. The annual benchmarking process results in revised data back to the last annual benchmark for not seasonally adjusted series and back five years for seasonally adjusted series.

For the establishment, or CES survey, annual benchmarks are constructed in order to realign the sample-based employment totals of each year with the Unemployment Insurance (UI) based population counts. These population counts are much less timely than sample-based estimates and are used to provide an annual point-in-time census for employment.

Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey (JOLTS)

JOLTS defines Employment as all persons on the payroll who worked during or received pay for the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. JOLTS defines Job Openings as all positions that are open (not filled) on the last business day of the month. JOLTS defines Hires as all additions to the payroll during the month. JOLTS defines Separations as all employees separated from the payroll during the month.

Nationwide, the sample frame for the JOLTS sample consists of approximately 8 million establishments on the Bureau of Labor Statistics' ES-202 Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages file. This scope covers private nonagricultural establishments as well as Federal, State, and local government entities in the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Railroads are sampled from an auxiliary frame. The JOLTS scope does not cover private households (NAICS 814110) or agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting (NAICS 11). However, logging (NAICS 1133) is included. The JOLTS sample size is approximately 16,000 business establishments.

Types of Businesses by North American Industry Classification System

Goods-Producing (Private)

Mining and Logging	Mining and support activities, oil and gas extraction, cutting and transporting timber
Construction	Construction of buildings; heavy and civil engineering (bridges, roads); and specialty trade contractors (pouring concrete, site preparation, plumbing, painting, and electrical work)
Manufacturing	
Durable Goods	Nonmetal and metal products, machinery, computers and electronics, appliances, transportation equipment, furniture, medical, and wood products
Nondurable Goods	Food, printing, chemicals (toiletries), plastics, textiles, paper, apparel, leather, petroleum, and coal products

Service-Providing (Private)

Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	
Wholesale Trade	Wholesalers of durable and nondurable goods, business to business electronic markets, and sales representatives
Retail Trade	Auto dealers, building and garden supply centers, furniture, electronic, appliance, food, health, gasoline, clothing, sporting, hobby, book, and music stores
Transportation, Warehousing and Utilities	Transportation (air, rail, water, truck, transit, pipeline, scenic, and sightseeing); private postal services, couriers, warehousing, and storage; utilities (power, natural gas distribution, water, and sewage)
Information	Publishing, motion picture, sound recording, broadcasting, phone services, data processing and hosting, news, libraries, and internet
Financial Activities	
Finance and Insurance	Banks, securities, insurance, funds, and trusts
Real Estate, Rental, and Leasing	Real estate agents; rental and leasing of automobiles, consumer goods, and machinery
Professional and Business Services	
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	Legal services, accounting, bookkeeping, architectural, engineering, design, computer system design, scientific research, advertising, marketing, photography, translation, and veterinary
Management of Companies and Enterprises	Holding companies, corporate offices, management offices, and headquarters
Admin. Support and Waste Management Services	Administrative management (hotel management) and facilities support; employment placement, executive search, temporary help, and professional employer organizations; document preparation, telephone call centers, collection agencies, travel arrangement, security, pest control, janitorial, landscaping, carpet cleaning, packing and labeling, trade show organizer, and auctioneers
Educational and Health Services	
Educational Services	Private schools and universities and support services for education (college selection, test preparation, and guidance counseling)
Health Care and Social Assistance	Private ambulatory health, hospitals, nursing and residential care, and social assistance (care for children, elderly, and disabled, emergency relief, vocational and rehabilitation services)
Leisure and Hospitality	
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	Performing arts, spectator sports, museums, historical sites, zoos, parks, amusement, and gambling
Accommodation and Food Services	Hotels, RV parks, food, and drinking places
Other Services	Repair (autos, electronics, machinery, and appliances); personal (hair, nail, skin, weight reduction, and tattoos); funeral homes; dry-cleaning and laundry services; pet care, parking lots, astrology, coin machines, dating, escort, future telling, life coaching, and personal fitness trainer; associations (churches, grant making, social advocacy, and unions)

Government (Public)

Federal Government	Civilian federal employees including the U.S. Postal Service
State Government	Includes state universities and hospitals
Local Government	Includes local schools, community colleges, and local hospitals; township, city, and county employees such as fire fighters and park rangers

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- Partner with the workforce and economic development community.
- Develop and deploy new information solution tools and systems for the workforce and economic development community.
- Provide products and services that are customer- and demand-driven.
- Be known as an important and reliable source for information solutions that support workforce development goals and outcomes.

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